Package 'LFDR.MME'

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Type Package		
Title Estimating Local Moments	al False Discovery Rates Using the Method of	
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Description Estimati	on of the local false discovery rate using the method of moments.	
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LFDR.MM	Performs a Multiple Hypothesis Testing Using the Method of Moments	

Description

Based on a given vector of chi-square test statistics, provides estimates of local false discoveries.

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Usage

LFDR.MM(x)

Arguments

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A vector of chi-square test statistics with one degree of freedom.

Details

For N given features (genes, proteins, SNPs, etc.), the function tests the null hypothesis H_{0i} , $i=1,\ldots,N$, indicating that there is no association between feature i and a specific disease, versus its alternative hypothesis H_{1i} . For each unassociated feature i, it is supposed that the corresponding test stiatistic x_i follows a central chi-square distribution with one degree of freedom. For each associated feature i, it is assumed that the corresponding test stiatistic x_i follows a non-central chi-square distribution with one degree of freedom and non-centrality parameter λ . In this packag, association is measured by estimating the local false discovery rate (LFDR), the posterior probability that the null hypothesis H_{0i} given the test statistic x_i is true. This package returns three components as mentioned in the **Value** section.

Value

Outputs three elements as seen below:

pi0. hat estimate of proportion of unassocaited features π_0 .

ncp. hat estimate of the non-centrality parameter λ of the chi-square model for associated

features.

1fdr.hat estimates of local false discovery rates.

Author(s)

Code: Ali Karimnezhad.

Documentation: Ali Karimnezhad.

References

Karimnezhad, A. (2020). A Simple Yet Efficient Parametric Method of Local False Discovery Rate Estimation Designed for Genome-Wide Association Data Analysis. Retrieved from https://arxiv.org/abs/1909.13307

Examples

```
# vector of test statistics for assocaited features
stat.assoc<- rchisq(n=1000,df=1, ncp = 3)

# vector of test statistics for unassocaited features
stat.unassoc<- rchisq(n=9000,df=1, ncp = 0)

# vector of test statistics
stat<- c(stat.assoc,stat.unassoc)</pre>
```

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output <- LFDR.MM(x=stat)</pre>

Estimated pi0
output\$p0.hat

Estimated non-centrality parameter
output\$ncp.hat

Estimated LFDRs
output\$lfdr.hat

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 \ast Chi-Square Distribution

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* Empirical Bayes

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* Local False Discovery Rate

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* Multiple Hypothesis Testing

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* Null Hypothesis

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