Package 'naijR'

August 8, 2022

```
Type Package
Title Operations to Ease Data Analyses Specific to Nigeria
Version 0.4.3
Date 2022-07-21
Depends R (>= 3.6), grDevices, methods, utils
Imports RColorBrewer (>= 1.1.2), lifecycle (>= 0.2.0), magrittr (>=
      1.5), mapdata (>= 2.3.0), maps (>= 3.3.0), rgdal (>= 1.4.4),
      rlang (>= 0.4.0)
Suggests covr, here, knitr, readxl, rmarkdown, sp (>= 1.4.2),
      testthat, usethis
Description A set of convenience functions as well as geographical/political
      data about Nigeria, aimed at simplifying work with data and information that
      are specific to the country.
License GPL-3
LazyData TRUE
Encoding UTF-8
RoxygenNote 7.1.2
VignetteBuilder knitr
RdMacros lifecycle
URL https://brovic.github.io/naijR/
BugReports https://github.com/BroVic/naijR/issues
NeedsCompilation no
Author Victor Ordu [aut, cre] (<a href="https://orcid.org/0000-0003-3716-0668">https://orcid.org/0000-0003-3716-0668</a>)
Maintainer Victor Ordu <victorordu@outlook.com>
Repository CRAN
Date/Publication 2022-08-08 11:00:05 UTC
```

as_state

R topics documented:

state	
x_mobile	
x_region	4
x_region_manual	
_lga	5
_state	6
as	
as_nigeria	7
ap_ng	
ıijR	
ates	(
1	

as_state

Index

Explicit coercion between State and LGA names

Description

Takes the names of either States or LGAs and converts them explicitly into objects of the other class.

Usage

```
as_state(x)
as_lga(x)
```

Arguments

Х

A string representing either States or Local Government Areas (LGAs) that dually name one of these administrative regions.

Details

There are a few LGAs in the country that bear the same name as their State, and this could create some confusion when trying to use some of the the functionalities of this package. The States/LGAs in question are *Bauchi, Ebonyi, Ekity, Gombe, Katsina and Kogi*.

There as subtle differences in the way these functions handle data for States as against those for LGAs. In the case of States, an object of mode character is the preferred argument; alternatively, an object of class states will serve as long as it has only one element. For LGAs, the string is the preferred argument, since an object constructed with lgas() that is supplied a State's name as argument will list all the LGAs in that State. If a pre-formed lgas object is to be coerced to a states object, it should first be unclassed or explicitly coerced with as character.

fix_mobile 3

Value

In the case of as_state, an object of class states; with as_lga, an object of class lgas.

Examples

```
kt.st <- states("Katsina") # Ensure this is a State, not an LGA.
kt.lg <- suppressWarnings(as_lga(kt.st))
is_state(kt.st) # TRUE
is_lga(kt.lg) # TRUE

## Where there's no ambiguity, it doesn't make sense to coerce
## This kind of operation ends with an error
## Not run:
as_state("Kano")
as_lga("Michika")

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

fix_mobile

Fix mobile numbers

Description

Fixes up local mobile phone numbers to a uniform text format.

Usage

```
fix_mobile(x)
```

Arguments

Х

A character vector of numerical strings.

Details

This format is specific to that used in a given location - for now the function is useful only for Nigeria mobile numbers, which come in the format expressed by the regex pattern "^0[7-9][0-1][0-9]{8}\$".

Value

The updated vector, usually the column of a data frame.

fix_region

	fix_region	Fix Region Names	
--	------------	------------------	--

Description

Correct any misspelt names of administrative regions i.e. States and LGAs

Usage

```
fix_region(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'states'
fix_region(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'lgas'
fix_region(x, interactive = FALSE, quietly = FALSE, ...)
## Default S3 method:
fix_region(x, ...)
```

Arguments

Х	An S3 object of class states or lgas. For fix_region.default, a character vector can be passed but only that for States will be interpretable.
	Arguments passed to methods.
interactive	Logical. When TRUE, the function prompts the user to interactively select the correct LGA names from a list of available options.
quietly	Logical; default argument is FALSE.

Details

The function will look through a character vector and try to determine if State or LGA names have been wrongly entered. This presupposes that the atomic vector is of type character. It does not test any missing values in the vector, leaving them untouched.

Value

The transformed object. If all names are correct, the object is returned unchanged.

Note

When passed a character vector of length 1L, in the case of a misspelt LGA, the function signals an error; the presumption is that a fix can readily be applied interactively. When all the items provided are misspelt, nothing happens, but the user is advised to use the appropriate constructor function so as to improve the accuracy of the repairs. When there is a mix of misspelt and properly spelt LGAs, other functionalities for fixing the mistakes are available via mode interactive.

fix_region_manual 5

Examples

```
try(fix_region("Owerri north")) # ERROR
fix_region(c("Owerri north", "Owerri West"))
```

fix_region_manual

Fix Spelling of Regions Manually

Description

Enable users to interactively and directly change to spelling of States and/or Local Government Areas (LGAs)

Usage

```
fix_region_manual(x, wrong, correct)
```

Arguments

X	The object to be modified
wrong	The misspelt element(s) of x

The correction that is to be applied to the misspelt element(s)

is_lga

Test for Local Government Areas

Description

Checks a given object for Local Government Areas, represented as strings.

Usage

```
is_lga(x)
```

Arguments

Х

An object of type character. This includes higher dimension object classes like matrix and array.

Value

A logical vector the same length as the input object. Each element that is not a valid Local Government Area will evaluate to FALSE.

6 lgas

is_state

Test an Object for States

Description

Test an Object for States

Usage

```
is_state(x)
```

Arguments

Х

A vector to be tested.

Details

An element-wise check of a supplied vector is carried out. To test an entire vector and return a single boolean value, functions such as base::all or base::any should be used.

Value

A logical vector of same length as the input. If the input object is not even of type character, return the object unaltered, with a warning.

Note

The function throws a warning, when a missing value is among the elements. It works only for atomic vectors, throwing an error when this is not the case or when NULL is passed to it.

Examples

```
all(is_state(naijR::states()))
is_state(c("Maryland", "Baden-Baden", "Plateau", "Sussex"))
```

lgas

List Local Government Areas

Description

List Local Government Areas

Usage

```
lgas(region = NA_character_, strict = FALSE, warn = TRUE)
lgas_ng(state = NA_character_)
```

lgas_nigeria 7

Arguments

region	Context-dependent. Either State(s) of the Federation or Local Government Area(s) - internal checks are performed to determine what applies. In cases where States are synonymous to LGAs, the default behaviour is to use the State as a basis for selecting the LGAs. This can be modified with strict. The default value is NA_character_ and will return all 774 LGAs.
strict	logical; in the event of a name clash between State/LGA, return only the specified LGA when this argument is set to TRUE.
warn	logical; issue a warning when one or more elements are not actually Local Government Areas (or were misspelt).
state	Character; State(s) in the Federation of Nigeria. Default is NA_character

Value

If length of ng.state == 1L, a character vector containing the names of Local Government Areas; otherwise a named list, whose elements are character vectors of the LGAs in each state.

Note

There are six (6) LGAs that share names with their State - Bauchi, Ebonyi, Gombe, Katsina, Kogi and Ekiti.

lga_ng stands deprecated and will be removed in the next minor version. New code should use lgas instead.

Examples

```
how_many_lgas <- function(state) {
  require(naijR)
  stopifnot(all(is_state(state)))
  cat(sprintf("No. of LGAs in %s State:", state),
    length(lgas(state)),
    fill = TRUE)
}
how_many_lgas("Sokoto")
how_many_lgas("Ekiti")</pre>
```

lgas_nigeria

Local Government Areas of Nigeria

Description

A dataset containing the 774 Local Government Areas of Nigeria

Usage

```
lgas_nigeria
```

8 map_ng

Format

A dataframe with 774 rows and 2 columns

```
lga Local Government Area state State of the Federation
```

map_ng

Map of Nigeria

Description

Maps of the Federal Republic of Nigeria that are based on the basic plotting idiom utilised by maps:map and its variants.

Usage

```
map_ng(
  region = character(),
  data = NULL,
  x = NULL
  y = NULL,
  breaks = NULL,
  categories = NULL,
  excluded = NULL,
  exclude.fill = NULL,
  title = NULL,
  caption = NULL,
  show.neighbours = FALSE,
  show.text = FALSE,
  leg.x = 13L,
  leg.y = 7L,
  leg.title,
  leg.orient = c("vertical", "horizontal"),
)
```

Arguments

region A character vector of regions to be displayed. This could be States or Local

Government Areas.

data An object containing data, principally the variables required to plot in a map.

x, y Numeric object or factor (or coercible to one). See *Details*.

breaks Numeric. A vector of length >= 1. If a single value i.e. scalar, it denotes the expected number of breaks. Internally, the function will attempt to compute

appropriate category sizes or fail if out-of bounds. Where length is >= 3L, it is expected to be an arithmetic sequence that represents category bounds as for

cut (applicable only to choropleth maps).

map_ng 9

categories The legend for the choropleth-plotted categories. If not defined, internally created labels are used. excluded Regions to be excluded from a choropleth map. exclude.fill Colour-shading to be used to indicate excluded regions. Must be a vector of the same length as excluded. title, caption An optional string for annotating the map. show.neighbours Logical; TRUE to display the immediate vicinity neighbouring regions/countries. show.text Logical. Whether to display the labels of regions. leg.x, leg.y Numeric. Position of the legend. leg.title String. The legend title. leg.orient The orientation of the legend i.e. whether horizontal or vertical.

Details

. . .

The default value for region is to print all State boundaries. data enables the extraction of data for plotting from an object of class data. frame. Columns containing regions (i.e. States as well as supported sub-national jurisdictions) are identified. The argument also provides context for quasiquotation when providing the x and y arguments.

Further arguments passed to map

For x and y, when both arguments are supplied, they are taken to be point coordinates, where x represent longitude and y latitude. If only x is supplied, it is assumed that the intention of the user is to make a choropleth map, and thus, numeric vector arguments are converted into factors i.e. number classes. Otherwise factors or any object that can be coerced to a factor should be used.

For plain plots, the col argument works the same as with map. For choropleth maps, the colour provided represents a (sequential) colour palette based on RColorBrewer::brewer.pal. The available colour options can be checked with getOption("choropleth.colours") and this can also be modified by the user.

Value

An object of class maps containing the data used to draw the map and which can be used for additional calls to map or other similar functions (e.g. graphics::plot.default).

Note

When adjusting the default colour choices for choropleth maps, it is advisable to use one of the sequential palettes. For a list of of available palettes, especially for more advanced use, review RColorBrewer::display.brewer.all.

Examples

```
## Not run:
map_ng() # Draw a map with default settings
map_ng(states("sw"))
map_ng("Kano")
```

10 states

```
## End(Not run)
```

naijR

naijR: Operations to Ease Data Analyses Specific to Nigeria

Description

The naijR package is essentially an R package about Nigeria and for Nigeria.

Details

naijR contains a number of functions that facilitate the management of data sets of interest including data cleaning and wrangling, as well as making available a number of facilities for geo-spatial data visuatlisation.

states

States of the Federal Republic of Nigeria

Description

States of the Federal Republic of Nigeria

Print regions

Return the First or Last Parts of a Region Object

Usage

```
states(states, gpz = NULL, all = TRUE, warn = TRUE)
## S3 method for class 'regions'
print(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'regions'
head(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'regions'
tail(x, ...)
```

states 11

Arguments

states	One or more States of the Federation.
gpz	Geopolitical zone. Default is NULL; optionally "nc", "ne", "nw", "se", "ss" and "sw" (see "Details").
all	logical; whether to include the Federal Capital Territory in the result.
warn	logical; issue a warning when one or more elements are not actually States (or were misspelt).
x	The object of class region
	Arguments to tail.default

Details

gpz A geo-political zone, in the Nigerian context, is a national subdivision that groups contiguous states. Historically, they arise from subnational administrative divisions known as 'regions' that existed at the time of the country's independence. There are 6 zones - North-Central, North-East, North-West, South-East, South-South and South-West.

Value

The States of Nigeria as a whole or by zones, as an S3 object of class states.

Examples

```
states() # lists names of all States
states(gpz = "se") # lists States in South-East zone
```

Index

```
\ast datasets
     lgas_nigeria, 7
as_lga (as_state), 2
as\_state, 2
\operatorname{cut}, \textcolor{red}{8}
{\tt fix\_mobile, 3}
fix_region, 4
fix_region_manual, 5
head.regions(states), 10
is_lga, 5
is_state, 6
lgas, 6
lgas_ng (lgas), 6
lgas_nigeria, 7
map, 9
map\_ng, 8
\mathsf{maps}:\mathsf{map}, 8
naijR, 10
naijR-package (naijR), 10
print.regions (states), 10
states, 10
tail.regions(states), 10
```