# Package 'LearnPCA'

May 2, 2022

Type Package

**Title** Functions, Data Sets and Vignettes to Aid in Learning Principal Components Analysis (PCA)

Version 0.2.0

Date 2022-05-01

**Description** Principal component analysis (PCA) is one of the most widely used data analysis techniques. This package provides a series of vignettes explaining PCA starting from basic concepts. The primary purpose is to serve as a self-study resource for anyone wishing to understand PCA better. A few convenience functions are provided as well.

License GPL-3

URL https://bryanhanson.github.io/LearnPCA/

BugReports https://github.com/bryanhanson/LearnPCA/issues

ByteCompile TRUE

VignetteBuilder knitr

**Encoding** UTF-8

Imports markdown, shiny, stats, graphics

**Suggests** ChemoSpec, chemometrics, knitr, tinytest, roxut, rmarkdown, plot3D, ade4, plotrix, latex2exp, plotly, xtable, bookdown,

RoxygenNote 7.1.2

NeedsCompilation no

Author Bryan A. Hanson [aut, cre] (<a href="https://orcid.org/0000-0003-3536-8246">https://orcid.org/0000-0003-3536-8246</a>), David T. Harvey [aut]

Maintainer Bryan A. Hanson <a href="maintainer">hanson@depauw.edu></a>

Repository CRAN

**Date/Publication** 2022-05-02 02:30:02 UTC

PCAtoXhat

# R topics documented:

	LearnPCA-packag	ge				 																						2
	PCAtoXhat					 																						2
	PCsearch					 																						3
	XtoPCAtoXhat  .																											2
Index																												(
Learn	PCA-package		Fu po					l V	lig.	ne	tte	es t	0 A	Aic	l ir	ı L	ea	ırn	in	g	Pr	in	ciį	ра	l (	Со	m-	

# **Description**

Principal component analysis (PCA) is one of the most widely used data analysis techniques. This package provides a series of vignettes explaining PCA starting from basic concepts. The primary purpose is to serve as a self-study resource for anyone wishing to understand PCA better. A few convenience functions are provided as well.

# Author(s)

Bryan A. Hanson and David T. Harvey.

Maintainer: Bryan A. Hanson <a href="maintainer">hanson@depauw.edu></a>

PCAtoXhat

Use PCA Results to Reconstruct All or Part of the Original Data Set

#### **Description**

This function allows one to reconstruct an approximation (Xhat) of the original data using some or all of the principal components, starting from the results of PCA. Inspired by and follows https://stackoverflow.com/a/23603958/633251 very closely. We are grateful for this post by StackOverflow contributor "Marc in the box."

# Usage

PCAtoXhat(pca, ncomp = NULL)

#### **Arguments**

pca A	An object of clas	ss prcomp or princomp	(automatically detected	). # The results

of data reduction by PCA.

ncomp Integer. The number of principal components to use in reconstructing the data

set. Must be no larger than the number of variables. If not specified, all the

components are used and the original data set is reconstructed.

PCsearch 3

#### Value

A matrix with the same dimensions as pca\$x (the dimensions of the original data set).

## **Examples**

```
# Example data from ?prcomp (see discussion at Stats.StackExchange.com/q/397793)
C <- chol(S <- toeplitz(.9 ^ (0:31)))</pre>
set.seed(17)
X <- matrix(rnorm(32000), 1000, 32)</pre>
Z <- X %*% C
pcaz <- prcomp(Z)</pre>
tst <- PCAtoXhat(pcaz)</pre>
all.equal(tst, Z, check.attributes = FALSE)
# Plot to show the effect of increasing ncomp
ntests <- ncol(Z)</pre>
rmsd <- rep(NA_real_, ntests)</pre>
for (i in 1:ntests) {
ans <- XtoPCAtoXhat(X, i, sd)</pre>
del<- ans - X
rmsd[i] <- sqrt(sum(del^2)/length(del)) # RMSD</pre>
plot(rmsd, type = "b",
  main = "Root Mean Squared Deviation\nReconstructed - Original Data",
  xlab = "No. of Components Retained", ylab = "RMSD")
abline(h = 0.0, col = "pink")
```

PCsearch

Demonstrate the Search for New Principal Component Axes

# **Description**

Shiny application to demonstrate the search for the 1st two principal components for a randomly generated set of data.

#### Usage

PCsearch()

## **Details**

```
@return None. A web page opens with the application running.
```

```
@author Bryan A. Hanson, David T. Harvey
```

4 XtoPCAtoXhat

XtoPCAtoXhat

Reduce a Matrix X via PCA and Reconstruct All or Part to Give Xhat

#### **Description**

This function allows one to do "round trip" PCA by reducing a matrix X using PCA and then reconstruct an approximation (Xhat) using some or all of the principal components. Inspired by https://stats.stackexchange.com/q/229092/26909. We are grateful for this post by Stack-Overflow contributor Amoeba.

## Usage

```
XtoPCAtoXhat(X, ncomp = 3, scale.fun = NULL)
```

## **Arguments**

X A matrix of data, or a structure which can be coerced to a matrix. Samples

should be in rows, and variables in columns.

ncomp Integer. The number of principal components to use in reconstructing the data

set. Must be no larger than the number of variables.

scale.fun A function to use to scale the data. If NULL no scaling will be done.

#### Value

A matrix with the same dimensions as X.

#### **Examples**

```
# Example data from ?prcomp (see discussion at Stats.StackExchange.com/q/397793)
C <- chol(S <- toeplitz(.9 ^ (0:31)))</pre>
set.seed(17)
X <- matrix(rnorm(32000), 1000, 32)</pre>
Z <- X %*% C
tst <- XtoPCAtoXhat(Z)</pre>
mean(tst - Z)
# Plot to show the effect of increasing ncomp
ntests <- ncol(Z)</pre>
rmsd <- rep(NA_real_, ntests)</pre>
for (i in 1:ntests) {
ans <- XtoPCAtoXhat(X, i, sd)</pre>
del<- ans - X
rmsd[i] <- sqrt(sum(del^2)/length(del)) # RMSD</pre>
plot(rmsd, type = "b",
  main = "Root Mean Squared Deviation\nReconstructed - Original Data",
  xlab = "No. of Components Retained", ylab = "RMSD")
```

*XtoPCAtoXhat* 5

abline(h = 0.0, col = "pink")

# **Index**

```
* multivariate
    LearnPCA-package, 2
* package
    LearnPCA-package, 2

LearnPCA (LearnPCA-package), 2
LearnPCA-package, 2

PCAtoXhat, 2
PCsearch, 3

XtoPCAtoXhat, 4
```