Package 'nanostringr'

May 25, 2022

Type Package

Title Performs Quality Control, Data Normalization, and Batch Effect Correction for 'NanoString nCounter' Data

Version 0.3.0

Description Provides quality control (QC), normalization, and batch effect correction operations for 'NanoString nCounter' data, Talhouk et al. (2016) <doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0153844>. Various metrics are used to determine which samples passed or failed QC. Gene expression should first be normalized to housekeeping genes, before a reference-based approach is used to adjust for batch effects. Raw NanoString data can be imported in the form of Reporter Code Count (RCC) files.

License MIT + file LICENSE

URL https://github.com/TalhoukLab/nanostringr/,
 https://talhouklab.github.io/nanostringr/

BugReports https://github.com/TalhoukLab/nanostringr/issues

Depends R (>= 3.5.0)

Imports assertthat, ccaPP, dplyr, epiR, magrittr, purrr, rlang

Suggests covr, knitr, rmarkdown, testthat

VignetteBuilder knitr

Encoding UTF-8

LazyData TRUE

RoxygenNote 7.2.0

NeedsCompilation no

Author Derek Chiu [aut, cre],

Aline Talhouk [aut], Samuel Leung [aut]

Maintainer Derek Chiu <dchiu@bccrc.ca>

Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2022-05-24 22:30:02 UTC

2 CCplot

R topics documented:

| | Cplot |
|-------|--------------|
| | ohort |
| | xpQC |
| | IKnorm |
| | VanoStringQC |
| | ec |
| | efMethod |
| | |
| Index | 9 |
| | |

CCplot

Concordance Correlation Plot

Description

Plotting function for reliability measure.

Usage

```
CCplot(
  method1,
  method2,
  Ptype = "None",
  metrics = FALSE,
  xlabel = "",
  ylabel = "",
  title = "",
  subtitle = NULL,
  xrange = NULL,
  yrange = NULL,
  MArange = c(-3.5, 5.5)
)
```

Arguments

```
method1
                  measurements obtained in batch 1 or using method 1
method2
                  measurements obtained in batch 2 or using method 2
Ptype
                  type of plot to be outputted c("scatter", "MAplot")
                  if TRUE, prints Rc, Ca, and R2 to console
metrics
                  x-axis label for scatterplot
xlabel
ylabel
                  y-axis label for scatterplot
                  title for the main plot
title
                  subtitle of plot
subtitle
                  range of x axis
xrange
yrange
                  range of y axis
                  MA range
MArange
```

cohort 3

Value

Either a scatterplot or MA plot showing concordance correlation.

Author(s)

Aline Talhouk

Examples

```
# Simulate normally distributed data
set.seed(12)
a1 <- rnorm(20) + 2
a2 <- a1 + rnorm(20, 0, 0.15)
a3 < -a1 + rnorm(20, 0, 0.15) + 1.4
a4 < -1.5 * a1 + rnorm(20, 0, 0.15)
a5 <- 1.3 * a1 + rnorm(20, 0, 0.15) + 1
a6 <- a1 + rnorm(20, 0, 0.8)
# One scatterplot
CCplot(a1, a2, Ptype = "scatter")
m2 <- list(a1, a2, a3, a4, a5, a6)
mains <- c("Perfect Agreement", "Very Good Agreement", "Location Shift",</pre>
           "Scale Shift", "Location and Scale Shift", "Measurement Error")
subs <- letters[1:6]</pre>
par(mfrow = c(3, 2), mar = c(5.1, 4.1, 1.5, 1.5))
# Scatterplots
mapply(function(y, t, s)
  CCplot(method1 = a1, method2 = y, Ptype = "scatter",
         xlabel = "X", ylabel = "Y", title = t, subtitle = s),
  y = m2, t = mains, s = subs)
# MAplots and show metrics
mapply(function(y, t, s)
  CCplot(method1 = a1, method2 = y, Ptype = "MAplot",
         title = t, subtitle = s, metrics = TRUE),
  y = m2, t = mains, s = subs)
```

cohort

NanoString Experiment Cohorts

Description

There were five different cohorts used in NanoString experiments.

4 cohort

Usage

hld.r

ovd.r

ovc.r

hlo.r

ovo.r

Format

• hld.r Hodgkin Lymphoma Clinical Samples: a data frame with 232 rows and 77 columns

- ovd.r Ovarian Cancer Clinical Samples: a data frame with 133 rows and 261 columns
- ovc.r Ovarian Cancer Cell Lines: a data frame with 133 rows and 29 columns
- hlo.r DNA Oligonucleotides for the HL CodeSet: a data frame with 40 rows and 71 columns
- ovo.r DNA Oligonucleotides for the OC CodeSet: a data frame with 133 rows and 138 columns

An object of class data. frame with 232 rows and 77 columns.

An object of class data. frame with 133 rows and 261 columns.

An object of class data. frame with 133 rows and 29 columns.

An object of class data. frame with 40 rows and 71 columns.

An object of class data. frame with 133 rows and 138 columns.

Details

Each data object contains raw expression counts, so no normalization has been applied. The format is a data frame with genes as rows, samples as columns. Note that the first three columns contain gene metadata and are always labelled "Code.Class", "Name", and "Accession", and the rest are sample names. Hence, for the hld.r data, the raw counts are contained in 232 genes for 77 - 3 = 74 samples. The total number of samples is 74 + 258 + 26 + 68 + 135 = 561, which matches the number of rows in expQC, the expression QC data.

Source

See Table 1 of https://journals.plos.org/plosone/article?id=10.1371/journal.pone.0153844 for details.

See Also

expQC

expQC

| expQC | Expression QC data | |
|-------|--------------------|--|
| | | |

Description

Quality control metrics for the five cohorts analyzed in NanoString experiments.

Format

A data frame with 561 rows and 23 columns.

Details

The total number of samples from the five cohorts is 561.

See Also

cohort

| HKnorm | Normalization to Housekeeping Genes | |
|--------|-------------------------------------|--|
| | | |

Description

Normalizes the gene expression of NanoString nCounter data to housekeeping genes. This is done by subtracting the average log housekeeping gene expression from the expression level of every gene in each sample.

Usage

```
HKnorm(raw, is.logged = FALSE, corr = 1e-04)
```

Arguments

| raw | data frame of raw counts obtained from nCounter (rows represent genes, columns represent samples). The first three columns must be labeled: c("Code.Class", "Name", "Accession") and contain that information. |
|-----------|--|
| is.logged | logical; If TRUE, normalization has already been done on log base 2 scale, no need log the data |
| corr | small correction to avoid error |

Value

data frame of log normalized data in the same format but without reference genes

NanoStringQC

Author(s)

Aline Talhouk, Derek Chiu

Examples

```
HKnorm(ovd.r)
HKnorm(ovd.r, is.logged = TRUE)
```

NanoStringQC

QC metrics for NanoString Data

Description

Computes and returns NanoString quality control metrics and flags.

Usage

```
NanoStringQC(raw, exp, detect = 80, sn = 150)
```

Arguments raw

| | represent samples). The first three columns must be labeled: c("Code.Class", "Name", "Accession") and contain that information. |
|--------|--|
| exp | data frame of annotations with rows in the same order as the columns of raw. Requires a column labeled "File.Name" with entries corresponding to sample |
| | names in raw, also needs columns c("fov.counted", "fov.count", "binding.density"). These fields can be extracted from the nanostring RCC files. |
| detect | threshold of percentage of genes expressed over limit of detection (LOD) that we would like to detect (not decimal), defaults to 80 percent. |

data frame of raw counts obtained from nCounter (rows represent genes, columns

signal to noise ratio of the housekeeping genes we are willing to tolerate, defaults to 150.

Value

sn

data frame of annotations updated with normalization parameters

Author(s)

Aline Talhouk, Derek Chiu

Examples

```
exp.OVD <- subset(expQC, OVD == "Yes")
expOVD <- NanoStringQC(ovd.r, exp.OVD)</pre>
```

rcc 7

rcc

Read NanoString RCC files

Description

Read RCC files and extract count and attribute data. Use read_rcc() for multiple files, and use the parse_*() functions for single files.

Usage

```
read_rcc(path = ".")
parse_counts(file)
parse_attributes(file)
```

Arguments

path directory path for multiple RCC files

file RCC file name

Details

RCC files for a sample are direct outputs from NanoString runs. We can extract counts for each gene in a sample. Sample attributes include sample ID, GeneRLF, date, cartridge ID, lane number, Fov count, Fov counted, and binding density. read_rcc() merges both count and attribute data across samples.

If path points to a zipped RCC file with multiple samples, the zip file is uncompressed and a directory of RCC sample files is created with the same name. Only file extensions ".RCC" or ".rcc" are allowed.

Value

read_rcc() reads in a directory of RCC files and outputs a list with two elements:

- raw: A tibble of parsed counts for multiple RCC files created by calling parse_counts() on each sample. Columns include "Code.Class", "Name", "Accession", and a column for each sample ID. There is one row per gene.
- exp: A tibble of parsed attributes for multiple RCC files created by calling parse_attributes() on each sample. Columns include "File.Name" (sample ID), "geneRLF", "nanostring.date", "cartridgeID", "lane.number", fov.count", "fov.counted", "binding.density". There is one row per sample.

parse_counts() reads a single RCC file and returns a tibble of parsed counts.

parse_attributes() reads a single RCC file and returns a list of parsed attributes.

8 refMethod

Author(s)

Derek Chiu

Examples

```
rcc_file <- system.file("extdata", "example.RCC", package = "nanostringr")
parse_counts(rcc_file)
parse_attributes(rcc_file)</pre>
```

refMethod

Reference-based approach for batch adjustment

Description

Batch adjustment by considering a measure relative to a reference sample

Usage

```
refMethod(Y, R1, R2)
```

Arguments

| in the same batch as Y, if calibrating one batch to the other Y represents the data from batch 2 and R1 would be reference run in batch 1 and R2 would be reference from batch 2 |
|--|
| R1 reference data run in the first batch |
| R2 reference data run in the second batch |

Value

The Y data adjusted calibrated to batch 1 (if two batches are presented) or the data with reference sample expression removed if only one data is provided

Author(s)

Aline Talhouk

Examples

```
set.seed(12)
A <- matrix(rnorm(120), ncol = 10)
B <- matrix(rnorm(80), ncol = 10)
C <- matrix(rnorm(50), ncol = 10)
refMethod(A, B, C)</pre>
```

Index

```
\ast datasets
    cohort, 3
CCplot, 2
\mathtt{cohort}, 3, 5
expQC, 4, 5
\mathsf{HKnorm}, 5
hld.r(cohort), 3
hlo.r(cohort), 3
NanoStringQC, 6
ovc.r(cohort), 3
ovd.r(cohort), 3
ovo.r(cohort), 3
parse_attributes (rcc), 7
parse_counts (rcc), 7
rcc, 7
read_rcc (rcc), 7
refMethod, 8
```