Package 'frequentistSSD'

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Description A study based on the screened selection design (SSD) is an exploratory phase II random-

Type Package

Version 0.1.1

Title Screened Selection Design with Survival Endpoints

Maintainer Chia-Wei Hsu <Chia-Wei.Hsu@stjude.org>

ized trial with two or more arms but without concurrent control. The pri-
mary aim of the SSD trial is to pick a desirable treatment arm (e.g., in terms of the median sur-
vival time) to recommend to the subsequent randomized phase IIb (with the concurrent con-
trol) or phase III. Though The survival endpoint is often encountered in phase II trials, the exist-
ing SSD methods cannot deal with the survival endpoint. Furthermore, the exist-
ing SSD won't control the type I error rate. The proposed designs can "partially" control or pro-
vide the empirical type I error/false positive rate by an optimal algorithm (imple-
mented by the optimal() function) for each arm. All the design needed components (sam-
ple size, operating characteristics) are supported.
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Author Chia-Wei Hsu [aut, cre],
Haitao Pan [aut],
Jianrong Wu [aut]
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get_oc

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get_oc	Generate operating characteristics for Two-Stage Screened Selection
	Design for Randomized Phase II Trials with Time-to-Event Endpoints

Description

Obtain the operating characteristics of Two-Stage Screened Selection Design for Randomized Phase II Trials with Time-to-Event Endpoints. The arguments for this function are from outputs of the functions of optimal() and sample_size()

Usage

Arguments

shape	the shape parameter of weibull distribution
m∅	the median survival time of historical data
mA	the median survival time of arm A
hr	the hazard ratio of arm B to arm A
frac	the ratio of sample size in stage 1 compared to total sample size (e.g., n1/n)
ta	the accrual duration
tf	the follow-up duration
c1	the critical value at stage 1
С	the critical value at stage 2
diff	the equivalence margin
n	the total sample size for each arm
nsim	the number of simulated trials
seed	the seed. The default value is seed = 2483

Value

get_oc() returns: (1) n: total sample size for each arm (2) SSD.Arm.A: selection probability of Arm A (3) SSD.Arm.B: selection probability of Arm B (4) SSD.No.Arm: the probability of no arms selected (5) diff: the equivalence margin (6) Mean.N.Arm.A: the average number of patients allocated to Arm A (7) Mean.N.Arm.B: the average number of patients allocated to Arm B

Author(s)

Chia-Wei Hsu, Haitao Pan, Jianrong Wu

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References

Jianrong Wu, Haitao Pan, Chia-Wei Hsu (2021). "Two-Stage Screened Selection Designs for Randomized Phase II Trials with Time-to-Event Endpoints." Submitted

Examples

get_oc_3arm

Generate operating characteristics for Two-Stage Screened Selection Design for Randomized Phase II Trials with Time-to-Event Endpoints for 3 arms

Description

Obtain the operating characteristics of Two-Stage Screened Selection Design for Randomized Phase II Trials with Time-to-Event Endpoints for 3 arms. The arguments for this function are from outputs of the functions of optimal() and sample_size_3arm()

Usage

Arguments

shape	the shape parameter of weibull distribution
mØ	the median survival time of historical data
mA	the median survival time of arm A
hr2	the hazard ratio of arm B to arm A
hr3	the hazard ratio of arm C to arm A
frac	the ratio of sample size in stage 1 compared to total sample size (e.g., n1/n)
ta	the accrual duration
tf	the follow-up duration
c1	the critical value at stage 1

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С	the critical value at stage 2
diff	the equivalence margin
n	the total sample size for each arm
nsim	the number of simulated trials
seed	the seed. The default value is seed = 2483

Value

get_oc_3arm() returns: (1) n: total sample size for each arm (2) SSD.Arm.A: selection probability of Arm A (3) SSD.Arm.B: selection probability of Arm B (4) SSD.Arm.C: selection probability of Arm C (5) SSD.No.Arm: the probability of no arms selected (6) diff: the equivalence margin (7) Mean.N.Arm.A: the average number of patients allocated to Arm A (8) Mean.N.Arm.B: the average number of patients allocated to Arm B (9) Mean.N.Arm.C: the average number of patients allocated to Arm C

Author(s)

Chia-Wei Hsu, Haitao Pan, Jianrong Wu

References

Jianrong Wu, Haitao Pan, Chia-Wei Hsu (2021). "Two-Stage Screened Selection Designs for Randomized Phase II Trials with Time-to-Event Endpoints." Submitted

Examples

optimal

Find optimal parameters

Description

Find the optimal parameters used in the get_oc() function

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Usage

Arguments

shape the shape parameter of weibull distribution m0 the median survival time of historical data

ms the minimal clinical meaningful median survival time

tf the follow-up duration ta the accrual duration

tot_size the required sample size for each arm

dist the distribution

Value

optimal() returns a list containing two blocks:

\$param: (1) S0: historical survival probability at the landmark time point x0 (2) hr: hazard ratio of the hypothetical arm with "minimal clinical meaningful median survival time" to the historical arm (3) rate: accrual rate (calculated as tot_size/ta)

\$Two_stage: (1) alpha: type I error (2) beta: type II error (3) n1: the required sample size for the first stage (4) c1: the cutoff point at the first stage (5) n: the required sample size for each arm (is equal to tot_size) (6) c: the cutoff point at the final stage (7) t1: the expected time of interim analysis (first stage) (8) MTSL: the maximum total study length (ta + tf) (9) ESS: the expected sample size for each arm (10) PS: the probability of early stopping

Note

- (1) For optimal() function, if the ms is set to be equal to the less effective arm (e.g., say, the arm A is less effective than the arm B), with the rationale, by this way, the computed boundaries, c1, n1, c, would control the pre-specified type I (since both arms A and B are all under the same null case) while the power for the better arm B, would have at least pre-specified power 1-beta
- (2) optimal() funcition will be applied to either two or three-arm cases to find the optimal cutoff bounaries, c1, n1, c

Author(s)

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References

Jianrong Wu, Haitao Pan, Chia-Wei Hsu (2021). "Two-Stage Screened Selection Designs for Randomized Phase II Trials with Time-to-Event Endpoints." Submitted

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Examples

```
## For 2 arms
## Not run:
shape <- 1
m0 <- 1
ms < -2.4
tf <- 3
ta <- 24
tot_size <- 19
dist <- "WB"
optimal(shape = shape, m0 = m0, ms = ms, tf = tf,
        ta = ta, tot_size = tot_size, dist = dist)
## End(Not run)
## For 3 arms
## Not run:
shape <- 1
m0 <- 1
ms <- 2
tf <- 3
ta <- 24
tot_size <- 21
dist <- "WB"
optimal(shape = shape, m0 = m0, ms = ms, tf = tf,
        ta = ta, tot_size = tot_size, dist = dist)
## End(Not run)
```

sample_size

Calculate the sample size for each arm

Description

Calculate the sample size for each arm in a two-arm trial

Usage

```
sample_size(kappa, mA, hr, ta, tf, diff, P)
```

Arguments

kappa	the shape parameter of weibull distribution
mA	the median survival time of arm A
hr	the hazard ratio of arm B to arm A
ta	the accrual duration

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tf	the follow-up duration
diff	the equivalence margin
Р	the chance of correctly selecting the superior arm

Value

sample_size() returns required sample size for each arm

Author(s)

Chia-Wei Hsu, Haitao Pan, Jianrong Wu

References

Jianrong Wu, Haitao Pan, Chia-Wei Hsu (2021). "Two-Stage Screened Selection Designs for Randomized Phase II Trials with Time-to-Event Endpoints." Submitted

Examples

```
sample_size(kappa = 1, mA = 2.4, hr = 0.60, ta = 24, tf = 3, diff = 0.25, P = 0.9)
```

sample_size_3arm

Calculate the sample size for each arm

Description

Calculate the sample size for each arm in a three-arm trial

Usage

```
sample_size_3arm(kappa, m0, mA, mB, delta, ta, tf, P, diff)
```

Arguments

kappa	the shape parameter of weibull distribution
mØ	the median survival time of historical control with respect to both arm A, B and \ensuremath{C}
mA	the median survival time of arm A
mB	the median survival time of arm B
delta	the hazard ratio of arm C to arm A
ta	the accrual duration
tf	the follow-up duration
Р	the chance of correctly selecting the superior arm
diff	the equivalence margin

Value

sample_size_3arm() returns required sample size for each arm

Author(s)

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References

Jianrong Wu, Haitao Pan, Chia-Wei Hsu (2021). "Two-Stage Screened Selection Designs for Randomized Phase II Trials with Time-to-Event Endpoints." Submitted

Examples

sampsize_1stage_2arm Calculate the sample size for each arm

Description

Provide the required sample size (per arm) based on the one-stage selection design given the type I error rate and power. Details see the reference paper

Usage

```
sampsize_1stage_2arm(kappa, alpha, beta, m0, m1, ta, tf, delta)
```

Arguments

kappa	the shape parameter of weibull distribution
alpha	type I error rate
beta	type II error rate
m0	the median survival time of historical control with respect to both arm A and B
m1	the median survival time of arm A
ta	the accrual duration
tf	the follow-up duration
delta	the hazard ratio of arm B to arm A

Value

sampsize_1stage_2arm() returns required sample size for each arm

Author(s)

Chia-Wei Hsu, Haitao Pan, Jianrong Wu

References

Jianrong Wu, Haitao Pan, Chia-Wei Hsu (2021). "Two-Stage Screened Selection Designs for Randomized Phase II Trials with Time-to-Event Endpoints." Submitted

Examples

```
sampsize_1stage_2arm(kappa = 1, alpha = 0.05, beta = 0.1, m0 = 1, m1 = 2.5, delta = 0.65, ta = 24, tf = 9)
```

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