# Package 'groupICA'

June 19, 2018

Title Independent Component Analysis for Grouped Data
Version 0.1.1
Author Niklas Pfister and Sebastian Weichwald
Maintainer Niklas Pfister <pfister@stat.math.ethz.ch></pfister@stat.math.ethz.ch>
<b>Description</b> Contains an implementation of an independent component analysis (ICA) for grouped data. The main function groupICA() performs a blind source separation, by maximizing an independence across sources and allows to adjust for varying confounding for user-specified groups. Additionally, the package contains the function uwedge() which can be used to approximately jointly diagonalize a list of matrices. For more details see the project website <a href="https://sweichwald.de/groupICA/">https://sweichwald.de/groupICA/</a> >.
<pre>URL https://github.com/sweichwald/groupICA-R</pre>
BugReports https://github.com/sweichwald/groupICA-R/issues
<b>Depends</b> R (>= $3.2.3$ )
License AGPL-3
Encoding UTF-8
LazyData true
Imports stats, MASS
RoxygenNote 6.0.1
NeedsCompilation no
Repository CRAN
<b>Date/Publication</b> 2018-06-19 08:55:29 UTC
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#### **Description**

Estimates the unmixing and confounded sources of the groupICA model X=A(S+H).

## Usage

```
groupICA(X, group_index = NA, partition_index = NA, n_components = NA,
    n_components_uwedge = NA, rank_components = FALSE,
    pairing = "complement", groupsize = 1, partitionsize = NA,
    max_iter = 1000, tol = 1e-12, silent = TRUE)
```

## **Arguments**

X data matrix. Each column corresponds to one predictor variable.

group\_index vector coding to which group each sample belongs, with length(group\_index)=nrow(X).

If no group index is provided a rigid grid with groupsize samples per group is

used (which defaults to all samples if groupsize was not set).

partition\_index

vector coding to which partition each sample belongs, with length(partition\_index)=nrow(X).

If no partition index is provided a rigid grid with partitionsize samples per

partition is used.

n\_components number of components to extract. If NA is passed, the same number of compo-

nents as the input has dimensions is used.

n\_components\_uwedge

number of components to extract during uwedge approximate joint diagonalization of the matrices. If NA is passed, the same number of components as the

input has dimensions is used.

rank\_components

boolean, optional. When TRUE, the components will be ordered in decreasing

stability.

pairing either 'complement' or 'allpairs'. If 'allpairs' the difference matrices are com-

puted for all pairs of partition covariance matrices, while if 'complement' a

one-vs-complement scheme is used.

groupsize int, optional. Approximate number of samples in each group when using a

rigid grid as groups. If NA is passed, all samples will be in one group unless group\_index is passed during fitting in which case the provided group index is

used (the latter is the advised and preferred way).

partitionsize int, optional. Approxiate number of samples in each partition when using a rigid

grid as partition. If NA is passed, a (hopefully sane) default is used, again, unless partition\_index is passed during fitting in which case the provided partition

index is used.

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max_iter	int, optional. Maximum number of iterations for the uwedge approximate joint

diagonalisation during fitting.

tol float, optional. Tolerance for terminating the uwedge approximate joint diago-

nalisation during fitting.

silent boolean whether to supress status outputs.

#### **Details**

For further details see the references.

#### Value

object of class 'GroupICA' consisting of the following elements

V the unmixing matrix.

coverged boolean indicating whether the approximate joint diagonalisation converged due

to tol.

n\_iter number of iterations of the approximate joint diagonalisation.

mean absolute value of the off-diagonal values of the to be jointly diagonalised

matrices, i.e., a proxy of the approximate joint diagonalisation objective func-

tion.

## Author(s)

Niklas Pfister and Sebastian Weichwald

#### References

Pfister, N., S. Weichwald, P. Bühlmann and B. Schölkopf (2017). GroupICA: Independent Component Analysis for grouped data. ArXiv e-prints (arXiv:1806.01094).

Project website (https://sweichwald.de/groupICA/)

#### See Also

The function uwedge allows to perform to perform an approximate joint matrix diagonalization.

## **Examples**

```
## Example
set.seed(1)

# Generate data from a block-wise variance model
d <- 2
m <- 10
n <- 5000
group_index <- rep(c(1,2), each=n)
partition_index <- rep(rep(1:m, each=n/m), 2)
S <- matrix(NA, 2*n, d)
H <- matrix(NA, 2*n, d)</pre>
```

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```
for(i in unique(group_index)){
  varH <- abs(rnorm(d))/4</pre>
  H[group_index==i, ] <- matrix(rnorm(d*n)*rep(varH, each=n), n, d)</pre>
  for(j in unique(partition_index[group_index==i])){
    varS <- abs(rnorm(d))</pre>
    index <- partition_index==j & group_index==i</pre>
    S[index,] <- matrix(rnorm(d*n/m)*rep(varS, each=n/m),</pre>
                                                         n/m, d)
  }
}
A <- matrix(rnorm(d^2), d, d)
A \leftarrow A%*%t(A)
X \leftarrow t(A%*%t(S+H))
# Apply groupICA
res <- groupICA(X, group_index, partition_index, rank_components=TRUE)</pre>
# Compare results
par(mfrow=c(2,2))
plot((S+H)[,1], type="l", main="true source 1", ylab="S+H")
plot(res$Shat[,1], type="1", main="estimated source 1", ylab="Shat")
plot((S+H)[,2], type="1", main="true source 2", ylab="S+H")
plot(res$Shat[,2], type="1", main="estimated source 2", ylab="Shat")
cor(res$Shat, S+H)
```

uwedge

uwedge

## **Description**

Performs an approximate joint matrix diagonalization on a list of matrices. More precisely, for a list of matrices Rx the algorithm finds a matrix V such that for all i V Rx[i] t(V) is approximately diagonal.

## Usage

```
uwedge(Rx, init = NA, rm_x0 = TRUE, return_diag = FALSE, tol = 1e-10,
max_iter = 1000, n_components = NA, silent = TRUE)
```

## Arguments

Rx	list of matrices to be diagaonlized.
init	matrix used in first step of initialization. If NA a default based on PCA is used
rm_x0	boolean whether to also diagonalize first matrix in Rx or only use it for scaling.
return_diag	boolean. Specifies whether to return the list of diagonalized matrices.
tol	float, optional. Tolerance for terminating the iteration.
max_iter	int, optional. Maximum number of iterations.
n_components	number of components to extract. If NA is passed, all components are used.
silent	boolean whether to supress status outputs.

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## **Details**

For further details see the references.

#### Value

object of class 'uwedge' consisting of the following elements

V joint diagonalizing matrix.

Rxdiag list of diagonalized matrices.

converged boolean specifying whether the algorithm converged for the given tol.

iterations number of iterations of the approximate joint diagonalisation.

mean offdiag mean absolute value of the off-diagonal values of the to be jointly diagonalised

matrices, i.e., a proxy of the approximate joint diagonalisation objective func-

tion.

## Author(s)

Niklas Pfister and Sebastian Weichwald

## References

Pfister, N., S. Weichwald, P. Bühlmann and B. Schölkopf (2017). GroupICA: Independent Component Analysis for grouped data. ArXiv e-prints (arXiv:1806.01094).

Tichavsky, P. and Yeredor, A. (2009). Fast Approximate Joint Diagonalization Incorporating Weight Matrices. IEEE Transactions on Signal Processing.

## See Also

The function groupICA uses uwedge.

## **Examples**

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# Average value of offdiagonal elements:
print(res\$meanoffdiag)

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