# Package 'mlbstats' 

March 16, 2018

Type Package
Title Major League Baseball Player Statistics Calculator
Version 0.1.0
Author Philip D. Waggoner [philip.waggoner@gmail.com](mailto:philip.waggoner@gmail.com)
Maintainer Philip D. Waggoner [philip.waggoner@gmail.com](mailto:philip.waggoner@gmail.com)
Description Computational functions for player metrics in major league baseball including bat-ting, pitching, fielding, base-running, and overall player statistics. This package is actively main-tained with new metrics being added as they are developed.
License MIT + file LICENSE
Encoding UTF-8
LazyData true
RoxygenNote 6.0.1
NeedsCompilation no
Repository CRAN
Date/Publication 2018-03-16 09:15:57 UTC
$R$ topics documented:
ab_hr ..... 2
aera ..... 3
ba ..... 4
baa ..... 4
babip ..... 5
bb9 ..... 6
bb_k ..... 6
BsR ..... 7
dice ..... 7
EqA ..... 8
era ..... 9
erc ..... 9
fip ..... 10
fp ..... 11
go_ao ..... 11
gpa ..... 12
h9 ..... 13
iso ..... 13
k9 ..... 14
k_bb ..... 14
obp ..... 15
ops ..... 16
pafa ..... 16
pa_so ..... 17
pfr ..... 18
ra ..... 18
rc ..... 19
rc2 ..... 19
rc3 ..... 20
rfa ..... 21
risp ..... 21
rp ..... 22
sba ..... 22
sbsr ..... 23
slg ..... 23
ta ..... 24
tc ..... 25
tob ..... 25
vorp ..... 26
whip ..... 26
wr ..... 27
wra ..... 27
xbh ..... 28
Index ..... 29
ab_hr Calculates at bats per home run

## Description

Takes number of at bats and divides by number of home runs

## Usage

ab_hr (ab, hr)

## Arguments

| ab | Number of at bats |
| :--- | :--- |
| hr | Number of home runs |

## Value

ab_hr

## Examples

$$
\text { ab_hr }(400,25)
$$

## Description

Computes adjusted earned run average accounting for park factor and league era (compare with "era" which is the traditional formula for earned run average, "erc" which is the component earned run average, or "dice" which is the defense-independent component earned run average)

## Usage

aera(er, ip, lera, home_rs, home_ra, home_r, road_rs, road_ra, road_r)

## Arguments

| er | Number of runs that did not occur as a result of errors or passed balls |
| :--- | :--- |
| ip | Number of innings pitched |
| lera | Average league ERA |
| home_rs | Number of pitcher's team runs scored at home park |
| home_ra | Number of pitcher's team runs allowed at home park |
| home_r | Total number of runs scored at home park |
| road_rs | Number of pitcher's team runs scored at away park |
| road_ra | Number of pitcher's team runs allowed at away park |
| road_r | Total number of runs scored at away park |

## Value

aera

## Examples

$\operatorname{aera}(10,5.5,2.5,8,7,15,6,4,10) \#$ for a pair of games (one away, one home)

## Description

Takes number of hits and divides by at bats. 1.000 (read "one-thousand" is perfect)

## Usage

ba(h, ab)

## Arguments

| h | Number of hits |
| :--- | :--- |
| ab | Number of at bats |

## Value

ba

## Examples

ba(200, 525)
$\qquad$
baa Calculates batting average against

## Description

Computes pitcher's ability to prevent hits, based on h, bfp, bb, hbp, sf, sh, and ci (catcher's interference)

## Usage

baa(h, bfp, bb, hbp, sh, sf, ci)

## Arguments

| h | Number of hits allowed |
| :--- | :--- |
| bfp | Number of batters facing pitcher |
| bb | Number of bases on balls |
| hbp | Number of hit batters |
| sh | Number of sacrifice hits |
| sf | Number of sacrifice flies |
| ci | Number of catcher's interference |

## Value

baa

## Examples

```
baa(105, 250, 50, 15, 10, 5, 1)
```

babip Calculates batting average on balls in play

## Description

Generates the frequency a batter reaches a base after putting the ball in play (normal around .300)

## Usage

babip(h, hr, ab, k, sf)

## Arguments

h
Number of hits
hr Number of home runs
ab Number of at bats
$k \quad$ Number of strikeouts
sf Number of sacrifice flies

## Value

babip

## Examples

babip(200, 25, 525, 55, 6)

## Description

Computes bases on balls (walks) per nine innings pitched

## Usage

bb9(bb, ip)

## Arguments

bb
Number of bases on balls
ip
Number of innings pitched

## Value

bb9

## Examples

bb9 35,210 )
bb_k Calculates walk to strikeout ratio (batting)

## Description

Takes the number of bases on balls and divides by number of strikeouts (for pitching version, see "k_bb")

## Usage

bb_k(bb, k)

## Arguments

bb
Number of bases on balls
k
Number of strikeouts

## Value

bb_k

## Examples

$$
b b \_k(65,125)
$$

## Description

Takes the number of hits, bases on balls, home runs, total bases, and at bats to compute the base runs estimator, which is similar to runs created

## Usage

$\operatorname{BsR}(h, b b, h r, t b, a b)$

## Arguments

| h | Number of hits |
| :--- | :--- |
| bb | Number of bases on balls |
| hr | Number of home runs |
| tb | Number of total bases (one for 1B, two for 2B, three for 3B, and four for HR) |
| ab | Number of at bats |

## Value

BsR

## Examples

$\operatorname{BsR}(135,22,12,155,330)$

```
dice
```


## Description

Computes earned run average from hits and walks (compare with "era" which is the traditional formula for earned run average, "aera" which is a pitcher's adjusted earned run average, or "erc" which is the component earned run average)

## Usage

dice(bb, hbp, hr, k, ip)

## Arguments

| bb | Number of bases on balls |
| :--- | :--- |
| hbp | Number of hit batters |
| hr | Number of home runs |
| k | Number of strikeouts |
| ip | Number of innings pitched |

Value
dice

## Examples

```
    dice(45, 10, 60, 130, 400)
```


## Description

Takes the number of hits, total bases, bases on balls, hits by pitch, stolen bases, sacrifice hits, sacrifice flies, at bats, and caught stealing to compute the base runs, which is a player's batting average absent park and league effects

## Usage

EqA(h, tb, bb, hbp, sb, sh, sf, ab, cs)

## Arguments

| h | Number of hits |
| :--- | :--- |
| tb | Number of total bases (one for 1B, two for 2B, three for 3B, and four for HR) |
| bb | Number of bases on balls |
| hbp | Number of hits by pitch |
| sb | Number of stolen bases |
| sh | Number of sacrifice hits (typically bunts) |
| sf | Number of sacrifice flies |
| ab | Number of at bats |
| cs | Number of caught stealing |

## Value

EqA

## Examples

EqA(135, 155, 22, 3, 15, 4, 2, 365, 1)

```
era Calculates earned run average
```


## Description

Computes a pitcher's earned run average (compare with "erc" which is the component earned run average, "aera" which is a pitcher's adjusted earned run average, or "dice" which is the defenseindependent component earned run average)

## Usage

era(er, ip)

## Arguments

er
Number of runs that did not occur as a result of errors or passed balls
ip
Number of innings pitched

## Value

era

## Examples

$$
\operatorname{era}(150,400)
$$

erc Calculates component earned run average

## Description

Computes earned run average from hits and walks (compare with "era" which is the traditional formula for earned run average, "aera" which is a pitcher's adjusted earned run average, or "dice" which is the defense-independent component earned run average)

## Usage

$\operatorname{erc}(h, b b, h b p, h r, i b b, b f p, i p)$

## Arguments

| h | Number of hits allowed |
| :--- | :--- |
| bb | Number of bases on balls |
| hbp | Number of hit batters |
| hr | Number of home runs |
| ibb | Number of intentional bases on balls |
| bfp | Number of batters faced by pitcher |
| ip | Number of innings pitched |

## Value

erc

## Examples

$\operatorname{erc}(110,45,10,70,5,400,215)$
fip Calculates fielding independent pitching

## Description

Computes pitching performance statistic similar to ERA, but based on factors within the pitcher's control (compare with "dice" which is the defense-independent component earned run average)

## Usage

fip(hr, bb, k, ip)

## Arguments

| hr | Number of home runs |
| :--- | :--- |
| bb | Number of bases on balls |
| k | Number of strikeouts |
| ip | Number of innings pitched |

## Value

fip

## Examples

fip(65, 50, 100, 175)

| $\mathrm{fp} \quad$ Calculates fielding percentage |
| :--- | :--- |

## Description

Computes the fielding percentage (aka, fielding average), which reflects the percentage of proper ball handling

## Usage

$f p(p, a, e)$

## Arguments

| $p$ | Number of putouts |
| :--- | :--- |
| $a$ | Number of assists |
| $e$ | Number of errors |

## Value

fp

## Examples

$f p(13,4,2)$
go_ao Calculates ground outs-fly outs ratio (GO/AO)

## Description

Takes the number of ground ball outs and divides by number of fly ball outs to compute the GO/AO ratio

## Usage

go_ao(go, ao)

## Arguments

go
Number of ground ball outs
ao
Number of fly ball outs

Value
go_ao

## Examples

go_ao(150, 88)
gpa Calculates gross production average

## Description

Computes the gross production average, which is 1.8 times on-base percentage (OBP) plus slugging percentage (SLG), divided by four

## Usage

gpa(h, bb, hbp, ab, sf, b1, b2, b3, hr)

## Arguments

| h | Number of hits |
| :--- | :--- |
| bb | Number of bases on balls |
| hbp | Number of hits by pitch |
| ab | Number of at bats |
| sf | Number of sacrifice flies |
| b1 | Number of singles |
| b2 | Number of doubles |
| b3 | Number of triples |
| hr | Number of home runs |

## Value

gpa

## Examples

$\operatorname{gpa}(150,40,2,400,5,100,40,3,7)$

## Description

Computes hits per nine innings pitched

## Usage

h9(h, ip)

## Arguments

| h | Number of hits allowed |
| :--- | :--- |
| ip | Number of innings pitched |

## Value

h9

## Examples

h9 (150, 175)

Calculates isolated power

## Description

Computes isolated power, which is a player's ability to obtain extra bases from a hit. The statistic subtracts a hitter's batting average from the slugging percentage, with the maximum ISO being 3.000 .

## Usage

iso(b1, b2, b3, hr, ab, h)

## Arguments

b1
b2
b3
hr
ab
h

Number of singles
Number of doubles
Number of triples
Number of home runs
Number of at bats
Number of hits

## Value

iso

## Examples

iso(100, 40, 3, 7, 350, 150)

## Description

## Computes strikeouts per nine innings pitched

## Usage

k9 (k, ip)

## Arguments

k
Number of strikeouts
ip
Number of innings pitched

## Value

k9

## Examples

k9 (105, 175)

| k_bb $\quad$ Calculates strikeout to walk ratio (pitching) |
| :--- |

## Description

Computes strikeouts to walk ratio, based on number of strikeouts and number of walks (for batting version, see "bb_k")

## Usage

k_bb(k, bb)

## Arguments

| k | Number of strikeouts |
| :--- | :--- |
| bb | Number of bases on balls |

## Value

k_bb

## Examples

k_bb(105, 40)
obp

## Description

Computes the on-base percentage based on number of hits, bases on balls, hits by pitch, at bats, and sacrifice flies

## Usage

obp(h, bb, hbp, ab, sf)

## Arguments

| h | Number of hits |
| :--- | :--- |
| bb | Number of bases on balls |
| hbp | Number of hits by pitch |
| ab | Number of at bats |
| sf | Number of sacrifice flies |

## Value

obp

## Examples

$\operatorname{obp}(150,40,2,400,5)$

## Description

Computes the on-base percentage plus slugging average (OPS) based on number of hits, bases on balls, hits by pitch, at bats, sacrifice flies, and total weighted bases (represented individually, as in SLG and GPA calculations)

## Usage

ops(h, bb, hbp, ab, sf, b1, b2, b3, hr)

## Arguments

| h | Number of hits |
| :--- | :--- |
| bb | Number of bases on balls |
| hbp | Number of hits by pitch |
| ab | Number of at bats |
| sf | Number of sacrifice flies |
| b1 | Number of singles |
| b2 | Number of doubles |
| b3 | Number of triples |
| hr | Number of home runs |

## Value

ops

## Examples

$\operatorname{ops}(200,18,4,401,4,50,20,3,13)$

```
pafa Calculates park factor
```


## Description

Computes the runs a team scores at home versus away (it is often used in other metrics, e.g., adjusted era (ERA+) for pitchers; see "aera")

## Usage

pafa(home_rs, home_ra, home_r, road_rs, road_ra, road_r)

## Arguments

| home_rs | Number of pitcher's team runs scored at home park |
| :--- | :--- |
| home_ra | Number of pitcher's team runs allowed at home park |
| home_r | Total number of runs scored at home park |
| road_rs | Number of pitcher's team runs scored at away park |
| road_ra | Number of pitcher's team runs allowed at away park |
| road_r | Total number of runs scored at away park |

## Value

pafa

## Examples

```
pafa(5, 6, 11, 4, 8, 12) # for a pair of games (one home, one away)
```

pa_so

Calculates plate appearances per strikeout (PA/SO)

## Description

Computes the number of times a hitter strikes out in relation to their plate appearances

## Usage

```
pa_so(pa, so)
```


## Arguments

| pa | Number of plate appearances |
| :--- | :--- |
| so | Number of strikeouts |

## Value

pa_so

## Examples

$$
\text { pa_so }(450,120)
$$

```
    pfr Calculates power finesse ratio
```


## Description

Computes pitcher's performance either by game or overall, based on $k$, $b b$, and ip

## Usage

pfr(k, bb, ip)

## Arguments

| k | Number of strikeouts |
| :--- | :--- |
| bb | Number of bases on balls |
| ip | Number of innings pitched |

## Value

pfr

## Examples

$\operatorname{pfr}(115,30,400)$
ra
Calculates run average

## Description

Computes pitcher's run average based on number of runs allowed and innings pitched

## Usage

$$
r a(r, i p)
$$

## Arguments

r
ip
Number of runs allowed
Number of innings pitched

## Value

ra

## Examples

ra(75, 400)

## Description

Computes the basic version of the estimated runs a hitter creates or contributes (see also "rc2" for the 'stolen base' iteration and "rc3" for the technical iteration of the re statistic)

## Usage

$$
\mathrm{rc}(\mathrm{~h}, \mathrm{bb}, \mathrm{tb}, \mathrm{ab})
$$

## Arguments

| h | Number of hits |
| :--- | :--- |
| bb | Number of bases on balls |
| tb | Number of total bases (one for 1B, two for 2B, three for 3B, and four for HR) |
| ab | Number of at bats |

## Value

rc

## Examples

$\operatorname{rc}(150,35,165,400)$
rc2 Calculates runs created accounting for stolen bases

## Description

Computes the estimated runs a hitter creates or contributes, accounting for base stealing (see also "rc" for the basic iteration and "rc3" for the technical iteration of the rc statistic)

## Usage

rc2(h, bb, tb, ab, cs, sb)

## Arguments

h
bb
tb
ab
cs
sb

Number of hits
Number of bases on balls
Number of total bases (one for 1B, two for 2B, three for 3B, and four for HR)
Number of at bats
Number of stolen bases caught
Number of stolen bases

## Value

rc2

## Examples

rc2 $150,35,165,400,7,9)$
rc3 Calculates runs created accounting for all offensive indicators

## Description

Computes the technical iteration of estimated runs a hitter creates or contributes accounting for virtually all offensive indicators (see also "rc" for the basic iteration and "rc2" for the 'stolen base' iteration of the re statistic)

## Usage

rc3(h, bb, ibb, tb, ab, cs, sb, hbp, gidp, sh, sf)

## Arguments

| h | Number of hits |
| :--- | :--- |
| bb | Number of bases on balls |
| ibb | Number of intentional bases on balls |
| tb | Number of total bases (one for 1B, two for 2B, three for 3B, and four for HR) |
| ab | Number of at bats |
| cs | Number of stolen bases caught |
| sb | Number of stolen bases |
| hbp | Number of hits by pitch |
| gidp | Number of grounded into double play |
| sh | Number of sacrifice hits |
| sf | Number of sacrifice flies |

## Value

rc3

## Examples

$$
\operatorname{rc3}(150,35,3,165,400,7,9,5,1,6,2)
$$

$\qquad$

## Description

Computes the amount of the field covered by a player

## Usage

$r f a(p, a, i p)$

## Arguments

p
Number of putouts
a Number of assists
ip Number of innings played in a defensive position

## Value

rfa

## Examples

$r f a(20,5,450)$

## risp

Calculates batting average with runners in scoring position

## Description

Computes batting average accounting for runners in scoring position

## Usage

risp(hrisp, abrisp)

## Arguments

hrisp Number of hits with runners in scoring position (on either 2nd or 3rd base)
abrisp Number of at bats with runners in scoring position (on either 2nd or 3rd base)

## Value

risp

## Examples

> risp(35, 120)
$\qquad$

## Description

Computes the number of runs contributed by a hitter, based on runs, runs batted in, and home runs

## Usage

$r p(r, r b i, h r)$

## Arguments

$r$
Number of runs
rbi Number of runs batted in
hr Number of home runs

## Value

rp

## Examples

$r p(70,41,22)$ sba

Calculates stolen base attempts

## Description

Computes total attempts to steal a base, by adding sb and cs

## Usage

sba(sb, cs)

## Arguments

sb
Number of stolen bases
cs
Number of caught stealing

## Value

sba

## Examples

$\operatorname{sba}(20,4)$

## sbsr

Calculates stolen base success rate

## Description

Computes percentage of bases successfully stolen

## Usage

sbsr(sb, cs)

## Arguments

| sb | Number of stolen bases |
| :--- | :--- |
| cs | Number of caught stealing |

## Value

sbsr

## Examples

$$
\operatorname{sbsr}(20,4)
$$

slg Calculates slugging percentage

## Description

Computes the slugging percentage (SLG), based on the weighted number of singles, doubles, triples, home runs, and at bats

## Usage

$\mathrm{slg}(\mathrm{b} 1, \mathrm{~b} 2, \mathrm{~b} 3, \mathrm{hr}, \mathrm{ab})$

## Arguments

| b1 | Number of singles |
| :--- | :--- |
| b2 | Number of doubles |
| b3 | Number of triples |
| hr | Number of home runs |
| ab | Number of at bats |

## Value

slg

## Examples

```
slg(100, 40, 3, 7, 350)
```

    ta Calculates total average
    
## Description

Computes overall offensive contribution of a single player

## Usage

ta(tb, hbp, bb, sb, ab, h, cs, gidp)

## Arguments

tb
hbp Number of hits by pitch
bb Number of bases on balls
sb Number of stolen bases
ab Number of at bats
h Number of hits
cs Number of caught stealing
gidp $\quad$ Number of grounded into double play

## Value

ta

## Examples

$\operatorname{ta}(125,11,40,10,400,105,2,6)$

## tc Calculates total chances

## Description

Computes the opportunities for defensive ball handling

## Usage

tc $(p, a, e)$

## Arguments

| $p$ | Number of putouts |
| :--- | :--- |
| $a$ | Number of assists |
| $e$ | Number of errors |

## Value

tc

## Examples

tc (11, 5, 5)
tob Calculates times on base

## Description

Computes total times a player reaches a base by adding $\mathrm{h}, \mathrm{hbp}$, and bb

## Usage

tob(h, hbp, bb)

## Arguments

| h | Number of hits |
| :--- | :--- |
| hbp | Number of hits by pitch |
| bb | Number of bases on balls |

## Value

tob

## Examples

tob(234, 6, 24)
vorp Calculates value over replacement player (pitching)

## Description

Computes a pitcher's marginal utility

## Usage

vorp(ip, lr, lg, r)

## Arguments

| ip | Number of innings pitched |
| :--- | :--- |
| $l r$ | Number of league runs |
| $l g$ | Number of league games played |
| $r$ | Number of runs |

## Value

vorp

## Examples

$\operatorname{vorp}(400,98,20,110)$
whip
Calculates walks plus hits per innings pitched (WHIP)

## Description

Computes walks plus hits per innings pitched, which reflects the number of baserunners allowed by a pitcher over a given period

## Usage

whip(bb, h, ip)

## Arguments

| bb | Number of bases on balls |
| :--- | :--- |
| h | Number of hits allowed |
| ip | Number of innings pitched |

## Value

whip

## Examples

whip(50, 110, 425)
wr
Calculates whiff rate

## Description

Computes pitcher's ability to get a batter to swing and miss pitches over any period of time (e.g., in a single game, single season, career, etc.)

## Usage

wr (sw, tp)

## Arguments

| sw | Number of swings and misses |
| :--- | :--- |
| tp | Total pitches thrown |

## Value

wr

## Examples

wr (300, 750)
wra Calculates win ratio

## Description

Computes a team's win ratio, which is used in the so-called "Pythagorean expectation"

## Usage

wra(rs, ra)

## Arguments

rs
Number of runs scored
ra
Number of runs allowed

Value
wra

## Examples

wra(400, 301)
xbh
Calculates extra base hits

## Description

Computes total hits by a player greater than singles (1B) by adding 2B, 3B, and hr

## Usage

xbh(b2, b3, hr)

## Arguments

| b2 | Number of doubles |
| :--- | :--- |
| b3 | Number of triples |
| hr | Number of home runs |

Value
xbh

## Examples

$\operatorname{xbh}(20,18,4)$

## Index

ab_hr, 2
aera, 3
ba, 4
baa, 4
babip, 5
bb9, 6
bb_k, 6
BsR, 7
dice, 7
EqA, 8
era, 9
erc, 9
fip, 10
fp, 11
go_ao, 11
gpa, 12
h9, 13
iso, 13
k9, 14
k_bb, 14
obp, 15
ops, 16
pa_so, 17
pafa, 16
pfr, 18
ra, 18
rc, 19
rc2, 19
rc3, 20
rfa, 21
risp, 21
rp, 22
sba, 22
sbsr, 23
slg, 23
ta, 24
tc, 25
tob, 25
vorp, 26
whip, 26
wr, 27
wra, 27
xbh, 28

