# Package 'AnimalHabitatNetwork'

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Title Networks Characterising the Physical Configurations of Animal

Type Package

Habitats Version 0.1.0

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Description Functions for generating and visualising networks for characterising the physical attributes and spatial organisations of habitat components (i.e. habitat physical configurations). The network generating algorithm first determines the X and Y coordinates of N nodes within a rectangle with a side length of L and an area of A. Then it computes the pair-wise Euclidean distance Dij between node i and j, and then a complete network with 1/Dij as link weights is constructed. Then, the algorithm removes links from the complete network with the probability as shown in the function ahn_prob(). Such link removals can make the network disconnected whereas a connected network is wanted. In such cases, the algorithm rewires one network component to its spatially nearest neighbouring component and repeat doing this until the network is connected again. Finally, it outputs an undirected network (weighted or unweighted, connected or disconnected). This package came with a manuscript on modelling the physical configurations of animal habitats using networks (in preparation).
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ahn_gen	Generate networks characterising habitat physical configurations

## Description

Generate undirected networks (weighted or unweighted, connected or disconnected) characterising the physical attributes and spatial organizations (or distributions) of habitat components (i.e. habitat configurations).

## Usage

```
ahn_gen(N, L, mu, lamda, Connected = TRUE, Weighted = TRUE, eta = 1, A = 25, X = NULL, Y = NULL, U = NULL, V = NULL)
```

# Arguments

N	The number of nodes
L	A side length of the rectangle landscape within which nodes are anchored
mu	the critical $\mbox{Dij}$ (i.e. Euclidean distance between node i and j) at which the link removing probability curve $P(\mbox{Dij},\mbox{mu},\mbox{lamda})$ transits from concave to convex (see $\mbox{ahn\_prob})$
lamda	the steepness of the link removing probability curve $P(Dij,mu,lamda)$ , see $ahn\_prob$
Connected	TRUE for connected while FALSE ignores whether the networks are connected or not
Weighted	TRUE for weighted while FALSE for unweighted networks
eta	mediates the weight, i.e. (Dij)^-eta, of the link rewiring node i from one network component and node j from another network component (i and j are with an Euclidean distance of Dij) when the network becomes disconnected after removing links from the initial complete network with the probability $P(Dij,mu,lamda) = [1 + exp(-lamda(Dij-mu))]^-1$ when both Connected = TRUE and Weighted = TRUE
A	The area of the rectangle landscape within which the network is defined
X	A vector of X coordinates for the N nodes (sampled from $[0,L]$ uniformly at random if NULL)
Υ	A vector of Y coordinates for the N nodes (sampled from $[0\text{,A/L}]$ uniformly at random if NULL)
U	A vector with N elements specifying node attributes (qualitative or quantitive), by default $\ensuremath{NULL}$
V	A vector with N elements specifying node attributes (qualitative or quantitive), by default $\ensuremath{NULL}$

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#### Value

Return an animal habitat network (an igraph object)

#### **Examples**

```
# generate a connected and weighted network
ahn_gen(N = 10, L = 5, mu = 1, lamda = 5)

N <- 10
x <- runif(N, 0, 5)
ql <- sample(LETTERS, N, replace = TRUE)
qn <- sample(1:20, N, replace = TRUE)

# specify the X coordinates, node attributes U and V for a connected and unweighted network
ahn_gen(N, L = 5, mu = 1, lamda = 5, Weighted = FALSE, X = x, U = ql, V = qn)

# specify the Y coordinates, node attributes U and V for a weighted network, no matter if the
# network will be connected or not
ahn_gen(N, L = 5, mu = 1, lamda = 5, Weighted = TRUE, Connected = FALSE, Y = x, U = ql, V = qn)</pre>
```

ahn\_plot

Plot networks

#### **Description**

Visualise networks generated by the function ahn\_gen.

#### Usage

```
ahn_plot(ahn, NodeLabels = unname(V(ahn)), NodeColors = unname(V(ahn)),
  NodeSizes = rep(3, length(V(ahn))))
```

#### **Arguments**

ahn Networks returned by ahn\_gen

NodeLabels The labels of nodes in ahn (node IDs by default)

NodeColors The colors of nodes in ahn (each node has a unique color by default)

NodeSizes The sizes of nodes in ahn (nodes are with the identical size of 3 by default)

#### Value

Return a plot of the network

ahn\_prob

#### **Examples**

```
# generate a weighted and connected network and plot it by default
N <- 10
x <- runif(N, 0, 5)
ahn <- ahn_gen(N, L = 5, mu = 1, lamda = 5, X = x)
ahn_plot(ahn)

# plot the network with specified colors, labels and sizes for nodes
ahn_plot(
ahn,
NodeColors = sample(4, N, replace = TRUE),
NodeLabels = letters[1:N],
NodeSizes = seq(1, 5, length.out = N))</pre>
```

ahn\_prob

Plot probability curves

### **Description**

Plot the probability curve P(Dij, mu, lamda) for removing links from the initial complete network

# Usage

```
ahn_prob(Dij = seq(0.05, 10, length.out = 30), mu = c(0.1, 2, 5, 10), lamda = c(1e-04, 0.15, 0.35, 0.75, 1.25, 5, 30))
```

#### **Arguments**

Dij	A vector of Euclidean distances between node i and j
mu	The concave-to-convex transition point of the probability curves $P(Dij, mu, lamda) = [1 + exp(-lamda(Dij -mu))]^-1$ , where Dij is the Euclidean distance between node i and j
lamda	The steepness of the probability curves

### Value

Return a plot with probability curves

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# Examples

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