Package 'greed'

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Type Package

Title Clustering and Model Selection with the Integrated Classification Likelihood

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 https://github.com/comeetie/greed

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Description An ensemble of algorithms that enable the clustering of networks and data matrices (such as counts, categorical or continuous) with different type of generative models. Model selection and clustering is performed in combination by optimizing the Integrated Classification Likelihood (which is equivalent to minimizing the description length). Several models are available such as: Stochastic Block Model, degree corrected Stochastic Block Model, Mixtures of Multinomial, Latent Block Model. The optimization is performed thanks to a combination of greedy local search and a genetic algorithm (see <arXiv:2002:11577> for more details).

License GPL

Depends R (>= 3.5.0)

Imports Rcpp (>= 1.0.0), Matrix, future, listenv, ggplot2, graphics, methods, stats,RSpectra,grid,gtable,gridExtra,cba,cli

LinkingTo Rcpp, RcppArmadillo

Suggests testthat, MASS, knitr, rmarkdown, spelling, igraph, tidygraph, ggraph

Encoding UTF-8

VignetteBuilder knitr

RoxygenNote 7.1.2.9000

Collate 'RcppExports.R' 'tools_misc.R' 'models_classes.R' 'fit_classes.R' 'tools_cleanpath.R' 'alg_genetic.R' 'alg_hybrid.R' 'alg_classes.R' 'alg_multistart.R' 'data.R' 'greed.R' 'model_combinedmodels.R' 'model_dclbm.R'

2 R topics documented:

$'model_dcsbm.R'\ 'model_diaggmm.R'\ 'model_gmm.R'\ 'model_lca.R$
'model_mom.R' 'model_mor.R' 'model_multsbm.R' 'model_sbm.R'
'tools generator.R' 'tools ploting.R'

Language en-US

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Description

An S4 class to represent an abstract optimization algorithm.

Description

Display the list of every currently available optimization algorithm

Usage

```
available_algorithms()
```

available_models

Display the list of every currently available DLVM

Description

Display the list of every currently available DLVM

Usage

```
available_models()
```

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Books

Books about US politics network dataset

Description

A network of books about US politics published around the time of the 2004 presidential election and sold by the online bookseller Amazon.com. Edges between books represent frequent co-purchasing of books by the same buyers. The network was compiled by V. Krebs and is unpublished, but can found on Krebs' web site. Thanks to Valdis Krebs for permission to post these data on this web site.

Usage

```
data(Books)
```

Format

An object of class list with two fields;

X network adjacency matrix as a sparseMatrix of size 105x105

label a factor of length (size 105) with levels "l", "n", or "c" to indicate whether the books are liberal, neutral, or conservative

Source

M. E. J. Newman Network datasets

Examples

```
data(Books)
```

clustering

Method to extract the clustering results from an IclFit-class object

Description

This method take a IclFit-class object and return an integer vector with the cluster assignments that were found.

Usage

```
clustering(fit)
## S4 method for signature 'IclFit'
clustering(fit)
```

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Arguments

fit an IclFit solution

Value

an integer vector with cluster assignments. Zero indicates noise points.

Methods (by class)

• IclFit: IclFit-class method

 $\verb|coef,DcLbmFit-method|| \textit{Extract parameters from an DcLbmFit-class object|}$

Description

Extract parameters from an DcLbmFit-class object

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'DcLbmFit'
coef(object)
```

Arguments

object a DcLbmFit-class

Value

a list with the model parameters estimates (MAP), the fields are:

- 'pirows': row cluster proportions
- 'picols': row cluster proportions
- 'thetakl': between clusters connection probabilities (matrix of size Krow x Kcol),
- 'gammarows': rows degree correction parameters (size Nrows),
- 'gammacols': cols degree correction parameters (size Ncols),

coef,DcSbmFit-method 7

coef,DcSbmFit-method Extract parameters from an DcSbmFit-class object

Description

Extract parameters from an DcSbmFit-class object

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'DcSbmFit'
coef(object)
```

Arguments

```
object a DcSbmFit-class
```

Details

in case of undirected graph

Value

a list with the model parameters estimates (MAP), the fields are the following for "directed" models :

- 'pi': cluster proportions
- 'thetakl': between cluster normalized connection intensities (matrix of size K x K),
- gammain: node in-degree correction parameter
- gammaout: node out-degree correction parameter

And as follow for un-directed models: #'

- 'pi': cluster proportions
- 'thetakl': between cluster normalized connection intensities (matrix of size K x K),
- gamma: node degree correction parameter

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```
coef, DiagGmmFit-method
```

Extract mixture parameters from DiagGmmFit-class object

Description

Extract mixture parameters from DiagGmmFit-class object

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'DiagGmmFit'
coef(object)
```

Arguments

```
object a DiagGmmFit-class
```

Value

a list with the mixture parameters estimates (MAP), the fields are:

- 'pi': cluster proportions
- 'muk': cluster means
- 'Sigmak': cluster co-variance matrices

coef,GmmFit-method

Extract mixture parameters from GmmFit-class object

Description

Extract mixture parameters from GmmFit-class object

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'GmmFit'
coef(object)
```

Arguments

object a GmmFit-class

Value

a list with the mixture parameters estimates (MAP), the fields are:

- 'pi': cluster proportions
- 'muk': cluster means
- 'Sigmak': cluster co-variance matrices

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coef, IclFit-method

Extract parameters from an IclFit-class object

Description

Extract parameters from an IclFit-class object

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'IclFit'
coef(object)
```

Arguments

object

a IclFit-class

Details

The results depends of the used model, in case the method is not yet implemented for a model, this generic method will be used. Which will return the obs_stats slot of the model.

Value

a list with the model parameters estimates (MAP)

coef,LcaFit-method

Extract parameters from an LcaFit-class object

Description

Extract parameters from an LcaFit-class object

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'LcaFit'
coef(object)
```

Arguments

```
object a LcaFit-class
```

Value

a list with the model parameters estimates (MAP), the fields are:

- 'pi': cluster proportions
- 'thetav': cluster profile probabilities (list of matrix of size K x Dv),

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coef, MoMFit-method

Extract parameters from an MoMFit-class object

Description

Extract parameters from an MoMFit-class object

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'MoMFit'
coef(object)
```

Arguments

object a MoMFit-class

Value

a list with the model parameters estimates (MAP), the fields are:

- 'pi': cluster proportions
- 'thetak': cluster profile probabilities (matrix of size K x D),

coef,MoRFit-method

Extract mixture parameters from MoRFit-class object using MAP estimation

Description

Extract mixture parameters from MoRFit-class object using MAP estimation

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'MoRFit'
coef(object)
```

Arguments

object a MoRFit-class

Value

a list with the mixture parameters estimates (MAP), the fields are:

- 'pi': cluster proportions
- 'A': cluster regression matrix
- 'Sigmak': cluster noise co-variance matrices

coef,MultSbmFit-method 11

```
coef, MultSbmFit-method
```

Extract parameters from an MultSbmFit-class object

Description

Extract parameters from an MultSbmFit-class object

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'MultSbmFit'
coef(object)
```

Arguments

object a MultSbmFit-class

Value

a list with the model parameters estimates (MAP), the fields are:

- 'pi': cluster proportions
- 'thetakl': cluster profile probabilities (array of size K x K x D),

coef,SbmFit-method

Extract parameters from an SbmFit-class object

Description

Extract parameters from an SbmFit-class object

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'SbmFit'
coef(object)
```

Arguments

```
object a SbmFit-class
```

Value

a list with the model parameters estimates (MAP), the fields are:

- 'pi': cluster proportions
- 'thetakl': between clusters connections probabilities (matrix of size K x K)

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CombinedModels

Combined Models classes

Description

An S4 class to represent a combined clustering models, where several models are used to model different datasets. A conditional independence assumption between the view knowing the cluster is made.

Usage

```
CombinedModels(models, alpha = 1)
```

Arguments

models a named list of DlvmPrior's object

alpha Dirichlet prior parameter over the cluster proportions (default to 1)

Details

The filed name in the models list must match the name of the list use to provide the datasets to cluster together.

Value

```
a CombinedModels-class object
```

See Also

```
CombinedModelsFit-class, CombinedModelsPath-class
```

```
Other DlvmModels: DcLbm, DcSbm, DiagGmm, DlvmPrior-class, Gmm, Lca, MoM, MoR, MultSbm, Sbm, greed()
```

Examples

```
CombinedModels(models = list(continuous = GmmPrior(), discrete = LcaPrior()))
```

CombinedModelsFit-class 13

CombinedModelsFit-class

Combined Models fit results class

Description

An S4 class to represent a fit of a degree corrected stochastic block model for co_clustering, extend IclFit-class.

Slots

model a DcSbm-class object to store the model fitted

name generative model name

icl icl value of the fitted model

K number of extracted clusters over row and columns

cl a numeric vector with row and columns cluster indexes

obs_stats a list with the following elements:

move_mat binary matrix which store move constraints

train_hist data.frame with training history information (details depends on the training procedure)

See Also

extractSubModel,CombinedModelsPath,character-method

CombinedModelsPath-class

Combined Models hierarchical fit results class

Description

An S4 class to represent a hierarchical fit of a degree corrected stochastic block model, extend IclPath-class.

Slots

model a DcSbm-class object to store the model fitted

name generative model name

icl icl value of the fitted model

K number of extracted clusters over row and columns

cl a numeric vector with row and columns cluster indexes

14 cut,DcLbmPath-method

obs_stats a list with the following elements:

path a list of size K-1 with each part of the path described by:

- icl1: icl value reach with this solution for alpha=1
- logalpha: log(alpha) value were this solution is better than its parent
- K: number of clusters
- cl: vector of cluster indexes
- k,l: index of the cluster that were merged at this step
- merge_mat: lower triangular matrix of delta icl values
- obs_stats: a list with the elements:

logalpha value of log(alpha)

ggtree data.frame with complete merge tree for easy plotting with ggplot2

tree numeric vector with merge tree tree[i] contains the index of i father

train_hist data.frame with training history information (details depends on the training procedure)

See Also

```
extractSubModel, CombinedModelsPath, character-method\\
```

cut, DcLbmPath-method Method to cut a DcLbmPath solution to a desired number of cluster

Description

This method take a DcLbmPath-class and an integer K and return the solution from the path with K clusters

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'DcLbmPath' \operatorname{cut}(x, K)
```

Arguments

x A an DcLbmPath-class solution

K Desired number of cluster

Value

an IclPath-class object with the desired number of cluster

cut,IcIPath-method 15

cut, IclPath-method

Generic method to cut a path solution to a desired number of cluster

Description

This method take a IclPath-class object and an integer K and return the solution from the path with K clusters

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'IclPath'
cut(x, K)
```

Arguments

X A an IclPath solutionK Desired number of cluster

Value

an IclPath-class object with the desired number of cluster

DcLbm

Degree Corrected Latent Block Model for bipartite graph class

Description

An S4 class to represent a degree corrected stochastic block model for co_clustering of bipartite graph. Such model can be used to cluster graph vertex, and model a bipartite graph adjacency matrix X with the following generative model:

$$\pi \sim Dirichlet(\alpha)$$

$$Z_i^r \sim \mathcal{M}(1, \pi^r)$$

$$Z_j^c \sim \mathcal{M}(1, \pi^c)$$

$$\theta_{kl} \sim Exponential(p)$$

$$\gamma_i^r \sim \mathcal{U}(S_k)$$

$$\gamma_i^c \sim \mathcal{U}(S_l)$$

$$X_{ij}|Z_{ik}^c Z_{il}^r = 1 \sim \mathcal{P}(\gamma_i^r \theta_{kl} \gamma_i^c)$$

The individuals parameters γ_i^r, γ_j^c allow to take into account the node degree heterogeneity. These parameters have uniform priors over simplex S_k . These classes mainly store the prior parameters value α, p of this generative model. The DcLbm-class must be used when fitting a simple Diagonal Gaussian Mixture Model whereas the DcLbmPrior-class must be sued when fitting a CombinedModels-class.

16 DcLbmFit-class

Usage

```
DcLbmPrior(p = NaN)
DcLbm(alpha = 1, p = NaN)
```

Arguments

p Exponential prior parameter (default to Nan, in this case p will be estimated

from data as the average intensities of X)

alpha Dirichlet prior parameter over the cluster proportions (default to 1)

Value

```
a DcLbmPrior-class
a DcLbm-class object
```

See Also

```
DcLbmFit-class, DcLbmPath-class
Other DlvmModels: CombinedModels, DcSbm, DiagGmm, DlvmPrior-class, Gmm, Lca, MoM, MoR,
MultSbm, Sbm, greed()
```

Examples

```
DcLbmPrior()
DcLbmPrior(p = 0.7)
DcLbm()
DcLbm(p = 0.7)
```

DcLbmFit-class

Degree corrected Latent Block Model fit results class

Description

An S4 class to represent a fit of a degree corrected stochastic block model for co_clustering, extend IclFit-class.

Slots

```
model a DcLbm-class object to store the model fitted
name generative model name
icl icl value of the fitted model
K number of extracted clusters over row and columns
Krow number of extracted row clusters
Kcol number of extracted column clusters
```

DcLbmPath-class 17

cl a numeric vector with row and columns cluster indexes

obs_stats a list with the following elements:

- counts: numeric vector of size K with number of elements in each clusters
- din: numeric vector of size K which store the sums of in-degrees for each clusters
- dout: numeric vector of size K which store the sums of out-degrees for each clusters
- x_counts: matrix of size K*K with the number of links between each pair of clusters
- co_x_counts: matrix of size Krow*Kcol with the number of links between each pair of row and column cluster

clrow a numeric vector with row cluster indexes

clcol a numeric vector with column cluster indexes

Nrow number of rows

Ncol number of columns

move_mat binary matrix which store move constraints

train_hist data.frame with training history information (details depends on the training procedure)

See Also

coef, DcLbmFit-method

DcLbmPath-class

Degree corrected Latent Block Model hierarchical fit results class

Description

An S4 class to represent a fit of a degree corrected stochastic block model for co_clustering, extend IclPath-class.

Slots

model a DcLbm-class object to store the model fitted

name generative model name

icl icl value of the fitted model

K number of extracted clusters over row and columns

Krow number of extracted row clusters

Kcol number of extracted column clusters

cl a numeric vector with row and columns cluster indexes

obs_stats a list with the following elements:

- counts: numeric vector of size K with number of elements in each clusters
- din: numeric vector of size K which store the sums of in-degrees for each clusters
- dout: numeric vector of size K which store the sums of out-degrees for each clusters

DcSbm

- x_counts: matrix of size K*K with the number of links between each pair of clusters
- co_x_counts: matrix of size Krow*Kcol with the number of links between each pair of row and column cluster

clrow a numeric vector with row cluster indexes

clcol a numeric vector with column cluster indexes

Nrow number of rows

Ncol number of columns

path a list of size K-1 with each part of the path described by:

- icl1: icl value reach with this solution for alpha=1
- logalpha: log(alpha) value were this solution is better than its parent
- K: number of clusters
- · cl: vector of cluster indexes
- k,l: index of the cluster that were merged at this step
- merge_mat: lower triangular matrix of delta icl values
- obs stats: a list with the elements:
 - counts: numeric vector of size K with number of elements in each clusters
 - din: numeric vector of size K which store the sums of in-degrees for each clusters
 - dout: numeric vector of size K which store the sums of out-degrees for each clusters
 - x_counts: matrix of size K*K with the number of links between each pair of clusters
 - co_x_counts: matrix of size Krow*Kcol with the number of links between each pair of row and column cluster

logalpha value of log(alpha)

ggtree data.frame with complete merge tree for easy plotting with ggplot2
tree numeric vector with merge tree tree[i] contains the index of i father
ggtreerow data.frame with complete merge tree of row clusters for easy plotting with ggplot2
ggtreecol data.frame with complete merge tree of column clusters for easy plotting with ggplot2
train_hist data.frame with training history information (details depends on the training procedure)

See Also

plot,DcLbmPath,missing-method

DcSbm

Degree Corrected Stochastic Block Model Prior class

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Description

An S4 class to represent a Degree Corrected Stochastic Block Model. Such model can be used to cluster graph vertex, and model a square adjacency matrix X with the following generative model:

$$\pi \sim Dirichlet(\alpha)$$

$$Z_{i} \sim \mathcal{M}(1, \pi)$$

$$\theta_{kl} \sim Exponential(p)$$

$$\gamma_{i}^{+}, \gamma_{i}^{-} \sim \mathcal{U}(S_{k})$$

$$X_{ij}|Z_{ik}Z_{jl} = 1 \sim \mathcal{P}(\gamma_{i}^{+}\theta_{kl}\gamma_{j}^{-})$$

The individuals parameters γ_i^+, γ_i^- allow to take into account the node degree heterogeneity. These parameters have uniform priors over the simplex S_k ie. $\sum_{i:z_{ik}=1}\gamma_i^+=1$. These classes mainly store the prior parameters value α, p of this generative model. The DcSbm-class must be used when fitting a simple Degree Corrected Stochastic Block Model whereas the DcSbmPrior-class must be used when fitting a CombinedModels-class.

Usage

```
DcSbmPrior(p = NaN, type = "guess")
DcSbm(alpha = 1, p = NaN, type = "guess")
```

Arguments

p Exponential prior parameter (default to NaN, in this case p will be estimated

from data as the mean connection probability)

type define the type of networks (either "directed", "undirected" or "guess", default

to "guess")

alpha Dirichlet prior parameter over the cluster proportions (default to 1)

Value

```
a DcSbmPrior-class object a DcSbm-class object
```

See Also

```
DcSbmFit-class, DcSbmPath-class
```

Other DlvmModels: CombinedModels, DcLbm, DiagGmm, DlvmPrior-class, Gmm, Lca, MoM, MoR, MultSbm, Sbm, greed()

Examples

```
DcSbmPrior()
DcSbmPrior(type = "undirected")
DcSbm()
DcSbm(type = "undirected")
```

20 DcSbmPath-class

DcSbmFit-class

Degree Corrected Stochastic Block Model fit results class

Description

An S4 class to represent a fit of a degree corrected stochastic block model for co_clustering, extend IclFit-class.

Slots

model a DcSbm-class object to store the model fitted

name generative model name

icl icl value of the fitted model

K number of extracted clusters over row and columns

cl a numeric vector with row and columns cluster indexes

obs_stats a list with the following elements:

- counts: numeric vector of size K with number of elements in each clusters
- din: numeric vector of size K which store the sums of in-degrees for each clusters
- dout: numeric vector of size K which store the sums of out-degrees for each clusters
- x_counts: matrix of size K*K with the number of links between each pair of clusters

obs_stats_cst a list with the following elements:

- din_node: node in-degree, a vector of size N
- dout_node: node in-degree vector of size N

move_mat binary matrix which store move constraints

train_hist data.frame with training history information (details depends on the training procedure)

See Also

coef,DcSbmFit-method

DcSbmPath-class

Degree Corrected Stochastic Block Model hierarchical fit results class

Description

An S4 class to represent a hierarchical fit of a degree corrected stochastic block model, extend IclPath-class.

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Slots

model a DcSbm-class object to store the model fitted

name generative model name

icl icl value of the fitted model

K number of extracted clusters over row and columns

cl a numeric vector with row and columns cluster indexes

obs_stats a list with the following elements:

- counts: numeric vector of size K with number of elements in each clusters
- din: numeric vector of size K which store the sums of in-degrees for each clusters
- dout: numeric vector of size K which store the sums of out-degrees for each clusters
- x_counts: matrix of size K*K with the number of links between each pair of clusters

path a list of size K-1 with each part of the path described by:

- icl1: icl value reach with this solution for alpha=1
- logalpha: log(alpha) value were this solution is better than its parent
- K: number of clusters
- cl: vector of cluster indexes
- k,l: index of the cluster that were merged at this step
- merge_mat: lower triangular matrix of delta icl values
- obs_stats: a list with the elements:
 - counts: numeric vector of size K with number of elements in each clusters
 - din: numeric vector of size K which store the sums of in-degrees for each clusters
 - dout: numeric vector of size K which store the sums of out-degrees for each clusters
 - x_counts: matrix of size K*K with the number of links between each pair of clusters

logalpha value of log(alpha)

ggtree data.frame with complete merge tree for easy plotting with ggplot2

tree numeric vector with merge tree tree[i] contains the index of i father

train_hist data.frame with training history information (details depends on the training procedure)

See Also

plot, DcSbmFit, missing-method

22 DiagGmm

DiagGmm

Diagonal Gaussian Mixture Model Prior description class

Description

An S4 class to represent a multivariate diagonal Gaussian mixture model. The model corresponds to the following generative model:

$$\pi \sim Dirichlet(\alpha)$$

$$Z_i \sim \mathcal{M}(1, \pi)$$

$$\lambda_k^{(d)} \sim \mathcal{G}(\kappa, \beta)$$

$$\mu_k^{(d)} \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu, (\tau \lambda_k)^{-1})$$

$$X_{i.}|Z_{ik} = 1 \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu_k, \lambda_k^{-1})$$

with $\mathcal{G}(\kappa,\beta)$ the Gamma distribution with shape parameter κ and rate parameter β . These classes mainly store the prior parameters value $(\alpha,\tau,\kappa\beta,\mu)$ of this generative model. The DiagGmm-class must be used when fitting a simple Diagonal Gaussian Mixture Model whereas the DiagGmmPrior-class must be sued when fitting a CombinedModels-class.

Usage

```
DiagGmmPrior(tau = 0.01, kappa = 1, beta = NaN, mu = NaN)
DiagGmm(alpha = 1, tau = 0.01, kappa = 1, beta = NaN, mu = NaN)
```

Arguments

tau	Prior parameter (inverse variance), (default 0.01)
kappa	Prior parameter (gamma shape), (default to 1)
beta	Prior parameter (gamma rate), (default to NaN, in this case beta will be estimated from data as 0.1 time the mean of X columns variances)
mu	Prior for the means (vector of size D), (default to NaN, in this case mu will be estimated from data as the mean of \boldsymbol{X})
alpha	Dirichlet prior parameter over the cluster proportions (default to 1)

Value

```
a DiagGmmPrior-class object
a DiagGmm-class object
```

References

Bertoletti, Marco & Friel, Nial & Rastelli, Riccardo. (2014). Choosing the number of clusters in a finite mixture model using an exact Integrated Completed Likelihood criterion. METRON. 73. 10.1007/s40300-015-0064-5. #'

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See Also

```
DiagGmmFit-class, DiagGmmPath-class
Other DlvmModels: CombinedModels, DcLbm, DcSbm, DlvmPrior-class, Gmm, Lca, MoM, MoR,
MultSbm, Sbm, greed()
```

Examples

```
DiagGmmPrior()
DiagGmmPrior(tau = 0.1)
DiagGmm()
DiagGmm(tau = 0.1)
```

DiagGmmFit-class

Diagonal Gaussian mixture model fit results class

Description

An S4 class to represent a fit of a multivariate diagonal Gaussian mixture model, extend IclFit-class.

Slots

```
model a DiagGmm-class object to store the model fitted name generative model name icl icl value of the fitted model
```

K number of extracted clusters over row and columns

cl a numeric vector with row and columns cluster indexes

obs_stats a list with the following elements:

- counts: numeric vector of size K with number of elements in each clusters
- regs: list of size \$K\$ with statistics for each clusters

move_mat binary matrix which store move constraints

train_hist data.frame with training history information (details depends on the training procedure)

See Also

```
coef, DiagGmmFit-method
```

24 DiagGmmPath-class

DiagGmmPath-class

Diagonal Gaussian mixture model hierarchical fit results class

Description

An S4 class to represent a hierarchical fit of a diagonal gaussian mixture model, extend IclPath-class.

Slots

model a DiagGmm-class object to store the model fitted
name generative model name
icl icl value of the fitted model
K number of extracted clusters over row and columns
cl a numeric vector with row and columns cluster indexes

- obs_stats a list with the following elements:
 - counts: numeric vector of size K with number of elements in each clusters
 - regs: list of size \$K\$ with statistics for each clusters

path a list of size K-1 with each part of the path described by:

- icl1: icl value reach with this solution for alpha=1
- logalpha: log(alpha) value were this solution is better than its parent
- K: number of clusters
- cl: vector of cluster indexes
- k,l: index of the cluster that were merged at this step
- merge_mat: lower triangular matrix of delta icl values
- obs_stats: a list with the following elements:
 - counts: numeric vector of size K with number of elements in each clusters
 - regs: list of size \$K\$ with statistics for each clusters

logalpha value of log(alpha)

ggtree data.frame with complete merge tree for easy plotting with ggplot2

tree numeric vector with merge tree tree[i] contains the index of i father

train_hist data.frame with training history information (details depends on the training procedure)

See Also

plot, DiagGmmFit, missing-method

DlvmCoPrior-class 25

ÐΙ	vmCoPri	or-c	lass

Abstract class to represent a generative model for co-clustering

Description

An S4 class to represent an abstract generative model

Slots

alpha a numeric vector of length 1 which define the parameters of the Dirichlet over the cluster proportions (default to 1)

DlvmPrior-class

Abstract class to represent a generative model for clustering

Description

An S4 class to represent an abstract generative model

Slots

alpha a numeric vector of length 1 which define the parameters of the Dirichlet over the cluster proportions (default to 1)

See Also

Other DlvmModels: CombinedModels, DcLbm, DcSbm, DiagGmm, Gmm, Lca, MoM, MoR, MultSbm, Sbm, greed()

extractSubModel

Extract a part of a CombinedModelsPath-class object

Description

Extract a part of a CombinedModelsPath-class object

Usage

```
extractSubModel(sol, sub_model_name)
## S4 method for signature 'CombinedModelsPath, character'
extractSubModel(sol, sub_model_name)
```

26 fashion

Arguments

sol an CombinedModelsPath-class object

sub_model_name a string which specify the part of the model to extract. Note that the name must

correspond to the one of the names used in the list of models during the origin

call to greed.

Value

a IclFit-class object of the relevant class

Methods (by class)

• sol = CombinedModelsPath, sub_model_name = character: CombinedModelsPath method

fashion

Fashion mnist dataset

Description

Zalando fashionmnist dataset, sample of 1 000 Zalando's article images from the test set.

Usage

data(fashion)

Format

An object of class matrix with a random sample of 1000 images (one per rows) extracted from the fashionmnist dataset.

Source

https://github.com/zalandoresearch/fashion-mnist

References

Fashion-MNIST: a Novel Image Dataset for Benchmarking Machine Learning Algorithms. Han Xiao, Kashif Rasul, Roland Vollgraf (2017) (arXiv:1708.07747).

Examples

data(fashion)

Fifa 27

Fifa

Fifa data

Description

A random sample of 6000 players from the FIFA videogame with various statistics on all player ranging from position, cost in the game, capacity in offense/defense, speed, etc. Two columns pos_x, pos_y with average player possible positions (in opta coordinates) were derived from the raw data. was also u.

Usage

```
data(Fifa)
```

Format

An R data frame with columns containing each of the descriptive statistics of a player.

Source

```
https://www.kaggle.com/stefanoleone992/fifa-20-complete-player-dataset?select=players_20.csv
```

Examples

data(Fifa)

Football

American College football network dataset

Description

Network of American football games between Division IA colleges during regular season Fall 2000.

Usage

```
data(Football)
```

Format

An object of class list with two fields;

X network adjacency matrix as a sparseMatrix of size 115x115

label vector of teams conferences of size 115 with the following encoding (0 = Atlantic Coast, 1 = Big East, 2 = Big Ten, 3 = Big Twelve, 4 = Conference USA, 5 = Independents, 6 = Mid-American, 7 = Mountain West, 8 = Pacific Ten, 9 = Southeastern, 10 = Sun Belt, 11 = Western Athletic)

28 Genetic-class

Source

```
M. E. J. Newman Network datasets
```

References

M. Girvan and M. E. J. Newman, Community structure in social and biological networks, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 99, 7821-7826 (2002) (PNAS).

Examples

```
data(Football)
```

Genetic-class

Genetic optimization algorithm

Description

An S4 class to represent a genetic algorithm (extends Alg-class class).

Usage

```
Genetic(pop_size = 100, nb_max_gen = 20, prob_mutation = 0.25, sel_frac = 0.75)
```

Arguments

pop_size size of the solutions populations (default to 10)

nb_max_gen maximal number of generation to produce (default to 4)

prob_mutation probability of mutation (default to 0.25)

sel_frac fraction of best solutions selected for crossing (default to 0.75)

Value

```
a Genetic-class object
```

Functions

• Genetic: Genetic algorithm class constructor

Slots

```
pop_size size of the solutions populations (default to 10)

nb_max_gen maximal number of generation to produce (default to 4)

prob_mutation probability of mutation (default to 0.25)

sel_frac fraction of best solutions selected for crossing (default to 0.75)
```

Gmm 29

Examples

```
Genetic()
Genetic(pop_size = 500)
```

Gmm

Gaussian Mixture Model Prior description class

Description

An S4 class to represent a multivariate Gaussian mixture model. The model corresponds to the following generative model:

$$\pi \sim Dirichlet(\alpha)$$

$$Z_i \sim \mathcal{M}(1, \pi)$$

$$V_k \sim \mathcal{W}(\varepsilon^{-1}, n_0)$$

$$\mu_k \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu, (\tau V_k)^{-1})$$

$$X_i | Z_{ik} = 1 \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu_k, V_k^{-1})$$

with $\mathcal{W}(\varepsilon^{-1},n_0)$ the Wishart distribution. The Gmm-class must be used when fitting a simple Gaussian Mixture Model whereas the GmmPrior-class must be used when fitting a CombinedModels-class.

Usage

Arguments

tau	Prior parameter (inverse variance) default 0.01
NØ	Prior parameter (pseudo count) should be $>$ number of features (default to NaN, in this case it will be estimated from data as the number of columns of X)
mu	Prior parameters for the means (vector of size D), (default to NaN, in this case mu will be estimated from the data and will be equal to the mean of X)
epsilon	Prior parameter co-variance matrix prior (matrix of size D x D), (default to a matrix of NaN, in this case epsilon will be estimated from data and will corresponds to 0.1 times a diagonal matrix with the variances of the X columns)
alpha	Dirichlet prior parameter over the cluster proportions (default to 1)

Value

```
a GmmPrior-class object a Gmm-class object
```

30 GmmFit-class

References

Bertoletti, Marco & Friel, Nial & Rastelli, Riccardo. (2014). Choosing the number of clusters in a finite mixture model using an exact Integrated Completed Likelihood criterion. METRON. 73. 10.1007/s40300-015-0064-5.

See Also

```
GmmFit-class, GmmPath-class

Other DlvmModels: CombinedModels, DcLbm, DcSbm, DiagGmm, DlvmPrior-class, Lca, MoM, MoR, MultSbm, Sbm, greed()
```

Examples

```
GmmPrior()
GmmPrior(tau = 0.1)
Gmm()
Gmm(tau = 0.1, alpha = 0.5)
```

GmmFit-class

Gaussian mixture model fit results class

Description

An S4 class to represent a fit of a multivariate mixture of regression model, extend IclFit-class.

Slots

```
model a GmmPrior-class object to store the model fitted name generative model name icl icl value of the fitted model

K number of extracted clusters over row and columns
```

cl a numeric vector with row and columns cluster indexes

obs_stats a list with the following elements:

- counts: numeric vector of size K with number of elements in each clusters
- regs: list of size \$K\$ with statistics for each clusters

move_mat binary matrix which store move constraints

train_hist data.frame with training history information (details depends on the training procedure)

See Also

```
coef,GmmFit-method
```

gmmpairs 31

gmmpairs

Make a matrix of plots with a given data and gmm fitted parameters

Description

Make a matrix of plots with a given data and gmm fitted parameters with ellipses.

Usage

```
gmmpairs(sol, X)
```

Arguments

sol a GmmFit-class or DiagGmmFit-class

X the data used for the fit a data.frame or matrix.

Value

```
a ggplot2 graphic
```

GmmPath-class

Gaussian mixture model hierarchical fit results class

Description

An S4 class to represent a hierarchical fit of a gaussian mixture model, extend IclPath-class.

Slots

model a GmmPrior-class object to store the model fitted name generative model name icl icl value of the fitted model

K number of extracted clusters over row and columns

cl a numeric vector with row and columns cluster indexes

obs_stats a list with the following elements:

- counts: numeric vector of size K with number of elements in each clusters
- gmm: list of size \$K\$ with statistics for each clusters

path a list of size K-1 with each part of the path described by:

- icl1: icl value reach with this solution for alpha=1
- logalpha: log(alpha) value were this solution is better than its parent
- K: number of clusters
- k,l: index of the cluster that were merged at this step

32 greed

- merge_mat: lower triangular matrix of delta icl values
- obs_stats: a list with the following elements:
 - counts: numeric vector of size K with number of elements in each clusters
 - gmm: list of size \$K\$ with statistics for each clusters

logalpha value of log(alpha)

ggtree data.frame with complete merge tree for easy plotting with ggplot2

tree numeric vector with merge tree tree[i] contains the index of i father

train_hist data.frame with training history information (details depends on the training procedure)

See Also

```
plot, GmmFit, missing-method
```

greed

Model based hierarchical clustering

Description

This function is the main function for fitting Dlvms with greed. In the simplest case you may only provide a dataset and greed will find a suitable one. The accepted classes for X depends on the generative used which can be specified with the model argument. See the DlvmPrior-class and the derived classes for details.

Greed enables the clustering of networks and count data matrix with different models. Model selection and clustering are performed in combination by optimizing the Integrated Classification Likelihood. Optimization is performed thanks to a combination of greedy local search and a genetic algorithm. The main entry point is the greed function to perform the clustering, which is documented below. The package also provides sampling functions for all the implemented DLVMs.

Usage

```
greed(X, model = find_model(X), K = 20, alg = Hybrid(), verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

X	data to cluster either a data.frame, a matrix, an array, depending on the used generative model
model	a generative model to fit such as Gmm,Sbm,
K	initial number of cluster
alg	an optimization algorithm of class Alg-class such as Hybrid-class (default), Multistarts-class, Seed-class or Genetic-class
verbose	boolean value for verbose mode

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Value

```
an IclPath-class object
```

See Also

Other DlvmModels: CombinedModels, DcLbm, DcSbm, DiagGmm, DlvmPrior-class, Gmm, Lca, MoM, MoR, MultSbm, Sbm

Examples

```
sbm <- rsbm(50, c(0.5, 0.5), diag(2) * 0.1 + 0.01)

sol <- greed(sbm$x, model = Sbm())

table(sbm$cl,clustering(sol))
```

Н

Compute the entropy of a discrete sample

Description

Compute the entropy of a discrete sample

Usage

H(cl)

Arguments

cl

vector of discrete labels

Value

the entropy of the sample

Examples

```
cl <- sample(2, 500, replace = TRUE)
H(cl)</pre>
```

34 Hybrid-class

Hybrid-class

Hybrid optimization algorithm

Description

An S4 class to represent an hybrid genetic/greedy algorithm (extends Alg-class class).

Usage

```
Hybrid(pop_size = 20, nb_max_gen = 10, prob_mutation = 0.25, Kmax = 100)
```

Arguments

pop_size size of the solutions populations (default to 20)

nb_max_gen maximal number of generation to produce (default to 10)

prob_mutation mutation probability (default to 0.25)

Kmax maximum number of clusters (default to 100)

Value

```
a Hybrid-class object
```

Functions

• Hybrid: Hybrid algorithm class constructor

Slots

```
pop_size size of the solutions populations (default to 20)

nb_max_gen maximal number of generation to produce (default to 10)

prob_mutation mutation probability (default to 0.25)

Kmax maximum number of clusters (default to 100)
```

Examples

```
Hybrid()
Hybrid(pop_size = 100)
```

ICL 35

ICL

Generic method to extract the ICL value from an IclFit-class object

Description

This method take a IclFit-class object and return its ICL score.

Usage

```
ICL(fit)
## S4 method for signature 'IclFit'
ICL(fit)
```

Arguments

fit

an IclFit solution

Value

The ICL value achieved

Methods (by class)

• IclFit: IclFit method

IclFit-class

Abstract class to represent a clustering result

Description

An S4 abstract class to represent an icl fit of a clustering model.

Slots

K a numeric vector of length 1 which correspond to the number of clusters

icl a numeric vector of length 1 which store the the icl value

cl a numeric vector of length N which store the clusters labels

obs_stats a list to store the observed statistics of the model needed to compute ICL.

obs_stats_cst a list to store the observed statistics of the model that do not depend on the clustering.

move_mat binary matrix which store move constraints

train_hist a data.frame to store training history (format depends on the used algorithm used).

name generative model name

36 Jazz

IclPath-class

Abstract class to represent a hierarchical clustering result

Description

An S4 class to represent a hierarchical path of solution.

Slots

path a list of merge moves describing the hierarchy of merge followed to complete totally the merge path.

tree a tree representation of the merges.

ggtree a data.frame for easy plotting of the dendrogram

logalpha a numeric value which corresponds to the starting value of log(alpha).

Jazz

Jazz musicians network dataset

Description

List of edges of the network of Jazz musicians.

Usage

data(Jazz)

Format

An object of class sparseMatrix with the network adjacency matrix.

Source

A. Arena Network datasets

References

P.Gleiser and L. Danon, Community Structure in jazz, Adv. Complex Syst.6, 565 (2003) (Arxiv)

Examples

data(Jazz)

K 37

Κ

Generic method to get the number of clusters from an IclFit-class object

Description

This method take a IclFit-class object and return its ICL score.

Usage

```
K(fit)
## S4 method for signature 'IclFit'
K(fit)
```

Arguments

fit

an IclFit solution

Value

The number of clusters

Methods (by class)

• IclFit: IclFit method

Lca

Latent Class Analysis Model Prior class

Description

An S4 class to represent a Latent Class Analysis model Such model can be used to cluster a data.frame X with several columns of factors with the following generative model:

$$\pi \sim ext{Dirichlet}(lpha),$$
 $orall k, orall j, \quad heta_{kj} \sim ext{Dirichlet}_{d_j}(eta),$ $Z_i \sim \mathcal{M}_K(1,\pi),$ $orall j = 1, \ldots, p, \quad X_{ij} | Z_{ik} = 1 \sim \mathcal{M}_{d_i}(1, heta_{kj}),$

These classes mainly store the prior parameters value (α, β) of this generative model. The Lca-class must be used when fitting a simple Latent Class Analysis whereas the LcaPrior-class must be used when fitting a CombinedModels-class.

38 LcaFit-class

Usage

```
LcaPrior(beta = 1)
Lca(alpha = 1, beta = 1)
```

Arguments

Dirichlet prior parameter for all the categorical feature (default to 1)

alpha Dirichlet prior parameter over the cluster proportions (default to 1)

Value

```
a LcaPrior-class object
a Lca-class object
```

See Also

```
LcaFit-class, LcaPath-class
```

Other DlvmModels: CombinedModels, DcLbm, DcSbm, DiagGmm, DlvmPrior-class, Gmm, MoM, MoR, MultSbm, Sbm, greed()

Examples

```
LcaPrior()
LcaPrior(beta = 0.5)
Lca()
Lca(beta = 0.5)
```

LcaFit-class

Latent Class Analysis fit results class

Description

An S4 class to represent a fit of a Latent Class Analysis model for categorical data clustering, extend IclFit-class. The original data must be an n x p matrix where p is the number of variables and each variable is encoded as a factor (integer-valued).

Slots

```
model a Lca-class object to store the model fitted
name generative model name
icl icl value of the fitted model
K number of extracted clusters over row and columns
cl a numeric vector with cluster indexes
obs_stats a list with the following elements:
```

LcaPath-class 39

- counts: numeric vector of size K with number of elements in each clusters
- x_counts: matrix of size K*D with the number of occurrences of each modality for each clusters

move_mat binary matrix which store move constraints

train_hist data.frame with training history information (details depends on the training procedure)

See Also

coef, LcaFit-method

LcaPath-class

Latent Class Analysis hierarchical fit results class

Description

An S4 class to represent a fit of a Latent Class Analysis model, extend IclPath-class.

Slots

model a Lca-class object to store the model fitted

name generative model name

icl icl value of the fitted model

K number of extracted clusters over row and columns

cl a numeric vector with row and columns cluster indexes

obs_stats a list with the following elements:

- counts: numeric vector of size K with number of elements in each clusters
- x_counts: matrix of size K*D with the number of occurrence of modality word in each clusters

path a list of size K-1 with each part of the path described by:

- icl1: icl value reach with this solution for alpha=1
- logalpha: log(alpha) value were this solution is better than its parent
- K: number of clusters
- cl: vector of cluster indexes
- k,l: index of the cluster that were merged at this step
- merge_mat: lower triangular matrix of delta icl values
- obs stats a list with the following elements:
 - counts: numeric vector of size K with number of elements in each clusters
 - x_counts: matrix of size K*D with the number of occurrence of modality word in each clusters

logalpha value of log(alpha)

ggtree data.frame with complete merge tree for easy plotting with ggplot2

tree numeric vector with merge tree tree[i] contains the index of i father

train_hist data.frame with training history information (details depends on the training procedure)

40 *MoM*

See Also

plot, LcaFit, missing-method

ΜI

Compute the mutual information of two discrete samples

Description

Compute the mutual information of two discrete samples

Usage

```
MI(cl1, cl2)
```

Arguments

c11 vector of discrete labelsc12 vector of discrete labels

Value

the mutual information between the two discrete samples

Examples

```
cl1 <- sample(2, 500, replace = TRUE)
cl2 <- sample(2, 500, replace = TRUE)
MI(cl1, cl2)</pre>
```

MoM

Mixture of Multinomial Model Prior description class

Description

An S4 class to represent a Mixture of Multinomial model. Such model can be used to cluster a data matrix X with the following generative model:

$$\pi \sim Dirichlet(\alpha)$$

$$Z_i \sim \mathcal{M}(1, \pi)$$
 $\theta_k \sim Dirichlet(\beta)$
 $X_{i.}|Z_{ik} = 1 \sim \mathcal{M}(L_i, \theta_k)$

With $L_i = \sum_d = 1^D X_{id}$. These classes mainly store the prior parameters value (α, β) of this generative model. The MoM-class must be used when fitting a simple Mixture of Multinomials whereas the MoMPrior-class must be sued when fitting a CombinedModels-class.

MoMFit-class 41

Usage

```
MoMPrior(beta = 1)
MoM(alpha = 1, beta = 1)
```

Arguments

beta Dirichlet over vocabulary prior parameter (default to 1)

alpha Dirichlet prior parameter over the cluster proportions (default to 1)

Value

```
a MoMPrior-class object a MoM-class object
```

See Also

```
MoMFit-class, MoMPath-class
Other DlvmModels: CombinedModels, DcLbm, DcSbm, DiagGmm, DlvmPrior-class, Gmm, Lca, MoR, MultSbm, Sbm, greed()
```

Examples

```
MoMPrior()
MoMPrior(beta = 0.5)
MoM()
MoM(beta = 0.5)
```

MoMFit-class

Mixture of Multinomial fit results class

Description

An S4 class to represent a fit of a degree corrected stochastic block model for co_clustering, extend IclFit-class.

Slots

```
model a MoM-class object to store the model fitted
name generative model name
icl icl value of the fitted model
K number of extracted clusters over row and columns
cl a numeric vector with row and columns cluster indexes
obs_stats a list with the following elements:
```

• counts: numeric vector of size K with number of elements in each clusters

42 MoMPath-class

 x_counts: matrix of size K*D with the number of occurrences of each modality for each clusters

move_mat binary matrix which store move constraints

train_hist data.frame with training history information (details depends on the training procedure)

See Also

coef, LcaFit-method

MoMPath-class

Mixture of Multinomial hierarchical fit results class

Description

An S4 class to represent a fit of a stochastic block model, extend IclPath-class.

Slots

model a MoM-class object to store the model fitted

name generative model name

icl icl value of the fitted model

K number of extracted clusters over row and columns

cl a numeric vector with row and columns cluster indexes

obs_stats a list with the following elements:

- counts: numeric vector of size K with number of elements in each clusters
- x_counts: matrix of size K*D with the number of occurrence of modality word in each clusters

path a list of size K-1 with each part of the path described by:

- icl1: icl value reach with this solution for alpha=1
- logalpha: log(alpha) value were this solution is better than its parent
- K: number of clusters
- cl: vector of cluster indexes
- k,l: index of the cluster that were merged at this step
- merge_mat: lower triangular matrix of delta icl values
- obs stats a list with the following elements:
 - counts: numeric vector of size K with number of elements in each clusters
 - x_counts: matrix of size K*D with the number of occurrence of modality word in each clusters

logalpha value of log(alpha)

ggtree data.frame with complete merge tree for easy plotting with ggplot2

tree numeric vector with merge tree tree[i] contains the index of i father

train_hist data.frame with training history information (details depends on the training procedure)

MoR 43

See Also

plot, LcaFit, missing-method

MoR

Multivariate mixture of regression Prior model description class

Description

An S4 class to represent a multivariate mixture of regression model. The model follows [minka-linear](https://tminka.github.io/papers/minka-linear.pdf) . The model corresponds to the following generative model:

$$\pi \sim Dirichlet(\alpha)$$

$$Z_i \sim \mathcal{M}(1, \pi)$$

$$V_k \sim \mathcal{W}(\varepsilon^{-1}, n_0)$$

$$A_k \sim \mathcal{M}\mathcal{N}(0, (V_k)^{-1}, \tau X X^\top)$$

$$Y_{i.}|X_{i.}, A_k, Z_{ik} = 1 \sim \mathcal{N}(A_k x_{i.}, V_k^{-1})$$

with $\mathcal{W}(\epsilon^{-1}, n_0)$ the Wishart distribution and \mathcal{MN} the matrix-normal distribution. The MoR-class must be used when fitting a simple Mixture of Regression whereas the MoRPrior-class must be used when fitting a CombinedModels-class.

Usage

```
MoRPrior(formula, tau = 0.001, N0 = NaN, epsilon = as.matrix(NaN))
MoR(formula, alpha = 1, tau = 0.1, N0 = NaN, epsilon = as.matrix(NaN))
```

Arguments

formula	a formula that describe the linear model to use
tau	Prior parameter (inverse variance) default 0.001
N0	Prior parameter (default to NaN, in this case N0 will be fixed equal to the number of columns of Y.)
epsilon	Covariance matrix prior parameter (default to NaN, in this case epsilon will be fixed to a diagonal variance matrix equal to 0.1 time the variance of the regression residuals with only one cluster.)
alpha	Dirichlet prior parameter over the cluster proportions (default to 1)

Value

```
a MoRPrior-class object a MoR-class object
```

44 MoRFit-class

See Also

```
MoRFit-class, MoRPath-class
Other DlvmModels: CombinedModels, DcLbm, DcSbm, DiagGmm, DlvmPrior-class, Gmm, Lca, MoM, MultSbm, Sbm, greed()
```

Examples

```
MoRPrior(y ~ x1 + x2)

MoRPrior(y ~ x1 + x2, N0 = 100)

MoRPrior(cbind(y1, y2) ~ x1 + x2, N0 = 100)

MoR(y ~ x1 + x2)

MoR(y ~ x1 + x2, N0 = 100)

MoR(cbind(y1, y2) ~ x1 + x2, N0 = 100)
```

MoRFit-class

Clustering with a multivariate mixture of regression model fit results class

Description

An S4 class to represent a fit of a multivariate mixture of regression model, extend IclFit-class.

Slots

model a MoR-class object to store the model fitted

name generative model name

icl icl value of the fitted model

K number of extracted clusters over row and columns

cl a numeric vector with row and columns cluster indexes

obs_stats a list with the following elements:

- counts: numeric vector of size K with number of elements in each clusters
- mvmregs: list of size \$K\$ with statistics for each clusters

move_mat binary matrix which store move constraints

train_hist data.frame with training history information (details depends on the training procedure)

See Also

```
coef, MoRFit-method
```

MoRPath-class 45

MoRPath-class

Multivariate mixture of regression model hierarchical fit results class

Description

An S4 class to represent a hierarchical fit of a multivariate mixture of regression model, extend IclPath-class.

Slots

model a MoR-class object to store the model fitted

name generative model name

icl icl value of the fitted model

K number of extracted clusters over row and columns

cl a numeric vector with row and columns cluster indexes

obs_stats a list with the following elements:

- counts: numeric vector of size K with number of elements in each clusters
- mvmregs: list of size \$K\$ with statistics for each clusters

path a list of size K-1 with each part of the path described by:

- icl1: icl value reach with this solution for alpha=1
- logalpha: log(alpha) value were this solution is better than its parent
- K: number of clusters
- k,l: index of the cluster that were merged at this step
- merge_mat: lower triangular matrix of delta icl values
- obs_stats: a list with the following elements:
 - counts: numeric vector of size K with number of elements in each clusters
 - mvregs: list of size \$K\$ with statistics for each clusters

logalpha value of log(alpha)

ggtree data.frame with complete merge tree for easy plotting with ggplot2

tree numeric vector with merge tree tree[i] contains the index of i father

train_hist data.frame with training history information (details depends on the training procedure)

46 MultSbm

Multistarts-class

Greedy algorithm with multiple start class

Description

An S4 class to represent a greedy algorithm with multiple start (extends Alg-class class).

Usage

```
Multistarts(nb_start = 10)
```

Arguments

nb_start

number of random starts (default to 10)

Value

a Multistarts-class object

Functions

• Multistarts: Multistarts algorithm class constructor

Slots

nb_start number of random starts (default to 10)

Examples

```
Multistarts()
Multistarts(15)
```

MultSbm

Multinomial Stochastic Block Model Prior class

Description

An S4 class to represent a Multinomial Stochastic Block Model. Such model can be used to cluster multi-layer graph vertex, and model a square adjacency cube X of size NxNxM with the following generative model:

$$\pi \sim Dirichlet(\alpha)$$

$$Z_{i} \sim \mathcal{M}(1, \pi)$$

$$\theta_{kl} \sim Dirichlet(\beta)$$

$$X_{ij.}|Z_{ik}Z_{jl} = 1 \sim \mathcal{M}(L_{ij}, \theta_{kl})$$

With $L_{ij} = \sum_{m=1}^M X_{ijm}$. These classes mainly store the prior parameters value α, β of this generative model. The MultSbm-class must be used when fitting a simple MultSbm whereas the MultSbmPrior-class must be sued when fitting a CombinedModels-class.

MultSbmFit-class 47

Usage

```
MultSbmPrior(beta = 1, type = "guess")
MultSbm(alpha = 1, beta = 1, type = "guess")
```

Arguments

beta Dirichlet prior parameter over Multinomial links

type define the type of networks (either "directed", "undirected" or "guess", default

to "guess"), for undirected graphs the adjacency matrix is supposed to be sym-

metric.

alpha Dirichlet prior parameter over the cluster proportions (default to 1)

Value

```
a MultSbmPrior-class object
a MultSbm-class object
```

See Also

```
MultSbmFit-class, MultSbmPath-class

Other DlvmModels: CombinedModels, DcLbm, DcSbm, DiagGmm, DlvmPrior-class, Gmm, Lca, MoM, MoR, Sbm, greed()
```

Examples

```
MultSbmPrior()
MultSbmPrior(type = "undirected")
MultSbm()
MultSbm(type = "undirected")
```

MultSbmFit-class

Multinomial Stochastic Block Model fit results class

Description

An S4 class to represent a fit of a Multinomial Stochastic Block Model, extend IclFit-class.

Slots

```
model a MultSbm-class object to store the model fitted
name generative model name
icl icl value of the fitted model
K number of extracted clusters over row and columns
cl a numeric vector with row and columns cluster indexes
```

48 MultSbmPath-class

obs_stats a list with the following elements:

- counts: numeric vector of size K with number of elements in each clusters
- x_counts: cube of size KxKxM with the number of links between each pair of clusters

move_mat binary matrix which store move constraints

train_hist data.frame with training history information (details depends on the training procedure)

See Also

coef, MultSbmFit-method

MultSbmPath-class

Multinomial Stochastic Block Model hierarchical fit results class

Description

An S4 class to represent a hierarchical fit of a Multinomial Stochastic Block Model, extend IclPath-class.

Slots

model a MultSbm-class object to store the model fitted

name generative model name

icl icl value of the fitted model

K number of extracted clusters over row and columns

cl a numeric vector with row and columns cluster indexes

obs_stats a list with the following elements:

- counts: numeric vector of size K with number of elements in each clusters
- x_counts: matrix of size KxKxM with the number of links between each pair of clusters path a list of size K-1 with each part of the path described by:
 - icl1: icl value reach with this solution for alpha=1
 - logalpha: log(alpha) value were this solution is better than its parent
 - K: number of clusters
 - cl: vector of cluster indexes
 - k,l: index of the cluster that were merged at this step
 - merge_mat: lower triangular matrix of delta icl values
 - obs_stats: a list with the elements:
 - counts: numeric vector of size K with number of elements in each clusters
 - x_counts: matrix of size KxKxM with the number of links between each pair of clusters

logalpha value of log(alpha)

ggtree data.frame with complete merge tree for easy plotting with ggplot2

tree numeric vector with merge tree tree[i] contains the index of i father

train_hist data.frame with training history information (details depends on the training procedure)

mushroom 49

See Also

plot,MultSbmFit,missing-method

mushroom

Mushroom data

Description

Categorical data from UCI Machine Learning Repository describing 8124 mushrooms with 22 phenotype variables. Each mushroom is classified as "edible" or "poisonous" and the goal is to recover the mushroom class from its phenotype.

Usage

data(mushroom)

Format

An R data.frame with a variable edibility used as label and 22 categorical variables with no names. More detail on the UCI webpage describing the data.

Source

https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/Mushroom

Examples

data(mushroom)

Ndrangheta

Ndrangheta mafia covert network dataset

Description

Network of co-attendance occurrence attendance of suspected members of the Ndrangheta criminal organization at summits (meetings whose purpose is to make important decisions and/or affiliations, but also to solve internal problems and to establish roles and powers) taking place between 2007 and 2009.

Usage

data(Ndrangheta)

50 NewGuinea

Format

An object of class list with two fields;

X network adjacency matrix as a matrix of size 146x146

node_meta data frame of nodes meta information with features :

Id id of the node, rownames of network adjacency matrix

Locale factor with the locali affiliation of the node, "OUT": Suspects not belonging to La Lombardia, "MISS": Information not available, other Locali Id.

Role factor with the type of hierarchical position of the node "MISS": Information not available, "boss": high hierarchical position, "aff": affiliate

Source

ucinetsoftware/datasets/covert-networks

References

Extended Stochastic Block Models with Application to Criminal Networks, Sirio Legramanti and Tommaso Rigon and Daniele Durante and David B. Dunson, 2021, (arXiv:2007.08569).

Examples

data(Ndrangheta)

NewGuinea

NewGuinea data

Description

NewGuinea a social network of 16 tribes, where two types of interactions were recorded, amounting to either friendship or enmity [read-cultures-1954].

Usage

data(NewGuinea)

Format

A binary array of size (16,16,3) the first layer encodes enmity, the second, the friendship relations. The third, no relations between the two tribes.

Source

https://networks.skewed.de/net/new_guinea_tribes

NMI 51

References

Kenneth E. Read, "Cultures of the Central Highlands, New Guinea", Southwestern J. of Anthropology, 10(1):1-43 (1954). DOI: 10.1086/soutjanth.10.1.3629074

Examples

```
data(NewGuinea)
```

NMI

Compute the normalized mutual information of two discrete samples

Description

Compute the normalized mutual information of two discrete samples

Usage

```
NMI(cl1, cl2)
```

Arguments

c11 vector of discrete labelsc12 vector of discrete labels

Value

the normalized mutual information between the two discrete samples

Examples

```
cl1 <- sample(2, 500, replace = TRUE)
cl2 <- sample(2, 500, replace = TRUE)
NMI(cl1, cl2)</pre>
```

```
plot,DcLbmFit,missing-method
```

Plot a DcLbmFit-class

Description

```
Plot a DcLbmFit-class
```

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'DcLbmFit,missing'
plot(x, type = "blocks")
```

Arguments

x a DcLbmFit-class

type a string which specify plot type:

- 'blocks': plot a block matrix with summarizing connections between row and column clusters
- 'nodelink': plot a nodelink diagram of the bipartite graph summarizing connections between row and column clusters

Value

```
a ggplot2 graphic
```

```
plot, DcLbmPath, missing-method
```

Plot a DcLbmPath-class

Description

```
Plot a DcLbmPath-class
```

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'DcLbmPath,missing'
plot(x, type = "tree")
```

Arguments

x a DcLbmPath-class

type a string which specify plot type:

- 'tree': plot a co-dendogram of rows and columns clusters
- 'blocks': plot a block matrix with summarizing connections between row and column clusters
- 'biplot': plot a block matrix with summarizing connections between row and column clusters aligned with row and clusters drendograms
- 'nodelink': plot a nodelink diagram of the bipartite graph summarizing connections between row and column clusters

Value

```
a ggplot2 graphic
```

```
{\it plot}, {\tt DcSbmFit, missing-method} \\ {\it Plot}~a~{\tt DcSbmFit-class}~object
```

Description

```
Plot a DcSbmFit-class object
```

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'DcSbmFit,missing'
plot(x, type = "blocks")
```

Arguments

x a DcSbmFit-classtype a string which specify plot type:

- 'blocks': plot a block matrix with summarizing connections between clusters
- 'nodelink': plot a nodelink diagram of the graph summarizing connections between clusters

Value

```
a ggplot2 graphic
```

See Also

```
plot, IclPath, missing-method
```

```
{\it plot}, {\it DiagGmmFit}, {\it missing-method} \\ {\it Plot}~a~{\it DiagGmmFit-class}~object
```

Description

```
Plot a DiagGmmFit-class object
```

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'DiagGmmFit,missing'
plot(x, type = "marginals")
```

Arguments

```
x a DiagGmmFit-classtype a string which specify plot type:
```

- 'marginals': plot the marginal densities
- 'violins': make a violin plot for each clusters and features

Value

```
a ggplot2 graphic
```

```
\verb"plot,GmmFit,missing-method"
```

Plot a GmmFit-class object

Description

```
Plot a GmmFit-class object
```

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'GmmFit,missing'
plot(x, type = "marginals")
```

Arguments

x a GmmFit-class

type a string which specify plot type:

- 'marginals': plot the marginal densities
- 'violins': make a violin plot for each clusters and features

Value

```
a ggplot2 graphic
```

```
plot, IclPath, missing-method
```

Plot an IclPath-class object

Description

```
Plot an IclPath-class object
```

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'IclPath,missing'
plot(x, type = "tree")
```

Arguments

x a IclPath-class

type a string which specify plot type:

- 'front': plot the extracted front ICL, log(alpha) 'path': plot the evolution of ICL with respect to K
- 'tree': plot the associated dendrogram

Value

```
a ggplot2 graphic
```

```
plot,LcaFit,missing-method
```

Plot a LcaFit-class object

Description

```
Plot a LcaFit-class object
```

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'LcaFit,missing'
plot(x, type = "marginals")
```

Arguments

x a LcaFit-class

type a string which specify plot type:

• 'blocks': plot a block matrix with summarizing connections between clusters

Value

```
a ggplot2 graphic
```

```
{\it plot}, {\it MoMFit}, {\it missing-method} \\ {\it Plot}~a~{\it MoMFit-class}~object
```

Description

```
Plot a MoMFit-class object
```

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'MoMFit,missing'
plot(x, type = "blocks")
```

Arguments

x a MoMFit-class

type a string which specify plot type:

• 'blocks': plot a block matrix with summarizing connections between clusters

Value

```
a ggplot2 graphic
```

```
{\it plot}, {\it MultSbmFit}, {\it missing-method} \\ {\it Plot}~a~{\it MultSbmFit-class}~object
```

Description

```
Plot a MultSbmFit-class object
```

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'MultSbmFit,missing'
plot(x, type = "blocks")
```

Arguments

x a MultSbmFit-class

type a string which specify plot type:

- 'blocks': plot a block matrix with summarizing connections between clusters
- 'nodelink': plot a nodelink diagram of the graph summarizing connections between clusters

Value

```
a ggplot2 graphic
```

```
plot, SbmFit, missing-method
```

Plot a SbmFit-class object

Description

```
Plot a SbmFit-class object
```

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'SbmFit,missing'
plot(x, type = "blocks")
```

Arguments

x a SbmFit-class

type a string which specify plot type:

- 'blocks': plot a block matrix with summarizing connections between clusters
- 'nodelink': plot a nodelink diagram of the graph summarizing connections between clusters

Value

```
a ggplot2 graphic
```

See Also

```
plot, IclPath, missing-method
```

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prior

Generic method to extract the prior used to fit IclFit-class object

Description

This method take a IclFit-class object and return the prior used.

Usage

```
prior(fit)
## S4 method for signature 'IclFit'
prior(fit)
```

Arguments

fit

an IclFit solution

Value

An S4 object describing the prior parameters

Methods (by class)

• IclFit: IclFit method

rdcsbm

Generates graph adjacency matrix using a degree corrected SBM

Description

rdcsbm returns an adjacency matrix and the cluster labels generated randomly using a Degree Corrected Stochastic Block Model.

Usage

```
rdcsbm(N, pi, mu, betain, betaout)
```

Arguments

N	A numeric value the size of the graph to generate
pi	A numeric vector of length K with clusters proportions. Must sum up to 1.
mu	A numeric matrix of dim K x K with the connectivity pattern to generate, elements in [0,1].
betain	A numeric vector of length N which specify the in-degree correction will be normalized per cluster during the generation.
betaout	A numeric vector of length N which specify the out-degree correction will be normalized per cluster during the generation.

rlbm 59

Details

It takes the sample size, cluster proportions and emission matrix, and as input and sample a graph accordingly together with the clusters labels.

Value

A list with fields:

- x: the count matrix as a dgCMatrix
- K: number of generated clusters
- N: number of vertex
- cl: vector of clusters labels
- pi: clusters proportions
- mu: connectivity matrix
- betain: normalized in-degree parameters
- betaout: normalized out-degree parameters

rlbm

Generate a data matrix using a Latent Block Model

Description

r1bm returns the adjacency matrix and the cluster labels generated randomly with a Latent Block Model.

Usage

```
rlbm(Nr, Nc, pir, pic, mu)
```

Arguments

Nr	desired Number of rows
Nc	desired Number of column
pir	A numeric vector of length Kr with rows clusters proportions (will be normalized to sum up to 1).
pic	A numeric vector of length Kc with columns clusters proportions (will be normalized to sum up to 1).
mu	A numeric matrix of dim Kr x Kc with the connectivity pattern to generate. elements in [0.1].

Details

This function takes the desired graph size, cluster proportions and connectivity matrix as input and sample a graph accordingly together with the clusters labels.

60 rlca

Value

A list with fields:

- x: the generated data matrix as a dgCMatrix
- clr: vector of row clusters labels
- clc: vector of column clusters labels
- Kr: number of generated row clusters
- Kc: number of generated column clusters
- Nr: number of rows
- Nc: number of column
- pir: row clusters proportions
- pic: column clusters proportions
- mu: connectivity matrix

Examples

```
simu <- rlbm(500, 1000, rep(1 / 5, 5), rep(1 / 10, 10), matrix(runif(50), 5, 10))
```

rlca

Generate data from lca model

Description

rlca returns a data.frame with factor sampled from an lca model

Usage

```
rlca(N, pi, theta)
```

Arguments

N The size of the graph to generate

pi A numeric vector of length K with clusters proportions (will be normalized to

sum up to 1).

theta A list of size V

Details

This function takes the desired graph size, cluster proportions and connectivity matrix as input and sample a graph accordingly together with the clusters labels.

rmm 61

Value

A list with fields:

- x: the multi-graph adjacency matrix as an array
- K: number of generated clusters
- N: number of vertex
- cl: vector of clusters labels
- pi: clusters proportions
- theta:

Examples

rmm

Generate data using a Multinomial Mixture

Description

rmm returns a count matrix and the cluster labels generated randomly with a Mixture of Multinomial model.

Usage

```
rmm(N, pi, mu, lambda)
```

Arguments

N	A numeric value the size of the graph to generate
pi	A numeric vector of length K with clusters proportions. Must sum up to 1.
mu	A numeric matrix of dim $k \times D$ with the clusters patterns to generate, all elements in $[0,1]$.
lambda	A numeric value which specify the expectation for the row sums.

Details

It takes the sample size, cluster proportions and emission matrix, and as input and sample a graph accordingly together with the clusters labels.

62 rmreg

Value

A list with fields:

- x: the count matrix as a dgCMatrix
- K: number of generated clusters
- N: number of vertex
- cl: vector of clusters labels
- pi: clusters proportions
- mu: connectivity matrix
- lambda: expectation of row sums

rmreg

Generate data from a mixture of regression model

Description

rmreg returns an X matrix, a y vector and the cluster labels generated randomly with a Mixture of regression model.

Usage

```
rmreg(
    N,
    pi,
    A,
    sigma,
    X = cbind(rep(1, N), matrix(stats::rnorm(N * (ncol(A) - 1)), N, ncol(A) - 1))
)
```

Arguments

N	A numeric value the size of the graph to generate
pi	A numeric vector of length K with clusters proportions (must sum up to 1)
A	A numeric matrix of dim K x d with the regression coefficient
sigma	A numeric of length 1 with the target conditional variance
Χ	A matrix of covariate

Details

It takes the sample size, cluster proportions and regression parameters matrix and variance as input accordingly

rmultsbm 63

Value

A list with fields:

- X: the covariate matrix
- y: the target feature
- K: number of generated clusters
- N: sample size
- cl: vector of clusters labels
- pi: clusters proportions
- A: regression coefficients used in the simulation
- sigma: conditional variance

rmultsbm	Generate a graph adjacency matrix using a Stochastic Block Model

Description

rmultsbm returns the multi-graph adjacency matrix and the cluster labels generated randomly with a Multinomial Stochastic Block Model.

Usage

```
rmultsbm(N, pi, mu, lambda)
```

Arguments

N	The size of the graph to generate
pi	A numeric vector of length K with clusters proportions (will be normalized to sum up to 1).
mu	A numeric array of dim K x K x M with the connectivity pattern to generate. elements in $[0,1]$.
lambda	A double with the Poisson intensity to generate the total counts

Details

This function takes the desired graph size, cluster proportions and connectivity matrix as input and sample a graph accordingly together with the clusters labels.

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Value

A list with fields:

- x: the multi-graph adjacency matrix as an array
- K: number of generated clusters
- N: number of vertex
- cl: vector of clusters labels
- pi: clusters proportions
- mu: connectivity matrix
- lambda:

Examples

```
simu \leftarrow rsbm(100, rep(1 / 5, 5), diag(rep(0.1, 5)) + 0.001)
```

rsbm

Generate a graph adjacency matrix using a Stochastic Block Model

Description

rsbm returns the adjacency matrix and the cluster labels generated randomly with a Stochastic Block Model.

Usage

```
rsbm(N, pi, mu)
```

Arguments

N	The size of the graph to generate
pi	A numeric vector of length K with clusters proportions (will be normalized to sum up to 1).
mu	A numeric matrix of dim $K \times K$ with the connectivity pattern to generate. elements in $[0,1]$.

Details

This function takes the desired graph size, cluster proportions and connectivity matrix as input and sample a graph accordingly together with the clusters labels.

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Value

A list with fields:

- x: the graph adjacency matrix as a dgCMatrix
- K: number of generated clusters
- N: number of vertex
- cl: vector of clusters labels
- pi: clusters proportions
- mu: connectivity matrix

Examples

```
simu < - rsbm(100, rep(1 / 5, 5), diag(rep(0.1, 5)) + 0.001)
```

Sbm

Stochastic Block Model Prior class

Description

An S4 class to represent a Stochastic Block Model. Such model can be used to cluster graph vertex, and model a square adjacency matrix X with the following generative model:

$$\pi \sim Dirichlet(\alpha)$$

$$Z_i \sim \mathcal{M}(1, \pi)$$

$$\theta_{kl} \sim Beta(a_0, b_0)$$

$$X_{ij}|Z_{ik}Z_{jl} = 1 \sim \mathcal{B}(\theta_{kl})$$

These classes mainly store the prior parameters value α, a_0, b_0 of this generative model. The Sbm-class must be used when fitting a simple Sbm whereas the SbmPrior-class must be used when fitting a CombinedModels-class.

Usage

```
SbmPrior(a0 = 1, b0 = 1, type = "guess")
Sbm(alpha = 1, a0 = 1, b0 = 1, type = "guess")
```

Arguments

a0	Beta prior parameter over links (default to 1)
b0	Beta prior parameter over no-links (default to 1)
type	define the type of networks (either "directed", "undirected" or "guess", default to "guess"), for undirected graphs the adjacency matrix is supposed to be symmetric.
alpha	Dirichlet prior parameter over the cluster proportions (default to 1)

66 SbmFit-class

Value

```
a SbmPrior-class object a Sbm-class object
```

References

Nowicki, Krzysztof and Tom A B Snijders (2001). "Estimation and prediction for stochastic block structures". In:Journal of the American statistical association 96.455, pp. 1077–1087

See Also

```
greed
SbmFit-class,SbmPath-class
Other DlvmModels: CombinedModels, DcLbm, DcSbm, DiagGmm, DlvmPrior-class, Gmm, Lca, MoM,
MoR, MultSbm, greed()
```

Examples

```
Sbm()
SbmPrior()
SbmPrior(type = "undirected")
Sbm()
Sbm(type = "undirected")
```

SbmFit-class

Stochastic Block Model fit results class

Description

An S4 class to represent a fit of a Stochastic Block Model, extend IclFit-class.

Slots

```
model a Sbm-class object to store the model fitted
name generative model name
icl icl value of the fitted model
K number of extracted clusters over rows and columns
cl a numeric vector with row and columns cluster indexes
obs_stats a list with the following elements:
```

- counts: numeric vector of size K with number of elements in each clusters
- x_counts: matrix of size K*K with the number of links between each pair of clusters

move_mat binary matrix which store move constraints

train_hist data.frame with training history information (details depends on the training procedure)

SbmPath-class 67

See Also

coef, SbmFit-method

SbmPath-class

Stochastic Block Model hierarchical fit results class

Description

An S4 class to represent a hierarchical fit of a stochastic block model, extend IclPath-class.

Slots

model a Sbm-class object to store the model fitted

name generative model name

icl icl value of the fitted model

K number of extracted clusters over row and columns

cl a numeric vector with row and columns cluster indexes

obs_stats a list with the following elements:

- counts: numeric vector of size K with number of elements in each clusters
- x_counts: matrix of size K*K with the number of links between each pair of clusters

path a list of size K-1 with that store all the solutions along the path. Each element is a list with the following fields:

- icl1: icl value reach with this solution for alpha=1
- logalpha: log(alpha) value were this solution is better than its parent
- K: number of clusters
- · cl: vector of cluster indexes
- k,l: index of the cluster that were merged at this step
- merge_mat: lower triangular matrix of delta icl values
- obs_stats: a list with the following elements:
 - counts: numeric vector of size K with number of elements in each clusters
 - x_counts: matrix of size K*K with the number of links between each pair of clusters

logalpha value of log(alpha)

ggtree data.frame with complete merge tree for easy plotting with ggplot2

tree numeric vector with merge tree tree[i] contains the index of i father

train_hist data.frame with training history information (details depends on the training procedure)

See Also

```
plot, SbmFit, missing-method
```

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Seed-class

Greedy algorithm with seeded initialization

Description

An S4 class to represent a greedy algorithm with initialization from spectral clustering and or k-means (extends Alg-class class).

Usage

Seed()

Value

a Seed-class object

Functions

Seed: Seed algorithm class constructor

Examples

Seed()

SevenGraders

SevenGraders data

Description

SevenGraders A small multiplex network of friendships among 29 seventh grade students in Victoria, Australia. Students nominated classmates for three different activities (who do you get on with in the class, who are your best friends, and who would you prefer to work with). Edge direction for each of these three types of edges indicates if node i nominated node j, and the edge weight gives the frequency of this nomination. Students 1-12 are boys and 13-29 are girls. The KONECT version of this network is the collapse of de Domenico's multiplex version.

Usage

```
data(SevenGraders)
```

Format

A binary array of size (29,29,3) containing directed graphs. The first layer encodes "getting along in class" while the second encodes the best-friendship (can be one-way). The third encodes the preferred work relation.

show,IcIFit-method 69

Source

```
https://networks.skewed.de/net/7th_graders
```

References

M. Vickers and S. Chan, "Representing Classroom Social Structure." Melbourne: Victoria Institute of Secondary Education, (1981).

Examples

```
data(SevenGraders)
```

show, IclFit-method

Show an IclPath object

Description

Print an IclPath-class object, model type and number of found clusters are provided.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'IclFit'
show(object)
```

Arguments

object

IclPath-class object to print

Value

None (invisible NULL). No return value, called for side effects.

spectral

Regularized spectral clustering

Description

performs regularized spectral clustering of a sparse adjacency matrix

Usage

```
spectral(X, K)
```

Arguments

X An adjacency matrix in sparse format (see the Matrix package)

K Desired number of cluster

70 Youngpeoplesurvey

Value

cl Vector of cluster labels

References

Tai Qin, Karl Rohe. Regularized Spectral Clustering under the Degree-Corrected Stochastic Block Model. Nips 2013.

to_multinomial

Convert a binary adjacency matrix with missing value to a cube

Description

Convert a binary adjacency matrix with missing value to a cube

Usage

```
to_multinomial(X)
```

Arguments

Χ

A binary adjacency matrix with NA

Value

a cube

Youngpeoplesurvey

Young People survey data

Description

Young people survey data from Miroslav Sabo and available on the Kaggle platform. This is an authentic example of questionnaire data where Slovakian young people (15-30 years old) were asked musical preferences according to different genres (rock, hip-hop, classical, etc.).

Usage

```
data(Youngpeoplesurvey)
```

Format

An R data.frame with columns containing each of the 150 original variables of the study.

Source

https://www.kaggle.com/miroslavsabo/young-people-survey

Youngpeoplesurvey 71

Examples

data(Youngpeoplesurvey)

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