Package 'ggwordcloud'

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```
Type Package
Title A Word Cloud Geom for 'ggplot2'
Version 0.5.0
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Description Provides a word cloud text geom for 'ggplot2'. Texts
     are placed so that they do not overlap as in 'ggrepel'. The algorithm
     used is a variation around the one of 'wordcloud2.js'.
License GPL-3
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R topics documented:

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Description

geom_text_wordcloud adds text to the plot using a variation of the wordcloud2.js algorithm. The texts are layered around a spiral centered on the original position. This geom is based on geom_text_repel which in turn is based on geom_text. See the documentation for those functions for more details. By default, the font size is directly related to the size aesthetic. geom_text_wordcloud_area is an alias, with a different set of default, that chooses a font size so that the area of the text is now related to the size aesthetic.

Usage

```
geom_text_wordcloud(mapping = NULL, data = NULL, stat = "identity",
  position = "identity", ..., parse = FALSE, nudge_x = 0,
  nudge_y = 0, eccentricity = 0.65, rstep = 0.01, tstep = 0.02,
 perc_step = 0.01, max_steps = 10, grid_size = 4,
 max\_grid\_size = 128, grid\_margin = 1, xlim = c(NA, NA),
 ylim = c(NA, NA), seed = NA, rm_outside = FALSE,
  shape = "circle", mask = NA, area_corr = FALSE,
  area_corr_power = 1/0.7, na.rm = FALSE, show.legend = FALSE,
  inherit.aes = TRUE, show_boxes = FALSE)
geom_text_wordcloud_area(mapping = NULL, data = NULL,
  stat = "identity", position = "identity", ..., parse = FALSE,
  nudge_x = 0, nudge_y = 0, eccentricity = 0.65, rstep = 0.01,
  tstep = 0.02, perc_step = 0.01, max_steps = 10, grid_size = 4,
 max_grid_size = 128, grid_margin = 1, xlim = c(NA, NA),
 ylim = c(NA, NA), seed = NA, rm_outside = FALSE,
  shape = "circle", mask = NA, area_corr = TRUE,
  area_corr_power = 1/0.7, na.rm = FALSE, show.legend = FALSE,
  inherit.aes = TRUE, show_boxes = FALSE)
```

Arguments

mapping

Set of aesthetic mappings created by aes or aes_. If specified and inherit.aes = TRUE (the default), is combined with the default mapping at the top level of the plot.

geom_text_wordcloud

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You only need to supply mapping if there isn't a mapping defined for the plot. Note that if not specified both x and y are set to 0.5, i.e. the middle of the default panel. Two non classic aesthetics are defined angle_group and mask_group which define groups used respectively to use different angular sector and different masks in the word cloud.

data

A data frame. If specified, overrides the default data frame defined at the top level of the plot.

stat

The statistical transformation to use on the data for this layer, as a string.

position

Position adjustment, either as a string, or the result of a call to a position adjustment function.

other arguments passed on to layer. There are three types of arguments you can use here:

- Aesthetics: to set an aesthetic to a fixed value, like colour = "red" or size = 3.
- · Other arguments to the layer, for example you override the default stat associated with the layer.
- Other arguments passed on to the stat.

parse

If TRUE, the labels will be parsed into expressions and displayed as described in ?plotmath

nudge_x, nudge_y

Horizontal and vertical adjustments to nudge the starting position of each text label.

eccentricity

eccentricity of the spiral. Default to .65

rstep

relative wordcloud spiral radius increment after one full rotation. Default to .01.

tstep

wordcloud spiral angle increment at each step. Default to .02.

perc_step

parameter used to define the minimal distance between two successive candidate

positions on the ellipse. Default to .01

max_steps

maximum number of steps avoided thanks to this minimal criterion. Default to

10. Set to 1 to recover the previous behavior

grid_size

grid size used when creating the text bounding boxes. Default to 4

max_grid_size

maximum size of the bounding boxes. Default to 128

grid_margin

safety margin around the texts. Default to 1.

xlim, ylim

Limits for the x and y axes. Text labels will be constrained to these limits. By default, text labels are constrained to the entire plot area.

seed

Random seed passed to set.seed. Defaults to NA, which means that set.seed will not be called.

rm_outside

Remove the texts that could not be fitted. Default to FALSE

shape

select the shape of the clouds among circle, cardioid, diamond, square, triangle-forward, triangle-upright, pentagon, star. Default to circle

mask

a mask (or a list of masks) used to define a zone in which the text should be placed. Each mask should be coercible to a raster in which the color "black" defined the text zone. When a list of masks is given, the mask_group aesthetic defines which mask is going to be used. Default to NA, i.e. no mask.

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area_corr Set the font size so that the area is proportional to size aesthetic raised to a

certain power when the scale_size_area is used. As this is not the classical choice, the default is FALSE so that, by default, the length of the text is not taken into account. Good touch would bring set this to TDIUE by default.

into account. geom_text_wordcloud_area set this to TRUE by default.

area_corr_power

the power used in the area correction. Default to 1/.7 to match human perception.

na.rm Remove missing values if TRUE

show.legend is set by default to FALSE inherit.aes Inherits aesthetics if TRUE

show_boxes display the bounding boxes used in the placement algorithm is set to TRUE. De-

fault to FALSE.

Value

a ggplot

Examples

```
set.seed(42)
data("love_words_small")

ggplot(love_words_small, aes(label = word, size = speakers)) +
geom_text_wordcloud() +
scale_size_area(max_size = 20) +
theme_minimal()

ggplot(love_words_small, aes(label = word, size = speakers)) +
geom_text_wordcloud_area() +
scale_size_area(max_size = 20) +
theme_minimal()
```

ggwordcloud

wordcloud approximate replacement

Description

ggwordcloud is meant as an approximate replacement for wordcloud. It has almost the same syntax but allows only the words/freqs input. As the underlying algorithms are not strictly equal, the resulting wordcloud is only similar to the ones one can obtain with wordcloud.

Usage

```
ggwordcloud(words, freq, scale = c(4, 0.5), min.freq = 3,
  max.words = Inf, random.order = TRUE, random.color = FALSE,
  rot.per = 0.1, colors = "black", ordered.colors = FALSE, ...)
```

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Arguments

words	the words
freq	their frequencies
scale	A vector of length 2 indicating the range of the size of the words.
min.freq	words with frequency below min.freq will not be plotted
max.words	Maximum number of words to be plotted. least frequent terms dropped
random.order	plot words in random order. If false, they will be plotted in decreasing frequency
random.color	choose colors randomly from the colors. If false, the color is chosen based on the frequency
rot.per	proportion words with 90 degree rotation
colors	color words from least to most frequent
ordered.colors	if true, then colors are assigned to words in order
	Additional parameters to be passed to geom_text_wordcloud

Value

a ggplot

Examples

```
set.seed(42)
data("love_words_small")
ggwordcloud(love_words_small$word, love_words_small$speakers)
```

ggwordcloud2

wordcloud2 approximate replacement

Description

ggwordcloud2 is meant as an approximate replacement for wordcloud2. It has almost the same syntax but fewer options. In particular, there is no background image (so far...). As the underlying algorithms are not strictly equal, the resulting wordcloud is only similar to the ones one can obtain with wordcloud2.

Usage

```
ggwordcloud2(data, size = 1, color = "random-dark",
 minRotation = -pi/4, maxRotation = pi/4, shuffle = TRUE,
  rotateRatio = 0.4, shape = "circle", ellipticity = 0.65,
  figPath = NA, ...)
```

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Arguments

data a dataframe whose two first columns are the names and the freqs or a table

size scaling factor. Default to 1

color color scheme either "random-dark", "random-light" or a list of color of the size

of the dataframe. Default to "random-dark"

minRotation the minimal rotation angle maxRotation the maximal rotation angle

shuffle if TRUE, the words are shuffled at the beginning

rotateRatio the proportion of rotated words shape control the shape of the cloud

ellipticity control the eccentricity of the wordcloud

figPath path to an image used a mask

... the remaining parameters are passed to geom_text_wordcloud

Value

a ggplot

Examples

```
set.seed(42)
data("love_words_small")
ggwordcloud2(love_words_small[,c("word", "speakers")])
```

love_words

Love in several languages with number of speakers

Description

A dataset containing the word love in different languages (147 or 34 for the small one) as well as the number of native speakers and overall speakers of those languages.

Usage

```
love_words
love_words_small
```

Format

```
a data.frame with 147 observations (or 34 for the small one) of 4 variables
```

```
iso_639_3 the ISO 639-3 language codeword the word love in that languagenative_speakers number of native speakers in millionsspeakers number of speakers in millions
```

thankyou_words 7

Source

wikipedia

thankyou_words

'Thank you' in several languages with number of speakers

Description

A dataset containing the word 'Thank you' in different languages (133 or 34 for the small one) as well as the number of native speakers and overall speakers of those languages.

Usage

```
thankyou_words_small
```

Format

```
a data.frame with 133 observations (or 34 for the small one) of 4 variables iso_639_3 the ISO 639-3 language code word the word love in that language native_speakers number of native speakers in millions speakers number of speakers in millions
```

Source

wikipedia

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