

# Package ‘cartogram’

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**Title** Create Cartograms with R

**Version** 0.2.2

**Description** Construct continuous and non-contiguous area cartograms.

**URL** <https://github.com/sjewo/cartogram>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/sjewo/cartogram/issues>

**Imports** methods, sf, packcircles

**Suggests** rgeos, sp, rgdal, maptools

**License** GPL-3

**Encoding** UTF-8

**LazyData** true

**RoxygenNote** 7.0.2

**NeedsCompilation** no

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<code>cartogram_cont</code>	<i>Calculate Contiguous Cartogram Boundaries</i>
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## Description

Construct a continuous area cartogram by a rubber sheet distortion algorithm (Dougenik et al. 1985)

## Usage

```
cartogram_cont(
  x,
  weight,
  itermax = 15,
  maxSizeError = 1.0001,
  prepare = "adjust",
  threshold = 0.05
)

## S3 method for class 'SpatialPolygonsDataFrame'
cartogram_cont(
  x,
  weight,
  itermax = 15,
  maxSizeError = 1.0001,
  prepare = "adjust",
  threshold = 0.05
)

## S3 method for class 'sf'
cartogram_cont(
  x,
  weight,
  itermax = 15,
  maxSizeError = 1.0001,
  prepare = "adjust",
  threshold = 0.05
)
```

## Arguments

<code>x</code>	SpatialPolygonDataFrame or an sf object
<code>weight</code>	Name of the weighting variable in <code>x</code>
<code>itermax</code>	Maximum iterations for the cartogram transformation, if <code>maxSizeError</code> is not reached
<code>maxSizeError</code>	Stop if <code>meanSizeError</code> is smaller than <code>maxSizeError</code>

prepare	Weighting values are adjusted to reach convergence much earlier. Possible methods are "adjust", adjust values to restrict the mass vector to the quantiles defined by threshold and 1-threshold (default), "remove", remove features with values lower than quantile at threshold, "none", don't adjust weighting values
threshold	Define threshold for data preparation

### Value

An object of the same class as x

### References

Dougenik, J. A., Chrisman, N. R., & Niemeyer, D. R. (1985). An Algorithm To Construct Continuous Area Cartograms. In *The Professional Geographer*, 37(1), 75-81.

### Examples

```

library(maptools)
library(cartogram)
library(rgdal)
data(wrld_simpl)

# Remove uninhabited regions
afr <- spTransform(wrld_simpl[wrld_simpl$REGION==2 & wrld_simpl$POP2005 > 0,],
                    CRS("+init=epsg:3395"))

# Create cartogram
afr_carto <- cartogram_cont(afr, "POP2005", 3)

# Plot
par(mfcol=c(1,2))
plot(afr, main="original")
plot(afr_carto, main="distorted (sp)")

# Same with sf objects
library(sf)

afr_sf = st_as_sf(afr)

afr_sf_carto <- cartogram_cont(afr_sf, "POP2005", 3)

# Plot
par(mfcol=c(1,3))
plot(afr, main="original")
plot(afr_carto, main="distorted (sp)")
plot(st_geometry(afr_sf_carto), main="distorted (sf)")

```

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<code>cartogram_dorling</code>	<i>Calculate Non-Overlapping Circles Cartogram</i>
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## Description

Construct a cartogram which represents each geographic region as non-overlapping circles (Dorling 1996).

## Usage

```
cartogram_dorling(x, weight, k = 5, m_weight = 1, itermax = 1000)

## S3 method for class 'sf'
cartogram_dorling(x, weight, k = 5, m_weight = 1, itermax = 1000)

## S3 method for class 'SpatialPolygonsDataFrame'
cartogram_dorling(x, weight, k = 5, m_weight = 1, itermax = 1000)
```

## Arguments

<code>x</code>	SpatialPolygonsDataFrame, SpatialPointsDataFrame or an sf object
<code>weight</code>	Name of the weighting variable in <code>x</code>
<code>k</code>	Share of the bounding box of <code>x</code> filled by the larger circle
<code>m_weight</code>	Circles' movements weights. An optional vector of numeric weights (0 to 1 inclusive) to apply to the distance each circle moves during pair-repulsion. A weight of 0 prevents any movement. A weight of 1 gives the default movement distance. A single value can be supplied for uniform weights. A vector with length less than the number of circles will be silently extended by repeating the final value. Any values outside the range [0, 1] will be clamped to 0 or 1.
<code>itermax</code>	Maximum iterations for the cartogram transformation.

## Value

Non overlapping proportional circles of the same class as `x`.

## References

Dorling, D. (1996). Area Cartograms: Their Use and Creation. In Concepts and Techniques in Modern Geography (CATMOG), 59.

## Examples

```
library(maptools)
library(cartogram)
library(rgdal)
data(wrld_simpl)
```

```

# Remove uninhabited regions
afr <- spTransform(wrld_simpl[wrld_simpl$REGION==2 & wrld_simpl$POP2005 > 0,],
                    CRS("+init=epsg:3395"))

# Create cartogram
afr_carto <- cartogram_dorling(afr, "POP2005")

# Plot
par(mfcol=c(1,2))
plot(afr, main="original")

plot(afr, main="distorted (sp)")
plot(afr_carto, col = "red", add=TRUE)

# Same with sf objects
library(sf)

afr_sf = st_as_sf(afr)

afr_sf_carto <- cartogram_dorling(afr_sf, "POP2005")

# Plot
par(mfcol=c(1,3))
plot(afr, main="original")
plot(afr_carto, main="distorted (sp)")
plot(st_geometry(afr_sf_carto), main="distorted (sf)")

```

**cartogram\_ncont***Calculate Non-Contiguous Cartogram Boundaries***Description**

Construct a non-contiguous area cartogram (Olson 1976).

**Usage**

```

cartogram_ncont(x, weight, k = 1, inplace = TRUE)

## S3 method for class 'SpatialPolygonsDataFrame'
cartogram_ncont(x, weight, k = 1, inplace = TRUE)

## S3 method for class 'sf'
cartogram_ncont(x, weight, k = 1, inplace = TRUE)

```

**Arguments**

<code>x</code>	SpatialPolygonDataFrame or an sf object
<code>weight</code>	Name of the weighting variable in <code>x</code>
<code>k</code>	Factor expansion for the unit with the greater value

**inplace** If TRUE, each polygon is modified in its original place, if FALSE multi-polygons are centered on their initial centroid

### Value

An object of the same class as x with resized polygon boundaries

### References

Olson, J. M. (1976). Noncontiguous Area Cartograms. In *The Professional Geographer*, 28(4), 371-380.

### Examples

```
library(mapproj)
library(cartogram)
library(rgdal)
data(wrld_simpl)

# Remove uninhabited regions
afr <- spTransform(wrld_simpl[wrld_simpl$REGION==2 & wrld_simpl$POP2005 > 0,],
                    CRS("+init=epsg:3395"))

# Create cartogram
afr_nc <- cartogram_ncont(afr, "POP2005")

# Plot
plot(afr)
plot(afr_nc, add = TRUE, col = 'red')

# Same with sf objects
library(sf)

afr_sf = st_as_sf(afr)

afr_sf_nc <- cartogram_ncont(afr_sf, "POP2005")

plot(st_geometry(afr_sf))
plot(st_geometry(afr_sf_nc), add = TRUE, col = 'red')
```

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