

# Package ‘XRSCC’

November 12, 2016

**Type** Package

**Title** Statistical Quality Control Simulation

**Version** 0.1

**Date** 2016-11-10

**Author** Erick Marroquin

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**Description** This is a set of statistical quality control functions, that allows plotting control charts and its iterations, process capability for variable and attribute control, highlighting the `xrs_gr()` function, like a first iteration for variable chart, meanwhile the `we_rules()` function detects non random patterns in sample.

**License** GPL (>= 2)

**LazyData** TRUE

**Imports** stats, graphics, utils, grDevices

**NeedsCompilation** no

**Repository** CRAN

**Date/Publication** 2016-11-12 01:05:48

## R topics documented:

XRSCC-package	2
Beta.X	2
bottles	3
clothes	4
clothes2	4
Cp_X	5
c_gr	6
C_it	7
dato2	8
factor.a	9
np_gr	9
NP_it	10
p_gr	12

P_it	13
qqsugar	14
R_it	15
udata2	16
u_gr	17
U_it	18
vol_sample	19
we_rules	20
xrs_gr	21
X_it	22

## Index 24

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XRSCC-package	<i>Calculates and plots variable and attributes control charts</i>
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### Description

Calculates the control limits for each type of variable or attribute control chart, then using an iteration to get the true control limits

### Details

Package: XRSCC  
 Type: Package  
 Version: 0.1  
 Date: 2016-05-04  
 License: GPL

### Author(s)

Erick Marroquin  
 Maintainer: Erick Marroquin <ericksuhel@gmail.com>

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Beta.X	<i>X chart OC Curve</i>
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---

### Description

Calculates and plots the risk of not detecting shifts and the Average Run Length

**Usage**

```
Beta.X(k,n)
```

**Arguments**

k	A numeric vector, of length one, is the $k$ standard deviations factor since the known mean
n	An integer, equal the sample size

**Value**

beta	risk of not detecting shifts
ARL	Average Run Lenth

**Author(s)**

Erick Marroquin

**References**

Montgomery, D.C. (2005) *Introduction to Statistical Quality Control*, 5th ed. New York: John Wiley & Sons, ISBN 0-471-65631-3

**See Also**

[xrs\\_gr](#)

**Examples**

```
Beta.X(k=1, n=5)
Beta.X(k=0.5, n=5)
Beta.X(k=1, n=3)
```

---

bottles

*Defetive bottles sample*

---

**Description**

The data give the number of defective bottles in a fixed sample size

**Usage**

```
data(bottles)
```

**Format**

A data frame with 80 observations on the following variable.

D a numeric vector of integer number of defective bottles

**Examples**

```
data(bottles)
require(XRSCC)
p_gr(bottles, n=100)
```

---

clothes	<i>Defective number per sample</i>
---------	------------------------------------

---

**Description**

The data give a defectives number in a clothes process

**Usage**

```
data(clothes)
```

**Format**

A data frame with 90 observations on the following variable.

c a numeric vector of integer number of nonconformities in a sample

**Examples**

```
require(XRSCC)
data(clothes)
c_gr(clothes)
```

---

clothes2	<i>Defective number per unit</i>
----------	----------------------------------

---

**Description**

The data give a nonconformities number in a clothes process in a variable sample

**Usage**

```
data(clothes2)
```

**Format**

A data frame with 90 observations and two variables.

d a numeric vector of integer number of nonconformities in a sample

n a numeric vector of sample size

**Examples**

```
require(XRSCC)
data(clothes2)
u_gr(clothes2)
```

Cp\_X

*Calculates the process capability***Description**

Given a variable sample, the function calculates the process capability and, assuming a normal distribution of the X chart, after the true control limits were found.

**Usage**

```
Cp_X(prev.results, LES, LEI, mu)
```

**Arguments**

prev.results	Is a list of previous results obtained by the <code>xrs_gr</code> function in the first iteration, or the results obtained in further iterations by the <code>X_it</code> function.
LES	A numeric vector of length one, containing the upper specification limit.
LEI	A numeric vector of length one, containing the lower specification limit.
mu	A numeric vector of length one, containing the average specification, if not exists, function takes the Control Limit of previous results.

**Details**

The function stops for the lack of any arguments.

**Value**

Cp	The process capability index
Cpk	The process capability index in case is not centered
P.cp	The specification range percentage used by the control limits
X.sigma	The process standard deviation
Conclusion del proceso	A phrase to take conclusion about the process capability

**Author(s)**

Erick Marroquin

## References

Montgomery, D.C. (2005) *Introduction to Statistical Quality Control*, 5th ed. New York: John Wiley & Sons, ISBN 0-471-65631-3

## See Also

[xrs\\_gr](#) [X\\_it](#) [R\\_it](#) [we\\_rules](#)

## Examples

```
data(vol_sample)
results1<-xrs_gr(vol_sample)
results2<-X_it(results1)
# Type dev.off() function before use Cp_X
Cp_X(results2, LES=510, LEI=490, mu=500)
```

---

c\_gr

*The c chart control for attributes*

---

## Description

Calculates the *c* control chart for attributes, using a sample *C* of number of nonconformities. The plotted values in graph are the nonconformities number on each sample at a regular time interval when there is not a standard given.

## Usage

```
c_gr(C)
```

## Arguments

**C** A data frame or a vector containing the number of nonconformities per sample. Note that the variable name must be the uppercase letter, like *D*.

## Value

**in.control** The *under control* row list for the *c* chart

**out.control** The *out of control* row list for the *c* chart

**Iteraciones** The number of iterations, in this function always will be the first and the last one

**data.0** The original data frame

**data.1** Subsetting the data frame with *under control* rows

**bin** The binary values for *out of control* equal to one, and results *under control* equal to zero

**Limites de Control Grafica c** The *c* chart control limits vector

**Conclusion del proceso** The same results in a phrase as the *bin* values

**Author(s)**

Erick Marroquin

**References**

Montgomery, D.C. (2005) *Introduction to Statistical Quality Control*, 5th ed. New York: John Wiley & Sons, ISBN 0-471-65631-3

**See Also**

[p\\_gr](#), [np\\_gr](#), [u\\_gr](#), [P\\_it](#), [NP\\_it](#), [C\\_it](#), [U\\_it](#)

**Examples**

```
data(clothes)
c_gr(clothes)
```

---

C\_it

---

*Iteration of c control chart for attributes*


---

**Description**

Calculates the iteration i'th, for the control limits of *c* chart using the results obtained in [c\\_gr](#) and previous [C\\_it](#) iteration.

**Usage**

```
C_it(prev.results)
```

**Arguments**

`prev.results` Its a list of previous results obtained by the [c\\_gr](#) function. In other cases, needs more than one iteration, to obtain the true control limits, before take conclusions about the process.

**Value**

`in.control` The *under control* row list for the *c* chart  
`out.control` The *out of control* row list for the *c* chart  
`Iteraciones` The number of iterations, It is assumed to be the second or later  
`data.0` The original data frame or vector  
`data.1` The *under control* subset after iteration  
`bin` The binary values for *out of control* equal to one and *under control* equal to zero  
`Limites de Control Grafica c`  
The *c* chart control limits vector  
`Conclusion del proceso`  
The same results in a phrase as the *bin* values

**Author(s)**

Erick Marroquin

**References**

Montgomery, D.C. (2005) *Introduction to Statistical Quality Control*, 5th ed. New York: John Wiley & Sons, ISBN 0-471-65631-3

**See Also**

[p\\_gr](#), [np\\_gr](#), [u\\_gr](#), [c\\_gr](#), [P\\_it](#), [NP\\_it](#), [U\\_it](#)

**Examples**

```
data(clothes)
r1<-c_gr(clothes)
r2<-C_it(r1)
r3<-C_it(r2)
```

---

dato2	<i>The piston hole length in mm</i>
-------	-------------------------------------

---

**Description**

A sample containing piston hole length in mm

**Usage**

```
data(dato2)
```

**Format**

A data frame with 45 subgroup of 5 observations

n1 a numeric vector of length in mm

n2 a numeric vector of length in mm

n3 a numeric vector of length in mm

n4 a numeric vector of length in mm

n5 a numeric vector of length in mm

**Examples**

```
data(dato2)
require(XRSCC)
results1<-xrs_gr(dato2)
results2<-X_it(results1)
results3<-R_it(results2)
```



---

 factor.a

*Table: Factor for variable control charts*


---

**Description**

A data frame containing the factor for variable control charts calculations.

**Usage**

```
data(factor.a)
```

**Format**

A data frame with factors (ex: A2, d2, D4 and so on) for size groups from 2 to 25.

**Source**

Montgomery, D.C. (2005) *Introduction to Statistical Quality Control*, 5th ed. New York: John Wiley & Sons, ISBN 0-471-65631-3

**Examples**

```
data(factor.a)
```

---

 np\_gr

*The np chart control for attributes*


---

**Description**

Calculates the *np* control chart for attributes, using a sample *D* of number of defectives or nonconforming items and a constant sample size *n*. The values plotted in graph are the defectives number.

**Usage**

```
np_gr(D, n)
```

**Arguments**

**D** A data frame containing the non conforming items, and must be integer and non negative.

**n** A vector of length one, integer and nonnegative, to fix the sample size.

**Value**

in.control	The <i>under control</i> row list for the <i>np</i> chart
out.control	The <i>out of control</i> row list for the <i>np</i> chart
Iteraciones	The number of iterations, in this function always will be the first and the last one
data.n	The fixed sample size
data.0	The original data frame
data.1	The filtered data frame
bin	The binary values for <i>out of control</i> equal to one and <i>under control</i> equal to zero
Limites de Control Grafica np	The <i>np</i> chart control limits vector
Conclusion del proceso	The same results in a phrase as the <i>bin</i> values

**Author(s)**

Erick Marroquin

**References**

Montgomery, D.C. (2005) *Introduction to Statistical Quality Control*, 5th ed. New York: John Wiley & Sons, ISBN 0-471-65631-3

**See Also**

[p\\_gr](#), [u\\_gr](#), [c\\_gr](#), [P\\_it](#), [NP\\_it](#), [C\\_it](#), [U\\_it](#)

**Examples**

```
data(bottles)
np_gr(bottles, n=100)
```

---

NP\_it

*Iteration of np control chart for attributes*

---

**Description**

Calculates the iteration *i*'th for the control limits of *p* chart using the results obtained in [np\\_gr](#) or further [NP\\_it](#) iterations.

**Usage**

```
NP_it(prev.results)
```

**Arguments**

prev.results Is a list of previous results obtained by the `np_gr` function. In other cases, needs more than one iteration, to obtain the true control limits for *np* chart before take conclusions about the process.

**Value**

in.control The *under control* row list for the *np* chart in this iteration

out.control The *out of control* row list for the *np* chart

Iteraciones The number of iterations, It is assumed to be the second or later

data.n The fixed sample size

data.0 The original data frame

data.1 The *under control* subset after iteration

bin The binary values for *out of control* equal to one and *under control* equal to zero

Limites de Control Grafica np  
The *np* chart control limits vector

Conclusion del proceso  
The same results in a phrase as the *bin* values

**Author(s)**

Erick Marroquin

**References**

Montgomery, D.C. (2005) *Introduction to Statistical Quality Control*, 5th ed. New York: John Wiley & Sons, ISBN 0-471-65631-3

**See Also**

[p\\_gr](#), [np\\_gr](#), [c\\_gr](#), [u\\_gr](#), [P\\_it](#), [C\\_it](#), [U\\_it](#)

**Examples**

```
data(bottles)
r1<-np_gr(bottles, n=100)
r2<-NP_it(r1)
r3<-NP_it(r2)
```

p\_gr

*P control chart for attributes***Description**

Calculates the  $p$  control chart for attributes, using a sample  $D$  of number of defectives or non-conforming items and a constant sample size  $n$ . The values plotted in graph are the fractions  $p$  of defectives.

**Usage**

p\_gr(D, n)

**Arguments**

$D$  A data frame containing in one column the non conforming items, and must be integer and non negative.  
 $n$  A vector of length one, integer and nonnegative, to fix the sample size.

**Value**

in.control The *under control* row list for the  $p$  chart  
 out.control The *out of control* row list for the  $p$  chart  
 Iteraciones The number of iterations, in this function always will be the first and the last one  
 data.n The fixed sample size  
 data.0 The original data frame  
 data.1 The filtered data frame  
 bin The binary values for *out of control* equal to one and *under control* equal to zero  
 Limites de Control Grafica p The  $p$  chart control limits vector  
 Conclusion del proceso The same results in a phrase as the *bin* values

**Author(s)**

Erick Marroquin

**References**

Montgomery, D.C. (2005) *Introduction to Statistical Quality Control*, 5th ed. New York: John Wiley & Sons, ISBN 0-471-65631-3

**See Also**

[P\\_it](#), [c\\_gr](#), [C\\_it](#), [np\\_gr](#), [NP\\_it](#), [u\\_gr](#), [U\\_it](#)

**Examples**

```
data(bottles)
p_gr(bottles, n=100)
```

---

P\_it *Iteration of p control chart for attributes*

---

**Description**

Calculates the iteration  $i$ 'th for the control limits of  $p$  chart using the results obtained in `p_gr` or further `P_it` iterations.

**Usage**

```
P_it(prev.results)
```

**Arguments**

`prev.results` Is a list of previous results obtained by the `p_gr` function. In other cases, needs more than one iteration, to obtain the true control limits for  $p$  chart before take conclusions about the process.

**Value**

`in.control` The *under control* row list for the  $p$  chart in this iteration  
`out.control` The *out of control* row list for the  $p$  chart  
`Iteraciones` The number of iterations, It is assumed to be the second or later  
`data.n` The fixed sample size  
`data.0` The original data frame  
`data.1` The *under control* subset after iteration  
`bin` The binary values for *out of control* equal to one and *under control* equal to zero  
`Limites de Control Grafica p`  
The  $p$  chart control limits vector  
`Conclusion del proceso`  
The same results in a phrase as the *bin* values

**Author(s)**

Erick Marroquin

**References**

Montgomery, D.C. (2005) *Introduction to Statistical Quality Control*, 5th ed. New York: John Wiley & Sons, ISBN 0-471-65631-3

**See Also**

[p\\_gr](#), [c\\_gr](#), [C\\_it](#), [np\\_gr](#), [NP\\_it](#), [u\\_gr](#), [U\\_it](#)

**Examples**

```
data(bottles)
r1<-p_gr(bottles, n=100)
r2<-P_it(r1)
r3<-P_it(r2)
```

---

qqsugar

*Sugar bags weights in pounds*

---

**Description**

A sample containing weights of sugar bags

**Usage**

```
data(qqsugar)
```

**Format**

A data frame with 100 subgroup of ten observations

muestra1 a numeric vector of weights in pounds

muestra2 a numeric vector of weights in pounds

muestra3 a numeric vector of weights in pounds

muestra4 a numeric vector of weights in pounds

muestra5 a numeric vector of weights in pounds

muestra6 a numeric vector of weights in pounds

muestra7 a numeric vector of weights in pounds

muestra8 a numeric vector of weights in pounds

muestra9 a numeric vector of weights in pounds

muestra10 a numeric vector of weights in pounds

**Examples**

```
data(qqsugar)
require(XRSCC)
xrs_gr(qqsugar)
```

---

R_it	<i>Calculates the i`th iteration R Chart</i>
------	--

---

### Description

Calculates the iteration i`th for R chart, after the X chart is under control. The function estimates if any value (range) is out of control limits, and returns a values list.

### Usage

```
R_it(prev.results)
```

### Arguments

prev.results	Is a list of previous results obtained by the <code>xrs_gr</code> , followed by <code>X_it</code> function if it is necessary. In other cases, needs more than one iteration to obtain the true control limits for R chart, before take conclusions about the process.
--------------	--

### Details

The function stops if the R chart is under control already, and also stops if there is not any active graphic device.

### Value

in.control	The under control row list for the X chart
R.in.control	The <i>under control</i> row list for the R chart
out.control	The <i>out of control</i> row list for the X chart
Iteraciones	The number of iterations, It is assumed to be the second or later
data.0	The original data frame
data.1	The filtered data frame
data.r.1	The calculated ranges of data.0
bin	The binary values for <i>out of control</i> equal to one and <i>under control</i> equal to zero, for X and R charts
LX	The X chart control limits vector
LR	The R chart control limits vector
Limites Grafixa X	The X chart control limits vector
Limites Grafixa R	The R chart control limits vector
Conclusion del proceso	The same results in a phrase as the <i>bin</i> values

**Author(s)**

Erick Marroquin

**References**

Montgomery, D.C. (2005) *Introduction to Statistical Quality Control*, 5th ed. New York: John Wiley & Sons, ISBN 0-471-65631-3

**See Also**

[xrs\\_gr](#) [X\\_it](#) [we\\_rules](#) [Cp\\_X](#)

**Examples**

```
data(dato2)
results1<-xrs_gr(dato2)
results2<-X_it(results1)
results3<-R_it(results2)
```

---

udata2

*Defective number per unit*

---

**Description**

The data give a nonconformities number on a clothes manufacturing process, the sample size is fixed.

**Usage**

```
data(udata2)
```

**Format**

A data frame with 90 observations and two variables.

d a numeric vector of integer number of nonconformities in a sample

n a numeric vector of sample size

**Examples**

```
require(XRSCC)
data(udata2)
u_gr(udata2)
```



u\_gr

*The u chart control for attributes***Description**

Calculates the  $u$  control chart for attributes, given a variable sample  $n$  and a number of nonconformities  $u$  per sample. The plotted values in graph are the average number of nonconformities per unit.

**Usage**

u\_gr(U)

**Arguments**

U A data frame containing the number  $d$  of nonconformities per sample, the sample  $n$  can be variable. Note that the variable names must be lowercase letter, say  $d$  and  $n$ .

**Value**

in.control The *under control* row list for the  $u$  chart  
 out.control The *out of control* row list for the  $u$  chart  
 Iteraciones The number of iterations, in this function always will be the first and the last one  
 data.0 The original data frame  
 data.1 Subsetting the data frame with *under control* rows  
 bin The binary values for *out of control* equal to one and *under control* equal to zero  
 Limites de Control Grafica u The  $u$  chart control limits vector  
 Conclusion del proceso The same results in a phrase as the *bin* values

**Author(s)**

Erick Marroquin

**References**

Montgomery, D.C. (2005) *Introduction to Statistical Quality Control*, 5th ed. New York: John Wiley & Sons, ISBN 0-471-65631-3

**See Also**

[p\\_gr](#), [np\\_gr](#), [c\\_gr](#), [P\\_it](#), [NP\\_it](#), [C\\_it](#), [U\\_it](#)

**Examples**

```
data(udata2)
u_gr(udata2)
```

---

U\_it

*Iteration of u control chart for attributes*


---

**Description**

Calculates the iteration  $i$ 'th for the control limits of  $c$  chart using the results obtained in `c_gr` and previous `U_it` iteration.

**Usage**

```
U_it(prev.results)
```

**Arguments**

`prev.results` Is a list of previous results obtained by the `u_gr` function. In other cases, needs more than one iteration, to obtain the true control limits for  $u$  chart before take conclusions about the process.

**Value**

`in.control` The *under control* row list for the  $u$  chart  
`out.control` The *out of control* row list for the  $u$  chart  
`Iteraciones` The number of iterations, in this function always will be the first and the last one  
`data.0` The original data frame  
`data.1` Subsetting the data frame with *under control* rows  
`bin` The binary values for *out of control* equal to one and *under control* equal to zero  
`Limites de Control Grafica u` The  $u$  chart control limits vector  
`Conclusion del proceso` The same results in a phrase as the *bin* values

**Author(s)**

Erick Marroquin

**References**

Montgomery, D.C. (2005) *Introduction to Statistical Quality Control*, 5th ed. New York: John Wiley & Sons, ISBN 0-471-65631-3

**See Also**

[p\\_gr](#), [np\\_gr](#), [c\\_gr](#), [u\\_gr](#), [P\\_it](#), [NP\\_it](#), [C\\_it](#)

**Examples**

```
data(udata2)
r1<-u_gr(udata2)
r2<-U_it(r1)
```

---

vol_sample	<i>Volume in ml</i>
------------	---------------------

---

**Description**

A volume sample in milliliters

**Usage**

```
data(vol_sample)
```

**Format**

A data frame with 100 subgroup of five observations

n1 a numeric vector of volume

n2 a numeric vector of volume

n3 a numeric vector of volume

n4 a numeric vector of volume

n5 a numeric vector of volume

**Examples**

```
data(vol_sample)
require(XRSCC)
xrs_gr(vol_sample)
```

---

`we_rules`*Estimates the first four Western Electric Rules for detecting patterns*

---

**Description**

Estimates the first four Western Electric Rules for detecting patterns, starting with under control X chart obtained in the sequence `xrs_gr`, `X_it`, `R_it` functions. At the same time, plots the X chart including the zones above and below the central limit. For last, a binary value for each rule is presented if at least one rule is violated, '1' for 'yes', 0 for 'no'.

**Usage**

```
we_rules(prev.results)
```

**Arguments**

`prev.results` Its a list of previous results obtained by the `xrs_gr` function in the first iteration, or a list of results obtained in further iterations by the `X_it`, and if necessary by the `R_it` function.

**Details**

The previous results may say that the process is under control, but, it's a conclusion concerning the first Western Electric rule only.

**Value**

Resultados de analisis

A phrarse saying the process is or not under control

Las siguientes reglas tienen al menos un grupo que viola la regla

The conclusion about the Western Electric rules from 1 to 4, showing a binary response, '1' for 'yes', 0 for 'no'.

**Author(s)**

Erick Marroquin

**References**

Montgomery, D.C. (2005) *Introduction to Statistical Quality Control*, 5th ed. New York: John Wiley & Sons, ISBN 0-471-65631-3

SMALL, Bonnie B. (1956) *Statistical Quality Control Handbook*, 2th ed. Easton : Western Electric Co, Inc.

yhat *The Yhat Blog. Machine Learning, Data Science, Engineering*, [On line] <http://blog.yhathq.com/posts/quality-control-in-r.html>

**See Also**

[xrs\\_gr](#), [X\\_it](#), [R\\_it](#), [Cp\\_X](#)

**Examples**

```
data(qqsugar)
results1<-xrs_gr(qqsugar)
results2<-R_it(results1)
we_rules(results2)
```

---

xrs\_gr

*Calculate and plot the X, R and S Charts for variable charts*


---

**Description**

Calculates the control limits for X, R and S charts, using a data frame with a fixed subgroup size. Plots the corresponding graph, the function estimates if any value is out of the control limits, returns a list with calculations.

**Usage**

```
xrs_gr(X)
```

**Arguments**

X A sample in a dataframe object, with  $m$  rows like subgroups, and  $n$  columns like sample size.

**Value**

in.control	The <i>under control</i> row list for the X chart
R.in.control	The <i>under control</i> row list for the R chart
out.control	The <i>out of control</i> row list for the X chart
Iteraciones	The iterations number, the firsts and the last one on this function
data.0	The original data frame
data.1	The <i>under control</i> subset after iteration
data.r.1	The calculated ranges of data.0
bin	The binary values for <i>out of control</i> equal to one and <i>under control</i> equal to zero, for X, R and S charts
LX	The X chart control limits vector
LR	The R chart control limits vector
LS	The S chart control limits vector
Limites Grafixa X	The X chart control limits vector

Limites Grafixa R  
   The R chart control limits vector  
 Limites Grafixa S  
   The S chart control limits vector  
 Conclusion del proceso  
   The same results in a phrase as the *bin* values

**Author(s)**

Erick Marroquin

**References**

Montgomery, D.C. (2005) *Introduction to Statistical Quality Control*, 5th ed. New York: John Wiley & Sons, ISBN 0-471-65631-3

**See Also**

[X\\_it](#), [we\\_rules](#), [R\\_it](#), [Cp\\_X](#), [Beta.X](#)

**Examples**

```
data(vol_sample)
results1<-xrs_gr(vol_sample)
```

---

X\_it

*Calculates the iteration i'th X Chart*

---

**Description**

With the results of [xrs\\_gr](#) followed by previous X\_it iterations, the function calculates the X control limits charts, using a data frame with a fixed subgroup size *n*. In the graph plotting, the function estimates if any value (row or subgroup average) is out of control limits, and returns a list with calculations. Also, gives the R chart and control limits, which will be used in [R\\_it](#) function.

**Usage**

```
X_it(prev.results)
```

**Arguments**

`prev.results`    Is a list of previous results obtained by the [xrs\\_gr](#) function in the first iteration, or a list of results obtained in further iterations by the X\_it function.

**Details**

The function stops if the X chart is under control already, and also stops if there is not any active graphic device.

**Value**

in.control	The <i>under control</i> row list for the X chart
R.in.control	The <i>under control</i> row list for the R chart
out.control	The <i>out of control</i> row list for the X chart
Iteraciones	The iterations number, It is assumed to be the second or later
data.0	The original data frame
data.1	The <i>under control</i> subset after iteration
data.r.1	The calculated ranges of data.0
bin	The binary values for <i>out of control</i> equal to one and <i>under control</i> equal to zero, for X and R charts
LX	The X chart control limits vector
LR	The R chart control limits vector
Limites Grafixa X	The X chart control limits vector
Limites Grafixa R	The R chart control limits vector
Conclusion del proceso	The same results in a phrase as the <i>bin</i> values

**Note**

For the true Range control limits calculation, use [R\\_it](#).

**Author(s)**

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**References**

Montgomery, D.C. (2005) *Introduction to Statistical Quality Control, 5th ed.* New York: John Wiley & Sons, ISBN 0-471-65631-3

**See Also**

[xrs\\_gr](#), [R\\_it](#), [Cp\\_X](#), [we\\_rules](#)

**Examples**

```
data(vol_sample)
results1<-xrs_gr(vol_sample)
results2<-X_it(results1)
```

# Index

- \*Topic **ARL**
    - Beta.X, 2
  - \*Topic **X\_chart**
    - factor.a, 9
    - X\_it, 22
    - xrs\_gr, 21
  - \*Topic **\textasciitildekwd1**
    - c\_gr, 6
    - C\_it, 7
  - \*Topic **\textasciitildekwd2**
    - c\_gr, 6
    - C\_it, 7
  - \*Topic **attributes**
    - np\_gr, 9
    - NP\_it, 10
    - p\_gr, 12
    - P\_it, 13
    - u\_gr, 17
    - U\_it, 18
    - udata2, 16
  - \*Topic **capability**
    - Cp\_X, 5
  - \*Topic **datasets**
    - bottles, 3
    - clothes, 4
    - clothes2, 4
    - dato2, 8
    - qqsugar, 14
    - udata2, 16
    - vol\_sample, 19
  - \*Topic **defectives**
    - clothes, 4
    - np\_gr, 9
    - NP\_it, 10
    - p\_gr, 12
    - P\_it, 13
  - \*Topic **defective**
    - bottles, 3
  - \*Topic **factor**
    - factor.a, 9
  - \*Topic **fraction**
    - p\_gr, 12
    - P\_it, 13
  - \*Topic **nonconformities**
    - u\_gr, 17
    - U\_it, 18
  - \*Topic **package**
    - XRSCC-package, 2
  - \*Topic **patterns**
    - we\_rules, 20
  - \*Topic **quality\_control**
    - XRSCC-package, 2
  - \*Topic **range**
    - R\_it, 15
    - we\_rules, 20
  - \*Topic **shift**
    - Beta.X, 2
  - \*Topic **sixsigma**
    - Cp\_X, 5
  - \*Topic **variable**
    - qqsugar, 14
    - R\_it, 15
    - vol\_sample, 19
    - X\_it, 22
    - xrs\_gr, 21
- Beta.X, 2, 22
- bottles, 3
- c\_gr, 6, 7, 8, 10–12, 14, 17–19
- C\_it, 7, 7, 10–12, 14, 17, 19
- capability (Cp\_X), 5
- chart\_iteration (X\_it), 22
- clothes, 4
- clothes2, 4
- Cp\_X, 5, 16, 21–23
- dato2, 8
- factor.a, 9



np\_gr, 7, 8, 9, 10–12, 14, 17, 19  
NP\_it, 7, 8, 10, 10, 12, 14, 17, 19

P\_chart (P\_it), 13  
p\_chart (p\_gr), 12  
p\_gr, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 17, 19  
P\_it, 7, 8, 10–12, 13, 17, 19  
proportion (p\_gr), 12

qqsugar, 14

R\_chart (R\_it), 15  
R\_it, 6, 15, 20–23  
Range (R\_it), 15

u\_gr, 7, 8, 10–12, 14, 17, 18, 19  
U\_it, 7, 8, 10–12, 14, 17, 18, 18  
udata2, 16

vol\_sample, 19

we\_rules, 6, 16, 20, 22, 23

X\_chart (X\_it), 22  
X\_it, 5, 6, 15, 16, 20–22, 22  
xrs\_gr, 3, 5, 6, 15, 16, 20, 21, 21, 22, 23  
XRSCC (XRSCC-package), 2  
XRSCC-package, 2