# Package 'paws.security.identity'

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Title 'Amazon Web Services' Security, Identity, & Compliance Services

Version 0.1.12

**Description** Interface to 'Amazon Web Services' security, identity, and compliance services, including the 'Identity & Access Management' ('IAM') service for managing access to services and resources, and more <https://aws.amazon.com/>.

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URL https://github.com/paws-r/paws

BugReports https://github.com/paws-r/paws/issues

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'kms\_operations.R' 'macie\_service.R' 'macie\_interfaces.R' 'macie\_operations.R' 'ram\_service.R' 'ram\_interfaces.R' 'ram\_operations.R' 'secretsmanager\_service.R' 'secretsmanager\_interfaces.R' 'secretsmanager\_operations.R' 'securityhub\_service.R' 'securityhub\_interfaces.R' 'securityhub\_operations.R' 'shield\_service.R' 'shield\_interfaces.R' 'shield\_operations.R' 'sts\_service.R' 'sts\_interfaces.R' 'shield\_operations.R' 'waf\_service.R' 'waf\_interfaces.R' 'waf\_operations.R' 'wafregional\_service.R' 'wafregional\_interfaces.R' 'wafregional\_operations.R'

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### Description

Welcome to the AWS Certificate Manager (ACM) API documentation.

You can use ACM to manage SSL/TLS certificates for your AWS-based websites and applications. For general information about using ACM, see the *AWS Certificate Manager User Guide*.

# Usage

acm(config = list())

# Arguments

config Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region.

# Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like svc operation(...), where svc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

#### Service syntax

```
svc <- acm(
    config = list(
        credentials = list(
            creds = list(
                access_key_id = "string",
                secret_access_key = "string",
                session_token = "string"
               ),
               profile = "string"
               ),
               endpoint = "string",
               region = "string"
               )
)</pre>
```

# Operations

add_tags_to_certificate	Adds one or more tags to an ACM certificate
delete_certificate	Deletes a certificate and its associated private key
describe_certificate	Returns detailed metadata about the specified ACM certificate
export_certificate	Exports a private certificate issued by a private certificate authority (CA) for use anywhere
get_certificate	Retrieves an Amazon-issued certificate and its certificate chain

# acm

acmpca

import_certificate	Imports a certificate into AWS Certificate Manager (ACM) to use with services that are integr
list_certificates	Retrieves a list of certificate ARNs and domain names
list_tags_for_certificate	Lists the tags that have been applied to the ACM certificate
remove_tags_from_certificate	Remove one or more tags from an ACM certificate
renew_certificate	Renews an eligable ACM certificate
request_certificate	Requests an ACM certificate for use with other AWS services
resend_validation_email	Resends the email that requests domain ownership validation
update_certificate_options	Updates a certificate

#### Examples

```
## Not run:
svc <- acm()
svc$add_tags_to_certificate(
  Foo = 123
)
## End(Not run)
```

acmpca

AWS Certificate Manager Private Certificate Authority

# Description

This is the *ACM Private CA API Reference*. It provides descriptions, syntax, and usage examples for each of the actions and data types involved in creating and managing private certificate authorities (CA) for your organization.

The documentation for each action shows the Query API request parameters and the XML response. Alternatively, you can use one of the AWS SDKs to access an API that's tailored to the programming language or platform that you're using. For more information, see AWS SDKs.

Each ACM Private CA API action has a quota that determines the number of times the action can be called per second. For more information, see API Rate Quotas in ACM Private CA in the ACM Private CA user guide.

# Usage

```
acmpca(config = list())
```

# Arguments

config Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region.

#### acmpca

#### Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like svc operation(...), where svc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

#### Service syntax

```
svc <- acmpca(
  config = list(
    credentials = list(
        creds = list(
            access_key_id = "string",
            secret_access_key = "string",
            session_token = "string"
        ),
        profile = "string"
        ),
        endpoint = "string",
        region = "string"
      )
)
```

#### Operations

create\_certificate\_authority create\_certificate\_authority\_audit\_report create\_permission delete\_certificate\_authority delete\_permission delete\_policy describe\_certificate\_authority describe\_certificate\_authority\_audit\_report get\_certificate get\_certificate\_authority\_certificate get\_certificate\_authority\_csr get\_policy import\_certificate\_authority\_certificate issue\_certificate list\_certificate\_authorities list\_permissions list\_tags put\_policy restore\_certificate\_authority revoke\_certificate tag\_certificate\_authority untag\_certificate\_authority update\_certificate\_authority

Creates a root or subordinate private certificate authority (CA) Creates an audit report that lists every time that your CA private key is used Grants one or more permissions on a private CA to the AWS Certificate Manage Deletes a private certificate authority (CA) Revokes permissions on a private CA granted to the AWS Certificate Manager ( Deletes the resource-based policy attached to a private CA Lists information about your private certificate authority (CA) or one that has be Lists information about a specific audit report created by calling the CreateCerti Retrieves a certificate from your private CA or one that has been shared with yo Retrieves the certificate and certificate chain for your private certificate authority Retrieves the certificate signing request (CSR) for your private certificate author Retrieves the resource-based policy attached to a private CA Imports a signed private CA certificate into ACM Private CA Uses your private certificate authority (CA), or one that has been shared with yo Lists the private certificate authorities that you created by using the CreateCertif List all permissions on a private CA, if any, granted to the AWS Certificate Man Lists the tags, if any, that are associated with your private CA or one that has been Attaches a resource-based policy to a private CA Restores a certificate authority (CA) that is in the DELETED state Revokes a certificate that was issued inside ACM Private CA Adds one or more tags to your private CA Remove one or more tags from your private CA Updates the status or configuration of a private certificate authority (CA)

# Examples

```
## Not run:
svc <- acmpca()
svc$create_certificate_authority(
  Foo = 123
)
```

## End(Not run)

clouddirectory Amazon CloudDirectory

# Description

# Amazon Cloud Directory

Amazon Cloud Directory is a component of the AWS Directory Service that simplifies the development and management of cloud-scale web, mobile, and IoT applications. This guide describes the Cloud Directory operations that you can call programmatically and includes detailed information on data types and errors. For information about Cloud Directory features, see AWS Directory Service and the Amazon Cloud Directory Developer Guide.

# Usage

```
clouddirectory(config = list())
```

#### Arguments

config Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region.

# Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like vc operation(...), where vc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

# Service syntax

```
svc <- clouddirectory(
  config = list(
    credentials = list(
      creds = list(
         access_key_id = "string",
         secret_access_key = "string",
         session_token = "string"</pre>
```

# clouddirectory

```
),
    profile = "string"
),
    endpoint = "string",
    region = "string"
)
)
```

# Operations

add_facet_to_object	Adds a new Facet to an object
apply_schema	Copies the input published schema, at the specified version, into the Directory with the s
attach_object	Attaches an existing object to another object
attach_policy	Attaches a policy object to a regular object
attach_to_index	Attaches the specified object to the specified index
attach_typed_link	Attaches a typed link to a specified source and target object
batch_read	Performs all the read operations in a batch
batch_write	Performs all the write operations in a batch
create_directory	Creates a Directory by copying the published schema into the directory
create_facet	Creates a new Facet in a schema
create_index	Creates an index object
create_object	Creates an object in a Directory
create_schema	Creates a new schema in a development state
create_typed_link_facet	Creates a TypedLinkFacet
delete_directory	Deletes a directory
delete_facet	Deletes a given Facet
delete_object	Deletes an object and its associated attributes
delete_schema	Deletes a given schema
delete_typed_link_facet	Deletes a TypedLinkFacet
detach_from_index	Detaches the specified object from the specified index
detach_object	Detaches a given object from the parent object
detach_policy	Detaches a policy from an object
detach_typed_link	Detaches a typed link from a specified source and target object
disable_directory	Disables the specified directory
enable_directory	Enables the specified directory
get_applied_schema_version	Returns current applied schema version ARN, including the minor version in use
get_directory	Retrieves metadata about a directory
get_facet	Gets details of the Facet, such as facet name, attributes, Rules, or ObjectType
get_link_attributes	Retrieves attributes that are associated with a typed link
get_object_attributes	Retrieves attributes within a facet that are associated with an object
get_object_information	Retrieves metadata about an object
get_schema_as_json	Retrieves a JSON representation of the schema
get_typed_link_facet_information	Returns the identity attribute order for a specific TypedLinkFacet
list_applied_schema_arns	Lists schema major versions applied to a directory
list_attached_indices	Lists indices attached to the specified object
list_development_schema_arns	Retrieves each Amazon Resource Name (ARN) of schemas in the development state
list_directories	Lists directories created within an account
list_facet_attributes	Retrieves attributes attached to the facet

# cloudhsm

list\_facet\_names Retrieves the names of facets that exist in a schema Returns a paginated list of all the incoming TypedLinkSpecifier information for an object list\_incoming\_typed\_links Lists objects attached to the specified index list index Lists the major version families of each managed schema list\_managed\_schema\_arns list\_object\_attributes Lists all attributes that are associated with an object list\_object\_children Returns a paginated list of child objects that are associated with a given object list\_object\_parent\_paths Retrieves all available parent paths for any object type such as node, leaf node, policy not list\_object\_parents Lists parent objects that are associated with a given object in pagination fashion list\_object\_policies Returns policies attached to an object in pagination fashion list\_outgoing\_typed\_links Returns a paginated list of all the outgoing TypedLinkSpecifier information for an object list\_policy\_attachments Returns all of the ObjectIdentifiers to which a given policy is attached list\_published\_schema\_arns Lists the major version families of each published schema list\_tags\_for\_resource Returns tags for a resource list\_typed\_link\_facet\_attributes Returns a paginated list of all attribute definitions for a particular TypedLinkFacet list\_typed\_link\_facet\_names Returns a paginated list of TypedLink facet names for a particular schema lookup\_policy Lists all policies from the root of the Directory to the object specified publish\_schema Publishes a development schema with a major version and a recommended minor version put\_schema\_from\_json Allows a schema to be updated using JSON upload remove\_facet\_from\_object Removes the specified facet from the specified object An API operation for adding tags to a resource tag\_resource An API operation for removing tags from a resource untag\_resource update\_facet Does the following: update\_link\_attributes Updates a given typed link's attributes update\_object\_attributes Updates a given object's attributes update\_schema Updates the schema name with a new name update\_typed\_link\_facet Updates a TypedLinkFacet upgrade\_applied\_schema Upgrades a single directory in-place using the PublishedSchemaArn with schema update: upgrade\_published\_schema Upgrades a published schema under a new minor version revision using the current conte

# Examples

```
## Not run:
svc <- clouddirectory()
svc$add_facet_to_object(
  Foo = 123
)
```

## End(Not run)

cloudhsm

Amazon CloudHSM

# cloudhsm

# Description

AWS CloudHSM Service

This is documentation for AWS CloudHSM Classic. For more information, see AWS CloudHSM Classic FAQs, the AWS CloudHSM Classic User Guide, and the AWS CloudHSM Classic API Reference.

For information about the current version of AWS CloudHSM, see AWS CloudHSM, the AWS CloudHSM User Guide, and the AWS CloudHSM API Reference.

# Usage

```
cloudhsm(config = list())
```

# Arguments

config

Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region.

#### Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like svc operation(...), where svc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

## Service syntax

```
svc <- cloudhsm(
  config = list(
    credentials = list(
        access_key_id = "string",
        secret_access_key = "string",
        session_token = "string"
        ),
        profile = "string"
        ),
        endpoint = "string"
        )
        region = "string"
        )
)
```

# Operations

add_tags_to_resource	This is documentation for AWS CloudHSM Classic
create_hapg	This is documentation for AWS CloudHSM Classic
create_hsm	This is documentation for AWS CloudHSM Classic
create_luna_client	This is documentation for AWS CloudHSM Classic
delete_hapg	This is documentation for AWS CloudHSM Classic
delete_hsm	This is documentation for AWS CloudHSM Classic
delete_luna_client	This is documentation for AWS CloudHSM Classic

describe_hapg	This is documentation for AWS CloudHSM Classic
describe_hsm	This is documentation for AWS CloudHSM Classic
describe_luna_client	This is documentation for AWS CloudHSM Classic
get_config	This is documentation for AWS CloudHSM Classic
list_available_zones	This is documentation for AWS CloudHSM Classic
list_hapgs	This is documentation for AWS CloudHSM Classic
list_hsms	This is documentation for AWS CloudHSM Classic
list_luna_clients	This is documentation for AWS CloudHSM Classic
list_tags_for_resource	This is documentation for AWS CloudHSM Classic
modify_hapg	This is documentation for AWS CloudHSM Classic
modify_hsm	This is documentation for AWS CloudHSM Classic
modify_luna_client	This is documentation for AWS CloudHSM Classic
remove_tags_from_resource	This is documentation for AWS CloudHSM Classic

# Examples

```
## Not run:
svc <- cloudhsm()
svc$add_tags_to_resource(
  Foo = 123
)
## End(Not run)
```

cloudhsmv2

AWS CloudHSM V2

# Description

For more information about AWS CloudHSM, see AWS CloudHSM and the AWS CloudHSM User Guide.

## Usage

```
cloudhsmv2(config = list())
```

#### Arguments

config Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region.

# Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like svc operation(...), where svc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

# cloudhsmv2

# Service syntax

```
svc <- cloudhsmv2(
  config = list(
    credentials = list(
        creds = list(
            access_key_id = "string",
            secret_access_key = "string",
            session_token = "string"
        ),
        profile = "string"
        ),
        endpoint = "string",
        region = "string"
      )
)
```

# Operations

copy_backup_to_region	Copy an AWS CloudHSM cluster backup to a different region
create_cluster	Creates a new AWS CloudHSM cluster
create_hsm	Creates a new hardware security module (HSM) in the specified AWS CloudHSM cluster
delete_backup	Deletes a specified AWS CloudHSM backup
delete_cluster	Deletes the specified AWS CloudHSM cluster
delete_hsm	Deletes the specified HSM
describe_backups	Gets information about backups of AWS CloudHSM clusters
describe_clusters	Gets information about AWS CloudHSM clusters
initialize_cluster	Claims an AWS CloudHSM cluster by submitting the cluster certificate issued by your issuing ce
list_tags	Gets a list of tags for the specified AWS CloudHSM cluster
modify_backup_attributes	Modifies attributes for AWS CloudHSM backup
modify_cluster	Modifies AWS CloudHSM cluster
restore_backup	Restores a specified AWS CloudHSM backup that is in the PENDING_DELETION state
tag_resource	Adds or overwrites one or more tags for the specified AWS CloudHSM cluster
untag_resource	Removes the specified tag or tags from the specified AWS CloudHSM cluster

# Examples

```
## Not run:
svc <- cloudhsmv2()
svc$copy_backup_to_region(
  Foo = 123
)
## End(Not run)
```

cognitoidentity

#### Description

Amazon Cognito Federated Identities

Amazon Cognito Federated Identities is a web service that delivers scoped temporary credentials to mobile devices and other untrusted environments. It uniquely identifies a device and supplies the user with a consistent identity over the lifetime of an application.

Using Amazon Cognito Federated Identities, you can enable authentication with one or more thirdparty identity providers (Facebook, Google, or Login with Amazon) or an Amazon Cognito user pool, and you can also choose to support unauthenticated access from your app. Cognito delivers a unique identifier for each user and acts as an OpenID token provider trusted by AWS Security Token Service (STS) to access temporary, limited-privilege AWS credentials.

For a description of the authentication flow from the Amazon Cognito Developer Guide see Authentication Flow.

For more information see Amazon Cognito Federated Identities.

# Usage

```
cognitoidentity(config = list())
```

# Arguments

config Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region.

# Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like svc operation(...), where svc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

#### Service syntax

```
svc <- cognitoidentity(
  config = list(
    credentials = list(
        creds = list(
            access_key_id = "string",
            secret_access_key = "string",
            session_token = "string"
        ),
        profile = "string"
      ),
      endpoint = "string",
      region = "string"</pre>
```

# cognitoidentityprovider

) )

# Operations

create_identity_pool	Creates a new identity pool
delete_identities	Deletes identities from an identity pool
delete_identity_pool	Deletes an identity pool
describe_identity	Returns metadata related to the given identity, including when the identity was c
describe_identity_pool	Gets details about a particular identity pool, including the pool name, ID descrip
get_credentials_for_identity	Returns credentials for the provided identity ID
get_id	Generates (or retrieves) a Cognito ID
get_identity_pool_roles	Gets the roles for an identity pool
get_open_id_token	Gets an OpenID token, using a known Cognito ID
get_open_id_token_for_developer_identity	Registers (or retrieves) a Cognito IdentityId and an OpenID Connect token for a
list_identities	Lists the identities in an identity pool
list_identity_pools	Lists all of the Cognito identity pools registered for your account
list_tags_for_resource	Lists the tags that are assigned to an Amazon Cognito identity pool
lookup_developer_identity	Retrieves the IdentityID associated with a DeveloperUserIdentifier or the list of
merge_developer_identities	Merges two users having different IdentityIds, existing in the same identity pool
set_identity_pool_roles	Sets the roles for an identity pool
tag_resource	Assigns a set of tags to an Amazon Cognito identity pool
unlink_developer_identity	Unlinks a DeveloperUserIdentifier from an existing identity
unlink_identity	Unlinks a federated identity from an existing account
untag_resource	Removes the specified tags from an Amazon Cognito identity pool
update_identity_pool	Updates an identity pool

# Examples

```
## Not run:
svc <- cognitoidentity()
svc$create_identity_pool(
  Foo = 123
)
```

## End(Not run)

cognitoidentity provider

Amazon Cognito Identity Provider

# Description

Using the Amazon Cognito User Pools API, you can create a user pool to manage directories and users. You can authenticate a user to obtain tokens related to user identity and access policies.

This API reference provides information about user pools in Amazon Cognito User Pools.

For more information, see the Amazon Cognito Documentation.

# Usage

```
cognitoidentityprovider(config = list())
```

# Arguments

config Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region.

# Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like svc operation(...), where svc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

#### Service syntax

```
svc <- cognitoidentityprovider(
  config = list(
    credentials = list(
        creds = list(
            access_key_id = "string",
            secret_access_key = "string",
            session_token = "string"
        ),
        profile = "string"
        ),
        endpoint = "string",
        region = "string"
      )
)
```

#### Operations

add_custom_attributes	Adds additional user attributes to the user pool schema
admin_add_user_to_group	Adds the specified user to the specified group
admin_confirm_sign_up	Confirms user registration as an admin without using a confirmation code
admin_create_user	Creates a new user in the specified user pool
admin_delete_user	Deletes a user as an administrator
admin_delete_user_attributes	Deletes the user attributes in a user pool as an administrator
admin_disable_provider_for_user	Disables the user from signing in with the specified external (SAML or social) identity
admin_disable_user	Disables the specified user
admin_enable_user	Enables the specified user as an administrator

admin\_forget\_device admin\_get\_device admin\_get\_user admin\_initiate\_auth admin\_link\_provider\_for\_user admin\_list\_devices admin\_list\_groups\_for\_user admin\_list\_user\_auth\_events admin\_remove\_user\_from\_group admin\_reset\_user\_password admin\_respond\_to\_auth\_challenge admin\_set\_user\_mfa\_preference admin\_set\_user\_password admin\_set\_user\_settings admin\_update\_auth\_event\_feedback admin\_update\_device\_status admin\_update\_user\_attributes admin\_user\_global\_sign\_out associate\_software\_token change\_password confirm\_device confirm\_forgot\_password confirm\_sign\_up create\_group create\_identity\_provider create\_resource\_server create\_user\_import\_job create\_user\_pool create\_user\_pool\_client create\_user\_pool\_domain delete\_group delete\_identity\_provider delete\_resource\_server delete\_user delete\_user\_attributes delete\_user\_pool delete\_user\_pool\_client delete\_user\_pool\_domain describe\_identity\_provider describe\_resource\_server describe\_risk\_configuration describe\_user\_import\_job describe\_user\_pool describe\_user\_pool\_client describe\_user\_pool\_domain forget\_device forgot\_password get\_csv\_header

Forgets the device, as an administrator Gets the device, as an administrator Gets the specified user by user name in a user pool as an administrator Initiates the authentication flow, as an administrator Links an existing user account in a user pool (DestinationUser) to an identity from an e Lists devices, as an administrator Lists the groups that the user belongs to Lists a history of user activity and any risks detected as part of Amazon Cognito advan Removes the specified user from the specified group Resets the specified user's password in a user pool as an administrator Responds to an authentication challenge, as an administrator Sets the user's multi-factor authentication (MFA) preference, including which MFA op Sets the specified user's password in a user pool as an administrator This action is no longer supported Provides feedback for an authentication event as to whether it was from a valid user Updates the device status as an administrator Updates the specified user's attributes, including developer attributes, as an administrat Signs out users from all devices, as an administrator Returns a unique generated shared secret key code for the user account Changes the password for a specified user in a user pool Confirms tracking of the device Allows a user to enter a confirmation code to reset a forgotten password Confirms registration of a user and handles the existing alias from a previous user Creates a new group in the specified user pool Creates an identity provider for a user pool Creates a new OAuth2 Creates the user import job Creates a new Amazon Cognito user pool and sets the password policy for the pool Creates the user pool client Creates a new domain for a user pool Deletes a group Deletes an identity provider for a user pool Deletes a resource server Allows a user to delete himself or herself Deletes the attributes for a user Deletes the specified Amazon Cognito user pool Allows the developer to delete the user pool client Deletes a domain for a user pool Gets information about a specific identity provider Describes a resource server Describes the risk configuration Describes the user import job Returns the configuration information and metadata of the specified user pool Client method for returning the configuration information and metadata of the specified Gets information about a domain Forgets the specified device Calling this API causes a message to be sent to the end user with a confirmation code t Gets the header information for the

cognitoidentityprovider

get\_device Gets the device get\_group Gets a group get\_identity\_provider\_by\_identifier Gets the specified identity provider get\_signing\_certificate This method takes a user pool ID, and returns the signing certificate get\_ui\_customization Gets the UI Customization information for a particular app client's app UI, if there is s Gets the user attributes and metadata for a user get\_user get\_user\_attribute\_verification\_code Gets the user attribute verification code for the specified attribute name get\_user\_pool\_mfa\_config Gets the user pool multi-factor authentication (MFA) configuration global\_sign\_out Signs out users from all devices initiate\_auth Initiates the authentication flow list\_devices Lists the devices list\_groups Lists the groups associated with a user pool list\_identity\_providers Lists information about all identity providers for a user pool Lists the resource servers for a user pool list\_resource\_servers Lists the tags that are assigned to an Amazon Cognito user pool list\_tags\_for\_resource Lists the user import jobs list\_user\_import\_jobs list\_user\_pool\_clients Lists the clients that have been created for the specified user pool list\_user\_pools Lists the user pools associated with an AWS account list\_users Lists the users in the Amazon Cognito user pool Lists the users in the specified group list\_users\_in\_group Resends the confirmation (for confirmation of registration) to a specific user in the user resend\_confirmation\_code respond\_to\_auth\_challenge Responds to the authentication challenge set\_risk\_configuration Configures actions on detected risks set\_ui\_customization Sets the UI customization information for a user pool's built-in app UI Set the user's multi-factor authentication (MFA) method preference, including which M set\_user\_mfa\_preference set\_user\_pool\_mfa\_config Set the user pool multi-factor authentication (MFA) configuration set\_user\_settings This action is no longer supported Registers the user in the specified user pool and creates a user name, password, and use sign\_up Starts the user import start\_user\_import\_job stop\_user\_import\_job Stops the user import job Assigns a set of tags to an Amazon Cognito user pool tag\_resource untag\_resource Removes the specified tags from an Amazon Cognito user pool Provides the feedback for an authentication event whether it was from a valid user or n update\_auth\_event\_feedback update\_device\_status Updates the device status update\_group Updates the specified group with the specified attributes Updates identity provider information for a user pool update\_identity\_provider Updates the name and scopes of resource server update\_resource\_server update\_user\_attributes Allows a user to update a specific attribute (one at a time) update\_user\_pool Updates the specified user pool with the specified attributes update\_user\_pool\_client Updates the specified user pool app client with the specified attributes update\_user\_pool\_domain Updates the Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) certificate for the custom domain for your use verify\_software\_token Use this API to register a user's entered TOTP code and mark the user's software token verify\_user\_attribute Verifies the specified user attributes in the user pool

#### Examples

## Not run:

#### cognitosync

```
svc <- cognitoidentityprovider()
svc$add_custom_attributes(
  Foo = 123
)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

cognitosync

Amazon Cognito Sync

# Description

Amazon Cognito Sync provides an AWS service and client library that enable cross-device syncing of application-related user data. High-level client libraries are available for both iOS and Android. You can use these libraries to persist data locally so that it's available even if the device is offline. Developer credentials don't need to be stored on the mobile device to access the service. You can use Amazon Cognito to obtain a normalized user ID and credentials. User data is persisted in a dataset that can store up to 1 MB of key-value pairs, and you can have up to 20 datasets per user identity.

With Amazon Cognito Sync, the data stored for each identity is accessible only to credentials assigned to that identity. In order to use the Cognito Sync service, you need to make API calls using credentials retrieved with Amazon Cognito Identity service.

If you want to use Cognito Sync in an Android or iOS application, you will probably want to make API calls via the AWS Mobile SDK. To learn more, see the Developer Guide for Android and the Developer Guide for iOS.

# Usage

```
cognitosync(config = list())
```

### Arguments

config Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region.

# Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like svc operation(...), where svc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

#### Service syntax

```
svc <- cognitosync(
  config = list(
    credentials = list(
        creds = list(</pre>
```

```
access_key_id = "string",
    secret_access_key = "string",
    session_token = "string"
    ),
    profile = "string"
    ),
    endpoint = "string",
    region = "string"
)
)
```

# Operations

bulk_publish	Initiates a bulk publish of all existing datasets for an Identity Pool to the configured stream
delete_dataset	Deletes the specific dataset
describe_dataset	Gets meta data about a dataset by identity and dataset name
describe_identity_pool_usage	Gets usage details (for example, data storage) about a particular identity pool
describe_identity_usage	Gets usage information for an identity, including number of datasets and data usage
get_bulk_publish_details	Get the status of the last BulkPublish operation for an identity pool
get_cognito_events	Gets the events and the corresponding Lambda functions associated with an identity pool
get_identity_pool_configuration	Gets the configuration settings of an identity pool
list_datasets	Lists datasets for an identity
list_identity_pool_usage	Gets a list of identity pools registered with Cognito
list_records	Gets paginated records, optionally changed after a particular sync count for a dataset and id
register_device	Registers a device to receive push sync notifications
set_cognito_events	Sets the AWS Lambda function for a given event type for an identity pool
set_identity_pool_configuration	Sets the necessary configuration for push sync
subscribe_to_dataset	Subscribes to receive notifications when a dataset is modified by another device
unsubscribe_from_dataset	Unsubscribes from receiving notifications when a dataset is modified by another device
update_records	Posts updates to records and adds and deletes records for a dataset and user

# Examples

```
## Not run:
svc <- cognitosync()
svc$bulk_publish(
  Foo = 123
)
## End(Not run)
```

directoryservice AWS Directory Service

#### directoryservice

# Description

AWS Directory Service is a web service that makes it easy for you to setup and run directories in the AWS cloud, or connect your AWS resources with an existing on-premises Microsoft Active Directory. This guide provides detailed information about AWS Directory Service operations, data types, parameters, and errors. For information about AWS Directory Services features, see AWS Directory Service and the AWS Directory Service Administration Guide.

AWS provides SDKs that consist of libraries and sample code for various programming languages and platforms (Java, Ruby, .Net, iOS, Android, etc.). The SDKs provide a convenient way to create programmatic access to AWS Directory Service and other AWS services. For more information about the AWS SDKs, including how to download and install them, see Tools for Amazon Web Services.

# Usage

directoryservice(config = list())

#### Arguments

config Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region.

# Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like svc operation(...), where svc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

#### Service syntax

```
svc <- directoryservice(
  config = list(
    credentials = list(
        creds = list(
            access_key_id = "string",
            secret_access_key = "string",
            session_token = "string"
        ),
        profile = "string"
        ),
        endpoint = "string",
        region = "string"
        )
)</pre>
```

#### Operations

```
accept_shared_directory
add_ip_routes
add_region
```

Accepts a directory sharing request that was sent from the directory owner account If the DNS server for your on-premises domain uses a publicly addressable IP addre Adds two domain controllers in the specified Region for the specified directory

directoryservice

add\_tags\_to\_resource cancel\_schema\_extension connect\_directory create\_alias create\_computer create\_conditional\_forwarder create\_directory create\_log\_subscription create\_microsoft\_ad create\_snapshot create\_trust delete\_conditional\_forwarder delete\_directory delete\_log\_subscription delete\_snapshot delete\_trust deregister\_certificate deregister\_event\_topic describe\_certificate describe\_conditional\_forwarders describe\_directories describe\_domain\_controllers describe\_event\_topics describe\_ldaps\_settings describe\_regions describe\_shared\_directories describe\_snapshots describe\_trusts disable\_client\_authentication disable\_ldaps disable\_radius disable\_sso enable\_client\_authentication enable\_ldaps enable\_radius enable\_sso get\_directory\_limits get\_snapshot\_limits list\_certificates list\_ip\_routes list\_log\_subscriptions list\_schema\_extensions list\_tags\_for\_resource register\_certificate register\_event\_topic reject\_shared\_directory remove\_ip\_routes remove\_region

Adds or overwrites one or more tags for the specified directory Cancels an in-progress schema extension to a Microsoft AD directory Creates an AD Connector to connect to an on-premises directory Creates an alias for a directory and assigns the alias to the directory Creates an Active Directory computer object in the specified directory Creates a conditional forwarder associated with your AWS directory Creates a Simple AD directory Creates a subscription to forward real-time Directory Service domain controller sec Creates a Microsoft AD directory in the AWS Cloud Creates a snapshot of a Simple AD or Microsoft AD directory in the AWS cloud AWS Directory Service for Microsoft Active Directory allows you to configure trus Deletes a conditional forwarder that has been set up for your AWS directory Deletes an AWS Directory Service directory Deletes the specified log subscription Deletes a directory snapshot Deletes an existing trust relationship between your AWS Managed Microsoft AD di Deletes from the system the certificate that was registered for secure LDAP or clien Removes the specified directory as a publisher to the specified SNS topic Displays information about the certificate registered for secure LDAP or client certi Obtains information about the conditional forwarders for this account Obtains information about the directories that belong to this account Provides information about any domain controllers in your directory Obtains information about which SNS topics receive status messages from the speci Describes the status of LDAP security for the specified directory Provides information about the Regions that are configured for multi-Region replica Returns the shared directories in your account Obtains information about the directory snapshots that belong to this account Obtains information about the trust relationships for this account Disables alternative client authentication methods for the specified directory Deactivates LDAP secure calls for the specified directory Disables multi-factor authentication (MFA) with the Remote Authentication Dial In Disables single-sign on for a directory Enables alternative client authentication methods for the specified directory Activates the switch for the specific directory to always use LDAP secure calls Enables multi-factor authentication (MFA) with the Remote Authentication Dial In Enables single sign-on for a directory Obtains directory limit information for the current Region Obtains the manual snapshot limits for a directory For the specified directory, lists all the certificates registered for a secure LDAP or c Lists the address blocks that you have added to a directory Lists the active log subscriptions for the AWS account Lists all schema extensions applied to a Microsoft AD Directory Lists all tags on a directory Registers a certificate for a secure LDAP or client certificate authentication Associates a directory with an SNS topic Rejects a directory sharing request that was sent from the directory owner account Removes IP address blocks from a directory Stops all replication and removes the domain controllers from the specified Region

# fms

remove_tags_from_resource	Removes tags from a directory
reset_user_password	Resets the password for any user in your AWS Managed Microsoft AD or Simple A
restore_from_snapshot	Restores a directory using an existing directory snapshot
share_directory	Shares a specified directory (DirectoryId) in your AWS account (directory owner) w
start_schema_extension	Applies a schema extension to a Microsoft AD directory
unshare_directory	Stops the directory sharing between the directory owner and consumer accounts
update_conditional_forwarder	Updates a conditional forwarder that has been set up for your AWS directory
update_number_of_domain_controllers	Adds or removes domain controllers to or from the directory
update_radius	Updates the Remote Authentication Dial In User Service (RADIUS) server informa
update_trust	Updates the trust that has been set up between your AWS Managed Microsoft AD d
verify_trust	AWS Directory Service for Microsoft Active Directory allows you to configure and

# Examples

```
## Not run:
svc <- directoryservice()
svc$accept_shared_directory(
  Foo = 123
)
```

## End(Not run)

fms

Firewall Management Service

# Description

AWS Firewall Manager

This is the AWS Firewall Manager API Reference. This guide is for developers who need detailed information about the AWS Firewall Manager API actions, data types, and errors. For detailed information about AWS Firewall Manager features, see the AWS Firewall Manager Developer Guide.

Some API actions require explicit resource permissions. For information, see the developer guide topic Firewall Manager required permissions for API actions.

# Usage

fms(config = list())

## Arguments

config Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region.

# Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like svc operation(...), where svc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

# Service syntax

```
svc <- fms(
  config = list(
    credentials = list(
        creds = list(
            access_key_id = "string",
            secret_access_key = "string",
            session_token = "string"
        ),
        profile = "string"
        ),
        endpoint = "string"
        ),
        region = "string"
        )
)
```

# Operations

associate_admin_account	Sets the AWS Firewall Manager administrator account
delete_apps_list	Permanently deletes an AWS Firewall Manager applications list
delete_notification_channel	Deletes an AWS Firewall Manager association with the IAM role and the Amazon Simple Not
delete_policy	Permanently deletes an AWS Firewall Manager policy
delete_protocols_list	Permanently deletes an AWS Firewall Manager protocols list
disassociate_admin_account	Disassociates the account that has been set as the AWS Firewall Manager administrator account
get_admin_account	Returns the AWS Organizations master account that is associated with AWS Firewall Manager
get_apps_list	Returns information about the specified AWS Firewall Manager applications list
get_compliance_detail	Returns detailed compliance information about the specified member account
get_notification_channel	Information about the Amazon Simple Notification Service (SNS) topic that is used to record A
get_policy	Returns information about the specified AWS Firewall Manager policy
get_protection_status	If you created a Shield Advanced policy, returns policy-level attack summary information in th
get_protocols_list	Returns information about the specified AWS Firewall Manager protocols list
get_violation_details	Retrieves violations for a resource based on the specified AWS Firewall Manager policy and A
list_apps_lists	Returns an array of AppsListDataSummary objects
list_compliance_status	Returns an array of PolicyComplianceStatus objects
list_member_accounts	Returns a MemberAccounts object that lists the member accounts in the administrator's AWS of
list_policies	Returns an array of PolicySummary objects
list_protocols_lists	Returns an array of ProtocolsListDataSummary objects
list_tags_for_resource	Retrieves the list of tags for the specified AWS resource
put_apps_list	Creates an AWS Firewall Manager applications list
put_notification_channel	Designates the IAM role and Amazon Simple Notification Service (SNS) topic that AWS Firew
put_policy	Creates an AWS Firewall Manager policy
put_protocols_list	Creates an AWS Firewall Manager protocols list

#### guardduty

tag_resource	Adds one or more tags to an AWS resource
untag_resource	Removes one or more tags from an AWS resource

#### Examples

```
## Not run:
svc <- fms()
svc$associate_admin_account(
  Foo = 123
)
## End(Not run)
```

guardduty

Amazon GuardDuty

#### Description

Amazon GuardDuty is a continuous security monitoring service that analyzes and processes the following data sources: VPC Flow Logs, AWS CloudTrail event logs, and DNS logs. It uses threat intelligence feeds (such as lists of malicious IPs and domains) and machine learning to identify unexpected, potentially unauthorized, and malicious activity within your AWS environment. This can include issues like escalations of privileges, uses of exposed credentials, or communication with malicious IPs, URLs, or domains. For example, GuardDuty can detect compromised EC2 instances that serve malware or mine bitcoin.

GuardDuty also monitors AWS account access behavior for signs of compromise. Some examples of this are unauthorized infrastructure deployments such as EC2 instances deployed in a Region that has never been used, or unusual API calls like a password policy change to reduce password strength.

GuardDuty informs you of the status of your AWS environment by producing security findings that you can view in the GuardDuty console or through Amazon CloudWatch events. For more information, see the *Amazon GuardDuty User Guide*.

#### Usage

```
guardduty(config = list())
```

#### Arguments

config Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region.

# Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like vc operation(...), where vc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

#### Service syntax

```
svc <- guardduty(
    config = list(
        credentials = list(
            creds = list(
                access_key_id = "string",
                secret_access_key = "string",
                session_token = "string"
            ),
            profile = "string"
            ),
            endpoint = "string",
            region = "string"
            )
)</pre>
```

#### Operations

accept\_invitation archive\_findings create\_detector create filter create\_ip\_set create\_members create\_publishing\_destination create\_sample\_findings create\_threat\_intel\_set decline\_invitations delete\_detector delete\_filter delete\_invitations delete\_ip\_set delete\_members delete\_publishing\_destination delete\_threat\_intel\_set describe\_organization\_configuration describe\_publishing\_destination disable\_organization\_admin\_account disassociate\_from\_master\_account disassociate\_members enable\_organization\_admin\_account get\_detector get filter get\_findings get\_findings\_statistics get\_invitations\_count get\_ip\_set get\_master\_account

Accepts the invitation to be monitored by a GuardDuty administrator account Archives GuardDuty findings that are specified by the list of finding IDs Creates a single Amazon GuardDuty detector Creates a filter using the specified finding criteria Creates a new IPSet, which is called a trusted IP list in the console user interface Creates member accounts of the current AWS account by specifying a list of AWS acc Creates a publishing destination to export findings to Generates example findings of types specified by the list of finding types Creates a new ThreatIntelSet Declines invitations sent to the current member account by AWS accounts specified by Deletes an Amazon GuardDuty detector that is specified by the detector ID Deletes the filter specified by the filter name Deletes invitations sent to the current member account by AWS accounts specified by Deletes the IPSet specified by the ipSetId Deletes GuardDuty member accounts (to the current GuardDuty administrator accoun Deletes the publishing definition with the specified destinationId Deletes the ThreatIntelSet specified by the ThreatIntelSet ID Returns information about the account selected as the delegated administrator for Gua Returns information about the publishing destination specified by the provided destination Disables an AWS account within the Organization as the GuardDuty delegated admini Disassociates the current GuardDuty member account from its administrator account Disassociates GuardDuty member accounts (to the current GuardDuty administrator a Enables an AWS account within the organization as the GuardDuty delegated adminis Retrieves an Amazon GuardDuty detector specified by the detectorId Returns the details of the filter specified by the filter name Describes Amazon GuardDuty findings specified by finding IDs Lists Amazon GuardDuty findings statistics for the specified detector ID Returns the count of all GuardDuty membership invitations that were sent to the curre Retrieves the IPSet specified by the ipSetId Provides the details for the GuardDuty administrator account associated with the curre

iam

get_member_detectors	Describes which data sources are enabled for the member account's detector
get_members	Retrieves GuardDuty member accounts (of the current GuardDuty administrator accound
get_threat_intel_set	Retrieves the ThreatIntelSet that is specified by the ThreatIntelSet ID
get_usage_statistics	Lists Amazon GuardDuty usage statistics over the last 30 days for the specified detect
invite_members	Invites other AWS accounts (created as members of the current AWS account by Crea
list_detectors	Lists detectorIds of all the existing Amazon GuardDuty detector resources
list_filters	Returns a paginated list of the current filters
list_findings	Lists Amazon GuardDuty findings for the specified detector ID
list_invitations	Lists all GuardDuty membership invitations that were sent to the current AWS account
list_ip_sets	Lists the IPSets of the GuardDuty service specified by the detector ID
list_members	Lists details about all member accounts for the current GuardDuty administrator accounts
list_organization_admin_accounts	Lists the accounts configured as GuardDuty delegated administrators
list_publishing_destinations	Returns a list of publishing destinations associated with the specified dectectorId
list_tags_for_resource	Lists tags for a resource
list_threat_intel_sets	Lists the ThreatIntelSets of the GuardDuty service specified by the detector ID
start_monitoring_members	Turns on GuardDuty monitoring of the specified member accounts
stop_monitoring_members	Stops GuardDuty monitoring for the specified member accounts
tag_resource	Adds tags to a resource
unarchive_findings	Unarchives GuardDuty findings specified by the findingIds
untag_resource	Removes tags from a resource
update_detector	Updates the Amazon GuardDuty detector specified by the detectorId
update_filter	Updates the filter specified by the filter name
update_findings_feedback	Marks the specified GuardDuty findings as useful or not useful
update_ip_set	Updates the IPSet specified by the IPSet ID
update_member_detectors	Contains information on member accounts to be updated
update_organization_configuration	Updates the delegated administrator account with the values provided
update_publishing_destination	Updates information about the publishing destination specified by the destinationId
update_threat_intel_set	Updates the ThreatIntelSet specified by the ThreatIntelSet ID

# Examples

```
## Not run:
svc <- guardduty()
svc$accept_invitation(
  Foo = 123
)
```

## End(Not run)

#### Description

AWS Identity and Access Management (IAM) is a web service for securely controlling access to AWS services. With IAM, you can centrally manage users, security credentials such as access keys, and permissions that control which AWS resources users and applications can access. For more information about IAM, see AWS Identity and Access Management (IAM) and the AWS Identity and Access Management User Guide.

# Usage

iam(config = list())

# Arguments

config Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region.

#### Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like vc operation(...), where vc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

# Service syntax

```
svc <- iam(
  config = list(
    credentials = list(
        creds = list(
            access_key_id = "string",
            secret_access_key = "string"
        ),
        profile = "string"
        ),
        endpoint = "string",
        region = "string"
        )
)</pre>
```

# Operations

add\_client\_id\_to\_open\_id\_connect\_provider add\_role\_to\_instance\_profile add\_user\_to\_group attach\_group\_policy attach\_role\_policy attach\_user\_policy change\_password create\_access\_key Adds a new client ID (also known as audience) to the list of client IDs a Adds the specified IAM role to the specified instance profile Adds the specified user to the specified group Attaches the specified managed policy to the specified IAM group Attaches the specified managed policy to the specified IAM role Attaches the specified managed policy to the specified user Changes the password of the IAM user who is calling this operation Creates a new AWS secret access key and corresponding AWS access k iam

create\_account\_alias create\_group create\_instance\_profile create\_login\_profile create\_open\_id\_connect\_provider create\_policy create\_policy\_version create\_role create\_saml\_provider create\_service\_linked\_role create\_service\_specific\_credential create\_user create\_virtual\_mfa\_device deactivate\_mfa\_device delete\_access\_key delete\_account\_alias delete\_account\_password\_policy delete\_group delete\_group\_policy delete\_instance\_profile delete\_login\_profile delete\_open\_id\_connect\_provider delete\_policy delete\_policy\_version delete role delete\_role\_permissions\_boundary delete\_role\_policy delete\_saml\_provider delete\_server\_certificate delete\_service\_linked\_role delete\_service\_specific\_credential delete\_signing\_certificate delete\_ssh\_public\_key delete\_user delete\_user\_permissions\_boundary delete\_user\_policy delete\_virtual\_mfa\_device detach\_group\_policy detach\_role\_policy detach\_user\_policy enable\_mfa\_device generate\_credential\_report generate\_organizations\_access\_report generate\_service\_last\_accessed\_details get\_access\_key\_last\_used get\_account\_authorization\_details get\_account\_password\_policy get\_account\_summary

Creates an alias for your AWS account Creates a new group Creates a new instance profile Creates a password for the specified user, giving the user the ability to a Creates an IAM entity to describe an identity provider (IdP) that suppor Creates a new managed policy for your AWS account Creates a new version of the specified managed policy Creates a new role for your AWS account Creates an IAM resource that describes an identity provider (IdP) that s Creates an IAM role that is linked to a specific AWS service Generates a set of credentials consisting of a user name and password th Creates a new IAM user for your AWS account Creates a new virtual MFA device for the AWS account Deactivates the specified MFA device and removes it from association v Deletes the access key pair associated with the specified IAM user Deletes the specified AWS account alias Deletes the password policy for the AWS account Deletes the specified IAM group Deletes the specified inline policy that is embedded in the specified IAN Deletes the specified instance profile Deletes the password for the specified IAM user, which terminates the u Deletes an OpenID Connect identity provider (IdP) resource object in L Deletes the specified managed policy Deletes the specified version from the specified managed policy Deletes the specified role Deletes the permissions boundary for the specified IAM role Deletes the specified inline policy that is embedded in the specified IAM Deletes a SAML provider resource in IAM Deletes the specified server certificate Submits a service-linked role deletion request and returns a DeletionTas Deletes the specified service-specific credential Deletes a signing certificate associated with the specified IAM user Deletes the specified SSH public key Deletes the specified IAM user Deletes the permissions boundary for the specified IAM user Deletes the specified inline policy that is embedded in the specified IAN Deletes a virtual MFA device Removes the specified managed policy from the specified IAM group Removes the specified managed policy from the specified role Removes the specified managed policy from the specified user Enables the specified MFA device and associates it with the specified IA Generates a credential report for the AWS account Generates a report for service last accessed data for AWS Organizations Generates a report that includes details about when an IAM resource (us Retrieves information about when the specified access key was last used Retrieves information about all IAM users, groups, roles, and policies in Retrieves the password policy for the AWS account Retrieves information about IAM entity usage and IAM quotas in the A

get\_context\_keys\_for\_custom\_policy get\_context\_keys\_for\_principal\_policy get\_credential\_report get\_group get\_group\_policy get\_instance\_profile get\_login\_profile get\_open\_id\_connect\_provider get\_organizations\_access\_report get\_policy get\_policy\_version get\_role get\_role\_policy get\_saml\_provider get\_server\_certificate get\_service\_last\_accessed\_details get\_service\_last\_accessed\_details\_with\_entities get\_service\_linked\_role\_deletion\_status get\_ssh\_public\_key get\_user get\_user\_policy list\_access\_keys list\_account\_aliases list\_attached\_group\_policies list\_attached\_role\_policies list\_attached\_user\_policies list\_entities\_for\_policy list\_group\_policies list\_groups list\_groups\_for\_user list\_instance\_profiles list\_instance\_profiles\_for\_role list\_mfa\_devices list\_open\_id\_connect\_providers list\_policies list\_policies\_granting\_service\_access list\_policy\_versions list\_role\_policies list roles list\_role\_tags list\_saml\_providers list\_server\_certificates list\_service\_specific\_credentials list\_signing\_certificates list\_ssh\_public\_keys list\_user\_policies list\_users

list\_user\_tags

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Gets a list of all of the context keys referenced in the input policies Gets a list of all of the context keys referenced in all the IAM policies th Retrieves a credential report for the AWS account Returns a list of IAM users that are in the specified IAM group Retrieves the specified inline policy document that is embedded in the s Retrieves information about the specified instance profile, including the Retrieves the user name and password-creation date for the specified IA Returns information about the specified OpenID Connect (OIDC) provi Retrieves the service last accessed data report for AWS Organizations th Retrieves information about the specified managed policy, including the Retrieves information about the specified version of the specified manage Retrieves information about the specified role, including the role's path, Retrieves the specified inline policy document that is embedded with the Returns the SAML provider metadocument that was uploaded when the Retrieves information about the specified server certificate stored in IAN Retrieves a service last accessed report that was created using the Gener After you generate a group or policy report using the GenerateServiceL Retrieves the status of your service-linked role deletion Retrieves the specified SSH public key, including metadata about the ke Retrieves information about the specified IAM user, including the user's Retrieves the specified inline policy document that is embedded in the s Returns information about the access key IDs associated with the specif Lists the account alias associated with the AWS account (Note: you can Lists all managed policies that are attached to the specified IAM group Lists all managed policies that are attached to the specified IAM role Lists all managed policies that are attached to the specified IAM user Lists all IAM users, groups, and roles that the specified managed policy Lists the names of the inline policies that are embedded in the specified Lists the IAM groups that have the specified path prefix Lists the IAM groups that the specified IAM user belongs to Lists the instance profiles that have the specified path prefix Lists the instance profiles that have the specified associated IAM role Lists the MFA devices for an IAM user Lists information about the IAM OpenID Connect (OIDC) provider rese Lists all the managed policies that are available in your AWS account, it Retrieves a list of policies that the IAM identity (user, group, or role) ca Lists information about the versions of the specified managed policy, in Lists the names of the inline policies that are embedded in the specified Lists the IAM roles that have the specified path prefix Lists the tags that are attached to the specified role Lists the SAML provider resource objects defined in IAM in the account Lists the server certificates stored in IAM that have the specified path pr Returns information about the service-specific credentials associated wi Returns information about the signing certificates associated with the sp Returns information about the SSH public keys associated with the spec Lists the names of the inline policies embedded in the specified IAM us Lists the IAM users that have the specified path prefix

Lists the tags that are attached to the specified user

iam

iam

list\_virtual\_mfa\_devices put\_group\_policy put\_role\_permissions\_boundary put\_role\_policy put\_user\_permissions\_boundary put\_user\_policy remove\_client\_id\_from\_open\_id\_connect\_provider remove\_role\_from\_instance\_profile remove\_user\_from\_group reset\_service\_specific\_credential resync\_mfa\_device set\_default\_policy\_version set\_security\_token\_service\_preferences simulate\_custom\_policy simulate\_principal\_policy tag\_role tag\_user untag\_role untag\_user update\_access\_key update\_account\_password\_policy update\_assume\_role\_policy update\_group update\_login\_profile update\_open\_id\_connect\_provider\_thumbprint update\_role update\_role\_description update\_saml\_provider update\_server\_certificate update\_service\_specific\_credential update\_signing\_certificate update\_ssh\_public\_key update\_user upload\_server\_certificate upload\_signing\_certificate upload\_ssh\_public\_key

Lists the virtual MFA devices defined in the AWS account by assignment Adds or updates an inline policy document that is embedded in the spec Adds or updates the policy that is specified as the IAM role's permission Adds or updates an inline policy document that is embedded in the spec Adds or updates the policy that is specified as the IAM user's permissio Adds or updates an inline policy document that is embedded in the spec Removes the specified client ID (also known as audience) from the list of Removes the specified IAM role from the specified EC2 instance profile Removes the specified user from the specified group Resets the password for a service-specific credential Synchronizes the specified MFA device with its IAM resource object or Sets the specified version of the specified policy as the policy's default ( Sets the specified version of the global endpoint token as the token version Simulate how a set of IAM policies and optionally a resource-based pol Simulate how a set of IAM policies attached to an IAM entity works wi Adds one or more tags to an IAM role Adds one or more tags to an IAM user Removes the specified tags from the role Removes the specified tags from the user Changes the status of the specified access key from Active to Inactive, o Updates the password policy settings for the AWS account Updates the policy that grants an IAM entity permission to assume a rol Updates the name and/or the path of the specified IAM group Changes the password for the specified IAM user Replaces the existing list of server certificate thumbprints associated wi Updates the description or maximum session duration setting of a role Use UpdateRole instead Updates the metadata document for an existing SAML provider resourc Updates the name and/or the path of the specified server certificate store Sets the status of a service-specific credential to Active or Inactive Changes the status of the specified user signing certificate from active to Sets the status of an IAM user's SSH public key to active or inactive Updates the name and/or the path of the specified IAM user Uploads a server certificate entity for the AWS account Uploads an X

# Uploads an SSH public key and associates it with the specified IAM use

## Examples

## Not run: svc <- iam() # The following add-client-id-to-open-id-connect-provider command adds the # client ID my-application-ID to the OIDC provider named # server.example.com: svc\$add\_client\_id\_to\_open\_id\_connect\_provider( ClientID = "my-application-ID", OpenIDConnectProviderArn = "arn:aws:iam::123456789012:oidc-provider/server.example.com"

inspector

# ) ## End(Not run)

inspector

Amazon Inspector

# Description

Amazon Inspector enables you to analyze the behavior of your AWS resources and to identify potential security issues. For more information, see Amazon Inspector User Guide.

# Usage

inspector(config = list())

# Arguments

config

Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region.

#### Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like svc operation(...), where svc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

# Service syntax

```
svc <- inspector(
  config = list(
    credentials = list(
      creds = list(
        access_key_id = "string",
        secret_access_key = "string",
        session_token = "string"
      ),
      profile = "string"
      ),
      endpoint = "string",
      region = "string"
     )
)
```

#### inspector

#### **Operations**

add\_attributes\_to\_findings create\_assessment\_target create\_assessment\_template create\_exclusions\_preview create\_resource\_group delete\_assessment\_run delete\_assessment\_target delete\_assessment\_template describe\_assessment\_runs describe\_assessment\_targets describe\_assessment\_templates describe\_cross\_account\_access\_role describe\_exclusions describe\_findings describe\_resource\_groups describe\_rules\_packages get\_assessment\_report get\_exclusions\_preview get\_telemetry\_metadata list\_assessment\_run\_agents list\_assessment\_runs list\_assessment\_targets list\_assessment\_templates list\_event\_subscriptions list\_exclusions list\_findings list\_rules\_packages list\_tags\_for\_resource preview\_agents register\_cross\_account\_access\_role remove\_attributes\_from\_findings set\_tags\_for\_resource start\_assessment\_run stop\_assessment\_run subscribe\_to\_event unsubscribe\_from\_event update\_assessment\_target

Assigns attributes (key and value pairs) to the findings that are specified by the ARNs of Creates a new assessment target using the ARN of the resource group that is generated Creates an assessment template for the assessment target that is specified by the ARN of Starts the generation of an exclusions preview for the specified assessment template Creates a resource group using the specified set of tags (key and value pairs) that are us Deletes the assessment run that is specified by the ARN of the assessment run Deletes the assessment target that is specified by the ARN of the assessment target Deletes the assessment template that is specified by the ARN of the assessment templa Describes the assessment runs that are specified by the ARNs of the assessment runs Describes the assessment targets that are specified by the ARNs of the assessment target Describes the assessment templates that are specified by the ARNs of the assessment to Describes the IAM role that enables Amazon Inspector to access your AWS account Describes the exclusions that are specified by the exclusions' ARNs Describes the findings that are specified by the ARNs of the findings Describes the resource groups that are specified by the ARNs of the resource groups Describes the rules packages that are specified by the ARNs of the rules packages Produces an assessment report that includes detailed and comprehensive results of a sp Retrieves the exclusions preview (a list of ExclusionPreview objects) specified by the p Information about the data that is collected for the specified assessment run Lists the agents of the assessment runs that are specified by the ARNs of the assessment Lists the assessment runs that correspond to the assessment templates that are specified Lists the ARNs of the assessment targets within this AWS account Lists the assessment templates that correspond to the assessment targets that are specifi Lists all the event subscriptions for the assessment template that is specified by the AR List exclusions that are generated by the assessment run Lists findings that are generated by the assessment runs that are specified by the ARNs Lists all available Amazon Inspector rules packages Lists all tags associated with an assessment template Previews the agents installed on the EC2 instances that are part of the specified assessment Registers the IAM role that grants Amazon Inspector access to AWS Services needed t Removes entire attributes (key and value pairs) from the findings that are specified by t Sets tags (key and value pairs) to the assessment template that is specified by the ARN Starts the assessment run specified by the ARN of the assessment template Stops the assessment run that is specified by the ARN of the assessment run Enables the process of sending Amazon Simple Notification Service (SNS) notification Disables the process of sending Amazon Simple Notification Service (SNS) notificatio Updates the assessment target that is specified by the ARN of the assessment target

#### Examples

## Not run: svc <- inspector() # Assigns attributes (key and value pairs) to the findings that are # specified by the ARNs of the findings. svc\$add\_attributes\_to\_findings(

```
attributes = list(
    list(
        key = "Example",
        value = "example"
    )
),
findingArns = list(
    "arn:aws:inspector:us-west-2:123456789012:target/0-0kFIPusq/template/0-..."
)
## End(Not run)
```

kms

AWS Key Management Service

#### Description

AWS Key Management Service (AWS KMS) is an encryption and key management web service. This guide describes the AWS KMS operations that you can call programmatically. For general information about AWS KMS, see the *AWS Key Management Service Developer Guide*.

AWS provides SDKs that consist of libraries and sample code for various programming languages and platforms (Java, Ruby, .Net, macOS, Android, etc.). The SDKs provide a convenient way to create programmatic access to AWS KMS and other AWS services. For example, the SDKs take care of tasks such as signing requests (see below), managing errors, and retrying requests automatically. For more information about the AWS SDKs, including how to download and install them, see Tools for Amazon Web Services.

We recommend that you use the AWS SDKs to make programmatic API calls to AWS KMS.

Clients must support TLS (Transport Layer Security) 1.0. We recommend TLS 1.2. Clients must also support cipher suites with Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS) such as Ephemeral Diffie-Hellman (DHE) or Elliptic Curve Ephemeral Diffie-Hellman (ECDHE). Most modern systems such as Java 7 and later support these modes.

#### **Signing Requests**

Requests must be signed by using an access key ID and a secret access key. We strongly recommend that you *do not* use your AWS account (root) access key ID and secret key for everyday work with AWS KMS. Instead, use the access key ID and secret access key for an IAM user. You can also use the AWS Security Token Service to generate temporary security credentials that you can use to sign requests.

All AWS KMS operations require Signature Version 4.

#### Logging API Requests

AWS KMS supports AWS CloudTrail, a service that logs AWS API calls and related events for your AWS account and delivers them to an Amazon S3 bucket that you specify. By using the information collected by CloudTrail, you can determine what requests were made to AWS KMS, who made the

kms

request, when it was made, and so on. To learn more about CloudTrail, including how to turn it on and find your log files, see the AWS CloudTrail User Guide.

#### **Additional Resources**

For more information about credentials and request signing, see the following:

- AWS Security Credentials This topic provides general information about the types of credentials used for accessing AWS.
- Temporary Security Credentials This section of the *IAM User Guide* describes how to create and use temporary security credentials.
- Signature Version 4 Signing Process This set of topics walks you through the process of signing a request using an access key ID and a secret access key.

# **Commonly Used API Operations**

Of the API operations discussed in this guide, the following will prove the most useful for most applications. You will likely perform operations other than these, such as creating keys and assigning policies, by using the console.

- encrypt
- decrypt
- generate\_data\_key
- generate\_data\_key\_without\_plaintext

#### Usage

kms(config = list())

#### Arguments

config Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region.

### Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like svc operation(...), where svc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

# Service syntax

```
svc <- kms(
    config = list(
        credentials = list(
            creds = list(
                access_key_id = "string",
                secret_access_key = "string",
                session_token = "string"
            ),
            profile = "string"
        ),</pre>
```

#### kms

```
endpoint = "string",
  region = "string"
)
)
```

#### Operations

cancel\_key\_deletion connect\_custom\_key\_store create alias create\_custom\_key\_store create\_grant create\_key decrypt delete\_alias delete\_custom\_key\_store delete\_imported\_key\_material describe\_custom\_key\_stores describe\_key disable\_key disable\_key\_rotation disconnect\_custom\_key\_store enable key enable\_key\_rotation encrypt generate\_data\_key generate\_data\_key\_pair generate\_data\_key\_pair\_without\_plaintext generate\_data\_key\_without\_plaintext generate\_random get\_key\_policy get\_key\_rotation\_status get\_parameters\_for\_import get\_public\_key import\_key\_material list\_aliases list\_grants list\_key\_policies list\_keys list\_resource\_tags list\_retirable\_grants put\_key\_policy re\_encrypt retire\_grant revoke\_grant schedule\_key\_deletion sign tag\_resource

Cancels the deletion of a customer master key (CMK) Connects or reconnects a custom key store to its associated AWS CloudHSM clu Creates a friendly name for a customer master key (CMK) Creates a custom key store that is associated with an AWS CloudHSM cluster th Adds a grant to a customer master key (CMK) Creates a unique customer managed customer master key (CMK) in your AWS a Decrypts ciphertext that was encrypted by a AWS KMS customer master key (C Deletes the specified alias Deletes a custom key store Deletes key material that you previously imported Gets information about custom key stores in the account and region Provides detailed information about a customer master key (CMK) Sets the state of a customer master key (CMK) to disabled Disables automatic rotation of the key material for the specified symmetric custo Disconnects the custom key store from its associated AWS CloudHSM cluster Sets the key state of a customer master key (CMK) to enabled Enables automatic rotation of the key material for the specified symmetric custor Encrypts plaintext into ciphertext by using a customer master key (CMK) Generates a unique symmetric data key for client-side encryption Generates a unique asymmetric data key pair Generates a unique asymmetric data key pair Generates a unique symmetric data key Returns a random byte string that is cryptographically secure Gets a key policy attached to the specified customer master key (CMK) Gets a Boolean value that indicates whether automatic rotation of the key materi-Returns the items you need to import key material into a symmetric, customer m Returns the public key of an asymmetric CMK Imports key material into an existing symmetric AWS KMS customer master key Gets a list of aliases in the caller's AWS account and region Gets a list of all grants for the specified customer master key (CMK) Gets the names of the key policies that are attached to a customer master key (Cl Gets a list of all customer master keys (CMKs) in the caller's AWS account and Returns all tags on the specified customer master key (CMK) Returns all grants in which the specified principal is the RetiringPrincipal in the Attaches a key policy to the specified customer master key (CMK) Decrypts ciphertext and then reencrypts it entirely within AWS KMS Retires a grant Revokes the specified grant for the specified customer master key (CMK) Schedules the deletion of a customer master key (CMK) Creates a digital signature for a message or message digest by using the private k Adds or edits tags on a customer managed CMK

macie

untag_resource	Deletes tags from a customer managed CMK
update_alias	Associates an existing AWS KMS alias with a different customer master key (CI
update_custom_key_store	Changes the properties of a custom key store
update_key_description	Updates the description of a customer master key (CMK)
verify	Verifies a digital signature that was generated by the Sign operation

#### Examples

```
## Not run:
svc <- kms()
# The following example cancels deletion of the specified CMK.
svc$cancel_key_deletion(
   KeyId = "1234abcd-12ab-34cd-56ef-1234567890ab"
)
## End(Not run)
```

macie

Amazon Macie

#### Description

Amazon Macie Classic

Amazon Macie Classic is a security service that uses machine learning to automatically discover, classify, and protect sensitive data in AWS. Macie Classic recognizes sensitive data such as personally identifiable information (PII) or intellectual property, and provides you with dashboards and alerts that give visibility into how this data is being accessed or moved. For more information, see the Amazon Macie Classic User Guide.

A new Amazon Macie is now available with significant design improvements and additional features, at a lower price and in most AWS Regions. We encourage you to explore and use the new and improved features, and benefit from the reduced cost. To learn about features and pricing for the new Amazon Macie, see Amazon Macie.

## Usage

```
macie(config = list())
```

#### Arguments

config Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region.

# Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like vc operation(...), where vc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

## Service syntax

```
svc <- macie(
  config = list(
    credentials = list(
        creds = list(
            access_key_id = "string",
            secret_access_key = "string",
            session_token = "string"
        ),
        profile = "string"
        ),
        endpoint = "string",
        region = "string"
      )
)
```

# Operations

associate_member_account associate_s3_resources disassociate_s3_resources list_member_accounts list_s3_resources	Associates a specified AWS account with Amazon Macie Classic as a member account Associates specified S3 resources with Amazon Macie Classic for monitoring and data classi Removes the specified member account from Amazon Macie Classic Removes specified S3 resources from being monitored by Amazon Macie Classic Lists all Amazon Macie Classic member accounts for the current Amazon Macie Classic mas Lists all the S3 resources associated with Amazon Macie Classic
update_s3_resources	Updates the classification types for the specified S3 resources
÷	

# Examples

```
## Not run:
svc <- macie()
svc$associate_member_account(
  Foo = 123
)
## End(Not run)
```

AWS Resource Access Manager

# Description

ram

Use AWS Resource Access Manager to share AWS resources between AWS accounts. To share a resource, you create a resource share, associate the resource with the resource share, and specify the principals that can access the resources associated with the resource share. The following

principals are supported: AWS accounts, organizational units (OU) from AWS Organizations, and organizations from AWS Organizations.

For more information, see the AWS Resource Access Manager User Guide.

## Usage

ram(config = list())

## Arguments

config Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region.

# Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like vc operation(...), where vc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

# Service syntax

```
svc <- ram(
  config = list(
    credentials = list(
        creds = list(
            access_key_id = "string",
            secret_access_key = "string",
            session_token = "string"
        ),
        profile = "string"
        ),
        endpoint = "string"
        ),
        region = "string"
        )
)
```

#### Operations

Accepts an invitation to a resource share from another AWS account accept\_resource\_share\_invitation associate\_resource\_share Associates the specified resource share with the specified principals and reso associate\_resource\_share\_permission Associates a permission with a resource share Creates a resource share create\_resource\_share Deletes the specified resource share delete\_resource\_share Disassociates the specified principals or resources from the specified resourc disassociate\_resource\_share Disassociates an AWS RAM permission from a resource share disassociate\_resource\_share\_permission enable\_sharing\_with\_aws\_organization Enables resource sharing within your AWS Organization get\_permission Gets the contents of an AWS RAM permission in JSON format Gets the policies for the specified resources that you own and have shared get\_resource\_policies get\_resource\_share\_associations Gets the resources or principals for the resource shares that you own get\_resource\_share\_invitations Gets the invitations for resource sharing that you've received

#### secretsmanager

get_resource_shares	Gets the resource shares that you own or the resource shares that are shared v
list_pending_invitation_resources	Lists the resources in a resource share that is shared with you but that the inv
list_permissions	Lists the AWS RAM permissions
list_principals	Lists the principals that you have shared resources with or that have shared re
list_resources	Lists the resources that you added to a resource shares or the resources that a
list_resource_share_permissions	Lists the AWS RAM permissions that are associated with a resource share
list_resource_types	Lists the shareable resource types supported by AWS RAM
promote_resource_share_created_from_policy	Resource shares that were created by attaching a policy to a resource are visi
reject_resource_share_invitation	Rejects an invitation to a resource share from another AWS account
tag_resource	Adds the specified tags to the specified resource share that you own
untag_resource	Removes the specified tags from the specified resource share that you own
update_resource_share	Updates the specified resource share that you own

# Examples

```
## Not run:
svc <- ram()
svc$accept_resource_share_invitation(
  Foo = 123
)
## End(Not run)
```

secretsmanager

AWS Secrets Manager

## Description

AWS Secrets Manager API Reference

AWS Secrets Manager provides a service to enable you to store, manage, and retrieve, secrets.

This guide provides descriptions of the Secrets Manager API. For more information about using this service, see the AWS Secrets Manager User Guide.

## **API Version**

This version of the Secrets Manager API Reference documents the Secrets Manager API version 2017-10-17.

As an alternative to using the API, you can use one of the AWS SDKs, which consist of libraries and sample code for various programming languages and platforms such as Java, Ruby, .NET, iOS, and Android. The SDKs provide a convenient way to create programmatic access to AWS Secrets Manager. For example, the SDKs provide cryptographically signing requests, managing errors, and retrying requests automatically. For more information about the AWS SDKs, including downloading and installing them, see Tools for Amazon Web Services.

We recommend you use the AWS SDKs to make programmatic API calls to Secrets Manager. However, you also can use the Secrets Manager HTTP Query API to make direct calls to the Secrets

#### secretsmanager

Manager web service. To learn more about the Secrets Manager HTTP Query API, see Making Query Requests in the AWS Secrets Manager User Guide.

Secrets Manager API supports GET and POST requests for all actions, and doesn't require you to use GET for some actions and POST for others. However, GET requests are subject to the limitation size of a URL. Therefore, for operations that require larger sizes, use a POST request.

#### Support and Feedback for AWS Secrets Manager

We welcome your feedback. Send your comments to awssecretsmanager-feedback@amazon.com, or post your feedback and questions in the AWS Secrets Manager Discussion Forum. For more information about the AWS Discussion Forums, see Forums Help.

# How examples are presented

The JSON that AWS Secrets Manager expects as your request parameters and the service returns as a response to HTTP query requests contain single, long strings without line breaks or white space formatting. The JSON shown in the examples displays the code formatted with both line breaks and white space to improve readability. When example input parameters can also cause long strings extending beyond the screen, you can insert line breaks to enhance readability. You should always submit the input as a single JSON text string.

## Logging API Requests

AWS Secrets Manager supports AWS CloudTrail, a service that records AWS API calls for your AWS account and delivers log files to an Amazon S3 bucket. By using information that's collected by AWS CloudTrail, you can determine the requests successfully made to Secrets Manager, who made the request, when it was made, and so on. For more about AWS Secrets Manager and support for AWS CloudTrail, see Logging AWS Secrets Manager Events with AWS CloudTrail in the AWS Secrets Manager User Guide. To learn more about CloudTrail, including enabling it and find your log files, see the AWS CloudTrail User Guide.

#### Usage

```
secretsmanager(config = list())
```

# Arguments

config Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region.

# Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like vc operation(...), where vc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

## Service syntax

```
svc <- secretsmanager(
    config = list(
        credentials = list(
            creds = list(
                access_key_id = "string",
                secret_access_key = "string",</pre>
```

```
session_token = "string"
),
profile = "string"
),
endpoint = "string",
region = "string"
)
)
```

# Operations

cancel_rotate_secret	Disables automatic scheduled rotation and cancels the rotation of a secret if currently in progre
create_secret	Creates a new secret
delete_resource_policy	Deletes the resource-based permission policy attached to the secret
delete_secret	Deletes an entire secret and all of its versions
describe_secret	Retrieves the details of a secret
get_random_password	Generates a random password of the specified complexity
get_resource_policy	Retrieves the JSON text of the resource-based policy document attached to the specified secret
get_secret_value	Retrieves the contents of the encrypted fields SecretString or SecretBinary from the specified v
list_secrets	Lists all of the secrets that are stored by Secrets Manager in the AWS account
list_secret_version_ids	Lists all of the versions attached to the specified secret
put_resource_policy	Attaches the contents of the specified resource-based permission policy to a secret
put_secret_value	Stores a new encrypted secret value in the specified secret
restore_secret	Cancels the scheduled deletion of a secret by removing the DeletedDate time stamp
rotate_secret	Configures and starts the asynchronous process of rotating this secret
tag_resource	Attaches one or more tags, each consisting of a key name and a value, to the specified secret
untag_resource	Removes one or more tags from the specified secret
update_secret	Modifies many of the details of the specified secret
update_secret_version_stage	Modifies the staging labels attached to a version of a secret
validate_resource_policy	Validates the JSON text of the resource-based policy document attached to the specified secret

# Examples

```
## Not run:
svc <- secretsmanager()
# The following example shows how to cancel rotation for a secret. The
# operation sets the RotationEnabled field to false and cancels all
# scheduled rotations. To resume scheduled rotations, you must re-enable
# rotation by calling the rotate-secret operation.
svc$cancel_rotate_secret(
    SecretId = "MyTestDatabaseSecret"
)
```

## End(Not run)

securityhub

#### Description

Security Hub provides you with a comprehensive view of the security state of your AWS environment and resources. It also provides you with the readiness status of your environment based on controls from supported security standards. Security Hub collects security data from AWS accounts, services, and integrated third-party products and helps you analyze security trends in your environment to identify the highest priority security issues. For more information about Security Hub, see the *AWS Security Hub User Guide*.

When you use operations in the Security Hub API, the requests are executed only in the AWS Region that is currently active or in the specific AWS Region that you specify in your request. Any configuration or settings change that results from the operation is applied only to that Region. To make the same change in other Regions, execute the same command for each Region to apply the change to.

For example, if your Region is set to us-west-2, when you use create\_members to add a member account to Security Hub, the association of the member account with the master account is created only in the us-west-2 Region. Security Hub must be enabled for the member account in the same Region that the invitation was sent from.

The following throttling limits apply to using Security Hub API operations.

- batch\_enable\_standards RateLimit of 1 request per second, BurstLimit of 1 request per second.
- get\_findings RateLimit of 3 requests per second. BurstLimit of 6 requests per second.
- update\_findings RateLimit of 1 request per second. BurstLimit of 5 requests per second.
- update\_standards\_control RateLimit of 1 request per second, BurstLimit of 5 requests per second.
- All other operations RateLimit of 10 requests per second. BurstLimit of 30 requests per second.

## Usage

```
securityhub(config = list())
```

## Arguments

config Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region.

# Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like vc operation(...), where vc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

### Service syntax

```
svc <- securityhub(
  config = list(
    credentials = list(
        creds = list(
            access_key_id = "string",
            secret_access_key = "string",
            session_token = "string"
        ),
        profile = "string"
        ),
        endpoint = "string"
        )
        region = "string"
        )
)
```

#### Operations

accept\_invitation batch\_disable\_standards batch\_enable\_standards batch\_import\_findings batch\_update\_findings create\_action\_target create\_insight create members decline\_invitations delete\_action\_target delete\_insight delete\_invitations delete\_members describe\_action\_targets describe\_hub describe\_organization\_configuration describe\_products describe\_standards describe\_standards\_controls disable\_import\_findings\_for\_product disable\_organization\_admin\_account disable\_security\_hub disassociate\_from\_master\_account disassociate\_members enable\_import\_findings\_for\_product enable\_organization\_admin\_account enable\_security\_hub get\_enabled\_standards get\_findings get\_insight\_results

Accepts the invitation to be a member account and be monitored by the Security Hub Disables the standards specified by the provided StandardsSubscriptionArns Enables the standards specified by the provided StandardsArn Imports security findings generated from an integrated third-party product into Security Used by Security Hub customers to update information about their investigation into a Creates a custom action target in Security Hub Creates a custom insight in Security Hub Creates a member association in Security Hub between the specified accounts and the Declines invitations to become a member account Deletes a custom action target from Security Hub Deletes the insight specified by the InsightArn Deletes invitations received by the AWS account to become a member account Deletes the specified member accounts from Security Hub Returns a list of the custom action targets in Security Hub in your account Returns details about the Hub resource in your account, including the HubArn and the Returns information about the Organizations configuration for Security Hub Returns information about the available products that you can subscribe to and integra Returns a list of the available standards in Security Hub Returns a list of security standards controls Disables the integration of the specified product with Security Hub Disables a Security Hub administrator account Disables Security Hub in your account only in the current Region Disassociates the current Security Hub member account from the associated master ac Disassociates the specified member accounts from the associated master account Enables the integration of a partner product with Security Hub Designates the Security Hub administrator account for an organization Enables Security Hub for your account in the current Region or the Region you specif Returns a list of the standards that are currently enabled Returns a list of findings that match the specified criteria Lists the results of the Security Hub insight specified by the insight ARN

# shield

Lists and describes insights for the specified insight ARNs
Returns the count of all Security Hub membership invitations that were sent to the cur
Provides the details for the Security Hub master account for the current member account
Returns the details for the Security Hub member accounts for the specified account ID
Invites other AWS accounts to become member accounts for the Security Hub master
Lists all findings-generating solutions (products) that you are subscribed to receive fin
Lists all Security Hub membership invitations that were sent to the current AWS acco
Lists details about all member accounts for the current Security Hub master account
Lists the Security Hub administrator accounts
Returns a list of tags associated with a resource
Adds one or more tags to a resource
Removes one or more tags from a resource
Updates the name and description of a custom action target in Security Hub
UpdateFindings is deprecated
Updates the Security Hub insight identified by the specified insight ARN
Used to update the configuration related to Organizations
Updates configuration options for Security Hub
Used to control whether an individual security standard control is enabled or disabled

# Examples

```
## Not run:
svc <- securityhub()
svc$accept_invitation(
  Foo = 123
)
```

## End(Not run)

shield

AWS Shield

# Description

AWS Shield Advanced

This is the *AWS Shield Advanced API Reference*. This guide is for developers who need detailed information about the AWS Shield Advanced API actions, data types, and errors. For detailed information about AWS WAF and AWS Shield Advanced features and an overview of how to use the AWS WAF and AWS Shield Advanced APIs, see the AWS WAF and AWS Shield Developer Guide.

# Usage

shield(config = list())

# Arguments

config

Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region.

# Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like svc operation(...), where svc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

# Service syntax

```
svc <- shield(
  config = list(
    credentials = list(
        creds = list(
            access_key_id = "string",
            secret_access_key = "string",
            session_token = "string"
        ),
        profile = "string"
        ),
        endpoint = "string",
        region = "string"
      )
)
```

# Operations

associate_drt_log_bucket	Authorizes the DDoS Response Team (DRT) to access the specified Amazon S3 but
associate_drt_role	Authorizes the DDoS Response Team (DRT), using the specified role, to access yo
associate_health_check	Adds health-based detection to the Shield Advanced protection for a resource
associate_proactive_engagement_details	Initializes proactive engagement and sets the list of contacts for the DDoS Response
create_protection	Enables AWS Shield Advanced for a specific AWS resource
create_protection_group	Creates a grouping of protected resources so they can be handled as a collective
create_subscription	Activates AWS Shield Advanced for an account
delete_protection	Deletes an AWS Shield Advanced Protection
delete_protection_group	Removes the specified protection group
delete_subscription	Removes AWS Shield Advanced from an account
describe_attack	Describes the details of a DDoS attack
describe_attack_statistics	Provides information about the number and type of attacks AWS Shield has detected
describe_drt_access	Returns the current role and list of Amazon S3 log buckets used by the DDoS Resp
describe_emergency_contact_settings	A list of email addresses and phone numbers that the DDoS Response Team (DRT
describe_protection	Lists the details of a Protection object
describe_protection_group	Returns the specification for the specified protection group
describe_subscription	Provides details about the AWS Shield Advanced subscription for an account
disable_proactive_engagement	Removes authorization from the DDoS Response Team (DRT) to notify contacts a
disassociate_drt_log_bucket	Removes the DDoS Response Team's (DRT) access to the specified Amazon S3 bu
disassociate_drt_role	Removes the DDoS Response Team's (DRT) access to your AWS account

disassociate_health_check	Removes health-based detection from the Shield Advanced protection for a resource
enable_proactive_engagement	Authorizes the DDoS Response Team (DRT) to use email and phone to notify cont
get_subscription_state	Returns the SubscriptionState, either Active or Inactive
list_attacks	Returns all ongoing DDoS attacks or all DDoS attacks during a specified time peri
list_protection_groups	Retrieves the ProtectionGroup objects for the account
list_protections	Lists all Protection objects for the account
list_resources_in_protection_group	Retrieves the resources that are included in the protection group
update_emergency_contact_settings	Updates the details of the list of email addresses and phone numbers that the DDoS
update_protection_group	Updates an existing protection group
update_subscription	Updates the details of an existing subscription

# Examples

```
## Not run:
svc <- shield()
svc$associate_drt_log_bucket(
  Foo = 123
)
```

## End(Not run)

sts

AWS Security Token Service

#### Description

AWS Security Token Service (STS) enables you to request temporary, limited-privilege credentials for AWS Identity and Access Management (IAM) users or for users that you authenticate (federated users). This guide provides descriptions of the STS API. For more information about using this service, see Temporary Security Credentials.

#### Usage

sts(config = list())

# Arguments

config Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region.

# Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like vc operation(...), where vc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

## Service syntax

```
svc <- sts(
  config = list(
    credentials = list(
        creds = list(
            access_key_id = "string",
            secret_access_key = "string",
            session_token = "string"
        ),
        profile = "string"
        ),
        endpoint = "string"
        ),
        region = "string"
        )
)
```

#### Operations

Returns a set of temporary security credentials that you can use to access AWS resources the assume\_role assume\_role\_with\_saml Returns a set of temporary security credentials for users who have been authenticated via a assume\_role\_with\_web\_identity Returns a set of temporary security credentials for users who have been authenticated in a decode\_authorization\_message Decodes additional information about the authorization status of a request from an encoded get\_access\_key\_info Returns the account identifier for the specified access key ID get\_caller\_identity Returns details about the IAM user or role whose credentials are used to call the operation Returns a set of temporary security credentials (consisting of an access key ID, a secret acc get\_federation\_token Returns a set of temporary credentials for an AWS account or IAM user get\_session\_token

# Examples

```
## Not run:
svc <- sts()</pre>
#
svc$assume_role(
 ExternalId = "123ABC",
 Policy = "{\"Version\":\"2012-10-17\",\"Statement\":[{\"Sid\":\"Stmt1\",\"Effect\":\"A...",
 RoleArn = "arn:aws:iam::123456789012:role/demo",
 RoleSessionName = "testAssumeRoleSession",
 Tags = list(
   list(
      Key = "Project",
      Value = "Unicorn"
    ),
    list(
      Key = "Team",
      Value = "Automation"
    ),
    list(
```

waf

```
Key = "Cost-Center",
Value = "12345"
)
),
TransitiveTagKeys = list(
  "Project",
  "Cost-Center"
)
```

## End(Not run)

waf

)

#### AWS WAF

## Description

This is **AWS WAF Classic** documentation. For more information, see **AWS WAF Classic** in the developer guide.

For the latest version of AWS WAF, use the AWS WAFV2 API and see the AWS WAF Developer Guide. With the latest version, AWS WAF has a single set of endpoints for regional and global use.

This is the AWS WAF Classic API Reference for using AWS WAF Classic with Amazon Cloud-Front. The AWS WAF Classic actions and data types listed in the reference are available for protecting Amazon CloudFront distributions. You can use these actions and data types via the endpoint *waf.amazonaws.com*. This guide is for developers who need detailed information about the AWS WAF Classic API actions, data types, and errors. For detailed information about AWS WAF Classic features and an overview of how to use the AWS WAF Classic API, see the AWS WAF Classic in the developer guide.

### Usage

```
waf(config = list())
```

# Arguments

config Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region.

# Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like vc operation(...), where vc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

## Service syntax

```
svc <- waf(
  config = list(
    credentials = list(
        creds = list(
            access_key_id = "string",
            secret_access_key = "string",
            session_token = "string"
        ),
        profile = "string"
        ),
        endpoint = "string"
        ),
        region = "string"
        )
)
```

## Operations

This is AWS WAF Classic documentation create\_byte\_match\_set create\_geo\_match\_set This is AWS WAF Classic documentation This is AWS WAF Classic documentation create\_ip\_set create rate based rule This is AWS WAF Classic documentation create\_regex\_match\_set This is AWS WAF Classic documentation This is AWS WAF Classic documentation create\_regex\_pattern\_set This is AWS WAF Classic documentation create rule This is AWS WAF Classic documentation create rule group create\_size\_constraint\_set This is AWS WAF Classic documentation create\_sql\_injection\_match\_set This is AWS WAF Classic documentation This is AWS WAF Classic documentation create\_web\_acl Creates an AWS CloudFormation WAFV2 template for the specified web ACL in the specified web ACL create\_web\_acl\_migration\_stack This is AWS WAF Classic documentation create\_xss\_match\_set This is AWS WAF Classic documentation delete\_byte\_match\_set This is AWS WAF Classic documentation delete\_geo\_match\_set This is AWS WAF Classic documentation delete\_ip\_set This is AWS WAF Classic documentation delete\_logging\_configuration delete\_permission\_policy This is AWS WAF Classic documentation delete\_rate\_based\_rule This is AWS WAF Classic documentation delete\_regex\_match\_set This is AWS WAF Classic documentation delete\_regex\_pattern\_set This is AWS WAF Classic documentation delete\_rule This is AWS WAF Classic documentation delete\_rule\_group This is AWS WAF Classic documentation This is AWS WAF Classic documentation delete\_size\_constraint\_set delete sql injection match set This is AWS WAF Classic documentation This is AWS WAF Classic documentation delete\_web\_acl delete\_xss\_match\_set This is AWS WAF Classic documentation get\_byte\_match\_set This is AWS WAF Classic documentation This is AWS WAF Classic documentation get\_change\_token This is AWS WAF Classic documentation get\_change\_token\_status

waf

get\_geo\_match\_set get\_ip\_set get\_logging\_configuration get\_permission\_policy get rate based rule get\_rate\_based\_rule\_managed\_keys get\_regex\_match\_set get\_regex\_pattern\_set get rule get\_rule\_group get\_sampled\_requests get\_size\_constraint\_set get\_sql\_injection\_match\_set get\_web\_acl get\_xss\_match\_set list\_activated\_rules\_in\_rule\_group list\_byte\_match\_sets list\_geo\_match\_sets list\_ip\_sets list\_logging\_configurations list\_rate\_based\_rules list regex match sets list\_regex\_pattern\_sets list\_rule\_groups list rules list size constraint sets list sql injection match sets list\_subscribed\_rule\_groups list\_tags\_for\_resource list\_web\_ac\_ls list\_xss\_match\_sets put\_logging\_configuration put\_permission\_policy tag\_resource untag\_resource update\_byte\_match\_set update\_geo\_match\_set update\_ip\_set update rate based rule update\_regex\_match\_set update\_regex\_pattern\_set update rule update rule group update\_size\_constraint\_set update\_sql\_injection\_match\_set update\_web\_acl update\_xss\_match\_set

This is AWS WAF Classic documentation This is AWS WAF Classic documentation

## Examples

```
## Not run:
svc <- waf()
# The following example creates an IP match set named MyIPSetFriendlyName.
svc$create_ip_set(
    ChangeToken = "abcd12f2-46da-4fdb-b8d5-fbd4c466928f",
    Name = "MyIPSetFriendlyName"
)
```

```
## End(Not run)
```

wafregional

AWS WAF Regional

## Description

This is **AWS WAF Classic Regional** documentation. For more information, see **AWS WAF Classic** in the developer guide.

For the latest version of AWS WAF, use the AWS WAFV2 API and see the AWS WAF Developer Guide. With the latest version, AWS WAF has a single set of endpoints for regional and global use.

This is the AWS WAF Regional Classic API Reference for using AWS WAF Classic with the AWS resources, Elastic Load Balancing (ELB) Application Load Balancers and API Gateway APIs. The AWS WAF Classic actions and data types listed in the reference are available for protecting Elastic Load Balancing (ELB) Application Load Balancers and API Gateway APIs. You can use these actions and data types by means of the endpoints listed in AWS Regions and Endpoints. This guide is for developers who need detailed information about the AWS WAF Classic API actions, data types, and errors. For detailed information about AWS WAF Classic features and an overview of how to use the AWS WAF Classic API, see the AWS WAF Classic in the developer guide.

## Usage

```
wafregional(config = list())
```

## Arguments

config Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region.

# Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like svc operation(...), where svc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

## wafregional

# Service syntax

```
svc <- wafregional(
  config = list(
    credentials = list(
        creds = list(
            access_key_id = "string",
            secret_access_key = "string",
            session_token = "string"
        ),
        profile = "string"
        ),
        endpoint = "string"
        ),
        region = "string"
        )
)
```

## Operations

This is AWS WAF Classic Regional documentation associate\_web\_acl create\_byte\_match\_set This is AWS WAF Classic documentation This is AWS WAF Classic documentation create\_geo\_match\_set create\_ip\_set This is AWS WAF Classic documentation create\_rate\_based\_rule This is AWS WAF Classic documentation create\_regex\_match\_set This is AWS WAF Classic documentation This is AWS WAF Classic documentation create\_regex\_pattern\_set This is AWS WAF Classic documentation create rule create\_rule\_group This is AWS WAF Classic documentation create\_size\_constraint\_set This is AWS WAF Classic documentation create\_sql\_injection\_match\_set This is AWS WAF Classic documentation This is AWS WAF Classic documentation create\_web\_acl create\_web\_acl\_migration\_stack Creates an AWS CloudFormation WAFV2 template for the specified web ACL in the specified web ACL This is AWS WAF Classic documentation create\_xss\_match\_set This is AWS WAF Classic documentation delete\_byte\_match\_set delete\_geo\_match\_set This is AWS WAF Classic documentation This is AWS WAF Classic documentation delete\_ip\_set delete\_logging\_configuration This is AWS WAF Classic documentation delete\_permission\_policy This is AWS WAF Classic documentation delete\_rate\_based\_rule This is AWS WAF Classic documentation delete\_regex\_match\_set This is AWS WAF Classic documentation delete\_regex\_pattern\_set This is AWS WAF Classic documentation delete rule This is AWS WAF Classic documentation This is AWS WAF Classic documentation delete\_rule\_group delete size constraint set This is AWS WAF Classic documentation delete\_sql\_injection\_match\_set This is AWS WAF Classic documentation delete\_web\_acl This is AWS WAF Classic documentation delete\_xss\_match\_set This is AWS WAF Classic documentation disassociate\_web\_acl This is AWS WAF Classic Regional documentation get\_byte\_match\_set This is AWS WAF Classic documentation

get\_change\_token get\_change\_token\_status get\_geo\_match\_set get\_ip\_set get\_logging\_configuration get\_permission\_policy get\_rate\_based\_rule get rate based rule managed keys get regex match set get\_regex\_pattern\_set get rule get\_rule\_group get\_sampled\_requests get\_size\_constraint\_set get\_sql\_injection\_match\_set get\_web\_acl get\_web\_acl\_for\_resource get\_xss\_match\_set list\_activated\_rules\_in\_rule\_group list\_byte\_match\_sets list\_geo\_match\_sets list ip sets list\_logging\_configurations list\_rate\_based\_rules list\_regex\_match\_sets list regex pattern sets list\_resources\_for\_web\_acl list\_rule\_groups list rules list\_size\_constraint\_sets list\_sql\_injection\_match\_sets list\_subscribed\_rule\_groups list\_tags\_for\_resource list\_web\_ac\_ls list\_xss\_match\_sets put\_logging\_configuration put\_permission\_policy tag\_resource untag resource update\_byte\_match\_set update\_geo\_match\_set update ip set update rate based rule update\_regex\_match\_set update\_regex\_pattern\_set update\_rule update\_rule\_group update\_size\_constraint\_set

This is AWS WAF Classic documentation This is AWS WAF Classic Regional documentation This is AWS WAF Classic Regional documentation This is AWS WAF Classic documentation

# wafregional

update\_sql\_injection\_match\_set update\_web\_acl update\_xss\_match\_set This is AWS WAF Classic documentation This is AWS WAF Classic documentation This is AWS WAF Classic documentation

# Examples

```
## Not run:
svc <- wafregional()
# The following example creates an IP match set named MyIPSetFriendlyName.
svc$create_ip_set(
   ChangeToken = "abcd12f2-46da-4fdb-b8d5-fbd4c466928f",
   Name = "MyIPSetFriendlyName"
)
```

## End(Not run)

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