Package 'scorepeak'

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Type Package
Fitle Peak Functions for Peak Detection in Univariate Time Series
Version 0.1.2
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Description Provides peak functions, which enable us to detect peaks in time series. The methods implemented in this package are based on Girish Keshav Palshikar (2009) https://www.researchgate.net/publication/228853276_Simple_Algorithms_for_Peak_Detection_in_Time-Series .
License GPL-3
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building_blocks

Building Blocks of Peak Functions

Description

Computes max, min, mean, and standard deviation of temporal neighbors.

Usage

```
max_neighbors(data, w, side, boundary = "reflecting")
min_neighbors(data, w, side, boundary = "reflecting")
mean_neighbors(data, w, side, boundary = "reflecting")
sd_neighbors(data, w, side, boundary = "reflecting")
```

Arguments

data a numeric vector. Length of data must be greater than 1.

w window size. w must be odd and greater than 2 and smaller than double length

of data.

side determines which side of neighbors of data point will be used in calculation.

"left", "l": left temporal neighbors, "right", "r": right temporal neighbors, "both", "b": left and right temporal neighbors, "all", "a": data point and its left and right

temporal neighbors.

boundary determines how data points in the beginning and end of the time series will be

treated. "reflecting", "r": reflecting boundary condition, "periodic", "p": periodic boundary condition, "discard", "d", discarding data points in the beginning and end of the time series. See the vignette "Introduction to scorepeak" for

detail.

Value

a numeric vector

Author(s)

Shota Ochi

Examples

```
data("ecgca102")
max_neighbors(ecgca102, 11, "all")
min_neighbors(ecgca102, 11, "all")
mean_neighbors(ecgca102, 11, "all")
sd_neighbors(ecgca102, 11, "all")
```

detect_localmaxima 3

detect_localmaxima

detect local maxima in univariate time series data

Description

detect local maxima in univariate time series data

Usage

```
detect_localmaxima(data, w = 3, boundary = "reflecting")
```

Arguments

data a numeric vector. Length of data must be greater than 1.

w window size. w must be odd and greater than 2 and smaller than double length

of data.

boundary determines how data points in the beginning and end of the time series will be

treated. "reflecting", "r": reflecting boundary condition, "periodic", "p": periodic boundary condition, "discard", "d", discarding data points in the beginning and end of the time series. See the vignette "Introduction to scorepeak" for

detail.

Value

a logical vector. TRUE indicates local peak. FALSE indicates not local peak.

Author(s)

Shota Ochi

Examples

```
data("ecgca102")
peaks <- detect_localmaxima(ecgca102)
plot(ecgca102, type = "1")
points(which(peaks), ecgca102[peaks], pch = 1, col = "red")</pre>
```

peak_functions

ecgca102

Time Series Data of Electrocardiogram

Description

This data is a part of ecgca102.edf file of Non-Invasive Fetal Electrocardiogram Database.

Usage

```
data("ecgca102")
```

Format

a numeric vector

Source

Non-Invasive Fetal Electrocardiogram Database (https://doi.org/10.13026/C2X30H)

References

Goldberger AL, Amaral LAN, Glass L, Hausdorff JM, Ivanov PCh, Mark RG, Mietus JE, Moody GB, Peng C-K, Stanley HE. PhysioBank, PhysioToolkit, and PhysioNet: Components of a New Research Resource for Complex Physiologic Signals. Circulation 101(23):e215-e220 [Circulation Electronic Pages; http://circ.ahajournals.org/cgi/content/full/101/23/e215]; 2000 (June 13).

peak_functions

Peak Functions for Peak Detection in Univariate Time Series

Description

scorepeak package provides several types of peak function. See the vignette "Introduction to scorepeak" for detail.

Usage

```
score_type1(data, w, boundary = "reflecting")
score_type2(data, w, boundary = "reflecting")
score_type3(data, w, boundary = "reflecting")
```

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Arguments

data a numeric vector. Length of data must be greater than 1.

window size. w must be odd and greater than 2 and smaller than double length

of data.

boundary determines how data points in the beginning and end of the time series will be

treated. "reflecting", "r": reflecting boundary condition, "periodic", "p": periodic boundary condition, "discard", "d", discarding data points in the beginning and end of the time series. See the vignette "Introduction to scorepeak" for

detail.

Value

a numeric vector

Author(s)

Shota Ochi

Examples

```
data("ecgca102")
plot(ecgca102, type = "1", ylim = c(-0.38, 0.53))
points(seq(length(ecgca102)), score_type1(ecgca102, 51), col = "red", type = "1")
points(seq(length(ecgca102)), score_type2(ecgca102, 51), col = "blue", type = "1")
points(seq(length(ecgca102)), score_type3(ecgca102, 51), col = "green", type = "1")
```

scorepeak

scorepeak: Peak Functions for Peak Detection in Univariate Time Series

Description

scorepeak provides peak functions and its building blocks. Peak functions enable us to detect peaks.

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