Package 'bcrypt'

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Type Package Title 'Blowfish' Password Hashing Algorithm Version 1.1 Description Bindings to the 'blowfish' password hashing algorithm derived from the 'OpenBSD' implementation. URL https://github.com/jeroen/bcrypt https://www.openbsd.org/papers/bcrypt-paper.pdf BugReports https://github.com/jeroen/bcrypt/issues License BSD_2_clause + file LICENSE Imports openssl RoxygenNote 6.0.1.9000 Suggests spelling Language en-US **Encoding** UTF-8 NeedsCompilation yes Author Jeroen Ooms [cre, aut], Damien Miller [cph], Niels Provos [cph] Maintainer Jeroen Ooms <jeroen@berkeley.edu> **Repository** CRAN

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Description

Bcrypt is used for secure password hashing. The main difference with regular digest algorithms such as MD5 or SHA256 is that the bcrypt algorithm is specifically designed to be CPU intensive in order to protect against brute force attacks. The exact complexity of the algorithm is configurable via the log_rounds parameter. The interface is fully compatible with the Python one.

Usage

```
gensalt(log_rounds = 12)
hashpw(password, salt = gensalt())
checkpw(password, hash)
```

Arguments

log_rounds	integer between 4 and 31 that defines the complexity of the hashing, increasing the cost as 2 ^{log} _rounds.
password	the message (password) to encrypt
salt	a salt generated with gensalt.
hash	the previously generated bcrypt hash to verify

Details

The hashpw function calculates a hash from a password using a random salt. Validating the hash is done by rehashing the password using the hash as a salt. The checkpw function is a simple wrapper that does exactly this.

gensalt generates a random text salt for use with hashpw. The first few characters in the salt string hold the bcrypt version number and value for log_rounds. The remainder stores 16 bytes of base64 encoded randomness for seeding the hashing algorithm.

Examples

```
# Secret message as a string
passwd <- "supersecret"
# Create the hash
hash <- hashpw(passwd)
hash
# To validate the hash
identical(hash, hashpw(passwd, hash))</pre>
```

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Or use the wrapper checkpw(passwd, hash) # Use varying complexity: hash11 <- hashpw(passwd, gensalt(11)) hash12 <- hashpw(passwd, gensalt(12)) hash13 <- hashpw(passwd, gensalt(13)) # Takes longer to verify (or crack) system.time(checkpw(passwd, hash11)) system.time(checkpw(passwd, hash12)) system.time(checkpw(passwd, hash13))

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