Package 'DALY'

November 26, 2016

November 20, 2010
Type Package
Title The DALY Calculator - Graphical User Interface for Probabilistic DALY Calculation in R
Version 1.5.0
Date 2016-11-25
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BugReports https://github.com/brechtdv/DALY/issues
Depends R (>= 3.3.0)
Imports tcltk, grid, stats
Description The DALY Calculator is a free, open-source Graphical User Interface (GUI) for stochastic disability-adjusted life year (DALY) calculation.
License GPL (>= 2)
SystemRequirements Tcl/Tk (>= 8.5), Tktable (>= 2.9)
<pre>URL http://daly.cbra.be</pre>
LazyData no
NeedsCompilation yes
Repository CRAN
Date/Publication 2016-11-26 02:39:46
R topics documented:
DALY-package aggregate.DALY DALYcalculator DALYmanual DALYoptions

2 DALY-package

DALY_list		 				9
DALY_Neurocystice	ercosis	 				10
DALY_Toxoplasmos	sis	 				12
getDALY						
hist.DALY						
plot.DALY		 				18
print.DALY		 				19
readDALYdata		 				21
reset		 				21
saveDALYdata		 				22
scatterplot		 				22
sensitivity		 				24
setDALYexample .		 				27
setData		 				28
setLifeExp		 				29
setPop		 				29
setStdLE		 				30
summary.DALY		 				31
Index						33
DALY-package	The DAL DALY Ca		raphical U	ser Interface f	for Probabilistic	<i></i>

Description

The *DALY Calculator* is a free, open-source Graphical User Interface (GUI) for probabilistic disability-adjusted life year (DALY) calculation, developed in the R environment for statistical computing.

The main goal of the *DALY Calculator* is to provide a flexible and easy-to-use tool for DALY calculation, and to promote consistency in the uncertainty analysis of DALYs.

Details

 Package:
 DALY

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 Package

 Version:
 1.5.0

 Date:
 2016-11-25

 Depends:
 R (>= 3.3.0)

 License:
 GPL (>= 2)

SystemRequirements: Tcl/Tk (>= 8.5), Tktable (>= 2.9)

URL: http://daly.cbra.be

aggregate.DALY 3

Author(s)

Brecht Devleesschauwer, Scott McDonald, Juanita Haagsma, Nicolas Praet, Arie Havelaar, Niko Speybroeck

References

- http://daly.cbra.be
- Devleesschauwer B, et al. (2014). Calculating Disability-Adjusted Life Years to quantify burden of disease. *International Journal of Public Health 59*, 565-569. http://dx.doi.org/10.1007/s00038-014-0552-z
- Murray CJL (1994). Quantifying the burden of disease: the technical basis for disability-adjusted life years. *Bulletin of the World Health Organization* 72, 429-445.
- Praet N, et al. (2009). The disease burden of *Taenia solium* cysticercosis in Cameroon. *PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases 3*, e406.
- Kortbeek LM, et al. (2009). Congenital toxoplasmosis and DALYs in the Netherlands. *Memorias de Instituto Oswaldo Cruz 104*, 370-373.

See Also

DALYcalculator (for a brief description of the *DALY Calculator*)
DALYmanual (for a more comprehensive overview)

aggregate.DALY

Aggregate method for class 'DALY'

Description

Aggregate DALY Calculator output by outcome, age/sex class, or both.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'DALY'
aggregate(x, by = c("total", "class", "outcome"), ...)
```

Arguments

```
x Object of class 'DALY'

by Any of c("total", "outcome", "class")

... Additional arguments to be passed to aggregate
```

4 aggregate.DALY

Value

For by = "total":

Vector of DALYs aggregated by outcome and age/sex class

YLD Vector of YLDs aggregated by outcome and age/sex class

YLL Vector of YLLs aggregated by outcome and age/sex class

cases Vector of cases aggregated by outcome and age/sex class

deaths Vector of deaths aggregated by outcome and age/sex class

pop Population matrix
name Name of the disease

For by = "class":

DALY

Vector of DALYs aggregated by age/sex class

YLD

Vector of YLDs aggregated by age/sex class

YLL

Vector of YLLs aggregated by age/sex class

cases

Vector of cases aggregated by age/sex class

deaths

Vector of deaths aggregated by age/sex class

pop Population matrix
name Name of the disease

For by = "outcome":

i List containing vectors of DALYs, YLDs, YLLs, cases and deaths for each out-

come i

pop Population matrix
name Name of the disease

Author(s)

<brechtdv@gmail.com>

See Also

```
print.DALY, summary.DALY
```

DALYcalculator (for a brief description of the *DALY Calculator*)
DALYmanual (for a more comprehensive overview)

DALY calculator 5

Examples

DALYcalculator

DALY Calculator main window

Description

This function opens the main window of the DALY Calculator.

After initiating the *DALY Calculator* main window, the following steps have to be followed to calculate DALYs:

- 1. Set the 'Population' table
- 2. Set the 'Life Expectancy' table the default is the standard life expectancy table introduced in the GBD2010 study
- 3. Set the input parameters and corresponding distributions and stratification levels
- 4. Set the age weighting and time discounting rates
- 5. Calculate DALYs!

In order to demonstrate the calculation process of the *DALY Calculator*, two examples from the foodborne disease burden literature are built-in:

- The burden of *Taenia solium* cysticercosis in Cameroon (Praet et al., 2009)
- Congenital toxoplasmosis and DALYs in the Netherlands (Kortbeek et al., 2009)

In the following sections, a brief summary will be given of the functionalities of the *DALY Calculator*. A more comprehensive overview is provided in the **DALY Calculator manual**, which is available through the DALYmanual function.

Usage

```
DALYcalculator()
```

6 DALYcalculator

Details

The DALY Calculator provides the following three menu options:

File

- Load DALY data from file... reads population and epidemiological data from an .RData file (through readDALYdata)
- Save DALY data to file... saves the population and epidemiological data to an .RData file (through saveDALYdata)
- **Reset DALY calculator** clears all entered data, and resets the *DALY Calculator* to its default settings, except for the life expectancy table (through reset)
- Exit exits the DALY Calculator, without saving the entered data

Settings

- Life Expectancy Table... opens the life expectancy table window (through setLifeExp)
- Options... opens the options window (through DALYoptions)

Help

- Load examples loads one of the two built-in examples (through setDALYexample)
 - 1. The burden of Neurocysticercosis in West-Cameroon
 - 2. The burden of Congenital Toxoplasmosis in the Netherlands
- **Html help** opens the HTML help file for the *DALY Calculator* (cf ?DALYcalculator)
- DALY Calculator manual (PDF) opens the DALY Calculator Manual (through DALYmanual)
- Package description opens the HTML help file for the DALY package (cf ?DALY)
- DALY Calculator Info shows current version and developers core team

Author(s)

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References

- http://daly.cbra.be
- Devleesschauwer B, et al. (2014). Calculating Disability-Adjusted Life Years to quantify burden of disease. *International Journal of Public Health 59*, 565-569. http://dx.doi. org/10.1007/s00038-014-0552-z
- Praet N, Speybroeck N, Manzanedo R, Berkvens D, Nforninwe DN, Zoli A, Quet F, Preux P-M, Carabin H, Geerts S (2009). The disease burden of *Taenia solium* cysticercosis in Cameroon. *PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases* 3(3), e406.
- Kortbeek LM, Hofhuis A, Nijhuis CDM, Havelaar AH (2009). Congenital toxoplasmosis and DALYs in the Netherlands. *Memorias de Instituto Oswaldo Cruz 104*(2), 370-373.

DALYmanual 7

See Also

A command-line interface to the *DALY Calculator* is available through the following functions:

- setPop opens the 'Population' window
- setLifeExp opens the 'Life Expectancy' window
- setStdLE sets the standard life expectancy
- setData opens a 'Data' window
- getDALY initiates the DALY calculation process and returns the simulated results
- sensitivity performs DALY sensitivity analysis
- DALY_list merges different DALY objects

See DALYmanual for a more comprehensive overview of the DALY Calculator

DALYmanual

Open the PDF "DALY Calculator Manual"

Description

This function opens the "DALY Calculator Manual", which is included as PDF file in the DALY package.

Usage

DALYmanual()

Author(s)

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See Also

DALYcalculator (for a brief description of the *DALY Calculator*) DALYmanual (for a more comprehensive overview)

8 DALYoptions

DALYoptions

Open the 'Options' window

Description

This function opens the 'Options' window of the DALY Calculator.

Usage

DALYoptions()

Details

The following settings can be modified in the 'options' window:

- **Iterations:** the default number of iterations is 20,000
- Numerical output: the standard output contains a summary of DALYs, YLDs, YLLs, incident cases and deaths. Different options are available:
 - "Summed over age/sex classes" OR "Per age/sex class"
 - "Summed over outcomes" OR "Per outcome"
 - "Absolute" OR "Relative (per 1000 pop)"
- **Graphical output:** the user can specficy whether or not to view a standardized DALY histogram (see hist.DALY).

Author(s)

```
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```

See Also

```
The numerical output methods for class 'DALY': print.DALY, summary.DALY
The graphical output method for class 'DALY': hist.DALY
The aggregator method for class 'DALY': aggregate.DALY

DALYcalculator (for a brief description of the DALY Calculator)
DALYmanual (for a more comprehensive overview)
```

DALY_list 9

Y_list Make list of 'DALY' objects

Description

This function produces a list of DALY objects and assigns class 'DALY_list' to it. Methods are available to print and plot the resulting object.

Usage

```
DALY_list(...)
## S3 method for class 'DALY_list'
print(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'DALY_list'
plot(x, prob = 0.95, sort = TRUE, names = NULL,
    bars = TRUE, col = c("grey90", "white"),
    error_bars = TRUE, eb_col = "black",
    grid = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

• • •	In DALY_list: Multiple objects of class 'DALY'; In print.DALY_list: Additional arguments to be passed to print.DALY; In print.DALY_list: Additional arguments to be passed to print.DALY;
	In plot.DALY_list: Additional arguments to be passed to plot.DALY
X	Object of class 'DALY_list'
prob	Probability span by DALY error bar; defaults to 0.95
sort	Should values be sorted from high to low? defaults to TRUE
names	Vector of names to be plotted on the y-axis. If this argument is NULL, the default, then the names are taken from the name element of the constituting DALY objects
bars	Should YLL/YLD bars be plotted? defaults to TRUE
col	Color of YLL and YLD barplot; defaults to c("grey90", "white")
error_bars	Should DALY error bars be plotted? defaults to TRUE
eb_col	Color of DALY error bars; defaults to black
grid	Should a vertical grid be plotted? defaults to TRUE

Value

```
An object of S3 class 'DALY_list'.
```

Author(s)

```
<brechtdv@gmail.com>
```

See Also

```
getDALY
print.DALY
plot.DALY
scatterplot

DALYcalculator (for a brief description of the DALY Calculator)
DALYmanual (for a more comprehensive overview)
```

Examples

DALY_Neurocysticercosis

Example Dataset 1: Neurocysticercosis in West-Cameroon

Description

The Neurocysticercosis dataset consists of a nested list containing data needed to calculate DALYs due to Neurocysticercosis in West Cameroon, according to Praet et al. (2009).

Usage

```
data(DALY_Neurocysticercosis)
```

Format

```
List of 3
$ model : List of 2
```

```
..$ diseaseName : chr "Neurocysticercosis"
..$ outcomeNames : List of 8
$ settings : List of 4
..$ pop : num [1:5, 1:2] 397229 686600 1073342 210474 129081 ...
..$ LE : num [1:21, 1:2] 80 79.4 75.4 70.4 65.4 ...
..$ aw : chr "Yes"
..$ dr : num 3
$ data : List of 8
..$ : List of 8
.. ..$ inc : List of 3
.. .. ..$ dist : chr "Gamma"
.. .. ..$ strat : chr "Age and Sex"
.....$ param : num [1:5, 1:4] 47.3 47.3 47.3 47.3 ...
.. ..$ trt : List of 3
.. .. ..$ dist : chr "Beta"
.. .. ..$ strat : chr "None"
.. .. ..$ param : num [1, 1:2] 267 733
.. ..$ ons : List of 3
.. .. ..$ dist : chr "Fixed"
.. .. ..$ strat : chr "Age"
.....$ param : num [1:5, 1] 2.5 9.95 26.99 51.94 73.6
.. ..$ dur : List of 3
.. .. ..$ dist : chr "Fixed"
.....$ strat : chr "Age and Sex"
.....$ param : num [1:5, 1:2] 1.4 2 3.6 2.8 1.6 1.6 3.1 5.9 6 2.8
.. ..$ DWt : List of 3
.. .. ..$ dist : chr "Beta"
.. .. ..$ strat : chr "Age"
.....$ param : num [1:5, 1:2] 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 35 21.6 21.6 21.6 21.6
....$ DWn : List of 3
.. .. ..$ dist : chr "Beta"
.. .. ..$ strat : chr "Age"
.....$ param : num [1:5, 1:2] 3 3 3 3 27.3 17 17 17
....$ mrt : List of 3
.. .. ..$ dist : chr "Gamma"
.. ... $ strat : chr "None"
.....$ param : num [1, 1:2] 3.05 12.32
.. ..$ lxp : List of 3
.. .. ..$ dist : chr "Fixed"
.. .. ..$ strat : chr "Age"
.. .. ..$ param : num [1:5, 1] 2.5 10 30 52.5 77.5
```

[...]

Details

Taenia solium cysticercosis is a zoonotic disease occurring in many developing countries. A relatively high prevalence in humans and pigs has been reported in several parts of the world, but insufficient data are available on the disease burden. Disease impact assessment needs detailed information on well-defined epidemiological and economic parameters. Our work conducted in West Cameroon over several years allowed us to collect the necessary information to estimate the impact of the parasite on the human and animal populations in this area using both cost and Disability Adjusted Life Year (DALY) estimations. This study identified the professional inactivity caused by the disease as the major loss factor in comparison to the cost of health care and losses due to infected pigs. These findings should allow a simpler estimation of the global disease burden based on information on salary levels and human cysticercosis prevalence in endemic areas of the world. In addition, the number of DALYs was higher than estimates already available for some other neglected tropical diseases in sub-Saharan Africa.

The average number of DALYs was 9.0 per thousand persons per year (95% CR 2.8-20.4).

Source

Praet N, Speybroeck N, Manzanedo R, Berkvens D, Nforninwe DN, Zoli A, Quet F, Preux P-M, Carabin H, Geerts S (2009). The disease burden of *Taenia solium* cysticercosis in Cameroon. *PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases 3(3)*, e406.

See Also

```
setDALYexample
```

DALYcalculator (for a brief description of the *DALY Calculator*)
DALYmanual (for a more comprehensive overview)

DALY_Toxoplasmosis

Example Dataset 2: Congenital toxoplasmosis in the Netherlands

Description

The Toxoplasmosis dataset consists of a nested list containing data needed to calculate DALYs due to congenital toxoplasmosis in the Netherlands, according to Kortbeek et al. (2009).

Usage

```
data(DALY_Toxoplasmosis)
```

Format

```
List of 3
$ model : List of 2
..$ diseaseName : chr "Toxoplasmosis"
```

```
..$ outcomeNames : List of 8
$ settings : List of 4
..$ pop : num [1:5, 1:2] 97000 NA NA NA NA 97000 NA NA NA NA
..$ LE : num [1:21, 1:2] 79 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
..$ aw : chr "No"
..$ dr : num 0
$ data : List of 8
..$ : List of 8
.. ..$ inc : List of 3
.. .. ..$ dist : chr "Beta-Pert"
.. .. ..$ strat : chr "Age"
.... $\sqram : logi [1:5, 1:3] NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
.. ..$ trt : List of 3
.. .. ..$ dist : chr "Fixed"
.. .. ..$ strat : chr "Age"
.....$ param : logi [1:5, 1] NA NA NA NA NA
.. ..$ ons : List of 3
.. .. ..$ dist : chr "Fixed"
.. .. ..$ strat : chr "Age"
.....$ param : logi [1:5, 1] NA NA NA NA NA
.. ..$ dur : List of 3
.. .. ..$ dist : chr "Fixed"
.. .. ..$ strat : chr "Age"
.....$ param : logi [1:5, 1] NA NA NA NA NA
.. ..$ DWt : List of 3
.. .. ..$ dist : chr "Fixed"
.. .. ..$ strat : chr "Age"
.....$ param : logi [1:5, 1] NA NA NA NA NA
.. .. $ DWn : List of 3
.. .. ..$ dist : chr "Fixed"
.. .. ..$ strat : chr "Age"
.....$ param : logi [1:5, 1] NA NA NA NA NA
.. .. $ mrt : List of 3
.. .. ..$ dist : chr "Beta-Pert"
.. .. ..$ strat : chr "Age"
.. .. ..$ param : num [1:5, 1:3] 0.0323 NA NA NA NA ...
.. ..$ lxp : List of 3
.. .. ..$ dist : chr "Fixed"
.. .. ..$ strat : chr "Age"
.....$ param : num [1:5, 1] 0 NA NA NA NA
[\ldots]
```

Details

The calculation of disability-adjusted life years (DALYs) enables public health policy makers to compare the burden of disease of a specific disease with that of other (infectious) diseases. The

14 getDALY

incidence of a disease is important for the calculation of DALYs. To estimate the incidence of congenital toxoplasmosis (CT), a random sample of 10,008 dried blood spot filter paper cards from babies born in 2006 in the Netherlands were tested for *Toxoplasma gondii*-specific IgM antibodies. Eighteen samples were confirmed as positive for IgM, resulting in an observed birth incidence of CT of 1.8 cases per 1,000 live-born children in 2006 and an adjusted incidence of 2.0 cases per 1,000. This means that 388 infected children were born in 2006. The most likely burden of disease is estimated to be 2,300 DALYs (range 820-6,710 DALYs). In the previous calculations, using data from a regional study from 1987, this estimate was 620 DALYs (range 220-1,900 DALYs). The incidence of CT in the Netherlands is much higher than previously reported; it is 10 times higher than in Denmark and 20 times higher than in Ireland, based on estimates obtained using the same methods. There is no screening program in the Netherlands; most children will be born asymptomatic and therefore will not be detected or treated.

Source

Kortbeek LM, Hofhuis A, Nijhuis CDM, Havelaar AH (2009). Congenital toxoplasmosis and DALYs in the Netherlands. *Memorias de Instituto Oswaldo Cruz 104*(2), 370-373.

See Also

setDALYexample

DALYcalculator (for a brief description of the *DALY Calculator*)
DALYmanual (for a more comprehensive overview)

getDALY

Initiate the DALY calculation process

Description

This function initiates the Monte Carlo DALY calculation process, based on the entered data, and returns the simulated results.

Usage

```
getDALY(button.call = FALSE, aw, dr)
```

Arguments

button.call	Gives information on the origin of the call (i.e., through the GUI button (TRUE) or the R Console (FALSE))
aw	Logical flag, indicating if age weighting should be applied; if aw is not specified, the value from the GUI will be used
dr	Time discount rate (numeric value between 0 and 1); if dr is not specified, the value from the GIII will be used

getDALY 15

Value

getDALY returns an object of class 'DALY', which inherits from class 'list'.

The generic functions print and summary may be used to obtain and print the DALY calculation results. The generic function aggregate extracts from the 'DALY' object results by outcome, age/sex class, or both.

An object of class 'DALY' is a list containing the following elements:

i For each outcome i, an unnamed list containing simulated results (see next para-

graph)

pop Population

name Name of the disease

For each outcome i, DALY[[i]] is a list containing the following elements:

DALY Vector of simulated DALYs
YLD Vector of simulated YLDs
YLL Vector of simulated YLLs

INC Vector of simulated incident cases

MRT Vector of simulated deaths
name Name of the health outcome

The vectors containing simulated DALYs, YLDs, YLLs, incident cases and deaths each have three dimensions:

- 1 Iterations
- 2 Age groups
- 3 Sex

Author(s)

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See Also

```
The numerical output methods for 'DALY': print.DALY, summary.DALY The graphical output method for 'DALY': hist.DALY
```

The aggregator method for 'DALY': aggregate.DALY

DALY sensitivity analysis: sensitivity

DALYcalculator (for a brief description of the *DALY Calculator*)
DALYmanual (for a more comprehensive overview)

16 hist.DALY

Examples

```
## Not run:
setDALYexample(1)
##= perform DALY calculation ===================
##= without age weighting and time discounting ========
getDALY(aw = FALSE, dr = 0)
##= perform DALY calculation, store results in 'x' =======
##= (with age weighting and a 3% time discount rate) ======
x \leftarrow getDALY(aw = TRUE, dr = 0.03)
##= view the structure of 'x' =========================
str(x)
##= view the DALY calculation results ==========
                       # absolute, total ========
print(x, relative = TRUE) # relative (ie, per 1000 pop) ==
print(x, outcomes = TRUE) # outcome-wise =========
##= obtain minimum & maximum simulated DALY =========
min(x[[1]]$DALY)
max(x[[1]]$DALY)
##= standardized DALY histogram ============
##= DALY sensitivity analysis ===========
sensitivity(x)
## End(Not run)
```

hist.DALY

Histogram method for class 'DALY'

Description

Plot a standardized histogram of DALY Calculator output.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'DALY'
hist(x, xval = c("DALY", "YLD", "YLL", "cases", "deaths"),
    prob = 0.95, central = c("mean", "median"),
    breaks = 25, fill = "grey95", ...)
```

hist.DALY 17

Arguments

X	Object of class 'DALY'
xval	Value to plot on x-axis; must be any of c("DALY", "YLD", "YLL", "cases", "deaths")
prob	Probability span by plotted credibility interval; defaults to 0.95
central	Plotted central value of distribution; must be any of c("mean", "median")
breaks	See hist; the default is 25 bars
fill	The colour to be used to fill the bars
• • •	Additional arguments to be passed to gpar

Details

This function plots a standardized histogram of *DALY Calculator* output. The histogram contains by default 25 bars. The limits of the credible interval are denoted by vertical lines; the credible interval limits and central tendency are printed above the histogram.

Author(s)

```
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```

See Also

```
plot.DALY

DALYcalculator (for a brief description of the DALY Calculator)

DALYmanual (for a more comprehensive overview)
```

Examples

18 plot.DALY

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Plot method for class 'DALY'

Description

Plot a stacked barplot of YLLs/YLDs with a DALY error bar.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'DALY'
plot(x, prob = 0.95, sort = TRUE, names = NULL,
    bars = TRUE, col = c("grey90", "white"),
    error_bars = TRUE, eb_col = "black",
    grid = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

X	Object of class 'DALY'
prob	Probability span by DALY error bar; defaults to 0.95
sort	Should values be sorted from high to low? defaults to TRUE
names	Vector of names to be plotted on the y-axis. If this argument is NULL, the default, then the names are taken from the name elements of the outcomes
bars	Should YLL/YLD bars be plotted? defaults to TRUE
col	Color of YLL and YLD barplot; defaults to c("grey90", "white")
error_bars	Should DALY error bars be plotted? defaults to TRUE
eb_col	Color of DALY error bars; defaults to black
grid	Should a vertical grid be plotted? defaults to TRUE
	Additional arguments to be passed to barplot

Details

This function plots the results of the DALY calculation aggregated by outcome. By default, both a stacked barplot of YLLs/YLDs and an error bar of total DALYs are shown.

Author(s)

```
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```

See Also

```
hist.DALY
```

```
DALYcalculator (for a brief description of the DALY Calculator) DALYmanual (for a more comprehensive overview)
```

print.DALY 19

Examples

print.DALY

Print method for class 'DALY'

Description

Print summary of DALY Calculator output aggregated by age/sex class.

Usage

Arguments

x	Object of class 'DALY'
relative	Show results per 1000 population? See details below
outcomes	Show results per outcome? See details below
prob	Probability span by printed credibility intervals; defaults to 0.95
digits	Number of decimals to be printed; defaults to 0
	Additional arguments to be passed to print

Details

The standard print method gives the absolute number of DALYs, YLDs, YLLs, Cases and Deaths. By specifying relative = TRUE, the number of DALYs, YLDs, YLLs, cases and deaths per 1,000 population will be shown.

20 print.DALY

The standard print method gives the number of DALYs, YLDs, YLLs, cases and deaths aggregated over all health outcomes. By specifying outcomes = TRUE, the number of DALYs, YLDs, YLLs, cases and deaths for each outcome will be shown as well.

Value

print.DALY returns a list containg the following elements:

total Matrix containing mean, median and prob credible interval of total DALYs,

YLDs, YLLs, cases and deaths

outcomes Named list, containing matrices of DALYs, YLDs, YLLs, cases and deaths for

each health outcome

pct Vector of contribution of YLDs and YLLs to overall DALYs

Author(s)

```
<brechtdv@gmail.com>
```

See Also

```
summary.DALY, aggregate.DALY

DALYcalculator (for a brief description of the DALY Calculator)

DALYmanual (for a more comprehensive overview)
```

Examples

readDALYdata 21

readDALYdata

Read in DALY data stored in an .RData image file

Description

This function loads data from an .RData image file into the *DALY Calculator*. The file can be an external file, previously saved through saveDALYdata(), or one of the two built-in example datasets.

Usage

```
readDALYdata(file = NULL, example = NULL)
```

Arguments

file Character string, denoting the name of the .RData file

example Integer, denoting the example to be loaded (any of c(1, 2))

Details

NA

Author(s)

<brechtdv@gmail.com>

See Also

```
saveDALYdata, setDALYexample, DALY_Neurocysticercosis, DALY_Toxoplasmosis
```

DALYcalculator (for a brief description of the *DALY Calculator*)
DALYmanual (for a more comprehensive overview)

reset

Reset the DALY Calculator

Description

This function resets the *DALY Calculator* to its default values, *except* for the 'Life Expectancy' table and the options (cf DALYoptions).

Usage

reset()

22 scatterplot

Author(s)

<brechtdv@gmail.com>

See Also

DALYcalculator (for a brief description of the *DALY Calculator*)
DALYmanual (for a more comprehensive overview)

saveDALYdata

Save population and epidemiological data to an .RData image file

Description

This function saves the population and epidemiological data to an .RData image file. This file can be loaded into the *DALY Calculator* through readDALYdata().

Usage

saveDALYdata()

Author(s)

<brechtdv@gmail.com>

See Also

readDALYdata

DALYcalculator (for a brief description of the *DALY Calculator*) DALYmanual (for a more comprehensive overview)

scatterplot

Scatterplot method for class 'DALY' and 'DALY_list'

Description

Generate a scatterplot of population versus patient level burden. The method is available for objects of class 'DALY' and 'DALY_list'.

scatterplot 23

Usage

Arguments

x	Object of class 'DALY' or 'DALY_list'
plot	Which estimates should be plotted? Must be either "DALY", "YLD" or "YLL"
outcomes	Should different outcomes be plotted? Defaults to TRUE. If FALSE, aggregated estimates are plotted
per	Denominator for population level burden. Defaults to 1000
samples	Number of samples to plotted. Defaults to 1000
pch	Plotting symbol. Defaults to 16 (= solid circle). See pch for more info
col	Plotting color. Defaults to NULL, in which case the function tries to generate distinctive rainbow colors
legend	A character or expression vector of length ≥ 1 to appear in the legend. Defaults to NULL, in which case the legend names are derived from the plotted objects; if FALSE, no legend is plotted
legend_pos	The position of the legend, either "topright", "topleft", "bottomright" or "bottomleft"
	Additional arguments to be passed to plot

Details

This function generates a scatterplot of the estimated burden at the population level (x-axis) versus the patient level (y-axis). Scatterplots can be generated of 'DALY' objects, to visualize the overall or outcome-specific burden; and of 'DALY_list' objects, to compare the overall burden of, e.g., different diseases or different DALY calculation scenarios.

Author(s)

```
<brechtdv@gmail.com>
```

See Also

```
DALY_list
plot.DALY, hist.DALY
```

24 sensitivity

DALYcalculator (for a brief description of the *DALY Calculator*)
DALYmanual (for a more comprehensive overview)

Examples

```
## Not run:
##= load toxoplasmosis example =================
setDALYexample(2)
##= perform DALY calculation for different scenarios ======
toxo_00 \leftarrow getDALY(aw = FALSE, dr = 0)
toxo_03 \leftarrow getDALY(aw = FALSE, dr = 0.03)
toxo_13 \leftarrow getDALY(aw = TRUE, dr = 0.03)
##= combine scenarios in 'DALY list' ============
toxo <- DALY_list(toxo_00, toxo_03, toxo_13)</pre>
##= plot YLL and YLL for toxo_00 ========================
par(mar = c(4, 4, 1, 1) + .5)
par(mfrow = c(1, 2))
scatterplot(toxo_00, plot = "YLL",
            outcomes = FALSE, legend = FALSE)
scatterplot(toxo_00, plot = "YLD",
            outcomes = FALSE, legend = FALSE)
##= plot all three scenarios ===================
par(mfrow = c(1, 1))
scatterplot(toxo,
            legend = c("DALY[0,0]",
                       "DALY[0,0.03]",
                       "DALY[1,0.03]"),
            legend_pos = "topleft",
            log = "xy",
            main = "Scenario analysis")
## End(Not run)
```

 ${\tt sensitivity}$

DALY sensitivity analysis

Description

This function performs a probabilistic global sensitivity analysis of the overall DALY estimate, based on standardized regression coefficients (method src) or partial correlation coefficients (method pcc). Actual or ranked values may be used, and for method src, coefficients or mapped values may be reported. See below for more details.

sensitivity 25

Usage

Arguments

X	Object of class 'DALY', typically obtained from a call to getDALY
method	Sensitivity analysis method: "src" or "pcc". See below for details
rank	Should ranked values be used? Defaults to FALSE
mapped	Should mapped regression coefficients be presented? Defaults to TRUE
digits	Number of decimals to be printed; defaults to 0
signif_stars	Should significance stars be printed?
alpha	Significance level for selecting significant variables; defaults to 0.05
main	Main title of tornado plot; defaults to "Sensitivity analysis"
show_values	Should values be plotted next to bars?; defaults to FALSE
value_digits	Number of significant digits for plotted values; defaults to 3
value_cex	Size of plotted values; defaults to 0.6

Additional arguments to be passed to methods

Details

Sensitivity analysis studies how the uncertainty in the overall DALY estimate can be apportioned to the different sources of uncertainty in the input parameters. These results can therefore help to identify those input parameters that cause significant uncertainty in the overall DALY estimate and that therefore may be the focus of further research if one wishes to reduce the uncertainty in the overall estimate.

The sensitivity function implements a *probabilistic global* sensitivity analysis, in which the analysis is conducted over the full range of plausible input values (hence *global*), determined by the specified uncertainty distributions (hence *probabilistic*).

Specifying method = "src" will perform a linear regression-based sensitivity analysis. Here, the simulated overall DALY estimates will be regressed against the simulated values for the stochastic input parameters (using 1m). To facilitate comparison, the independent terms are standardized such that they are normally distributed with mean zero and standard deviation one (using scale). The resulting regression coefficients are therefore referred to as *standardized* regression coefficients.

Argument rank specifies whether the regression should be performed on the actual values (rank = FALSE; default) or on the ranked values (rank = TRUE). Rank-based regression may be preferred when the relation between output and inputs is non-linear. R^2 values smaller than 0.60 may be indicative of a poor fit of the default linear regression model.

26 sensitivity

If mapped = TRUE, the dependent term is not standardized, such that the resulting *mapped* regression coefficients correspond to the change in overall DALY given one standard deviation change in the corresponding input parameter. If mapped = FALSE, the dependent term is standardized, such that the resulting *standardized* regression coefficients correspond to the number of standard deviations change in overall DALY given one standard deviation change in the corresponding input parameter.

Specifying method = "pcc" will calculate partial correlation coefficients for each of the input variables. Partial correlation coefficients represent the correlation between two variables when adjusting for other variables. In the presence of important interactions between input variables, partial correlation coefficients may be preferred over standardized regression coefficients.

Argument rank specifies whether the correlation should be calculated between the actual values (rank = FALSE; default) or between the ranked values (rank = TRUE).

Method plot can be used to generate a tornado plot of the significant input variables.

Value

An object of S3 class DALY_sensitivity, containing the following two elements:

method List containing the specified values for method, rank and mapped

out Either the output of summary. 1m (for method src), or a matrix with columns for

the partial correlation coefficients (rho) and corresponding p-values (for method

pcc).

Author(s)

<brechtdv@gmail.com>

References

- Vose D (2000). Risk analysis: a quantitative guide. John Wiley & Sons.
- Saltelli A, Chan K, Scott EM (2000). Sensitivity analysis. John Wiley & Sons.

See Also

Package **sensitivity** (https://cran.r-project.org/package=sensitivity), for more advanced sensitivity analysis methods.

```
getDALY
lm
cor.test
```

Examples

setDALYexample 27

```
##= perform DALY calculation, store results in 'x' =======
x <- getDALY()</pre>
##= perform DALY sensitivity analysis ===========
## default sensitivity analysis
sa <- sensitivity(x)</pre>
print(sa)
## tornado plot of default sensitivity analysis
plot(sa, show_values = TRUE)
## standardized regression coefficients -----
sensitivity(x, method = "src", rank = FALSE, mapped = TRUE)
sensitivity(x, method = "src", rank = FALSE, mapped = FALSE)
## standardized rank regression coefficients ------
sensitivity(x, method = "src", rank = TRUE, mapped = TRUE)
sensitivity(x, method = "src", rank = TRUE, mapped = FALSE)
## partial correlation coefficients -----
sensitivity(x, method = "pcc", rank = FALSE)
## partial rank correlation coefficients ------
sensitivity(x, method = "pcc", rank = FALSE)
## End(Not run)
```

setDALYexample

Load one of the two built-in DALY calculation examples

Description

This function resets the *DALY Calculator* (through reset), and loads one of the two built-in DALY calculation examples (through readDALYdata):

- 1. Neurocysticercosis in West-Cameroon
- 2. Congenital Toxoplasmosis in the Netherlands

Usage

```
setDALYexample(example)
```

Arguments

example

This argument takes value '1' for the Neurocysticercosis example, and value '2' for the Toxoplasmosis example

28 setData

Author(s)

```
<brechtdv@gmail.com>
```

See Also

DALY_Neurocysticercosis, DALY_Toxoplasmosis, readDALYdata

DALYcalculator (for a brief description of the *DALY Calculator*) DALYmanual (for a more comprehensive overview)

setData

Open a data input window

Description

This function opens a data window where the input parameters (with corresponding distributions and stratification levels) for one of the disease categories or outcomes can be entered.

Usage

setData(n)

Arguments

n

Integer, corresponding to the health outcome to be set

Author(s)

<brechtdv@gmail.com>

See Also

DALYcalculator (for a brief description of the *DALY Calculator*) DALYmanual (for a more comprehensive overview)

setLifeExp 29

setLifeExp

Open the 'Life Expectancy' window

Description

This function opens the 'Life Expectancy' window, where the life expectancy table can be customized. The default life expectancy table is the GBD2010 standard life expectancy table. Alternative standard life expectancy tables may be selected via the 'Life Expectancy' window or via function setStdLE.

Usage

setLifeExp()

Details

The DALY Calculator provides three standard life expectancy tables:

- 1. **GBD1990**: the Coale and Demeny model life-table West, level 26 and 25, which has a life expectancy at birth of 80 for males and 82.5 for females (Murray, 1994);
- 2. **GBD2010** (*default*): the synthetic standard life expectancy introduced for the GBD 2010 study, with a life expectancy at birth of 86 for both males and females;
- 3. **WHO/GHE**: the projected frontier life expectancy for the year 2050, used for the WHO Global Health Estimates, with a life expectancy at birth of 92 for both males and females.

Author(s)

<brechtdv@gmail.com>

See Also

setStdLE

DALYcalculator (for a brief description of the *DALY Calculator*)
DALYmanual (for a more comprehensive overview)

setPop

Open the 'Population' window

Description

This function opens the 'Population' window, where the population under study can be entered, stratified by sex and age group.

30 setStdLE

Usage

setPop()

Author(s)

<brechtdv@gmail.com>

See Also

DALYcalculator (for a brief description of the *DALY Calculator*)
DALYmanual (for a more comprehensive overview)

setStdLE

Set the 'Life Expectancy' table to a standard life expectancy table

Description

This function sets the 'Life Expectancy' table to a standard life expectancy for DALY calculation. The default standard life expectancy table is the synthetic life table introduced for the GBD 2010 study. Other options include the Coale and Demeny model life table West (introduced for GBD 1990 study), and the frontier life expectancy table used for the WHO Global Health Estimates.

Usage

```
setStdLE(table = NULL)
```

Arguments

table

The required standard life expectancy table -i.e., one of: c("GBD2010", "GBD1990", "WHO/GHE"); when set to NULL, the value is taken from the GUI.

Details

The DALY Calculator provides three standard life expectancy tables:

- 1. **GBD1990**: the Coale and Demeny model life-table West, level 26 and 25, which has a life expectancy at birth of 80 for males and 82.5 for females (Murray, 1994);
- 2. **GBD2010** (*default*): the synthetic standard life expectancy introduced for the GBD 2010 study, with a life expectancy at birth of 86 for both males and females;
- 3. **WHO/GHE**: the projected frontier life expectancy for the year 2050, used for the WHO Global Health Estimates, with a life expectancy at birth of 92 for both males and females.

Author(s)

<brechtdv@gmail.com>

31 summary.DALY

References

• Devleesschauwer B, et al. (2014). Calculating Disability-Adjusted Life Years to quantify burden of disease. International Journal of Public Health 59, 565-569. http://dx.doi. org/10.1007/s00038-014-0552-z

See Also

```
setLifeExp
```

DALYcalculator (for a brief description of the *DALY Calculator*) DALYmanual (for a more comprehensive overview)

summary.DALY

Summary method for class 'DALY'

Description

Print summary of *DALY Calculator* output per age/sex class.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'DALY'
summary(object, relative = FALSE, outcomes = FALSE,
        digits = 0, ...)
```

Arguments

object	Object of class 'DALY'
relative	Show results per 1000 population? See details below
outcomes	Show results per outcome? See details below
digits	Number of decimals to be printed; defaults to 0
	Additional arguments to be passed to summary

Details

The standard summary method gives the absolute number of DALYs, YLDs, YLLs, cases and deaths. By specifying relative = TRUE, the number of DALYs, YLDs, YLLs, cases and deaths per 1,000 population will be shown.

The standard summary method gives the number of DALYs, YLDs, YLLs, cases and deaths aggregated over all health outcomes. By specifying outcomes = TRUE, the number of DALYs, YLDs, YLLs, cases and deaths for each outcome will be shown as well.

32 summary.DALY

Value

summary. DALY returns a list containg the following elements:

total Matrix containing mean, median and prob credible interval of total DALYs,

YLDs, YLLs, cases and deaths

outcomes Named list, containing matrices of DALYs, YLDs, YLLs, cases and deaths for

each health outcome

pct Vector of contribution of YLDs and YLLs to overall DALYs

Author(s)

```
<brechtdv@gmail.com>
```

See Also

```
print.DALY, aggregate.DALY

DALYcalculator (for a brief description of the DALY Calculator)

DALYmanual (for a more comprehensive overview)
```

Examples

Index

*Topic example	getDALY, 7, 10, 14, 25, 26
DALY_Neurocysticercosis, 10	gpar, <i>17</i>
DALY_Toxoplasmosis, 12	
readDALYdata, 21	hist, <i>17</i>
*Topic import/export	hist.DALY, <i>8</i> , <i>15</i> , 16, <i>18</i> , <i>23</i>
readDALYdata, 21	2 25 26
saveDALYdata, 22	1m, 25, 26
*Topic methods	pch, 23
DALY_list, 9	plot, 23
*Topic output	·
aggregate.DALY, 3	plot.DALY, 9, 10, 17, 18, 23
DALY_list, 9	plot.DALY_list (DALY_list), 9
getDALY, 14	plot.DALY_sensitivity (sensitivity), 24
hist.DALY, 16	print.DALY, 4, 8–10, 15, 19, 32
plot.DALY, 18	print.DALY_list (DALY_list), 9
print.DALY, 19	<pre>print.DALY_sensitivity (sensitivity), 24</pre>
scatterplot, 22	readDALYdata, 6, 21, 22, 27, 28
sensitivity, 24	reset, 6, 21, 27
summary.DALY,31	16366, 0, 21, 27
*Topic sensitivity	saveDALYdata, <i>6</i> , <i>21</i> , 22
sensitivity, 24	scale, <u>25</u>
• /	scatterplot, 10, 22
aggregate.DALY, 3, 8, 15, 20, 32	sensitivity, 7, 15, 24
	setDALYexample, 6, 12, 14, 21, 27
barplot, 18	setData, 7, 28
	setLifeExp, 6, 7, 29, 31
cor.test, <u>26</u>	setPop, 7, 29
	setStdLE, 7, 29, 30
DALY (DALY-package), 2	summary.DALY, 4, 8, 15, 20, 31
DALY-package, 2	summary.1m, <u>26</u>
DALY_list, 7, 9, 23	•
DALY_Neurocysticercosis, 10, 21, 28	
DALY_Toxoplasmosis, 12, 21, 28	
DALYcalculator, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 12, 14, 15,	
17, 18, 20–22, 24, 28–32	
DALYmanual, 3–7, 7, 8, 10, 12, 14, 15, 17, 18,	
20–22, 24, 28–32	
DALYoptions, $6, 8, 21$	
expression, 23	