Package 'EpistemicGameTheory'

May 12, 2017

Type Package
Title Constructing an Epistemic Model for the Games with Two Players
Version 0.1.2
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Imports stats, utils
Depends lpSolve
Description Constructing an epistemic model such that, for every player i and for every choice c(i) which is optimal, there is one type that expresses common belief in rationality.
License GPL-3
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	esdc	•			•			•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•		•	 	 •			•	2	,

Description

This function eliminates strictly dominated choices.

Usage

esdc(n, m, A, choices.A, B, choices.B, iteration)

Arguments

n	an integer representing the number of choices of player 1
m	an integer representing the number of choices of player 2
A	an nxm matrix representing the payoff matrix of player 1
choices.A	a vector of length n representing the names of player 1's choices
В	an nxm matrix representing the payoff matrix of player 2
choices.B	a vector of length m representing the names of player 2's choices
iteration	an integer representing the iteration number of algorithm

Details

This function works for the games with two players.

Value

The reduced matrices of players' that are obtained after eliminating strictly dominated choices

Author(s)

Bilge Baser

Examples

```
a=4
b=4
pay.A=matrix(c(0,3,2,1,4,0,2,1,4,3,0,1,4,3,2,0),4,4)
ch.A=c("Blue","Green","Red","Yellow")
pay.B=matrix(c(5,4,4,4,3,5,3,3,2,2,5,2,1,1,1,5),4,4)
ch.B=c("Blue","Green","Red","Yellow")
iter=5
esdc(a,b,pay.A,ch.A,pay.B,ch.B,iter)
```

esdc

type

Finding types that express common belief in rationality for optimal choices

Description

This function takes the reduced payoff matrices and finds out the probabilities for the types that expresses common belief in rationality for optimal choices.

Usage

type(A, B, choices.A, choices.B)

Arguments

А	an nxm matrix representing the reduced payoff matrix of player 1
В	an nxm matrix representing the reduced payoff matrix of player 2
choices.A	a vector of length n representing the names of player 1's choices
choices.B	a vector of length m representing the names of player 2's choices

Details

This function works for the games with two players. It returns infeasible solution for the irrational choices.

Value

Probabilities of the types that expresses common belief in rationality for optimal choices

Author(s)

Bilge Baser

See Also

lp

Examples

Ar=matrix(c(0,3,2,4,0,2,4,3,0),3,3)
choices.Ar=c("Blue","Green","Red")
Br=matrix(c(5,4,4,3,5,3,2,2,5),3,3)
choices.Br=c("Blue","Green","Red")
type(Ar,Br,choices.Ar,choices.Br)

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