Package 'base64url'

May 14, 2018

Type Package
Title Fast and URL-Safe Base64 Encoder and Decoder
Version 1.4
Description In contrast to RFC3548, the 62nd character (``+") is replaced with ``-", the 63rd character (``/") is replaced with ``_". Furthermore, the encoder does not fill the string with trailing ``=". The resulting encoded strings comply to the regular expression pattern ``[A-Za-z0-9]" and thus are safe to use in URLs or for file names. The package also comes with a simple base32 encoder/decoder suited for case insensitive file systems.
<pre>URL https://github.com/mllg/base64url</pre>
<pre>BugReports https://github.com/mllg/base64url/issues</pre>
NeedsCompilation yes
License GPL-3
Encoding UTF-8
Imports backports (>= 1.1.0)
Suggests base64enc, checkmate, knitr, microbenchmark, openssl, rmarkdown, testthat
RoxygenNote 6.0.1
VignetteBuilder knitr
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base32_encode

Encode to base32 or Decode from base32

Description

Simple RFC4648 base32 encoder/decoder. Pads with "=".

Usage

```
base32_encode(x, use.padding = FALSE)
base32_decode(x, use.padding = FALSE)
```

Arguments

x [character(1)]

Character vector to encode or decode.

use.padding [logical(1)]

If TRUE, base32_encode returns a string whose length is a multiple of 8, padded with trailing "=" if required. base32_decode expects such a string unless this is set to FALSE (default). The internal algorithm currently works with padding, thus it is faster to set this to TRUE.

thus it is faster to set

Value

character of the same length as input x.

References

Implementation based on base32 encoder/decoder in the GNU lib: https://www.gnu.org/software/gnulib/.

Examples

```
x = "plain text"
encoded = base32_encode(x)
decoded = base32_decode(encoded)
print(encoded)
print(decoded)
```

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base64_urlencode

Encode to base64 or Decode from base64

Description

In contrast to RFC3548, the 62nd character ('+') is replaced with '-', the 63rd character ('/') is replaced with '-'. Furthermore, the encoder does not fill the string with trailing '='. The resulting encoded strings comply to the regular expression pattern "[A-Za-z0-9_-]" and thus are safe to use in URLs or for file names.

Usage

```
base64_urlencode(x)
base64_urldecode(x)
```

Arguments

x [character(1)]
Character vector to encode or decode.

Value

character of the same length as input x.

References

Implementation based on base64 encoder/decoder in the Apache Portable Runtime (APR): https://svn.apache.org/repos/asf/apr/apr/trunk/encoding/apr_base64.c

Examples

```
x = "plain text"
encoded = base64_urlencode(x)
decoded = base64_urldecode(encoded)
print(encoded)
print(decoded)
```

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