

# Package ‘ggPMX’

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**Title** 'ggplot2' Based Tool to Facilitate Diagnostic Plots for NLME Models

**Description** At Novartis, we aimed at standardizing the set of diagnostic plots used for modeling activities in order to reduce the overall effort required for generating such plots. For this, we developed a guidance that proposes an adequate set of diagnostics and a toolbox, called 'ggPMX' to execute them. 'ggPMX' is a toolbox that can generate all diagnostic plots at a quality sufficient for publication and submissions using few lines of code. This package focuses on plots recommended by ISoP <doi:10.1002/psp4.12161>. While not required, you can get/install the 'R' 'lixoftConnectors' package in the 'Monolix' installation, as described at the following url <[https://monolix.lixoft.com/monolix-api/lixoftconnectors\\_installation/](https://monolix.lixoft.com/monolix-api/lixoftconnectors_installation/)>. When 'lixoftConnectors' is available, 'R' can use 'Monolix' directly to create the required Chart Data instead of exporting it from the 'Monolix' gui.

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**BugReports** <https://github.com/ggPMXdevelopment/ggPMX/issues>

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**License** GPL-2

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abbrev*Give the whole abbreviation definition*

---

**Description**

Give the whole abbreviation definition

**Usage**

abbrev(param)

**Arguments**

param            abbreviation term

**Value**

character abbreviation definition

**Examples**

```
abbrev("VPC")
```

---

add\_draft

*Add draft layer annotation*

---

**Description**

This function adds the word draft to certain graphics.

**Usage**

```
add_draft(  
  label = "DRAFT",  
  size = 10,  
  colour = "grey50",  
  x = Inf,  
  y = -Inf,  
  ...  
)
```

**Arguments**

label	draft layer default to DRAFT
size	size of the annotation
colour	color of the annotation default to grey50
x	numeric x coordinate of the draft label
y	numeric y coordinate of the draft label
...	extra parameters to geom_text used to annotate the draft

**Value**

ggplot2 annotation

---

distrib	<i>creates a graphic distribution object</i>
---------	--

---

## Description

creates a graphic distribution object

## Usage

```
distrib(
  labels,
  is.shrink,
  type = c("box", "hist"),
  is.jitter = FALSE,
  jitter = NULL,
  facets = NULL,
  histogram = NULL,
  shrink = NULL,
  dname = NULL,
  ...
)
```

## Arguments

<code>labels</code>	list of texts/titles used within the plot
<code>is.shrink</code>	logical if TRUE add shrinkage layer
<code>type</code>	box for boxplot or histogram
<code>is.jitter</code>	logical if TRUE add jitter operator for points
<code>jitter</code>	list set jitter parameter
<code>facets</code>	list set the facet setting in case of histogram plot
<code>histogram</code>	list histogram graphical parameters
<code>shrink</code>	list list of parameters to tune the shrinkage
<code>dname</code>	name of dataset to be used
<code>...</code>	others graphics arguments passed to <a href="#">pmx_gpar</a> internal object.

## Details

**labels** is a list that contains:

- **title:** plot title default "EBE distribution"
- **subtitle:** plot subtitle default empty
- **x:** x axis label default to "Etas"
- **y:** y axis label default to empty

- **legend:** legend title default to "random Effect"

**shrink** is a list that contains:

- **fun:** shrinkage function can be `sd` or `var`
- **size:** shrinkage text size
- **color:** shrinkage text color
- **vjust:** shrinkage position vertical adjustment

## Value

distrib object

## See Also

Other plot\_pmx: [eta\\_cov\(\)](#), [eta\\_pairs\(\)](#), [individual\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.distrib\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.eta\\_cov\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.eta\\_pairs\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.individual\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.pmx\\_dens\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.pmx\\_gpar\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.pmx\\_qq\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.residual\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx\(\)](#)

---

eta\_cov

*This creates an ETA covariance matrix which can be used to define the co-relation between the parameters and its shrinkage..*

---

## Description

This creates an ETA covariance matrix which can be used to define the co-relation between the parameters and its shrinkage..

## Usage

```
eta_cov(  
  labels,  
  type = c("cats", "conts"),  
  dname = NULL,  
  show.correl = TRUE,  
  correl = NULL,  
  facets = NULL,  
  point = NULL,  
  covariates = NULL,  
  is.strat.color = FALSE,  
  ...  
)
```

## Arguments

<b>labels</b>	list of texts/titles used within the plot
<b>type</b>	box for cats or conts
<b>dname</b>	name of dataset to be used
<b>show.correl</b>	logical if TRUE add correlation to the plot
<b>correl</b>	list correl geom text graphical parameter
<b>facets</b>	list facetting graphical parameter
<b>point</b>	list geom point graphical parameter
<b>covariates</b>	pmxCOVObject <a href="#">pmx_cov</a>
<b>is.strat.color</b>	logical if 'TRUE' use a different color for the spline stratification.
<b>...</b>	others graphics arguments passed to <a href="#">pmx_gpar</a> internal object.

## Details

**labels** is a list that contains:

- **title:** plot title default "EBE vs. covariates"
- **x:** x axis label default to "Etas"
- **y:** y axis label default to empty

## Value

*eta\_cov* object

## See Also

Other plot\_pmx: [distrib\(\)](#), [eta\\_pairs\(\)](#), [individual\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.distrib\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.eta\\_cov\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.eta\\_pairs\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.individual\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.pmx\\_dens\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.pmx\\_gpar\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.pmx\\_qq\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.residual\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx\(\)](#)

*eta\_cov\_plot*

*Eta Covariates plots*

## Description

Eta Covariates plots

Relationships between (ETA) and categorical covariates

Relationships between (ETA) and continuous covariates

**Usage**

```
dummy(  
  dname,  
  show.correl,  
  correl,  
  point,  
  facets,  
  filter,  
  strat.facet,  
  strat.color,  
  trans,  
  pmxgpar,  
  labels,  
  axis.title,  
  axis.text,  
  ranges,  
  is.smooth,  
  smooth,  
  is.band,  
  band,  
  is.draft,  
  draft,  
  is.identity_line,  
  identity_line,  
  scale_x_log10,  
  scale_y_log10,  
  color.scales  
)  
  
pmx_plot_eta_cats(ctr, ...)  
  
pmx_plot_eta_conts(ctr, ...)
```

**Arguments**

fname	character name of dataset to be used
show.correl	logical if TRUE add correlation to the plot
correl	list correl geom text graphical parameter
point	list geom point graphical parameter
facets	list facetting graphical parameter
	<b>pmx_update parameters</b>
filter	expression filter which will be applied to plotting data.
strat.facet	formula optional stratification parameter by facetting. This split plot by strats(each strat in a facet)
strat.color	character optional stratification parameter by grouping. This will split the plot by group (color) of strat.

<code>trans</code>	character define the transformation to apply on x or y or both variables
<code>pmxgpar</code>	a object of class <code>pmx_gpar</code> possibly the output of the <b>pmx_gpar: Shared basic graphics parameters</b>
<b>labels</b>	
<code>axis.title</code>	list list containing plot and/or axis labels: title, subtitle, x , y
<code>axis.text</code>	list containing element_text attributes to customize the axis title. (similar to ggplot2 <code>axis.title</code> theme)
<code>axis.text</code>	list containing element_text attributes to customize the axis text (similar to ggplot2 <code>axis.text</code> theme)
<code>ranges</code>	list limits of x/y ranges
<code>is.smooth</code>	logical if set to TRUE add smooth layer
<code>smooth</code>	list <code>geom_smooth</code> graphical/smoothing fun parameters
<code>is.band</code>	logical if TRUE add horizontal band
<code>band</code>	list horizontal band parameters. <code>geom_hline</code> graphical parameters.
<code>is.draft</code>	logical if TRUE add draft layer
<code>draft</code>	list draft layer parameters. <code>geom_text</code> graphical parameters.
<code>is.identity_line</code>	logical if TRUE add an identity line
<code>identity_line</code>	list <code>geom_abline</code> graphical parameters.
<code>scale_x_log10</code>	logical if TRUE use log10 scale for x axis.
<code>scale_y_log10</code>	logical if TRUE use log10 scale for y axis.
<code>color.scales</code>	list define scales parameter in case of <code>strat.color</code> <b>pmx_settings</b>
<code>ctr</code>	pmx controller
<code>...</code>	others graphics parameters passed : <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <code>pmx_gpar</code> internal function to customize shared graphical parameters</li><li>• <code>eta_cov</code> generic object for eta/covariates plots.</li><li>• <code>pmx_update</code> function.</li></ul>

### **eta\_cov parameters**

#### **Value**

ggplot2 object

#### **Examples**

```
# basic use -----
ctr <- theophylline()
ctr %>% pmx_plot_eta_cats
ctr %>% pmx_plot_eta_conts
```

```

# update graphical parameter -----
## update labels
ctr %>% pmx_plot_eta_cats(
  labels = list(title = "New eta cats title")
)

## remove draft
ctr %>% pmx_plot_eta_cats(is.draft = FALSE)

## change text color line
ctr %>% pmx_plot_eta_conts(
  correl=list(colour="magenta")
)

## set covariates custom labels

ctr %>% pmx_plot_eta_conts(
  covariates=pmx_cov(values=list("WT0","AGE0"),
    labels=list("Weight","Age"))
)

## set effects and covaraites custom labels

ctr <- theophylline( settings = pmx_settings(
  effects=list( levels=c("ka", "V", "Cl"),
    labels=c("Concentration","Volume","Clearance")
  )
)
)
ctr %>% pmx_plot_eta_conts(
  covariates=pmx_cov(values=list("WT0","AGE0"),
    labels=list("Weight","Age"))
)

```

eta\_distribution\_plot *Eta distribution plots*

## Description

Eta distribution plots  
 Eta Distribution boxplot  
 Eta Distribution histogram plot

**Usage**

```

eta_distribution_plot(
  jitter,
  type,
  dname,
  is.shrink,
  shrink,
  is.jitter,
  histogram,
  filter,
  strat.facet,
  facets,
  strat.color,
  trans,
  pmxgpar,
  labels,
  axis.title,
  axis.text,
  ranges,
  is.smooth,
  smooth,
  is.band,
  band,
  is.draft,
  draft,
  is.identity_line,
  identity_line,
  scale_x_log10,
  scale_y_log10,
  color.scales,
  ...
)
pmx_plot_eta_box(ctr, ...)
pmx_plot_eta_hist(ctr, ...)

```

**Arguments**

jitter	list set jitter parameter
type	box for boxplot or histogram
dname	name of dataset to be used
is.shrink	logical if TRUE add shrinkage layer
shrink	list list of parameters to tune the shrinkage
is.jitter	logical if TRUE add jitter operator for points
histogram	list histogram graphical parameters
<b>pmx_update parameters</b>	

filter	expression filter which will be applied to plotting data.
strat.facet	formula optional stratification parameter by facetting. This split plot by strats(each strat in a facet)
facets	list facet_wrap parameters.
strat.color	character optional stratification parameter by grouping. This will split the plot by group (color) of strat.
trans	character define the transformation to apply on x or y or both variables
pmxgpar	a object of class pmx_gpar possibly the output of the <b>pmx_gpar: Shared basic graphics parameters</b>
labels	list list containing plot and/or axis labels: title, subtitle, x , y
axis.title	list containing element_text attributes to customize the axis title. (similar to ggplot2 axis.title theme)
axis.text	list containing element_text attributes to customize the axis text (similar to ggplot2 axis.text theme)
ranges	list limits of x/y ranges
is.smooth	logical if set to TRUE add smooth layer
smooth	list geom_smooth graphical/smoothing fun parameters
is.band	logical if TRUE add horizontal band
band	list horizontal band parameters. geom_hline graphical parameters.
is.draft	logical if TRUE add draft layer
draft	list draft layer parameters. geom_text graphical parameters.
is.identity_line	logical if TRUE add an identity line
identity_line	listgeom_abline graphical parameters.
scale_x_log10	logical if TRUE use log10 scale for x axis.
scale_y_log10	logical if TRUE use log10 scale for y axis.
color.scales	list define scales parameter in case of strat.color <b>pmx_settings</b>
...	others graphics parameters passed : <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>pmx_gpar</b> internal function to customize shared graphical parameters</li><li>• <b>distrib</b> generic object for distribution plots (histogram/boxplot).</li><li>• <b>pmx_update</b> function.</li></ul>
<b>distrib parameters</b>	
ctr	pmx controller

**Value**

ggplot2 object

## Examples

```

# ***** basic use *****
ctr <- theophylline()
## boxplot variation
p <- ctr %>% pmx_plot_eta_box
## histogram variation
p <- ctr %>% pmx_plot_eta_hist()

# update graphical parameter -----
## add jitter
ctr %>%
  pmx_plot_eta_hist(is.jitter = TRUE, jitter = list(alpha = 0.4, color = "red"))

## remove shrinkage
ctr %>%
  pmx_plot_eta_hist(is.shrink = FALSE)

## update histogram graphical parameters
ctr %>%
  pmx_plot_eta_hist(
    histogram = list(
      color = NA,
      position = "fill",
      binwidth = 1 / 100
    )
  )

# stratification -----
## categorical stratification color parameter
ctr %>% pmx_plot_eta_hist(is.jitter=TRUE,strat.facet=~STUD,strat.color="SEX")
## categorical stratification facetting
ctr %>% pmx_plot_eta_hist(strat.facet = "SEX")
## using formula categorical stratification facetting
ctr %>% pmx_plot_eta_hist(strat.facet = STUD~SEX,
                           shrink=list(hjust=0.5))

# subsetting -----
## select a set of random effect
ctr %>% pmx_plot_eta_hist(filter = EFFECT %in% c("ka", "Cl"))
## filter and stratify by facets
ctr %>% pmx_plot_eta_hist(
  filter = EFFECT %in% c("ka", "Cl"), strat.facet = "SEX"
)
ctr %>% pmx_plot_eta_hist(
  filter = EFFECT %in% c("ka", "Cl"), strat.facet = "SEX"
)

```

---

eta_pairs	<i>This creates an eta correlation which defines the relationship between parameters</i>
-----------	--

---

## Description

This creates an eta correlation which defines the relationship between parameters

## Usage

```
eta_pairs(
  title,
  dname = NULL,
  type.eta = c("mode", "mean"),
  text_color = "black",
  is.shrink = TRUE,
  is.smooth = TRUE,
  smooth = NULL,
  point = NULL,
  shrink = NULL,
  is.hline = FALSE,
  hline = NULL,
  is.vreference_line = FALSE,
  vreference_line = list(colour = "orange", linetype = "longdash"),
  ...
)
```

## Arguments

title	character the plot title
dname	name of dataset to be used
type.eta	character type of eat can be 'mode' or 'mean'. 'mode' by default
text_color	color of the correlation text in the upper matrix
is.shrink	logical if TRUE add shrinkage to the plot
is.smooth	logical if TRUE add smoothing to lower matrix plots
smooth	list geom_smooth graphical parameters
point	list geom_point graphical parameter
shrink	list shrinkage graphical parameter
is.hline	logical if TRUE add horizontal line to lower matrix plots
hline	list geom_hline graphical parameters

```

is.vreference_line
    logical if TRUE add the +- 1.96 lines
vreference_line
    list geom_hline graphical parameters for the reference lines
...
    others graphics arguments passed to pmx\_gpar internal object.

```

**Value**

ecorrel object

**See Also**

Other plot\_pmx: [distrib\(\)](#), [eta\\_cov\(\)](#), [individual\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.distrib\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.eta\\_cov\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.eta\\_pairs\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.individual\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.pmx\\_dens\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.pmx\\_gpar\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.pmx\\_qq\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.residual\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx\(\)](#)

<code>eval_sym_parent_env</code>	<i>Try to evaluate a symbol in the parent frame (on error return the symbol)</i>
----------------------------------	--

**Description**

Try to evaluate a symbol in the parent frame (on error return the symbol)

**Usage**

```
eval_sym_parent_env(x)
```

**Arguments**

<code>x</code>	any object
----------------	------------

<code>FacetWrapPaginate</code>	<i>Extend facet_wrap using ggproto</i>
--------------------------------	--

**Description**

Extend facet\_wrap using ggproto

**Usage**

```
FacetWrapPaginate
```

---

facet_wrap_paginate	<i>Split facet_wrap over multiple plots</i>
---------------------	---

---

## Description

This extension to `facet_wrap` will allow user to split a faceted plot over multiple pages. User define the specific number of rows and columns per page as well as the page number to plot, and the function will automatically plot in the correct panels. This will be rendered in a loop to plot pages one by one.

## Usage

```
facet_wrap_paginate(
  facets,
  nrow = NULL,
  ncol = NULL,
  scales = "fixed",
  shrink = TRUE,
  labeller = "label_value",
  as.table = TRUE,
  switch = NULL,
  drop = TRUE,
  dir = "h",
  strip.position = "top",
  page = 1
)
```

## Arguments

<code>facets</code>	A set of variables or expressions quoted by <code>vars()</code> and defining facetting groups on the rows or columns dimension. The variables can be named (the names are passed to <code>labeller</code> ).  For compatibility with the classic interface, can also be a formula or character vector. Use either a one sided formula, <code>~a + b</code> , or a character vector, <code>c("a", "b")</code> .
<code>nrow</code>	Number of rows
<code>ncol</code>	Number of columns
<code>scales</code>	Should scales be fixed ("fixed", the default), free ("free"), or free in one dimension ("free_x", "free_y")?
<code>shrink</code>	If <code>TRUE</code> , will shrink scales to fit output of statistics, not raw data. If <code>FALSE</code> , will be range of raw data before statistical summary.
<code>labeller</code>	A function that takes one data frame of labels and returns a list or data frame of character vectors. Each input column corresponds to one factor. Thus there will be more than one with <code>vars(cyl, am)</code> . Each output column gets displayed as one separate line in the strip label. This function should inherit from the

	"labeler" S3 class for compatibility with <a href="#">labeler()</a> . You can use different labeling functions for different kind of labels, for example use <a href="#">label_parsed()</a> for formatting facet labels. <a href="#">label_value()</a> is used by default, check it for more details and pointers to other options.
as.table	If TRUE, the default, the facets are laid out like a table with highest values at the bottom-right. If FALSE, the facets are laid out like a plot with the highest value at the top-right.
switch	By default, the labels are displayed on the top and right of the plot. If "x", the top labels will be displayed to the bottom. If "y", the right-hand side labels will be displayed to the left. Can also be set to "both".
drop	If TRUE, the default, all factor levels not used in the data will automatically be dropped. If FALSE, all factor levels will be shown, regardless of whether or not they appear in the data.
dir	Direction: either "h" for horizontal, the default, or "v", for vertical.
strip.position	By default, the labels are displayed on the top of the plot. Using <code>strip.position</code> it is possible to place the labels on either of the four sides by setting <code>strip.position = c("top", "bottom", "left", "right")</code>
page	The page to draw

**Note**

If either `ncol` or `nrow` is `NULL` this function will fall back to the standard `facet_wrap` functionality.

**getPmxOption***Get ggPMX Option***Description**

Get ggPMX Option

**Usage**

```
getPmxOption(name, default = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

name	Name of an option to get.
default	Value to be returned if the option is not currently set.

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
pmxOptions(myOption = 10)
getOption("myOption")

## End(Not run)
```

---

get_abbrev	<i>Get abbreviation definition by key</i>
------------	---

---

**Description**

Get abbreviation definition by key

**Usage**

```
get_abbrev(ctr, param)
```

**Arguments**

ctr	pmxClass controller
param	abbreviation term

**Value**

character abbreviation definition

---

get_cats	<i>Get category covariates</i>
----------	--------------------------------

---

**Description**

Get category covariates

**Usage**

```
get_cats(ctr)
```

**Arguments**

ctr	the controller object
-----	-----------------------

**Value**

a character vector

**See Also**

Other pmxclass: [get\\_consts\(\)](#), [get\\_covariates\(\)](#), [get\\_data\(\)](#), [get\\_occ\(\)](#), [get\\_plot\\_config\(\)](#), [get\\_plot\(\)](#), [get\\_strats\(\)](#), [plot\\_names\(\)](#), [plots\(\)](#), [pmx\\_update\(\)](#), [set\\_data\(\)](#), [set\\_plot\(\)](#)

`get.Conts` *Get continuous covariates*

### Description

Get continuous covariates

### Usage

```
get.Conts(ctr)
```

### Arguments

`ctr` the controller object

### Value

a character vector

### See Also

Other pmxclass: [get\\_cats\(\)](#), [get\\_covariates\(\)](#), [get\\_data\(\)](#), [get\\_occ\(\)](#), [get\\_plot\\_config\(\)](#), [get\\_plot\(\)](#), [get\\_strats\(\)](#), [plot\\_names\(\)](#), [plots\(\)](#), [pmx\\_update\(\)](#), [set\\_data\(\)](#), [set\\_plot\(\)](#)

`get.Covariates` *Get covariates variables*

### Description

Get covariates variables

### Usage

```
get.Covariates(ctr)
```

### Arguments

`ctr` the controller object

### Value

a character vector

### See Also

Other pmxclass: [get\\_cats\(\)](#), [get.Conts\(\)](#), [get\\_data\(\)](#), [get\\_occ\(\)](#), [get\\_plot\\_config\(\)](#), [get\\_plot\(\)](#), [get\\_strats\(\)](#), [plot\\_names\(\)](#), [plots\(\)](#), [pmx\\_update\(\)](#), [set\\_data\(\)](#), [set\\_plot\(\)](#)

---

get_data	<i>Get controller data set</i>
----------	--------------------------------

---

### Description

Get controller data set

### Usage

```
get_data(  
  ctr,  
  data_set = c("estimates", "predictions", "eta", "finegrid", "input", "sim",  
             "individual")  
)
```

### Arguments

ctr	the controller object
data_set	the data set name

### Value

a data.table of the named data set if available.

### See Also

Other pmxclass: [get\\_cats\(\)](#), [get\\_conts\(\)](#), [get\\_covariates\(\)](#), [get\\_occ\(\)](#), [get\\_plot\\_config\(\)](#), [get\\_plot\(\)](#), [get\\_strats\(\)](#), [plot\\_names\(\)](#), [plots\(\)](#), [pmx\\_update\(\)](#), [set\\_data\(\)](#), [set\\_plot\(\)](#)

---

---

get_occ	<i>Get controller occasional covariates</i>
---------	---

---

### Description

Get controller occasional covariates

### Usage

```
get_occ(ctr)
```

### Arguments

ctr	the controller object
-----	-----------------------

### Value

a character vector

**See Also**

Other pmxclass: [get\\_cats\(\)](#), [get.Conts\(\)](#), [get\\_covariates\(\)](#), [get\\_data\(\)](#), [get\\_plot\\_config\(\)](#), [get\\_plot\(\)](#), [get\\_strats\(\)](#), [plot\\_names\(\)](#), [plots\(\)](#), [pmx\\_update\(\)](#), [set\\_data\(\)](#), [set\\_plot\(\)](#)

**get\_plot***Get plot object***Description**

Get plot object

**Usage**

```
get_plot(ctr, nplot, which_pages = "all")
```

**Arguments**

<code>ctr</code>	pmxClass controller object
<code>nplot</code>	character the plot name
<code>which_pages</code>	integer vector (can be length 1), set page number in case of multi pages plot, or character "all" to plot all pages.

**Value**

ggplot object

**See Also**

Other pmxclass: [get\\_cats\(\)](#), [get.Conts\(\)](#), [get\\_covariates\(\)](#), [get\\_data\(\)](#), [get\\_occ\(\)](#), [get\\_plot\\_config\(\)](#), [get\\_strats\(\)](#), [plot\\_names\(\)](#), [plots\(\)](#), [pmx\\_update\(\)](#), [set\\_data\(\)](#), [set\\_plot\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
library(ggPMX)
ctr <- theophylline()
p1 <- ctr %>% get_plot("iwres_ipred")
## get all pages or some pages
p2 <- ctr %>% get_plot("individual")
## returns one page of individual plot
p2 <- ctr %>% get_plot("individual", which_pages = 1)
p3 <- ctr %>% get_plot("individual", which_pages = c(1, 3))
## get distribution plot
pdistri <- ctr %>% get_plot("eta_hist")
```

---

get\_plot\_config      *Get the plot config by name*

---

### Description

Get the plot config by name

### Usage

```
get_plot_config(ctr, pname)
```

### Arguments

ctr	the controller object
pname	the plot name

### Value

the config object

### See Also

Other pmxclass: [get\\_cats\(\)](#), [get\\_conts\(\)](#), [get\\_covariates\(\)](#), [get\\_data\(\)](#), [get\\_occ\(\)](#), [get\\_plot\(\)](#), [get\\_strats\(\)](#), [plot\\_names\(\)](#), [plots\(\)](#), [pmx\\_update\(\)](#), [set\\_data\(\)](#), [set\\_plot\(\)](#)

### Examples

```
ctr <- theophylline()
ctr %>% set_plot("IND", pname = "indiv1")
ctr %>% get_plot_config("distr1")
```

---

get\_strats      *Get extra stratification variables*

---

### Description

Get extra stratification variables

### Usage

```
get_strats(ctr)
```

### Arguments

ctr	the controller object
-----	-----------------------

**Value**

a character vector

**See Also**

Other pmxclass: `get_cats()`, `get.Conts()`, `get_covariates()`, `get_data()`, `get_occ()`, `get_plot_config()`, `get_plot()`, `plot_names()`, `plots()`, `pmx_update()`, `set_data()`, `set_plot()`

ggPMX

*ggPMX: A ggplot2 toolbox for Nonlinear Mixed-Effect Model graphical*

**Description**

This package aims to generate diagnostic plots in a standard way. The tool reads data from many sources (MONOLIX, NONMEM, others) and generates standard graphics that can be easily integrated in a single report.

**Details**

- Get data from different system and create a data source
- Plot many plots using the generic plot method `plot_pmx`.

For support, feedback or bug reports, please reach out to <ggPMX\_ORG@dl.mgd.novartis.com>.

**Version History**

**Jan 11 2017, 0.0.0** Init ggPMX from Novartis rtemplate.

**Feb 06 2017, 0.3.0** Import version 0.3.0 of package.

gtable\_remove\_grobs

*Remove named elements from gtable*

**Description**

Remove named elements from gtable

**Usage**

```
gtable_remove_grobs(table, names, ...)
```

**Arguments**

- |                    |  |
|--------------------|--|
| <code>table</code> | The table from which grobs should be removed   |
| <code>names</code> | A character vector of the grob names (as listed in <code>table\$layout</code> ) that should be removed |
| <code>...</code>   | Other parameters passed through to <code>gtable_filter</code> .  |

---

individual	<i>This function can be used to obtain individual prediction and compare with observed data and population prediction for each individual separately</i>
------------	--

---

## Description

This function can be used to obtain individual prediction and compare with observed data and population prediction for each individual separately

## Usage

```
individual(
  labels,
  facets = NULL,
  dname = NULL,
  ipred_line = NULL,
  pred_line = NULL,
  point = NULL,
  bloq = NULL,
  is.legend,
  use.finegrid,
  ...
)
```

## Arguments

labels	plot texts. labels, axis,
facets	list facets settings nrow/ncol
dname	name of dataset to be used
ipred_line	list some pred line geom properties aesthetics
pred_line	list some ipred line geom properties aesthetics
point	list some point geom properties aesthetics
bloq	pmxBLOQ object created by <a href="#">pmx_bloq</a>
is.legend	logical if TRUE add a legend
use.finegrid	logical if FALSE use predictions data set
...	others graphics arguments passed to <a href="#">pmx_gpar</a> internal object.

## Value

individual fit object

**See Also**

[plot\\_pmx.individual](#)

Other plot\_pmx: [distrib\(\)](#), [eta\\_cov\(\)](#), [eta\\_pairs\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.distrib\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.eta\\_cov\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.eta\\_pairs\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.individual\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.pmx\\_dens\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.pmx\\_gpar\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.pmx\\_qq\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.residual\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx\(\)](#)

**input\_finegrid**      *Merge input and fingrid data sets*

**Description**

Merge input and fingrid data sets

**Usage**

```
input_finegrid(input, finegrid)
```

**Arguments**

input	data.table input data set
finegrid	data.table finegrid data set

**Value**

data.table

**is.pmx\_gpar**      *Check if an object is a pmx\_gpar class*

**Description**

Check if an object is a pmx\_gpar class

**Usage**

```
is.pmx_gpar(x)
```

**Arguments**

x	pmx_gpar object
---	-----------------

**Value**

logical returns TRUE if it is a pmx\_gpar object

---

load_config	<i>Obtain the data source config</i>
-------------	--------------------------------------

---

**Description**

Obtain the data source config

**Usage**

```
load_config(x, sys = c("mlx", "nm", "mlx18"))
```

**Arguments**

x	the config name.
sys	can be mlx,nm,...

**Value**

a list :data configuration object

---

load_data_set	<i>Load data set</i>
---------------	----------------------

---

**Description**

Load data set

**Usage**

```
load_data_set(x, path, sys, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x	data set config
path	character path to the directory
sys	character mlx or nm
...	extra parameter passed to special readers

**Value**

data.table

<code>load_source</code>	<i>Load all/or some source data set</i>
--------------------------	---

### Description

Load all/or some source data set

### Usage

```
load_source(sys, path, dconf, ...)
```

### Arguments

<code>sys</code>	type cane mlx/nom
<code>path</code>	character directory path containing all sources.
<code>dconf</code>	configuration object
<code>...</code>	any extra parameters for readers

### Value

list of data.table

<code>l_left_join</code>	<i>Merge 2 lists</i>
--------------------------	----------------------

### Description

left join , the first list is updated by the seond one

### Usage

```
l_left_join(base_list, overlay_list, recursive = TRUE)
```

### Arguments

<code>base_list</code>	list to update
<code>overlay_list</code>	list used to update the first list
<code>recursive</code>	logical if TRUE do the merge in depth

### Value

list

---

n_pages	<i>Determine the number of pages in a paginated facet plot</i>
---------	--

---

**Description**

This is a simple helper that returns the number of pages it takes to plot all panels when using `facet_wrap_paginate`. It partially builds the plot so depending on the complexity of your plot it might take some time to calculate...

**Usage**

```
n_pages(plot)
```

**Arguments**

plot	A ggplot object using either <code>facet_wrap_paginate</code> or <code>facet_grid_paginate</code>
------	---

**Value**

If the plot uses using either `facet_wrap_paginate` or `facet_grid_paginate` it returns the total number of pages. Otherwise it returns NULL

---

param_table	<i>Creates parameter kable</i>
-------------	--------------------------------

---

**Description**

Creates parameter kable

**Usage**

```
param_table(ctr, fun, return_table = FALSE, scientific = TRUE, digits = 2)
```

**Arguments**

ctr	Generated controller from e.g. <code>pmx_mlx</code> for Monolix.
fun	character can be "sd" or "var" for shrinkage computation, see <code>pmx_comp_shrink</code>
return_table	If TRUE, returns the same table as in <code>get_data('estimates')</code> otherwise it returns a kable
scientific	logical set to TRUE to get scientific notation of parameter values, or FALSE otherwise
digits	integer the number of significant digits to use when rounding parameter values

**Value**

Returns a kable with the parameter estimates from `get_data('estimates')`

**Examples**

```
#ctr <- theophylline()
#my_params <- ctr %>% param_table(fun = "var")
```

<code>parse_mlxtran</code>	<i>Parse MONOLIX mlxtran file</i>
----------------------------	-----------------------------------

**Description**

Parse MONOLIX mlxtran file

**Usage**

```
parse_mlxtran(file_name)
```

**Arguments**

<code>file_name</code>	absolute path to mlxtran file
------------------------	-------------------------------

**Value**

list key/values to initialize ggPMX controller

<code>pk_occ</code>	<i>Creates pmx controller using monlix data having Occasional variable</i>
---------------------	--

**Description**

Creates pmx controller using monlix data having Occasional variable

**Usage**

```
pk_occ()
```

**Value**

pmx controller

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
pk_occ()

## End(Not run)
```

---

pk\_pd

*Creates pkpd pmx controller using package internal data*

---

## Description

Creates pkpd pmx controller using package internal data

## Usage

```
pk_pd(code = "3")
```

## Arguments

code	can be 3 or 4
------	---------------

---

plots

*Get plots description*

---

## Description

Get plots description

## Usage

```
plots(ctr)
```

## Arguments

ctr	pmxClass controller object
-----	----------------------------

## Value

data.frame of plots

## See Also

Other pmxclass: [get\\_cats\(\)](#), [get\\_conts\(\)](#), [get\\_covariates\(\)](#), [get\\_data\(\)](#), [get\\_occ\(\)](#), [get\\_plot\\_config\(\)](#), [get\\_plot\(\)](#), [get\\_strats\(\)](#), [plot\\_names\(\)](#), [pmx\\_update\(\)](#), [set\\_data\(\)](#), [set\\_plot\(\)](#)

plot_names	<i>Get plot names</i>
------------	-----------------------

## Description

Get plot names

## Usage

```
plot_names(ctr)
```

## Arguments

ctr	pmxClass controller object
-----	----------------------------

## Value

list of plot names

## See Also

Other pmxclass: [get\\_cats\(\)](#), [get\\_conts\(\)](#), [get\\_covariates\(\)](#), [get\\_data\(\)](#), [get\\_occ\(\)](#), [get\\_plot\\_config\(\)](#), [get\\_plot\(\)](#), [get\\_strats\(\)](#), [plots\(\)](#), [pmx\\_update\(\)](#), [set\\_data\(\)](#), [set\\_plot\(\)](#)

plot_pmx	<i>This is a generic plot method that produces all plots by default described in pmx model evaluation guidance.</i>
----------	---

## Description

This is a generic plot method that produces all plots by default described in pmx model evaluation guidance.

## Usage

```
plot_pmx(x, dx, ...)
```

## Arguments

x	object to plot
dx	data.table , plot source data
...	extra argument (not used)

**See Also**

[pmx\\_gpar](#).

Other plot\_pmx: [distrib\(\)](#), [eta\\_cov\(\)](#), [eta\\_pairs\(\)](#), [individual\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.distrib\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.eta\\_cov\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.eta\\_pairs\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.individual\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.pmx\\_dens\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.pmx\\_gpar\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.pmx\\_qq\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.residual\(\)](#)

---

plot\_pmx.distrib      *Plot EBE distribution*

---

**Description**

Plot EBE distribution

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'distrib'  
plot_pmx(x, dx, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x	distribution object
dx	data set
...	not used for the moment

**Value**

ggplot2 plot

**See Also**

[distrib](#)

Other plot\_pmx: [distrib\(\)](#), [eta\\_cov\(\)](#), [eta\\_pairs\(\)](#), [individual\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.eta\\_cov\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.eta\\_pairs\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.individual\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.pmx\\_dens\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.pmx\\_gpar\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.pmx\\_qq\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.residual\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx\(\)](#)

**plot\_pmx.eta\_cov**

*This plots an ETA covariance matrix which can be used to define the co-relation between the parameters and its shrinkage*

## Description

This plots an ETA covariance matrix which can be used to define the co-relation between the parameters and its shrinkage

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'eta_cov'
plot_pmx(x, dx, ...)
```

## Arguments

x	eta_cov object
dx	data set
...	not used for the moment

## Value

ggplot2 plot

## See Also

[eta\\_cov](#)

Other plot\_pmx: [distrib\(\)](#), [eta\\_cov\(\)](#), [eta\\_pairs\(\)](#), [individual\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.distrib\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.eta\\_pairs\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.individual\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.pmx\\_dens\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.pmx\\_gpar\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.pmx\\_qq\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.residual\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx\(\)](#)

**plot\_pmx.eta\_pairs**

*Plot random effect correlation plot*

## Description

Plot random effect correlation plot

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'eta_pairs'
plot_pmx(x, dx, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x	distribution object
dx	data set
...	not used for the moment

**Value**

ggpairs plot

**See Also**

[distrib](#)

Other plot\_pmx: [distrib\(\)](#), [eta\\_cov\(\)](#), [eta\\_pairs\(\)](#), [individual\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.distrib\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.eta\\_cov\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.individual\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.pmx\\_dens\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.pmx\\_gpar\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.pmx\\_qq\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.residual\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx\(\)](#)

plot_pmx.individual	<i>This function can be used to plot individual prediction and compare with observed data and population prediction for each individual separately</i>
---------------------	--

**Description**

This function can be used to plot individual prediction and compare with observed data and population prediction for each individual separately

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'individual'
plot_pmx(x, dx, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x	individual object
dx	data set
...	not used for the moment

**Value**

a list of ggplot2

**See Also**

Other plot\_pmx: [distrib\(\)](#), [eta\\_cov\(\)](#), [eta\\_pairs\(\)](#), [individual\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.distrib\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.eta\\_cov\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.eta\\_pairs\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.pmx\\_dens\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.pmx\\_gpar\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.pmx\\_qq\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.residual\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx\(\)](#)

`plot_pmx.pmx_dens`      *This function plot EBE versus covariates using qq plots*

### Description

This function plot EBE versus covariates using qq plots

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'pmx_dens'
plot_pmx(x, dx, ...)
```

### Arguments

<code>x</code>	eta_cov object
<code>dx</code>	data set
<code>...</code>	not used for the moment

### Value

ggplot2 plot

### See Also

[eta\\_cov](#)

Other plot\_pmx: [distrib\(\)](#), [eta\\_cov\(\)](#), [eta\\_pairs\(\)](#), [individual\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.distrib\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.eta\\_cov\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.eta\\_pairs\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.individual\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.pmx\\_gpar\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.pmx\\_qq\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.residual\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx\(\)](#)

`plot_pmx.pmx_gpar`      *The ggPMX base plot function*

### Description

This function should be called internally by other plots to set general settings like , smoothing, add band, labelling, theming,...

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'pmx_gpar'
plot_pmx(gpar, p)
```

### Arguments

<code>gpar</code>	object of pmx_gpar type
<code>p</code>	plot

**Value**

ggplot2 object

**See Also**

Other plot\_pmx: [distrib\(\)](#), [eta\\_cov\(\)](#), [eta\\_pairs\(\)](#), [individual\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.distrib\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.eta\\_cov\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.eta\\_pairs\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.individual\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.pmx\\_dens\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.pmx\\_qq\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.residual\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx\(\)](#)

---

`plot_pmx.pmx_qq`      *This function plot EBE versus covariates using qq plots*

---

**Description**

This function plot EBE versus covariates using qq plots

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'pmx_qq'  
plot_pmx(x, dx, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>x</code>	pmx_qq object
<code>dx</code>	data set
<code>...</code>	not used for the moment

**Value**

ggplot2 plot

**See Also**

[eta\\_cov](#)

Other plot\_pmx: [distrib\(\)](#), [eta\\_cov\(\)](#), [eta\\_pairs\(\)](#), [individual\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.distrib\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.eta\\_cov\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.eta\\_pairs\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.individual\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.pmx\\_dens\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.pmx\\_gpar\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.residual\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx\(\)](#)

---

<code>plot_pmx.residual</code>	<i>This function plots residual for each observed value by finding the difference between observed and predicted points. It also fits a distribution to the residual value.</i>
--------------------------------	---

---

**Description**

This function plots residual for each observed value by finding the difference between observed and predicted points. It also fits a distribution to the residual value.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'residual'
plot_pmx(x, dx, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>x</code>	residual object
<code>dx</code>	data set
<code>...</code>	not used for the moment

**Value**

ggplot2 object

**See Also**

[residual](#)

Other plot\_pmx: [distrib\(\)](#), [eta\\_cov\(\)](#), [eta\\_pairs\(\)](#), [individual\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.distrib\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.eta\\_cov\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.eta\\_pairs\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.individual\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.pmx\\_dens\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.pmx\\_gpar\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx.pmx\\_qq\(\)](#), [plot\\_pmx\(\)](#)

---

<code>plot_shrink</code>	<i>Plot shrink in eta matric</i>
--------------------------	----------------------------------

---

**Description**

Plot shrink in eta matric

**Usage**

```
plot_shrink(x, shrink.dx, shrink)
```

**Arguments**

x	pmx_gpar object
shrink.dx	data.table of shrinkage
shrink	list graphical parameter

**Value**

ggplot2 object

---

pmx

*Create a pmx object*

---

**Description**

Create a pmx object from a data source

**Usage**

```
pmx(  
  config,  
  sys = "mlx",  
  directory,  
  input,  
  dv,  
  dvid,  
  cats = NULL,  
  conts = NULL,  
  occ = NULL,  
  strats = NULL,  
  settings = NULL,  
  endpoint = NULL,  
  sim = NULL,  
  bloq = NULL,  
  id = NULL,  
  time = NULL,  
  sim_bloq = NULL  
)  
  
pmx_mlx(  
  config,  
  directory,  
  input,  
  dv,  
  dvid,  
  cats,  
  conts,
```

```

occ,
strats,
settings,
endpoint,
sim,
bloq,
id,
time,
sim_bloq
)

pmx_mltran(
  file_name,
  config = "standing",
  call = FALSE,
  endpoint,
  version = -1,
  ...
)

```

## Arguments

config	Can be either : The complete path for the configuration file, the name of configuration within the built-in list of configurations, or a configuration object.
sys	the system name can "mlx" (for Monolix 2016) or "mlx18" (for Monolix 2018/19 and later)
directory	character modelling output directory.
input	character complete path to the modelling input file
dv	character the name of measurable variable used in the input modelling file
dvid	[Optional] character observation type parameter. This is mandatory in case of multiple endpoint (PKPD).
cats	[Optional] character vector of categorical covariates
conts	[Optional] character vector of continuous covariates
occ	[Optional] character occasional covariate variable name
strats	[Optional] character extra stratification variables
settings	[Optional] pmxSettingsClass <code>pmx_settings</code> shared between all plots
endpoint	pmxEndpointClass or integer or charcater default to NULL of the endpoint code. <code>pmx_endpoint</code>
sim	pmxSimClass default to NULL. <code>pmx_sim</code> used for VPC, e.g.: sim = pmx_sim(file=vpc_file, irun="rep",idv="TIME")
bloq	pmxBLOQClass default to NULL. <code>pmx_bloq</code> specify bloq, within controller: e.g. bloq=pmx_bloq(cens = "BLOQ_name", limit = "LIMIT_name")
id	[Optional] character the name of Individual variable used in the input modelling file

time	[Optional] character Time variable.
sim_b1q	logical if TRUE uses sim_b1q values for plotting. Only for Monolix 2018 and later.
file_name	character mlxtran file path.
call	logical if TRUE the result is the parameters parsed
version	integer Non-negative integer. Non-obligatory option, if you don't use a wildcard in the file_name. Otherwise you MUST provide version and wildcard will be substituted with "version", which represents the mlxtran model version.
...	extra arguments passed to pmx_ml.

## Details

pmx\_ml is a wrapper to mlx for the MONOLIX system ( sys="mlx")

pmx\_mltran parses mlxtran file and guess `pmx_ml` arguments. In case of multi endpoint the first endpoint is selected. You can though set the endpoint through the same argument. When you set call=TRUE,no controller is created but only the parameters parsed by mlxtran. This can be very helpful, in case you would like to customize parameters (adding settings vi pmx\_settings, chnag eth edefault endpoint.)

## Value

pmxClass controller object.

## Examples

```
## Example to create the controller using theophylline data
theophylline <- file.path(system.file(package = "ggPMX"), "testdata",
                           "theophylline")
WORK_DIR <- file.path(theophylline, "Monolix")
input_file <- file.path(theophylline, "data_pk.csv")

## using only mandatory variables
ctr <- pmx(
  sys="mlx",
  config = "standing",
  directory = WORK_DIR,
  input = input_file,
  dv = "Y",
  dvid ="DVID"
)
## Using covariates
ctr <- pmx(
  sys="mlx",
  config = "standing",
  directory = WORK_DIR,
  input = input_file,
  dv = "Y",
```

```

dvid ="DVID",
cats=c("SEX"),
conts=c("WT0", "AGE0"),
strats="STUD"
)
## using settings parameter
ctr <- pmx(
  sys="mlx",
  config = "standing",
  directory = WORK_DIR,
  input = input_file,
  dv = "Y",
  dvid ="DVID",
  settings=list(is.draft=FALSE)
)

## using mlxtran file
mlxtran_file <-
  file.path(system.file(package = "ggPMX"),
            "testdata","1_popPK_model","projectmlxtran")
pmx_mlxtran(mlxtran_file)

## mlxtran , call =TRUE to get the pmx_mlx argument parsed by pmx_mlxtran
params <- pmx_mlxtran(mlxtran_file,call=TRUE)

str(params)
# $ directory: chr results_pathile
# $ input      : chr observation file path
# $ dv         : chr "DV"
# $ cats       : chr [1:4] "SEX" "RACE" "DISE" "ILOW"
# $ conts      : chr [1:4] "AGE0" "WT0" "HT0" "TRT"
# $ occ        : chr "ISS"
# $ dvid       : chr "YTTYPE"
# $ endpoint :List of 5
# ..$ code     : chr "1"
# ..$ label    : chr ""
# ..$ unit     : chr ""
# ..$ file.code: chr "1"
# ..$ trans    : NULL
# ..- attr(*, "class")= chr "pmxEndpointClass"
# $ config     : chr "standing"

```

**pmxOptions***This function can be used to set ggPMX options***Description**

`getPmxOption` retrieves the value of a ggPMX option. `ggPMXOptions` sets the value of ggPMX options; it can also be used to return a list of all currently-set ggPMX options.

**Usage**

```
pmxOptions(...)
```

**Arguments**

... Options to set, with the form name = value.

**Details**

There is a global option set, which is available by default.

**Options used in ggPMX**

- **template\_dir:** path to template directory

**Examples**

```
## Not run:  
pmxOptions(template_dir = PATH_TO_CUSTOM_CONFIGURATION)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

---

pmx\_bloq

*Creates BLOQ object attributes*

---

**Description**

Creates BLOQ object attributes

**Usage**

```
pmx_bloq(  
  cens = "CENS",  
  limit = "LIMIT",  
  colour = "pink",  
  size = 2,  
  alpha = 0.9,  
  show = TRUE,  
  ...  
)
```

**Arguments**

cens	character the censoring column name
limit	character the limit column name (optional)
colour	character the color of the geom
size	numeric the size of the geom

alpha	numeric the alpha of the geom
show	logical if FALSE remove all censory observations
...	any other graphical parameter

## Details

To define that a measurement is censored, the observation data set should include a CENSORING column ( default to ‘CENS’ ) and put 1 for lower limit or -1 for upper limit.  
 Optionally, data set can contain have a limit column ( default to ‘LIMIT’ ) column to set the other limit.

<i>pmx_comp_shrink</i>	<i>Compute Shrinkage</i>
------------------------	--------------------------

## Description

Compute Shrinkage

## Usage

```
pmx_comp_shrink(
  ctr,
  fun = c("var", "sd"),
  strat.facet,
  strat.color,
  filter,
  ...
)
```

## Arguments

ctr	pmxClass controller object
fun	character can be sd or var , var by default
strat.facet	formula optional stratification parameter
strat.color	character optional stratification parameter
filter	optional filter which will be applied to plotting data
...	others parameters not used for the moment

## Value

`data.table`

---

**pmx\_config***This function can be used to define the pmx configuration used in plots.  
e.g. Monolix/Nonmem*

---

## Description

This function can be used to define the pmx configuration used in plots. e.g. Monolix/Nonmem

## Usage

```
pmx_config(sys = "mlx", inputs, plots, ...)
```

## Arguments

sys	charcarter system used , monolix,nonmem,...
inputs	charcater path to the inputs settings file (yaml format)
plots	charcater path to the inputs settings file (yaml format)
...	extra arguments not used

## Details

To create a controller user can create a pmxConfig object using

- either an input template file
- or a plot template file
- or both.

By default the 'standing' configuration will be used.

## Value

pmxConfig object

## Examples

```
# ***** Create a controller using custom plot configuration *****
library(ggPMX)
theophylline <- file.path(
  system.file(package = "ggPMX"), "testdata",
  "theophylline"
)
WORK_DIR <- file.path(theophylline, "Monolix")
input_file <- file.path(theophylline, "data_pk.csv")

# create a controller with a custom plots template
ctr <- pmx_mlx(
  config = pmx_config(
    plots=file.path( system.file(package = "ggPMX"), "examples/plots.yaml"),
    ...)
```

```

    inputs = system.file(package = "ggPMX", "examples/custom_inputs.yaml")
),
directory = WORK_DIR,
input = input_file,
dv = "Y",
dvid = "DVID",
cats = c("SEX"),
conts = c("WT0", "AGE0"),
strats = "STUD"
)

## get the list of plots
ctr %>% plots
ctr %>% get_plot("custom_res_time")
ctr %>% get_plot("custom_npde_time")

```

**pmx\_copy***Creates a deep copy of the controller***Description**

Creates a deep copy of the controller

**Usage**

```
pmx_copy(ctr, keep_globals = FALSE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>ctr</code>	<code>pmxClass</code> object
<code>keep_globals</code>	logical if TRUE we keep the global parameters changed by <code>pmx_settings</code>
<code>...</code>	extra parameters passed to <code>pmx_settings</code>

**Details**

The controller is an ‘R6‘ object, it behaves like a reference object. Some functions ( methods) can have a side effect on the controller and modify it internally. Technically speaking we talk about chaining not piping here. However , using `pmx_copy` user can work on a copy of the controller.

By default the copy does not keep global parameters set using `pmx_settings`.

**Value**

an object of `pmxClass`

**Examples**

```

ctr <- theophylline()
cctr <- ctr %>% pmx_copy()
## Any change in the ctr has no side effect in the cctr and vice versa

```

---

pmx_cov	<i>Select/Map covariates using human labels</i>
---------	---

---

### Description

Select/Map covariates using human labels

### Usage

```
pmx_cov(values, labels = NULL)
```

### Arguments

values	list of covariates to use to create the plot
labels	list of covariates facets labels

### Details

In case of ‘pmx\_plot\_eta\_cats’ and ‘pmx\_plot\_eta\_conts’ you can customize the covariates and covaraites labels using ‘pmx\_cov’.

### Value

pmxCOVObject object

---

pmx_dens	<i>Creates a density plot object</i>
----------	--------------------------------------

---

### Description

Creates a density plot object

### Usage

```
pmx_dens(  
  x,  
  labels,  
  dname = NULL,  
  xlim = 3,  
  var_line = NULL,  
  snd_line = NULL,  
  vline = NULL,  
  is.legend = TRUE,  
  ...  
)
```

## Arguments

<code>x</code>	character variable name to sample
<code>labels</code>	list of texts/titles used within the plot
<code>dname</code>	name of dataset to be used
<code>xlim</code>	numeric x axis limits
<code>var_line</code>	list variable density graphics parameters
<code>sdn_line</code>	list normal density graphics parameters
<code>vline</code>	list vertical line graphics parameters
<code>is.legend</code>	logical whether to add a legend (defaults TRUE)
<code>...</code>	others graphics arguments passed to <code>pmx_gpar</code> internal object.

## Details

**labels** is a list that contains:

- **title:** plot title default "IWRES density plot"
- **x:** x axis label default to "Etas"
- **y:** y axis label default to empty

**var\_line** is a list that contains:

- **linetype:** default to 1
- **color:** default to black
- **size:** default to 1

**sdn\_line** is a list that contains:

- **linetype:** default to 2
- **color:** default to black
- **size:** default to 1

**vline** is a list that contains:

- **linetype:** default to 3
- **color:** default to black
- **size:** default to 1

---

pmx_endpoint	<i>Creates pmx endpoint object</i>
--------------	------------------------------------

---

## Description

Creates pmx endpoint object

## Usage

```
pmx_endpoint(code, label = "", unit = "", file.code = code, trans = NULL)
```

## Arguments

code	character endpoint code : used to filter observations DVID==code.
label	character endpoint label: used to set title and axis labels
unit	character endpoint unit : used to set title and axis labels
file.code	character endpoint file code : used to set predictions and finegrid files extensions in case using code parameter is not enough.
trans	list Transformation parameter not used yet.

## Details

In case of multiple endpoints, pkpd case for example, we need to pass endpoint to the pmx call. Internally , ggPMX will filter the observations data set to keep only rows satisfying DVID==code. The code is also used to find the right predictions and or fingrid files. ggPMX use the configuration file to fine the path of the predictions file (like the single endpoint case) and then filter the right file using the code parameter.

For example:

- predictions{code}.txt for mlx16
- predictions{code}.txt and y{code}\_residual for mlx18

For some tricky examples the code parameter is not enough to find the files. In that case the file.code parameter is used to distinguish the endpoint files.

## Examples

```
## Use file.code parameter
pk_pd_path <- file.path(system.file(package = "ggPMX"), "testdata","pk_pd")

WORK_DIR <- file.path(pk_pd_path, "RESULTS")

ep <- pmx_endpoint(
  code="4",
  file.code="2"
)
```

```

input_file <- file.path(pk_pd_path, "pk_pd.csv")

ctr <- pmx_mlx(
  config = "standing",
  directory = WORK_DIR,
  input = input_file,
  dv = "dv",
  dvid = "dvid",
  cats = "sex",
  conts = "wt",
  endpoint = ep
)

## using mlxtran

ep <- pmx_endpoint(
  code="3",
  file.code="1"
)

mlxtran_file <- file.path(pk_pd_path, "pk_pd.mlxtran")
ctr <- pmx_mlxtran(mlxtran_file,endpoint=ep)

```

**pmx\_filter***filter data in a pmx controller***Description**

filter data in a pmx controller

**Usage**

```

pmx_filter(
  ctr,
  data_set = c("estimates", "predictions", "eta", "finegrid", "shrink", "input",
             "individual", "sim_blk"),
  pmx_exp
)

```

**Arguments**

<code>ctr</code>	A controller. An object of 'pmxClass'
<code>data_set</code>	A data_set within the controller to apply a filter to.
<code>pmx_exp</code>	A filter expression

**Value**

Returns a pmx controller with a filtered data set.

**Examples**

```
## example of global filter
ctr <- theophylline()
ctr %>% pmx_filter(data_set = "prediction", ID == 5 & TIME < 2)
ctr %>% get_data("prediction")
```

---

**pmx\_get\_configs**      *Get List of built-in configurations*

---

**Description**

Get List of built-in configurations

**Usage**

```
pmx_get_configs(sys = "mlx")
```

**Arguments**

**sys**                  can be mlx, by default all configurations will be listed

**Value**

names of the config

**Examples**

```
pmx_get_configs()
```

---

**pmx\_gpar**      *Handling pmx Graphical parameters*

---

**Description**

Handling pmx Graphical parameters

**Usage**

```
pmx_gpar(
  labels,
  axis.title,
  axis.text,
  ranges,
  is.smooth,
  smooth,
  is.band,
  band,
  is.draft,
  draft,
  discrete,
  is.identity_line,
  identity_line,
  scale_x_log10,
  scale_y_log10,
  color.scales,
  is.legend,
  legend.position
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>labels</code>	list of labels, like title, subtitle, x , y
<code>axis.title</code>	list or element_text (same as ggplot2 axis.title theme)
<code>axis.text</code>	list or element_text (same as ggplot2 axis.text theme)
<code>ranges</code>	limits of x/y ranges
<code>is.smooth</code>	logical if set to TRUE add smooth layer
<code>smooth</code>	smooth layer parameters
<code>is.band</code>	logical if TRUE add horizontal band
<code>band</code>	horizontal band parameters
<code>is.draft</code>	logical if TRUE add draft layer
<code>draft</code>	draft layer parameters
<code>discrete</code>	logical if TRUE x axis is discrete(FALSE by default)
<code>is.identity_line</code>	logical if TRUE add y=x line
<code>identity_line</code>	list y=x aes properties
<code>scale_x_log10</code>	logical if TRUE add scale_x_log10 layer
<code>scale_y_log10</code>	logical if TRUE add scale_y_log10 layer
<code>color.scales</code>	list define scales parameter in case of strat.color <a href="#">pmx_settings</a>
<code>is.legend</code>	logical if TRUE x axis is discrete(FALSE by default)
<code>legend.position</code>	charcater legend position it takes the same value as the equivalent ggplot2 parameter

**Details**

This object contains all general graphic settings. It used internally by all pmx\_plot(generic function) to set the default behavior.

**Value**

An object of class "pmx\_gpar".

---

**pmx\_list\_nm\_tables**      *List NONMEM output tables*

---

**Description**

List NONMEM output tables file names from a nm\_model object.

**Usage**

```
pmx_list_nm_tables(nm_model = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

nm\_model      An nm\_model object generated with [pmx\\_read\\_nm\\_model](#).

**See Also**

[pmx\\_read\\_nm\\_model](#), [pmx\\_read\\_nm\\_tables](#)

**Examples**

```
## Not run:  
pmx_read_nm_model(file = 'run001.lst') %>%  
  pmx_list_nm_tables()  
  
## End(Not run)
```

`pmx_manual_nm_import` *Manually define nonmem tables to be imported*

## Description

Manually provide names of the table files to be imported.

## Usage

```
pmx_manual_nm_import(
  tab_names = c("sdtab", "mutab", "patab", "catab", "cotab", "mytab", "extra", "xptab",
    "cwtab"),
  tab_suffix = "",
  sim_suffix = "sim"
)
```

## Arguments

<code>tab_names</code>	Provide the name of the tables to import e.g. 'sdtab', 'patab', 'cotab', 'catab' for NONMEM.
<code>tab_suffix</code>	Default is "", but can be changed to any character string to be used as suffix in the table names.
<code>sim_suffix</code>	Default is 'sim', but can be changed to any character string to be used as suffix in the simulation table names e.g. sdtab001sim.

`pmx_nlmixr`

*Creates pmx controller from an nlmixr fit object*

## Description

Creates pmx controller from an nlmixr fit object

## Usage

```
pmx_nlmixr(fit, dvid, conts, cats, strats, endpoint, settings, vpc = FALSE)
```

## Arguments

<code>fit</code>	nlmixr object
<code>dvid</code>	[Optional] character observation type parameter.
<code>conts</code>	[Optional]character vector of continuous covariates
<code>cats</code>	[Optional]character vector of categorical covariates
<code>strats</code>	[Optional]character extra stratification variables

endpoint	pmxEndpointClass or integer or character default to NULL of the endpoint code. <code>pmx_endpoint</code>
settings	[Optional] pmxSettingsClass <code>pmx_settings</code>
vpc	[Optional] logical a boolean indicating if vpc should be calculated (by default TRUE)

**Value**

pmxClass controller object.

pmx\_nm

*Creates pmx controller from NONMEM model outputs*

**Description**

Creates pmx controller from NONMEM model outputs

**Usage**

```
pmx_nm(
  file = NULL,
  directory = ".",
  runno = NULL,
  ext = ".lst",
  table_suffix = "",
  sim_suffix = "sim",
  simfile = NULL,
  prefix = "run",
  table_names = c("sdtab", "mutab", "patab", "catab", "cotab", "mytab", "extra",
    "xptab", "cwtab"),
  dvid = "DVID",
  pred = "PRED",
  time = "TIME",
  dv = "DV",
  conts,
  cats,
  npde,
  iwres,
  ipred,
  endpoint,
  strats = "",
  settings = pmx_settings(),
  vpc = TRUE,
  bloq = NULL,
  obs = FALSE,
  quiet = FALSE
)
```

## Arguments

<code>file</code>	A character vector of path to the files or a <code>nm_table_list</code> object created with <code>pmx_list_nm_tables</code> .
<code>directory</code>	directory of the model files.
<code>runno</code>	run number which is used for generating the model file name, or used for alternative import of NONMEM-output tables.
<code>ext</code>	Extension to be used to generate model file name. Should be one of ' <code>.lst</code> ' (default), ' <code>.out</code> ', ' <code>.res</code> ', ' <code>.mod</code> ' or ' <code>.ctl</code> ' for NONMEM.
<code>table_suffix</code>	suffix of the output tables, standard is "" (no suffix).
<code>sim_suffix</code>	suffix of the simulation output tables, standard is "sim" (e.g. <code>stdab1sim</code> ).
<code>simfile</code>	Useful if the simulation is performed post-hoc and an additional simulation model file is generated e.g. " <code>simulation.lst</code> "; similar to " <code>file</code> " see above.
<code>prefix</code>	Prefix to be used to generate model file name. Used in combination with <code>runno</code> and <code>ext</code> .
<code>table_names</code>	contains the names of the NONMEM-output tables e.g. " <code>sdtab</code> ", " <code>patab</code> ", " <code>cotab</code> ", " <code>catab</code> ".
<code>dvid</code>	[ <i>Optional</i> ] character observation type parameter, mandatory in case of multiple endpoint (PKPD). Standard = "DVID"
<code>pred</code>	[ <i>Optional</i> ] character specifying variable name of the population prediction (standard ggPMX nomenclature = "PRED")
<code>time</code>	[ <i>Optional</i> ] character specifying variable name of time (standard ggPMX nomenclature = "TIME")
<code>dv</code>	character the name of measurable variable used in the input modelling file (standard ggPMX nomenclature = "DV")
<code>conts</code>	[ <i>Optional</i> ] character vector of continuous covariates (automatically detected if "cotab" is provided)
<code>cats</code>	[ <i>Optional</i> ] character vector of categorical covariates (automatically detected if "catab" is provided)
<code>npde</code>	[ <i>Optional</i> ] character specifying variable name of the normalized population predictor (standard ggPMX nomenclature = "NPDE")
<code>iwres</code>	[ <i>Optional</i> ] character specifying variable name of the individual weighted residuals (standard ggPMX nomenclature = "IWRES")
<code>ipred</code>	[ <i>Optional</i> ] character specifying variable name of the individual population prediction (standard ggPMX nomenclature = "IPRED")
<code>endpoint</code>	[ <i>Optional</i> ] <code>pmxEndpointClass</code> or integer or character default to NULL of the endpoint code. <code>pmx_endpoint</code>
<code>strats</code>	[ <i>Optional</i> ] character extra stratification variables
<code>settings</code>	<code>pmxSettingsClass</code> <code>pmx_settings</code> shared between all plots
<code>vpc</code>	logical a boolean indicating if vpc should be calculated, simulation tables are required for VPC generation (by default TRUE)
<code>bloq</code>	<code>pmxBLOQClass</code> default to NULL. <code>pmx_bloq</code> specify bloq, within controller: e.g. <code>bloq=pmx_bloq(cens = "BLOQ_name", limit = "LIMIT_name")</code>
<code>obs</code>	logical if set to TRUE will filter dataset according to "MDV", default is FALSE
<code>quiet</code>	Logical, if FALSE messages are printed to the console.

**Value**

pmxClass controller object.

**Author(s)**

The ggPMX NONMEM reader (pmx\_nm) is strongly based on NONMEM reading functions of the xpose package (v.0.4.11) (Thanks to Benjamin Guiastrennec) To avoid conflicts with the xpose package, the necessary xpose-based functions have been renamed with a "pmx\_" prefix. If the user wants to use individual functions e.g. "read\_nm\_tables" please use the xpose-package

**Examples**

```
## using only runnumber
# ctr <- pmx_nm(
#   directory=model_dir,
#   runno = "001"
#)

## using a model file (e.g. run001.lst)
#ctr <- pmx_nm(
#  directory=model_dir,
#  file = "run001.lst"
#)

## if simulation was performed post-hoc, an additional simulation file can be loaded for VPC
#ctr <- pmx_nm(
#  directory=model_dir,
#  file = "run001.lst",
#  simfile = "simulation.ctl"
#)

## loading with individual table(s)-names
#ctr <- pmx_nm(directory = model_dir,
#  runno = 3,
#  table_names = "xptab")
```

**Description**

Generic pmx plot

**Usage**

```
pmx_plot(ctr, pname, ...)
```

**Arguments**

- `ctr` pmxClass pmx controller  
`pname` plot name  
`...` others graphics parameters passed :  
 • [pmx\\_gpar](#) internal function to customize shared graphical parameters  
 • [pmx\\_qq](#) quantile-quantile plot object  
 • [pmx\\_update](#) function.

**pmx\_plot\_cats** *Generic pmx stratified plot*

**Description**

Generic pmx stratified plot

**Usage**

```
pmx_plot_cats(ctr, pname, cats, chunk = "", print = TRUE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

- `ctr` pmxClass pmx controller  
`pname` plot name  
`cats` list of categorical variables. By default all of them  
`chunk` chunk name  
`print` logical if TRUE print plots otherwise the list of plots is returned  
`...` others graphics parameters passed :  
 • [pmx\\_gpar](#) internal function to customize shared graphical parameters  
 • [pmx\\_qq](#) quantile-quantile plot object  
 • [pmx\\_update](#) function.

---

pmx\_plot\_eta\_matrix    *Eta matrix plot*

---

## Description

Eta matrix plot

## Usage

```
pmx_plot_eta_matrix(  
  ctr,  
  title,  
  dname,  
  type.eta,  
  text_color,  
  is.shrink,  
  shrink,  
  point,  
  is.smooth,  
  smooth,  
  is.hline,  
  hline,  
  is.vreference_line,  
  vreference_line,  
  filter,  
  strat.facet,  
  facets,  
  strat.color,  
  trans,  
  pmxgpar,  
  labels,  
  axis.title,  
  axis.text,  
  ranges,  
  is.band,  
  band,  
  is.draft,  
  draft,  
  is.identity_line,  
  identity_line,  
  scale_x_log10,  
  scale_y_log10,  
  color.scales,  
  ...  
)
```

## Arguments

ctr	pmx controller
title	character the plot title
dname	name of dataset to be used
type.eta	character type of eta can be 'mode' or 'mean'. 'mode' by default
text_color	color of the correlation text in the upper matrix
is.shrink	logical if TRUE add shrinkage to the plot
shrink	list shrinkage graphical parameter
point	list geom_point graphical parameter
is.smooth	logical if TRUE add smoothing to lower matrix plots
smooth	list geom_smooth graphical parameters
is.hline	logical if TRUE add horizontal line to lower matrix plots
hline	list geom_hline graphical parameters
is.vreference_line	logical if TRUE add reference line to diag plots
vreference_line	list geom_vline graphical parameters
<b>pmx_update parameters</b>	
filter	expression filter which will be applied to plotting data.
strat.facet	formula optional stratification parameter by facetting. This split plot by strats(each strat in a facet)
facets	list facet_wrap parameters.
strat.color	character optional stratification parameter by grouping. This will split the plot by group (color) of strat.
trans	character define the transformation to apply on x or y or both variables
pmxgpar	a object of class pmx_gpar possibly the output of the
<b>pmx_gpar: Shared basic graphics parameters</b>	
labels	list list containing plot and/or axis labels: title, subtitle, x , y
axis.title	list containing element_text attributes to customize the axis title. (similar to ggplot2 axis.title theme)
axis.text	list containing element_text attributes to customize the axis text (similar to ggplot2 axis.text theme)
ranges	list limits of x/y ranges
is.band	logical if TRUE add horizontal band
band	list horizontal band parameters. geom_hline graphical parameters.
is.draft	logical if TRUE add draft layer
draft	list draft layer parameters. geom_text graphical parameters.
is.identity_line	logical if TRUE add an identity line

identity\_line listgeom\_abline graphical parameters.  
 scale\_x\_log10 logical if TRUE use log10 scale for x axis.  
 scale\_y\_log10 logical if TRUE use log10 scale for y axis.  
 color.scales list define scales parameter in case of strat.color [pmx\\_settings](#)  
 ... others graphics parameters passed :  
     • [pmx\\_gpar](#) internal function to customize shared graphical parameters  
     • [eta\\_pairs](#) ggPMX internal function for eta matrix plot.  
     • [pmx\\_update](#) function.

### eta\_pairs parameters

#### Value

ggplot2 object

#### Examples

```

# basic use -----
ctr <- theophylline()
p <- ctr %>% pmx_plot_eta_matrix

# update graphical parameter -----
## update labels
ctr %>% pmx_plot_eta_matrix(
  labels = list(title = "Eta matrix new title")
)

## remove draft
ctr %>% pmx_plot_eta_matrix(is.draft = FALSE)

## change text color line
ctr %>% pmx_plot_eta_matrix(
  text_color="red",
  shrink=list(mapping=aes(color="magenta"))
)

## custom point aes and static parameters
## we can customize any geom_point parameter
ctr %>% pmx_plot_eta_matrix(
  point = list(color = "blue", shape = 4)
)

# stratification -----

```

```

## IGNORE continuous stratification
ctr %>% pmx_plot_eta_matrix(strat.color = "WT0")
## IGNORE categorical stratification
ctr %>% pmx_plot_eta_matrix(strat.facet = "SEX")

# subsetting -----
## we can use any expression involving the data
ctr %>% pmx_plot_eta_matrix(filter = EFFECT%in% c("Cl","ka"))

```

**pmx\_plot\_individual**    *Individual plot*

## Description

Individual plot

## Usage

```

pmx_plot_individual(
  ctr,
  which_pages = 1L,
  print = FALSE,
  dname,
  pred_line,
  ipred_line,
  point,
  is.legend,
  use.finegrid,
  bloq,
  filter,
  strat.facet,
  facets,
  strat.color,
  trans,
  pmxgpar,
  labels,
  axis.title,
  axis.text,
  ranges,
  is.smooth,
  smooth,
  is.band,
  band,
  is.draft,
  draft,
  is.identity_line,

```

```

    identity_line,
    scale_x_log10,
    scale_y_log10,
    color.scales,
    ...
)

```

## Arguments

ctr	pmx controller
which_pages	integer page(s) to display, or character "all" to display all pages (argument previously called npage, now deprecated)
print	logical if TRUE the output will be a print not a ggplot2. This is useful for rmarkdown output to avoid verbose list index print.
dname	character name of dataset to be used. User can create his own dataset using <a href="#">set_data</a> and pass it as dname to be plotted.
pred_line	list some ipred line geom properties aesthetics
ipred_line	list some pred line geom properties aesthetics
point	list some point geom properties aesthetics
is.legend	logical if TRUE add a legend
use.finegrid	logical if FALSE use predictions data set
bloq	pmxBLOQ object created by <a href="#">pmx_bloq</a> .
	<b>pmx_update parameters</b>
filter	expression filter which will be applied to plotting data.
strat.facet	formula optional stratification parameter by facetting. This split plot by strats(each strat in a facet)
facets	list facet_wrap parameters.
strat.color	character optional stratification parameter by grouping. This will split the plot by group (color) of strat.
trans	character define the transformation to apply on x or y or both variables
pmxgpar	a object of class pmx_gpar possibly the output of the <b>pmx_gpar: Shared basic graphics parameters</b>
labels	list list containing plot and/or axis labels: title, subtitle, x , y
axis.title	list containing element_text attributes to customize the axis title. (similar to ggplot2 axis.title theme)
axis.text	list containing element_text attributes to customize the axis text (similar to ggplot2 axis.text theme)
ranges	list limits of x/y ranges
is.smooth	logical if set to TRUE add smooth layer
smooth	list geom_smooth graphical/smoothing fun parameters
is.band	logical if TRUE add horizontal band

```

band           list horizontal band parameters. geom_hline graphical parameters.
is.draft       logical if TRUE add draft layer
draft          list draft layer parameters. geom_text graphical parameters.
is.identity_line
               logical if TRUE add an identity line
identity_line  listgeom_abline graphical parameters.
scale_x_log10  logical if TRUE use log10 scale for x axis.
scale_y_log10  logical if TRUE use log10 scale for y axis.
color.scales   list define scales parameter in case of strat.color pmx\_settings
...
others         graphics parameters passed :
               • pmx\_gpar internal function to customize shared graphical parameters
               • individual generic object for individual plots.
               • pmx\_update function.

```

### **individual parameters**

#### **Value**

ggplot2 or list of ggplot2 objects

#### **Examples**

```

# basic use  -----
ctr <- theophylline()
ctr %>% pmx_plot_individual(which_pages = 1)
## multiple pages
ctr %>% pmx_plot_individual(which_pages = c(1, 3))
## change faceting
ctr %>% pmx_plot_individual(facets = list(nrow = 5, ncol = 5), which_pages = 2)

# update graphical parameter  -----
## update labels
ctr %>% pmx_plot_individual(
  labels = list(title = "Custom individual plot")
)

## remove draft
ctr %>% pmx_plot_individual(is.draft = FALSE)

## Customize ipred_line with any geom_line parameter
ctr %>% pmx_plot_individual(
  pred_line = list(color = "red", linetype = 20, alpha = 0.5)
)

## Customize ipred_line with any geom_line parameter
ctr %>% pmx_plot_individual(

```

```
ipred_line = list(size = 5)
)

## Customize any geom_point parameter
ctr %>% pmx_plot_individual(
  point = list(aes(alpha = DV), color = "green", shape = 4)
)

## legend

p <- ctr %>% pmx_plot_individual(
  is.legend=TRUE,
  point=list(shape=20),
  pred_line=list(linetype=6)
)

# # stratification -----
#
# ## continuous stratification
ctr %>% pmx_plot_individual(strat.color = "WT0")

# # subsetting -----
#
# ## we can use any expression involving the data
# ## filter and stratify
ctr %>% pmx_plot_individual(
  filter = SEX == 1, strat.facet = ~SEX,
  facets = list(nrow = 5, ncol = 5))

# # transformation -----
#
# ## apply a log transformation in y
ctr %>% pmx_plot_individual(trans = "log10_y")
# ## apply a custom transformation to normalize axis between 0 and 1

## get a list of parameter
p <- ctr %>% pmx_plot_individual(
  which_pages="all",
  point=list(shape=4,color='blue',size=10),
  facets = list(nrow = 5, ncol = 5),
  labels = list(title = "My individuals",x='my time',y='PD data')
)
```

**Description**

IWRES density plot

**Usage**

```
pmx_plot_iwres_dens(
  ctr,
  sim_blnq,
  dname,
  xlim,
  var_line,
  snd_line,
  vline,
  filter,
  strat.facet,
  facets,
  strat.color,
  trans,
  pmxgpar,
  labels,
  axis.title,
  axis.text,
  ranges,
  is.smooth,
  smooth,
  is.band,
  band,
  is.draft,
  draft,
  is.identity_line,
  identity_line,
  scale_x_log10,
  scale_y_log10,
  color.scales,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>ctr</code>	pmx controller
<code>sim_blnq</code>	logical if TRUE uses sim_blnq as dataset for plotting instead of predictions.
<code>dname</code>	character name of dataset to be used. User can create his own dataset using <a href="#">set_data</a> and pass it as dname to be plotted.
<code>xlim</code>	numeric x axis limits
<code>var_line</code>	list variable denstiy graphics parameters
<code>snd_line</code>	list normal denstiy graphics parameters

vline	list vertical line graphics parameters
	<b>pmx_update parameters</b>
filter	expression filter which will be applied to plotting data.
strat.facet	formula optional stratification parameter by facetting. This split plot by strats(each strat in a facet)
facets	list facet_wrap parameters.
strat.color	character optional stratification parameter by grouping. This will split the plot by group (color) of strat.
trans	character define the transformation to apply on x or y or both variables
pmxgpar	a object of class pmx_gpar possibly the output of the <b>pmx_gpar: Shared basic graphics parameters</b>
labels	list list containing plot and/or axis labels: title, subtitle, x , y
axis.title	list containing element_text attributes to customize the axis title. (similar to ggplot2 axis.title theme)
axis.text	list containing element_text attributes to customize the axis text (similar to ggplot2 axis.text theme)
ranges	list limits of x/y ranges
is.smooth	logical if set to TRUE add smooth layer
smooth	list geom_smooth graphical/smoothing fun parameters
is.band	logical if TRUE add horizontal band
band	list horizontal band parameters. geom_hline graphical parameters.
is.draft	logical if TRUE add draft layer
draft	list draft layer parameters. geom_text graphical parameters.
is.identity_line	logical if TRUE add an identity line
identity_line	listgeom_abline graphical parameters.
scale_x_log10	logical if TRUE use log10 scale for x axis.
scale_y_log10	logical if TRUE use log10 scale for y axis.
color.scales	list define scales parameter in case of strat.color <b>pmx_settings</b>
...	others graphics parameters passed : <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>pmx_gpar</b> internal function to customize shared graphical parameters</li><li>• <b>pmx_dens</b> pmx density object.</li><li>• <b>pmx_update</b> function.</li></ul>

**pmx\_dens parameters****Value**

ggplot2 or list of ggplot2 objects

---

pmx\_plot\_vpc

*VPC plot*

---

## Description

VPC plot

## Usage

```
pmx_plot_vpc(  
  ctr,  
  type,  
  idv,  
  obs,  
  pi,  
  ci,  
  rug,  
  bin,  
  is.legend,  
  sim.blq,  
  dname,  
  filter,  
  strat.facet,  
  facets,  
  strat.color,  
  trans,  
  pmxgpar,  
  labels,  
  axis.title,  
  axis.text,  
  ranges,  
  is.smooth,  
  smooth,  
  is.band,  
  band,  
  is.draft,  
  draft,  
  is.identity_line,  
  identity_line,  
  scale_x_log10,  
  scale_y_log10,  
  color.scales,  
  is.footnote,  
  ...  
)
```

## Arguments

ctr	pmx controller
type	charcater can be either percentile or scatter
idv	chracater individual variable
obs	pmx_vpc_obs object observation layer <a href="#">pmx_vpc_obs</a>
pi	pmx_vpc_pi object percentile layer <a href="#">pmx_vpc_pi</a>
ci	pmx_vpc_ci object confidence interval layer <a href="#">pmx_vpc_ci</a>
rug	pmx_vpc_rug object rug layer <a href="#">pmx_vpc_rug</a> . Note: consider not using a rug layer when bin[["within_strat"]]=TRUE, since the rugs plotted will not reflect the bins.
bin	pmx_vpc_bin object <a href="#">pmx_vpc_bin</a> specify within pmx_plot_vpc() e.g.: bin = pmx_vpc_bin(style = "kmeans", n = 10)
is.legend	logical if TRUE add legend
sim.blq	logical if TRUE uses sim.blq values for plotting. Only for Monolix 2018 and later.
dname	added for compatibility with other ggPMX plots
<b>pmx_update parameters</b>	
filter	expression filter which will be applied to plotting data.
strat.facet	formula optional stratification parameter by facetting. This split plot by strats(each strat in a facet)
facets	list facet_wrap parameters.
strat.color	character optional stratification parameter by grouping. This will split the plot by group (color) of strat.
trans	character define the transformation to apply on x or y or both variables
pmxgpar	a object of class pmx_gpar possibly the output of the <b>pmx_gpar: Shared basic graphics parameters</b>
labels	list list containing plot and/or axis labels: title, subtitle, x , y
axis.title	list containing element_text attributes to customize the axis title. (similar to ggplot2 axis.title theme)
axis.text	list containing element_text attributes to customize the axis text (similar to ggplot2 axis.text theme)
ranges	list limits of x/y ranges
is.smooth	logical if set to TRUE add smooth layer
smooth	list geom_smooth graphical/smoothing fun parameters
is.band	logical if TRUE add horizontal band
band	list horizontal band parameters. geom_hline graphical parameters.
is.draft	logical if TRUE add draft layer
draft	list draft layer parameters. geom_text graphical parameters.
is.identity_line	logical if TRUE add an identity line

identity\_line listgeom\_abline graphical parameters.  
 scale\_x\_log10 logical if TRUE use log10 scale for x axis.  
 scale\_y\_log10 logical if TRUE use log10 scale for y axis.  
 color.scales list define scales parameter in case of strat.color [pmx\\_settings](#)  
 is.footnote logical if TRUE add footnote  
 ... others graphics parameters passed :  
     • [pmx\\_gpar](#) internal function to customize shared graphical parameters  
     • [pmx\\_vpc](#) pmx vpc object.  
     • [pmx\\_update](#) function.

### **pmx\_vpc parameters**

## **Details**

You can use [pmx\\_vpc\\_bin](#) to set the bin parameters. In case of stratification, binning can be different for each strat level (case `within_strat` equal to FALSE).

## **Value**

ggplot2 or list of ggplot2 objects

## **See Also**

Other vpc: [pmx\\_vpc\\_bin\(\)](#), [pmx\\_vpc\\_ci\(\)](#), [pmx\\_vpc\\_obs\(\)](#), [pmx\\_vpc\\_pi\(\)](#), [pmx\\_vpc\\_rug\(\)](#), [pmx\\_vpc\(\)](#)

## **Examples**

```

library(ggPMX)

theo_path <- file.path(
  system.file(package = "ggPMX"), "testdata",
  "theophylline"
)
WORK_DIR <- file.path(theo_path, "Monolix")
input_file <- file.path(theo_path, "data_pk.csv")
vpc_file <- file.path(theo_path, "sim.csv")

ctr <- pmx_mlx(
  config = "standing",
  directory = WORK_DIR,
  input = input_file,
  dv = "Y",
  dvid = "dvid",
  cats = c("SEX"),
  conts = c("WT0", "AGE0"),
  strats = "STUD",
  settings = pmx_settings(
    use.labels=TRUE,

```

```

cats.labels=list(
  SEX=c("0"="Male","1"="Female")
)
),
sim = pmx_sim(
  file = vpc_file,
  irun ="rep",
  idv="TIME"
)
)

ctr %>% pmx_plot_vpc(
  strat.facet="SEX",
  facets=list(nrow=2),
  type="percentile",
  is.draft = FALSE,
  pi = pmx_vpc_pi(interval = c(0.1,0.9),
    median=list(color="green"),
    extreme= list(color="green")),
  obs = pmx_vpc_obs(color="blue",shape=18,size=2),
  ci = pmx_vpc_ci(interval = c(0.1,0.9),
    median=list(fill="pink")),
  bin=pmx_vpc_bin("kmeans",n=5)
)
)

ctr %>%
  pmx_plot_vpc(bin= pmx_vpc_bin(
    style = "fixed",
    fixedBreaks=c(-10,2, 5, 10,15,50))
)
)

# example with legend

ctr %>% pmx_plot_vpc(
  is.legend = TRUE,
  pi = pmx_vpc_pi(interval=c(0.02,0.98),median = list(linetype="dotted")),
  ci = pmx_vpc_ci(interval = c(0.05,0.95),median=list(fill="red"))
)

```

## Description

This function creates a qq plot object

## Usage

```
pmx_qq(
  x,
  labels,
  dname = NULL,
  point = NULL,
  xmax = TRUE,
  facets = NULL,
  is.reference_line = NULL,
  reference_line = NULL,
  is.shrink = NULL,
  shrink = NULL,
  is.hline = NULL,
  hline = NULL,
  is.vline = NULL,
  vline = NULL,
  ...
)
```

## Arguments

<code>x</code>	character variable name to sample
<code>labels</code>	list of texts/titles used within the plot
<code>dname</code>	name of dataset to be used
<code>point</code>	list geom_point attributes color, shape,...
<code>xmax</code>	logical if FALSE do not use max(aes(x)) as limits default to TRUE
<code>facets</code>	list
<code>is.reference_line</code>	logical if TRUE add reference line to the plot
<code>reference_line</code>	list geom_line attributes. Used only for pmx_plot_eta_qq
<code>is.shrink</code>	logical if TRUE add shrinkage to the plot
<code>shrink</code>	list shrinkage graphical parameter
<code>is.hline</code>	logical if TRUE add horizontal line y=0 ( TRUE by default)
<code>hline</code>	geom hline graphical parameters
<code>is.vline</code>	logical if TRUE add vertical line x=0 ( TRUE by default)
<code>vline</code>	geom vline graphical parameters
<code>...</code>	others graphics arguments passed to <a href="#">pmx_gpar</a> internal object.

## Details

**labels** is a list that contains:

- **title:** plot title default "EBE vs. covariates"
- **x:** x axis label default to "Etas"

- **y:** y axis label default to empty

**point** is a list that contains:

- **shape:** default to 1
- **color:** default to black
- **size:** default to 1

## Value

pmx\_qq object

---

pmx\_qq\_plot

*Quantile-quantile plots*

---

## Description

Quantile-quantile plots  
Quantile-quantile plot of IWRES  
Quantile-quantile plot of eta variables  
Quantile-quantile plot of NPDE  
Quantile-quantile plot of NPD  
Quantile-quantile plot of CWRES

## Usage

```
pmx_qq_plot(  
  dname,  
  point,  
  is.reference_line,  
  reference_line,  
  is.shrink,  
  shrink,  
  is.hline,  
  hline,  
  is.vline,  
  vline,  
  filter,  
  strat.facet,  
  facets,  
  strat.color,  
  trans,  
  pmxgpar,  
  labels,  
  axis.title,  
  axis.text,
```

```

ranges,
is.smooth,
smooth,
is.band,
band,
is.draft,
draft,
is.identity_line,
identity_line,
scale_x_log10,
scale_y_log10,
color.scales,
...
)
pmx_plot_iwres_qq(ctr, ...)

pmx_plot_eta_qq(ctr, ...)

pmx_plot_npde_qq(ctr, ...)

pmx_plot_npd_qq(ctr, ...)

pmx_plot_cwres_qq(ctr, ...)

```

## Arguments

<code>dname</code>	name of dataset to be used
<code>point</code>	list geom_point parameters.
<code>is.reference_line</code>	logical if TRUE add reference line to the plot
<code>reference_line</code>	list geom_abline parameters.
<code>is.shrink</code>	logical if TRUE add shrinkage to the plot
<code>shrink</code>	list shrinkage graphical parameter (geom_text)
<code>is.hline</code>	logical if TRUE add horizontal line $y=0$ ( TRUE by default)
<code>hline</code>	list geom_hline graphical parameters
<code>is.vline</code>	logical if TRUE add vertical line $x=0$ ( TRUE by default)
<code>vline</code>	list geom_vline graphical parameters
<b>pmx_update parameters</b>	
<code>filter</code>	expression filter which will be applied to plotting data.
<code>strat.facet</code>	formula optional stratification parameter by facetting. This split plot by strats(each strat in a facet)
<code>facets</code>	list facet_wrap parameters.
<code>strat.color</code>	character optional stratification parameter by grouping. This will split the plot by group (color) of strat.

trans	character define the transformation to apply on x or y or both variables
pmxgpar	an object of class pmx_gpar
labels	list list containing plot and/or axis labels: title, subtitle, x , y
axis.title	list containing element_text attributes to customize the axis title. (similar to ggplot2 axis.title theme)
axis.text	list containing element_text attributes to customize the axis text (similar to ggplot2 axis.text theme)
ranges	list limits of x/y ranges
is.smooth	logical if set to TRUE add smooth layer
smooth	list geom_smooth graphical/smoothing fun parameters
is.band	logical if TRUE add horizontal band
band	list horizontal band parameters. geom_hline graphical parameters.
is.draft	logical if TRUE add draft layer
draft	list draft layer parameters. geom_text graphical parameters.
is.identity_line	logical if TRUE add an identity line
identity_line	listgeom_abline graphical parameters.
scale_x_log10	logical if TRUE use log10 scale for x axis.
scale_y_log10	logical if TRUE use log10 scale for y axis.
color.scales	list define scales parameter in case of strat.color <a href="#">pmx_settings</a>
...	others graphics parameters passed :
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">pmx_gpar</a> internal function to customize shared graphical parameters</li> <li>• <a href="#">pmx_qq</a> quantile-quantile plot object.</li> <li>• <a href="#">pmx_update</a> function.</li> </ul>
	<b>pmx_qq parameters</b>
ctr	pmx controller

**Value**

ggplot2 object

**Examples**

```
# ***** basic use *****
ctr <- theophylline()
ctr %>% pmx_plot_eta_qq
ctr %>% pmx_plot_npde_qq
ctr %>% pmx_plot_iwres_qq

# update graphical parameter -----
```

```

## add reference line
ctr %>% pmx_plot_npde_qq(reference_line=list(color="blue"))

## remove reference line
ctr %>% pmx_plot_eta_qq(reference_line=NULL)

# stratification -----
## categorical stratification color parameter
ctr %>% pmx_plot_iwres_qq(strat.facet="STUD",strat.color="SEX")
## categorical stratification facetting
ctr %>% pmx_plot_eta_qq(strat.facet = "SEX")

## do not use symmetric axis
ctr %>% pmx_plot_npde_qq(xmax=FALSE,reference_line=list())

```

**pmx\_read\_nm\_files**      *NONMEM output file import function*

### Description

Quickly import NONMEM output files into R.

### Usage

```
pmx_read_nm_files(
  runno = NULL,
  prefix = "run",
  ext = c(".ext", ".cor", ".cov", ".phi", ".grd", ".shk"),
  file = NULL,
  dir = NULL,
  quiet = FALSE
)
```

### Arguments

<code>runno</code>	Run number to be evaluated.
<code>prefix</code>	Prefix of the model file names.
<code>ext</code>	A vector of the file extension to import. By default '.ext', '.cor', '.cov', '.phi', '.grd', '.shk' files are listed.
<code>file</code>	Names of the model output file to be imported. Alternative argument to <code>prefix</code> , <code>runno</code> and <code>ext</code> .
<code>dir</code>	Location of the model files.
<code>quiet</code>	Logical, if FALSE messages are printed to the console.

## Examples

```
## Not run:
# Using the `file` argument to import a model file:
ext_file <- pmx_read_nm_files(file = 'run001.ext', dir = 'models')

# Using the `runno` argument to import a model file:
ext_file <- pmx_read_nm_files(runno = '001', ext = '.ext', dir = 'models')

## End(Not run)
```

`pmx_read_nm_model`      *NONMEM model file parser*

## Description

Parse NONMEM model files in R format

## Usage

```
pmx_read_nm_model(
  runno = NULL,
  prefix = "run",
  ext = ".lst",
  file = NULL,
  dir = NULL
)
```

## Arguments

<code>runno</code>	run number which is used for generating the model file name
<code>prefix</code>	Prefix to be used to generate model file name. Used in combination with <code>runno</code> and <code>ext</code> .
<code>ext</code>	Extension to be used to generate model file name. Should be one of ' <code>.lst</code> ' (default), ' <code>.out</code> ', ' <code>.res</code> ', ' <code>.mod</code> ' or ' <code>.ctl</code> ' for NONMEM.
<code>file</code>	A character vector of path to the files or a <code>nm_table_list</code> object created with <code>list_nm_tables</code> .
<code>dir</code>	directory of the model files.

## Value

A `tibble` of class `model` containing the following columns:

- **problem**: a numeric identifier for the \$PROBLEM associated with the code.
- **level**: a unique numeric identifier to each subroutine block associated with the code.

- **subroutine:** a character identifier named after the 3 first letters of the subroutine name e.g. '\$THETA' and '\$TABLE' will become 'the' and 'tab' respectively. In addition all output from the .lst is labeled 'lst', the general nonmem output e.g. NM-TRAN messages are labelled 'oth'. With priors thp, tpv, omp, opd, sip, spd abbreviations are given to the THETAP, THETAPV, OMEGAP, etc.
- **code:** the code without comments or subroutine names e.g. '\$THETA 0.5 ; TVCL' will return '0.5'.
- **comment:** the last comment of a record e.g. '0.5 ; Clearance (L/h) ; TVCL' will return 'TVCL'.

## See Also

[pmx\\_read\\_nm\\_tables](#)

## Examples

```
## Not run:
# Using the `file` argument to import a model file:
nm_model <- pmx_read_nm_model(file = 'run001.lst', dir = 'models')

# Using the `runno` argument to import a model file:
nm_model <- pmx_read_nm_model(runno = '001', ext = '.lst', dir = 'models')

## End(Not run)
```

**pmx\_read\_nm\_tables**      *NONMEM output table import function*

## Description

Quickly import NONMEM output tables into R. This function automatically detects the optimal settings to import the tables from nonmem. It is based on the `read_nm_tables` function of `xpose`. Slight adjustment were made for purposes of `pmx_nm()`

## Usage

```
pmx_read_nm_tables(
  file = NULL,
  dir = NULL,
  combined = TRUE,
  rm_duplicates = TRUE,
  quiet = FALSE,
  simtab = NULL,
  ziptab = TRUE,
  user_mode = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

## Arguments

file	A character vector of path to the files or a <code>nm_table_list</code> object created with <code>list_nm_tables</code> .
dir	Location of the model files.
combined	Logical value indicating whether multiple tables should be combined into a single one. If the number of rows does not match an error will be returned.
rm_duplicates	Logical value indicating whether duplicated columns should be removed.
quiet	Logical, if FALSE messages are printed to the console.
simtab	If TRUE only reads in simulation tables, if FALSE only reads estimation tables. Default NULL reads all tables.
ziptab	If TRUE search for the tables that have been compressed and renamed ??<file>.zip'.
user_mode	Adjustment to the original code: usermode is set to "usermode = TRUE" in order to improve this function for purposes of <code>pmx_nm()</code> ( <code>nonmem_reader.R</code> ), In order to use this function seperately, the use of the original function in the <code>xpose</code> package is advised.
...	Additional arguments to be passed to the <code>read_table2</code> or <code>read_csv</code> functions.

## Table format requirement

When using `pmx_read_nm_tables` with the `combined` argument set to FALSE an ID column must be present in all data tables. When `combined` is set to TRUE instead an ID column must be present in at least one table for each problem and for each ‘firstronly’ category. ID columns are required to properly combine/merge tables and removing NA records. If the ID column is missing from a table and `combined = FALSE` `pmx_read_nm_tables` will return the following warning: Unknown variables: `ID`. While the data is returned beware that NA records might be left in the data and the output should be checked carefully. If `combined = TRUE` `pmx_read_nm_tables` is more strict and will return the following warning instead: Dropped `<tablenames>` due to missing required `ID` column..

## Examples

```
## Not run:

# Adjustment to the original code: usermode is set to "usermode = TRUE"
# in order to improve this function for purposes of pmx_nm() (nonmem_reader.R)
# In order to use this function seperately, the use of the original function in
# the xpose package is advised.

# Import tables manually and return them as a list of individual tables
nm_tables <- pmx_read_nm_tables(file = c('sdtab001', 'patab001'),
                                 dir = 'models', combined = FALSE)

# Import tables manually and return them as a single merged table
nm_tables <- pmx_read_nm_tables(file = c('sdtab001', 'patab001'),
                                 dir = 'models', combined = TRUE)

## End(Not run)
```

**pmx\_register\_plot**      *Register plot*

### Description

Register plot

### Usage

```
pmx_register_plot(ctr, pp, pname = NULL)
```

### Arguments

ctr	pmxClass controller
pp	ggplot2 plot
pname	character plot nme

**pmx\_report**      *Generates ggpmX report from a pre-defined template*

### Description

Generates ggpmX report from a pre-defined template

### Usage

```
pmx_report(
  contr,
  name,
  save_dir,
  format = c("both", "plots", "report"),
  template = "standing",
  footnote = format == "both",
  edit = FALSE,
  extension = NULL,
  title,
  ...
)
```

## Arguments

contr	pmxClass controller
name	character The report name
save_dir	Output directory. A directory to write the results files to
format	character the result type, can be a standalone directory of plots or a report document as defined in the template (pdf, docx,..) ,or both
template	character ggPMX predefined template or the path to a custom rmarkdwon template. Use <a href="#">pmx_report_template</a> to get the list of available templates
footnote	logical TRUE to add a footnote to the generated plots. The default footnote is to add the path where the plot is saved.
edit	logical TRUE to edit the template immediately
extension	character The output document format. By default, a word report is generated. User can specify one or more formats from c("word", "pdf", "html", "all"). extnes- tion "all" to generate all formats.
title	character report title (optional)
...	extra parameters depending in the template used

## Details

pmx\_report uses pre-defined template .Rmd to generate the report. The idea is to pass the controller as a report argument using knitr params artifact.

## Examples

```
library(ggPMX)
# you probably want to create the report in your own directory
# But using a temp directory allows for easy cleanup

## case1: generate a single report
withr::with_tempdir(){

  ctr <- theophylline()
  ctr %>% pmx_report(
    name = "my_report",
    save_dir = getwd(),
    format="report")
}

## case2: generate standalone plots
withr::with_tempdir{
  ctr <- theophylline()
  ctr %>% pmx_report(
```

```

name = "my_report",
save_dir = getwd(),
format="plots")
})

## case3: generate both : reports + plots
## by default add footnote
## Note, you can force footnote to FALSE using footnote parameter
withr::with_tempdir({

  ctr <- theophylline()
  ctr %>% pmx_report(
    name = "my_report",
    save_dir = getwd(),
    format="both")

})

## case4 : generate standalone plots with footnotes
withr::with_tempdir({

  ctr <- theophylline()
  ctr %>% pmx_report(
    name = "my_report",
    save_dir = getwd(),
    footnote=TRUE,
    format="plots")

})

## case6: dynamic edit
## uncomment to run
# ctr <- theophylline()
# ctr %>% pmx_report(
#   save_dir = file.path(getwd(),"case6"),
#   name = "my_report",
#   format="report",
#   edit = TRUE)

## case7 : generate individual plots report
## ctr <- theophylline()
## ctr %>% pmx_report(
##   name="report2",
##   save_dir = getwd(),

```

```
##   template="individual",
##   format="both",
##   which_pages=1:2
## )
```

---

pmx\_report\_template     *Gets build-in report templates*

---

### Description

Gets build-in report templates

### Usage

```
pmx_report_template()
```

### Value

list of templates names

### Examples

```
pmx_report_template()
```

---

pmx\_settings             *Create controller global settings*

---

### Description

Create controller global settings

### Usage

```
pmx_settings(
  is.draft = TRUE,
  use.abbrev = TRUE,
  color.scales = NULL,
  cats.labels = NULL,
  use.labels = FALSE,
  use.titles = TRUE,
  effects = NULL,
  ...
)
```

### Arguments

<code>is.draft</code>	logical if FALSE any plot is without draft annotation
<code>use.abbrev</code>	logical if FALSE use full description from abbreviation mapping for axis names
<code>color.scales</code>	list list containing elements of scale_color_manual
<code>cats.labels</code>	list list of named vectors for each factor
<code>use.labels</code>	logical if TRUE replace factor named by cats.labels
<code>use.titles</code>	logical FALSE to generate plots without titles
<code>effects</code>	list list of effects levels and labels
<code>...</code>	extra parameter not used yet

### Value

`pmxSettingsClass` object

### Examples

```

library(ggPMX)
library(ggplot2)
ctr <- theophylline(
  settings=
    pmx_settings(
      color.scales=list(
        "Study",
        labels=c("Study 1","Study 2"),
        values=c("1"="lightyellow","2"="lightblue")),
      cats.labels=list(
        SEX=c("0"="M","1"="F"),
        STUD=c("1"="Study 1","2"="Study 2")
      ),
      use.abbrev=TRUE,
      is.draft=TRUE,
      use.labels=TRUE
    )
  )

ctr %>%
  pmx_plot_npde_time(strat.color="STUD",strat.facet=~SEX)
#
#
ctr %>%
  pmx_plot_eta_box(strat.color="STUD", strat.facet =~SEX)

ctr %>% pmx_plot_eta_hist

```

---

pmx\_sim                    *Create simulation object*

---

## Description

Create simulation object

## Usage

```
pmx_sim(file, data, irun, idv)
```

## Arguments

file	character path to the simulation file
data	data.table simulation data
irun	character name of the simulation column
idv	character name of the ind. variable

## Examples

```
library(ggPMX)

theo_path <- file.path(
  system.file(package = "ggPMX"), "testdata",
  "theophylline"
)
WORK_DIR <- file.path(theo_path, "Monolix")
input_file <- file.path(theo_path, "data_pk.csv")
vpc_file <- file.path(theo_path, "sim.csv")

ctr <- pmx_mlx(
  config = "standing",
  directory = WORK_DIR,
  input = input_file,
  dv = "Y",
  dvid = "dvid",
  cats = c("SEX"),
  conts = c("WT0", "AGE0"),
  strats = "STUD",
  settings = pmx_settings(
    use.labels=TRUE,
    cats.labels=list(
      SEX=c("0"="Male", "1"="Female")
    )
  ),
  sim = pmx_sim(
    file = vpc_file,
    irun ="rep",
```

```

    idv="TIME"
)
)

ctr %>% pmx_plot_vpc(
  strat.facet="SEX",
  facets=list(nrow=2),
  type="percentile",
  is.draft = FALSE,
  pi = pmx_vpc_pi(interval = c(0.1,0.9),
    median=list(color="green"),
    extreme= list(color="green")),
  obs = pmx_vpc_obs(color="blue",shape=18,size=2),
  ci = pmx_vpc_ci(interval = c(0.1,0.9),
    median=list(fill="pink")),
  bin=pmx_vpc_bin("kmeans",n=5)
)
ctr %>%
  pmx_plot_vpc(bin= pmx_vpc_bin(
    style = "fixed",
    fixedBreaks=c(-10,2, 5, 10,15,50))
)
# example with legend

ctr %>% pmx_plot_vpc(
  is.legend = TRUE,
  pi = pmx_vpc_pi(interval=c(0.02,0.98),median = list(linetype="dotted")),
  ci = pmx_vpc_ci(interval = c(0.05,0.95),median=list(fill="red"))
)

```

**pmx\_theme***Define ggPMX theme***Description**

This theme is a simple wrapper gdoc theme from ggthemr package.

**Usage**

```
pmx_theme(...)
```

**Arguments**

... can contain any valid argument of ggplot2 **theme** object.

---

<code>pmx_update</code>	<i>Update plot object</i>
-------------------------	---------------------------

---

## Description

Update plot object

## Usage

```
pmx_update(
  ctr,
  pname,
  strat.color = NULL,
  strat.facet = NULL,
  color.scales = NULL,
  filter = NULL,
  trans = NULL,
  ...,
  pmxgpar = NULL
)
```

## Arguments

<code>ctr</code>	pmxClass controller object
<code>pname</code>	character the plot name to update
<code>strat.color</code>	character optional stratification parameter
<code>strat.facet</code>	formula optional stratification parameter
<code>color.scales</code>	list can be used with strat.color to set scale_color_manual <a href="#">pmx_gpar</a> function.
<code>filter</code>	optional filter which will be applied to plotting data
<code>trans</code>	character define the transformation to apply on x or y or both variables
<code>...</code>	others graphical parameters given to set the plot
<code>pmxgpar</code>	a object of class pmx_gpar possibly the output of the

## Details

`trans` is a transformation that user can apply to x, or y coordinates. The transformation is applied to the data before the plotting. This gives more flexibility to the user and also conserves all static positions like annotations ( draft specially)

For example:

`var_x` apply variance to x coordinates the variance function

`var_xy` apply variance to both This mechanism is applied internally to scale log.

## Value

controller object with the plot updated

**See Also**

Other pmxclass: [get\\_cats\(\)](#), [get\\_consts\(\)](#), [get\\_covariates\(\)](#), [get\\_data\(\)](#), [get\\_occ\(\)](#), [get\\_plot\\_config\(\)](#), [get\\_plot\(\)](#), [get\\_strats\(\)](#), [plot\\_names\(\)](#), [plots\(\)](#), [set\\_data\(\)](#), [set\\_plot\(\)](#)

**pmx\_vpc***Creates vpc object***Description**

Creates vpc object

**Usage**

```
pmx_vpc(
  type = c("percentile", "scatter"),
  idv = "TIME",
  obs = pmx_vpc_obs(),
  pi = pmx_vpc_pi(),
  ci = pmx_vpc_ci(),
  rug = pmx_vpc_rug(),
  bin = pmx_vpc_bin(),
  labels = NULL,
  facets = NULL,
  is.legend = TRUE,
  is.footnote = TRUE,
  dname = NULL,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>type</code>	charcater can be either percentile or scatter
<code>idv</code>	chracater individual variable
<code>obs</code>	pmx_vpc_obs object observation layer <a href="#">pmx_vpc_obs</a>
<code>pi</code>	pmx_vpc_pi object percentile layer <a href="#">pmx_vpc_pi</a>
<code>ci</code>	pmx_vpc_ci object confidence interval layer <a href="#">pmx_vpc_ci</a>
<code>rug</code>	pmx_vpc_rug object rug layer <a href="#">pmx_vpc_rug</a>
<code>bin</code>	pmx_vpc_bin object <a href="#">pmx_vpc_bin</a>
<code>labels</code>	list define title and axis labels
<code>facets</code>	is a list of parameters passed to facet_wrap in case of startification
<code>is.legend</code>	logical if TRUE add legend
<code>is.footnote</code>	logical if TRUE add footnote
<code>dname</code>	added for compatibility with other ggPMX plots
<code>...</code>	extra parameters passed to base graphical parameters

**See Also**

Other vpc: [pmx\\_plot\\_vpc\(\)](#), [pmx\\_vpc\\_bin\(\)](#), [pmx\\_vpc\\_ci\(\)](#), [pmx\\_vpc\\_obs\(\)](#), [pmx\\_vpc\\_pi\(\)](#), [pmx\\_vpc\\_rug\(\)](#)

---

`pmx_vpc_bin`

*Creates vpc bins*

---

**Description**

Creates vpc bins

**Usage**

```
pmx_vpc_bin(style, within_strat = TRUE, seed = 42, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>style</code>	character style chosen on of the: "fixed", "sd", "equal", "pretty", "quantile", "kmeans", "hclust" or "jenks"
<code>within_strat</code>	logical if TRUE compute the binning for each strat level. By default t is false and binning are equal for all stratifications levels.
<code>seed</code>	integer used in set.seed call to ensure reproducibility if style is "kmeans". Set to NULL if this is not desired.
<code>...</code>	other classInt::classIntervals parameters excpet style and n

**Details**

This is a wrapper to the bin based VPC

**See Also**

Other vpc: [pmx\\_plot\\_vpc\(\)](#), [pmx\\_vpc\\_ci\(\)](#), [pmx\\_vpc\\_obs\(\)](#), [pmx\\_vpc\\_pi\(\)](#), [pmx\\_vpc\\_rug\(\)](#), [pmx\\_vpc\(\)](#)

---

pmx_vpc_ci	<i>Sets vpc confidence interval layer</i>
------------	---

---

## Description

Sets vpc confidence interval layer

## Usage

```
pmx_vpc_ci(
  show = c("all", "median"),
  interval = c(0.025, 0.975),
  method = c("ribbon", "rectangle"),
  median = list(fill = "red", alpha = 0.3),
  extreme = list(fill = "#3388cc", alpha = 0.3)
)
```

## Arguments

<b>show</b>	charcater how areas are displayed:
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>show="all"</b> areas will be displayed for each of the 3 percentiles.</li> <li>• <b>show="median"</b> Show only median area.</li> </ul>
<b>interval</b>	numeric quantiles values default to c(.05, .95)
<b>method</b>	charcater which areas are displayed:
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>method="ribbon"</b> areas are ribbons.</li> <li>• <b>method="rectangle"</b> ares are horizontal rectangles.</li> </ul>
<b>median</b>	list containing:
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>fill</b> character Color of the area representing the CI for the median. Default: "#3388cc".</li> <li>• <b>alpha</b> numeric Transparency of the area representing the PI for the median. Default=0.3.</li> </ul>
<b>extreme</b>	list containing:
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>fill</b> character Color of the area representing the CI for the extreme percentiles. Default: "#3388cc".</li> <li>• <b>alpha</b> numeric Transparency of the area representing the PI for the extreme percentiles. Default=0.3.</li> </ul>

## See Also

Other vpc: [pmx\\_plot\\_vpc\(\)](#), [pmx\\_vpc\\_bin\(\)](#), [pmx\\_vpc\\_obs\(\)](#), [pmx\\_vpc\\_pi\(\)](#), [pmx\\_vpc\\_rug\(\)](#), [pmx\\_vpc\(\)](#)

---

pmx_vpc_obs	<i>Sets vpc observation layer</i>
-------------	-----------------------------------

---

## Description

Sets vpc observation layer

## Usage

```
pmx_vpc_obs(show = TRUE, color = "#000000", size = 1, alpha = 0.7, shape = 1)
```

## Arguments

show	logical if TRUE show observation points
color	character Color of the observed endpoint values. Default: "#000000".
size	numeric Size of the observed endpoint values. Default: 1.
alpha	numeric Transparency of the observed endpoint values. Default: 0.7.
shape	numeric Shape of the observed endpoint values. Default: 1.

## See Also

Other vpc: [pmx\\_plot\\_vpc\(\)](#), [pmx\\_vpc\\_bin\(\)](#), [pmx\\_vpc\\_ci\(\)](#), [pmx\\_vpc\\_pi\(\)](#), [pmx\\_vpc\\_rug\(\)](#), [pmx\\_vpc\(\)](#)

---

pmx_vpc_pi	<i>Sets vpc percentile layer</i>
------------	----------------------------------

---

## Description

Sets vpc percentile layer

## Usage

```
pmx_vpc_pi(  
  show = c("all", "median", "area"),  
  interval = c(0.05, 0.95),  
  median = list(color = "#000000", size = 1, alpha = 0.7, linetype = "solid"),  
  extreme = list(color = "#000000", size = 1, alpha = 0.7, linetype = "dashed"),  
  area = list(fill = "blue", alpha = 0.1)  
)
```

## Arguments

<code>show</code>	character how lines are displayed:
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>show=all</b> lines will be displayed for each of the 3 percentiles. with a shaded area.</li> <li>• <b>show=median</b> Show only median line.</li> <li>• <b>show=area</b> Show only median line and the shaded area</li> </ul>
<code>interval</code>	numeric quantiles values default to <code>c(.05, .95)</code>
<code>median</code>	list containing:
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>color</b> character Color of the median percentile line. Default: "#000000".</li> <li>• <b>size</b> numeric Thickness of the median percentile line. Default: 1.</li> <li>• <b>alpha</b> numeric Transparency of the median percentile line. Default: 0.7.</li> <li>• <b>linetype</b> character Linetype of the median percentile line. Default: "solid".</li> </ul>
<code>extreme</code>	list containing:
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>color</b> character Color of the median percentile line. Default: "#000000".</li> <li>• <b>size</b> numeric Thickness of the median percentile line. Default: 1.</li> <li>• <b>alpha</b> numeric Transparency of the median percentile line. Default: 0.7.</li> <li>• <b>linetype</b> character Linetype of the median percentile line. Default: "solid"</li> </ul>
<code>area</code>	list containing:
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>fill</b> character Color of the shaded area. Default: "blue".</li> <li>• <b>alpha</b> numeric Transparency of the shaded area. Default: 0.1.</li> </ul>

## See Also

Other vpc: [pmx\\_plot\\_vpc\(\)](#), [pmx\\_vpc\\_bin\(\)](#), [pmx\\_vpc\\_ci\(\)](#), [pmx\\_vpc\\_obs\(\)](#), [pmx\\_vpc\\_rug\(\)](#), [pmx\\_vpc\(\)](#)

`pmx_vpc_rug`

*Sets vpc rug layer*

## Description

Sets vpc rug layer

## Usage

```
pmx_vpc_rug(show = TRUE, color = "#000000", size = 1, alpha = 0.7)
```

**Arguments**

show	logical If TRUE show bin separators
color	character Color of the rug. Default: "#000000".
size	numeric Thickness of the rug. Default: 1.
alpha	numeric Transparency of the rug. Default: 0.7.

**Details**

When the vpc confidence interval layer method is rectangles we don't show rug separators.

**See Also**

Other vpc: [pmx\\_plot\\_vpc\(\)](#), [pmx\\_vpc\\_bin\(\)](#), [pmx\\_vpc\\_ci\(\)](#), [pmx\\_vpc\\_obs\(\)](#), [pmx\\_vpc\\_pi\(\)](#), [pmx\\_vpc\(\)](#)

---

`print.abbreviation`      *S3 print abbreviation*

---

**Description**

S3 print abbreviation

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'abbreviation'  
print(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x	object of class configs
...	pass additional options (not used presently)

**Value**

print abbreviation

---

<code>print.configs</code>	<i>This function can be used to print configuration of the defined object using S3 method.</i>
----------------------------	--

---

**Description**

This function can be used to print configuration of the defined object using S3 method.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'configs'
print(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>x</code>	object of class configs
<code>...</code>	pass additional options (not used presently)

**Value**

print result

---

<code>print.pmxClass</code>	<i>Print pmxClass object</i>
-----------------------------	------------------------------

---

**Description**

Print pmxClass object

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'pmxClass'
print(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>x</code>	pmxClass object
<code>...</code>	additinal arguments to pass to print

**Value**

print object to screen

---

print.pmxConfig      *S3 method print pmxConfig object*

---

**Description**

S3 method print pmxConfig object

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'pmxConfig'  
print(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x	pmxConfig object
...	additional arguments to pass to print (unused currently)

**Value**

invisible object

---

print.pmx\_gpar      *Print pmx\_gpar object*

---

**Description**

Print pmx\_gpar object

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'pmx_gpar'  
print(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x	pmx_gpar object
...	argument passed to print ( to satisfy generic)

**Value**

a character description of graphical parameters

---

<code>read_extfile</code>	<i>Reads .ext files generated by NONMEM</i>
---------------------------	---

---

## Description

Reads .ext files generated by NONMEM

## Usage

```
read_extfile(
  run = NA_real_,
  project = getwd(),
  file = paste0(run, ".ext"),
  path = NULL,
  read_fun = c("data.table", "read.table"),
  quiet
)
```

## Arguments

<code>run</code>	run a run number or run identifier
<code>project</code>	project the NONMEM project directory
<code>file</code>	file the 'ext' file name
<code>path</code>	path full path and file name for 'ext' file
<code>read_fun</code>	read_fun function to read the 'ext' file
<code>quiet</code>	Logical, if FALSE messages are printed to the console.

## Value

A list with param, omega, and sigma in a format ready to be used.

## Author(s)

This function is based on read\_nmext from mrgsolve, Original Author: Kyle T Baron. This function has some changes to the original code: Addition of param, "quiet", (option of pmx\_msg function, from xpose package) (Line: 27) The code was slightly adjusted to check for multiple tables and also extract SE (ITERATION == 1000000001) (Line: 44-58, Line: 86-96, respectively) The output was also slightly adjusted to fit ggPMX output (df and df2) (Line: 105,106) as\_bmat was replaced by bmat\_like to create the diagonal matrix (Line 116:142)

## Examples

```
#project <- system.file("nonmem", package = "mrgsolve")
#est <- read_nmext(1005, project = project)
```

---

read_input	<i>Read Modelling input data</i>
------------	----------------------------------

---

## Description

Read Modelling input data

## Usage

```
read_input(  
  ipath,  
  dv,  
  dvid,  
  cats = "",  
  conts = "",  
  strats = "",  
  occ = "",  
  endpoint = NULL,  
  id = NULL,  
  time = NULL  
)
```

## Arguments

ipath	full path of the input file
dv	character the name of measurable variable used in the input modelling file
dvid	character observation type parameter
cats	[Optional]character vector of categorical covariates
conts	[Optional]character vector of continuous covariates
strats	[Optional]character extra stratification variables
occ	[Optional]character inter individual occasion variables
endpoint	integer null in case of a single endpoint otherwise the index of endpoints.
id	character the name of identifier variable used in the input modelling file.
time	character the name of time variable used in the input modelling file

## Value

data.table well formatted containing modelling input data

---

**read\_mlx\_ind\_est**      *Read MONOLIX individual parameters*

---

**Description**

Read MONOLIX individual parameters

**Usage**

```
read_mlx_ind_est(path, x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

path	character path to the file
x	dataset object
...	extra parameter not used

**Value**

data.table object

---

**read\_mlx\_par\_est**      *Read MONOLIX parameter estimation file*

---

**Description**

Read MONOLIX parameter estimation file

**Usage**

```
read_mlx_par_est(path, x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

path	character path to the file
x	dataset object
...	extra parameter not used

**Value**

data.table object

---

`read_mlx_pred`

*Read MONOLIX model predictions*

---

### Description

Read MONOLIX model predictions

### Usage

```
read_mlx_pred(path, x, ...)
```

### Arguments

path	character path to the file
x	dataset object
...	extra parameter not used

### Value

data.table object

---

`residual`

*This function create a residual for each observed value and also generates a residual distribution*

---

### Description

This function create a residual for each observed value and also generates a residual distribution

### Usage

```
residual(
  x,
  y,
  labels = NULL,
  point = NULL,
  is.hline = FALSE,
  hline = NULL,
  dname = NULL,
  facets = NULL,
  bloq = NULL,
  ...
)
```

## Arguments

x	x axis aesthetics
y	y axis aesthetics
labels	list that contain title,subtitle, axis labels
point	geom point graphical parameters
is.hline	logical if TRUE add horizontal line y=0 ( TRUE by default)
hline	geom hline graphical parameters
dname	name of dataset to be used
facets	list wrap facetting in case of strat.facet
bloq	pmxBL0Q object created by <a href="#">pmx_bloq</a>
...	others graphics arguments passed to <a href="#">pmx_gpar</a> internal object.

## Details

Some parameters are a list of parameters :

**point** is a list that contains:

- **shape:** default to 1
- **color:** default to black
- **size:** default to 1

**labels** is a list that contains:

- **title:** plot title default to AES\_X versus AES\_Y
- **subtitle:** plot subtitle default empty
- **x:** x axis label default to AES\_X
- **y:** y axis label default to AES\_Y

## Value

a residual object

## See Also

[plot\\_pmx.residual](#)

---

residual\_scatter      *Scatter residual plots*

---

### Description

Scatter residual plots  
DV vs PRED plot  
DV vs IPRED plot  
IWRES vs IPRED plot  
|IWRES| vs IPRED plot  
|IWRES| vs TIME plot  
IWRES vs TIME plot  
NPDE vs TIME plot  
NPDE vs PRED plot  
NPD vs TIME plot  
NPD vs EPRED plot  
NPD vs PRED plot  
CWRES vs TIME plot  
CWRES vs CPRED plot  
CWRES vs PRED plot

### Usage

```
residual_scatter(  
  sim.blq,  
  point,  
  is.hline,  
  hline,  
  dname,  
  bloq,  
  filter,  
  strat.facet,  
  facets,  
  strat.color,  
  trans,  
  pmxgpar,  
  labels,  
  axis.title,  
  axis.text,  
  ranges,  
  is.smooth,  
  smooth,
```

```

is.band,
band,
is.draft,
draft,
is.identity_line,
identity_line,
scale_x_log10,
scale_y_log10,
color.scales,
...
)

pmx_plot_dv_pred(ctr, ...)

pmx_plot_dv_ipred(ctr, ...)

pmx_plot_iwres_ipred(ctr, ...)

pmx_plot_abs_iwres_ipred(ctr, ...)

pmx_plot_abs_iwres_time(ctr, ...)

pmx_plot_iwres_time(ctr, ...)

pmx_plot_npde_time(ctr, ...)

pmx_plot_npde_pred(ctr, ...)

pmx_plot_npd_time(ctr, ...)

pmx_plot_npd_epred(ctr, ...)

pmx_plot_npd_pred(ctr, ...)

pmx_plot_cwres_time(ctr, ...)

pmx_plot_cwres_cpred(ctr, ...)

pmx_plot_cwres_pred(ctr, ...)

```

## Arguments

<code>sim.blq</code>	logical if TRUE uses sim.blq values for plotting. Only for Monolix 2018 and later.
<code>point</code>	list geom_point graphical parameters.
<code>is.hline</code>	logical if TRUE add horizontal line y=0 ( TRUE by default).
<code>hline</code>	list geom_hline graphical parameters.

dname	character name of dataset to be used. User can create his own dataset using <a href="#">set_data</a> and pass it as dname to be plotted.
bloq	pmxBLOQ object created by <a href="#">pmx_bloq</a> .
<b>pmx_update parameters</b>	
filter	expression filter which will be applied to plotting data.
strat.facet	formula optional stratification parameter by facetting. This split plot by strats(each strat in a facet)
facets	list facet_wrap parameters.
strat.color	character optional stratification parameter by grouping. This will split the plot by group (color) of strat.
trans	character define the transformation to apply on x or y or both variables
pmxgpar	a object of class pmx_gpar possibly the output of the <b>pmx_gpar: Shared basic graphics parameters</b>
labels	list list containing plot and/or axis labels: title, subtitle, x , y
axis.title	list containing element_text attributes to customize the axis title. (similar to ggplot2 axis.title theme)
axis.text	list containing element_text attributes to customize the axis text (similar to ggplot2 axis.text theme)
ranges	list limits of x/y ranges
is.smooth	logical if set to TRUE add smooth layer
smooth	list geom_smooth graphical/smoothing fun parameters
is.band	logical if TRUE add horizontal band
band	list horizontal band parameters. geom_hline graphical parameters.
is.draft	logical if TRUE add draft layer
draft	list draft layer parameters. geom_text graphical parameters.
is.identity_line	logical if TRUE add an identity line
identity_line	listgeom_abline graphical parameters.
scale_x_log10	logical if TRUE use log10 scale for x axis.
scale_y_log10	logical if TRUE use log10 scale for y axis.
color.scales	list define scales parameter in case of strat.color <a href="#">pmx_settings</a>
...	others graphics parameters passed : <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">pmx_gpar</a> internal function to customize shared graphical parameters</li><li>• <a href="#">residual</a> generic object for all residual (scatter) plots .</li><li>• <a href="#">pmx_update</a> function.</li><li>• aess can be used to change time variable within the plot (e.g. aess = list(x="TADQBW"))</li></ul>
	<b>residual parameters</b>
ctr	pmx controller

**Value**

`ggplot2` object

**Examples**

```
# NOTES #####
# examples are available for all residual plots:
# - pmx_plot_abs_iwres_ipred
# - pmx_plot_dv_ipred
# - pmx_plot_dv_pred
# - pmx_plot_iwres_ipred
# - pmx_plot_iwres_time
# - pmx_plot_npde_time

# basic use -----
ctr <- theophylline()
p <- ctr %>% pmx_plot_dv_pred()
## p is a ggplot2 object you can add any layer here
p + ggplot2::theme_minimal()

# update graphical parameter -----
## update labels
ctr %>% pmx_plot_dv_pred(
  labels = list(title = "DV versus PRED new title")
)

## remove draft
ctr %>% pmx_plot_dv_pred(is.draft = FALSE)

## remove horizontal line
ctr %>% pmx_plot_dv_pred(is.hline = FALSE)

## custom point aes and static parameters
## we can customize any geom_point parameter
ctr %>% pmx_plot_dv_pred(
  point = list(aes(alpha = DV), color = "green", shape = 4)
)

# stratification -----
## continuous stratification
ctr %>% pmx_plot_dv_pred(strat.color = "WT0")
## categorical stratification
ctr %>% pmx_plot_dv_pred(strat.facet = "SEX")
## using formula notation
ctr %>% pmx_plot_dv_pred(strat.facet = STUD~SEX)
```

```
# subsetting -----
## we can use any expression involving the data
ctr %>% pmx_plot_dv_pred(filter = DV > mean(DV) & PRED < median(PRED))
## filter and stratify
ctr %>% pmx_plot_dv_pred(filter = SEX == 1, strat.facet = ~SEX)

# transformation -----
## apply a log transformation in y
ctr %>% pmx_plot_dv_pred(trans = "log10_y")
```

---

set_abbrev	<i>update or add a new abbreviation</i>
------------	---

---

### Description

update or add a new abbreviation

### Usage

```
set_abbrev(ctr, ...)
```

### Arguments

ctr	pmxClass controller object
...	Options to set or add, with the form name = value.

### Examples

```
ctr <- theophylline()
ctr %>% set_abbrev("new_param" = "new value")
ctr %>% get_abbrev("new_param")
```

---

set_data	<i>Set a controller data set</i>
----------	----------------------------------

---

### Description

Set a controller data set

### Usage

```
set_data(ctr, ..., envir = parent.frame())
```

### Arguments

<code>ctr</code>	the controller object
<code>...</code>	a named list parameters (see example)
<code>envir</code>	the <code>environment</code> in which <code>expr</code> is to be evaluated. May also be <code>NULL</code> , a list, a data frame, a pairlist or an integer as specified to <code>sys.call</code> .

### Details

This function can be used to set an existing data set or to create a new one. The basic idea is to change the built-in data set (change the factor level names, change some rows values or apply any other data set operation) and use the new data set using the `dname` parameter of `pmx_plot` family functions.

### See Also

Other pmxclass: `get_cats()`, `get_conts()`, `get_covariates()`, `get_data()`, `get_occ()`, `get_plot_config()`, `get_plot()`, `get_strats()`, `plot_names()`, `plots()`, `pmx_update()`, `set_plot()`

### Examples

```
ctr <- theophylline()
dx <- ctr %>% get_data("eta")
dx <- dx[, EFFECT := factor(
  EFFECT,
  levels = c("ka", "V", "Cl"),
  labels = c("Concentration", "Volume", "Clearance")
)]
## update existing data set
ctr %>% set_data(eta = dx)
## or create a new data set
ctr %>% set_data(eta_long = dx)
```

### `set_plot`

*Create a new plot of the desired type*

### Description

Create a new plot of the desired type

### Usage

```
set_plot(
  ctr,
  ptype = c("IND", "DIS", "SCATTER", "ETA_PAIRS", "ETA_COV", "PMX_QQ", "VPC",
    "PMX_DENS"),
  pname,
  use.defaults = TRUE,
```

```

filter = NULL,
strat.color = NULL,
strat.facet = NULL,
color.scales = NULL,
trans = NULL,
...
)

```

**Arguments**

ctr	pmxClass controller object
ptype	plot type can be: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• "IND" Individual plot type: <a href="#">individual</a></li> <li>• "DIS" Distribution plot type : <a href="#">distrib</a></li> <li>• "SCATTER" Residual plot type :<a href="#">residual</a></li> </ul>
pname	plot name, if missing it will be created using function aesthetics
use.defaults	logical if FALSE do not use defaults defined in yaml init files
filter	optional filter which will be applied to plotting data
strat.color	character
strat.facet	formula define categorical stratification as formula
color.scales	list can be used with strat.color to set scale_color_manual
trans	list transformation operator
...	other plot parameters to configure <a href="#">pmx_gpar</a> .

**Value**

invisible ctr object

**See Also**

Other pmxclass: [get\\_cats\(\)](#), [get\\_conts\(\)](#), [get\\_covariates\(\)](#), [get\\_data\(\)](#), [get\\_occ\(\)](#), [get\\_plot\\_config\(\)](#), [get\\_plot\(\)](#), [get\\_strats\(\)](#), [plot\\_names\(\)](#), [plots\(\)](#), [pmx\\_update\(\)](#), [set\\_data\(\)](#)

theophylline

*Creates pmx controller using theophylline data*

**Description**

Creates pmx controller using theophylline data

**Usage**

```
theophylline(settings = NULL, ...)
```

**Arguments**

settings	<code>pmxSettings</code> object
...	other parameters of <code>pmx_ml</code> like endpoint

**Value**

`pmx controller`

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
theophylline()

## End(Not run)
```

<i>wrap_formula</i>	<i>merge facets formula with new formula</i>
---------------------	--

**Description**

merge facets formula with new formula

**Usage**

```
wrap_formula(x, origin = "lfacet")
```

**Arguments**

x	<code>formula</code> object
origin	the origin formula default to <code>~lfacets</code>

**Value**

`formula` object

---

*[.pmx\_gpar*

---

*Method for subsetting "pmx\_gpar" objects*

---

### Description

Method for subsetting "pmx\_gpar" objects

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'pmx_gpar'  
x[index, ...]
```

### Arguments

x	pmx_gpar object
index	can be character/integer of element
...	other parameter (not used just for generic)

### Value

if exists the parameter description

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