Package 'GridOnClusters'

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Type Package
Title Cluster-Preserving Multivariate Joint Grid Discretization
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Description Discretize multivariate continuous data using a grid
      that captures the joint distribution via preserving clusters in
      the original data (Wang et al. 2020) <doi:10.1145/3388440.3412415>.
      Joint grid discretization is applicable as a data transformation step
      to prepare data for model-free inference of association, function, or
      causality.
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R topics documented:

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cluster

Cluster Multivariate Data

Description

The function obtains clusters from data using the given number of clusters, which may be a range.

Usage

```
cluster(data, k, method)
```

Arguments

data input continuous multivariate data

k the number(s) of clusters method the method for clustering

Description

Discretize multivariate continuous data using a grid that captures the joint distribution via preserving clusters in the original data

Usage

```
discretize.jointly(
  data,
  k = c(2:10),
  min_level = 1,
  cluster_method = c("Ball+BIC", "kmeans+silhouette", "PAM"),
  grid_method = c("Sort+split", "MultiChannel.WUC"),
  cluster_label = NULL
)
```

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Arguments

data a matrix containing two or more continuous variables. Columns are variables,

rows are observations.

k either an integer, a vector of integers, or Inf, specifying different ways to find

clusters in data. The default is a vector containing integers from 2 to 10. If 'k' is a single number, data will be grouped into into exactly 'k' clusters. If 'k' is an integer vector, an optimal 'k' is chosen from among the integers, that maximizes the average silhouette width. If 'k' is set to Inf, an optimal k is chosen among

2 to nrow(data). If cluster_label is specified, k is ignored.

min_level integer or vector, signifying the minimum number of levels along each dimen-

sion. If a vector of size ncol(data), then each element will be mapped 1:1 to each dimension in order. If an integer, then all dimensions will have the same

minimum number of levels.

cluster_method the clustering method to be used. Ignored if cluster labels are given "kmeans+silhouette"

will use k-means to cluster data and the average Silhouette score to select the number of clusters k. "Ball+BIC" will use Mclust (modelNames = "VII") to

cluster data and BIC score to select the number of cluster k.

grid_method the discretization method to be used. "Sort+split" will sort the cluster by cluster

mean in each dimension and then split consecutive pairs only if the sum of the error rate of each cluster is less than or equal to 50 in a certain dimension. The maximum number of lines is the number of clusters minus one. "MultiChannel.WUC" will split each dimension by weighted with-in cluster sum of squared distances by "Ckmeans.1d.dp::MultiChannel.WUC". Applied in each projection on each dimension. The channel of each point is defined by its multivariate

cluster label.

cluster_label a vector of user-specified cluster labels for each observation in data. The user

is free to choose any clustering. If unspecified, k-means clustering is used by

default.

Details

The function implements algorithms described in (Wang et al. 2020).

Value

A list that contains four items:

D a matrix that contains the discretized version of the original data. Discretized

values are one(1)-based.

grid a list of vectors containing decision boundaries for each variable/dimension.

clabels a vector containing cluster labels for each observation in data.

csimilarity a similarity score between clusters from joint discretization D and cluster labels

clabels. The score is the adjusted Rand index.

Author(s)

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References

Wang J, Kumar S, Song M (2020). "Joint Grid Discretization for Biological Pattern Discovery." In *Proceedings of the 11th ACM International Conference on Bioinformatics, Computational Biology and Health Informatics.* ISBN 9781450379649, doi: 10.1145/3388440.3412415.

See Also

See Ckmeans.1d.dp for discretizing univariate continuous data.

Examples

```
# using a specified k
x = rnorm(100)
y = \sin(x)
z = cos(x)
data = cbind(x, y, z)
discretized_data = discretize.jointly(data, k=5)$D
# using a range of k
x = rnorm(100)
y = log1p(abs(x))
z = tan(x)
data = cbind(x, y, z)
discretized_data = discretize.jointly(data, k=c(3:10))$D
# using k = Inf
x = c()
y = c()
mns = seq(0, 1200, 100)
for(i in 1:12){
  x = c(x,runif(n=20, min=mns[i], max=mns[i]+20))
  y = c(y,runif(n=20, min=mns[i], max=mns[i]+20))
}
data = cbind(x, y)
discretized_data = discretize.jointly(data, k=Inf)$D
# using an alternate clustering method to k-means
library(cluster)
x = rnorm(100)
y = log1p(abs(x))
z = \sin(x)
data = cbind(x, y, z)
# pre-cluster the data using partition around medoids (PAM)
cluster_label = pam(x=data, diss = FALSE, metric = "euclidean", k = 5)$clustering
discretized_data = discretize.jointly(data, cluster_label = cluster_label)$D
```

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plot.GridOnClusters

Plotting the continuous data along with cluster-preserving Grid

Description

Plots examples of jointly discretizing continuous data based on grids that preserve clusters in the original data.

Usage

```
## $3 method for class 'GridOnClusters'
plot(
    x,
    xlab = NULL,
    ylab = NULL,
    main = NULL,
    main.table = NULL,
    sub = NULL,
    pch = 19,
    ...
)
```

Arguments

X	the result generated by discretize.jointly
xlab	the horizontal axis label
ylab	the vertical axis label
main	the title of the clustering scatter plots
main.table	the title of the discretized data plots
sub	the subtitle
pch	the symbol for points on the scatter plots
	additional graphical parameters

plotGOCpatterns

(OBOSOLETE) Plotting the continuous data along with cluster-preserving Grid

Description

Plots examples of jointly discretizing continuous data based on grids that preserve clusters in the original data.

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Usage

```
plotGOCpatterns(data, res)
```

Arguments

data the input continuous data matrix

res the result generated by discretize.jointly

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