Package 'simDNAmixtures'

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Title Simulate Forensic DNA Mixtures

Version 1.0.1

Description Mixed DNA profiles can be sampled according to models for probabilistic genotyping. Peak height variability is modelled using a log normal distribution or a gamma distribution. Sample contributors may be related according to a pedigree.

License GPL (>= 3)

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R topics documented:

`allele_specific_stutter_model`

Stutter model where the expected stutter rate depends on the allele and locus

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Description

Stutter model where the expected stutter rate depends on the allele and locus

Usage

```
allele_specific_stutter_model(stutter_types, size_regression)
```

Arguments

`stutter_types`	List. See stutter_type.
`size_regression`	Function, see read_size_regression.

Details

When a pg_model is constructed (see gamma_model), a stutter model can optionally be applied. The allele specific stutter model is commonly used with a log normal model. The expected stutter ratio for a parent allele at a locus is obtained from a linear regression of observed stutter ratios against allele length. For some loci or alleles the linear model may not be satisfactory. To override the expected stutter rates for specific alleles, a list of exceptions can be used. See stutter_type for more detail.

Value

Object of class `stutter_model` to be used by e.g. log_normal_model.

See Also

global_stutter_model for a stutter model where the expected stutter ratio does not depend on the locus or parent allele.

Examples

```
# we will define an allele specific stutter model for back stutter only

# prepare stutter regression
filename_bs_regression <- system.file("extdata",
"GlobalFiler_Stutter_3500.txt",package = "simDNAmixtures")
bs_regression <- read_stutter_regression(filename_bs_regression)

# prepare exceptions, i.e. where does the regression not apply?
filename_bs_exceptions <- system.file("extdata",
"GlobalFiler_Stutter_Exceptions_3500.csv",package = "simDNAmixtures")
bs_exceptions <- read_stutter_exceptions(filename_bs_exceptions)

# prepare a stutter type
backstutter <- stutter_type(name = "BackStutter", delta = -1,
                            stutter_regression = bs_regression,
                            stutter_exceptions = bs_exceptions)

# assign stutter model
size_regression <- read_size_regression(system.file("extdata",
"GlobalFiler_SizeRegression.csv",package = "simDNAmixtures"))
bs_model <- allele_specific_stutter_model(list(backstutter), size_regression)
bs_model
```

---

gamma_model *Defines a gamma model for peak height variability*

Description

Defines a gamma model for peak height variability

Usage

```
gamma_model(
  mixture_proportions,
  mu,
  cv,
  degradation_beta = rep(1, length(mixture_proportions)),
  LSAE = stats::setNames(rep(1, length(model_settings$locus_names)),
    model_settings$locus_names),
  model_settings
)
```

Arguments

`mixture_proportions`	Numeric vector with the mixture proportion for each contributor.
`mu`	Numeric. Expectation of a full heterozygote contributing allele peak height.
`cv`	Numeric. Coefficient of variation of a full heterozygote contributing allele peak height
`degradation_beta`	Numeric Vector of same length as mixture_proportions. Degradation slope parameters for each contributor. Defaults to 1 for each contributor (i.e. not degraded)
`LSAE`	Numeric vector (named) with Locus Specific Amplification Efficiencies. See sample_LSAE. Defaults to 1 for each locus.
`model_settings`	List. Possible parameters: • locus_names. Character vector. • detection_threshold. Numeric vector (named) with Detection Thresholds. • size_regression. Function, see read_size_regression. • stutter_model. Optionally a stutter_model object that gives expected stutter heights. See global_stutter_model.

Details

Define a gamma model for peak height variability with the parametrisation as described by Bleka et al. The model may then be used to sample DNA profiles using the sample_mixture_from_genotypes function. Alternatively, to sample many models and profiles in one go with parameters according to a specified distribution, the sample_mixtures function can be used.

Value

Object of class `pg_model`.

References

Bleka, Ø., Storvik, G., & Gill, P. (2016). EuroForMix: An open source software based on a continuous model to evaluate STR DNA profiles from a mixture of contributors with artefacts. Forensic Science International: Genetics, 21, 35-44. doi: 10.1016/j.fsigen.2015.11.008

See Also

log_normal_model.

Examples

```
# read allele frequencies
freqs <- read_allele_freqs(system.file("extdata","FBI_extended_Cauc.csv",
                                       package = "simDNAmixtures"))

data(gf)
```

```
# define the gamma model for peak heights
model <- gamma_model(mixture_proportions = 1, mu = 1000.,
                     cv = 0.1, model_settings = gf$gamma_settings_no_stutter)

# sample a single source profile (1-person 'mixture')
u1 <- sample_contributor_genotypes("U1", freqs, loci = gf$autosomal_markers)
sample <- sample_mixture_from_genotypes(u1, model)

# peaks follow a gamma distribution with an expected height of
# 1,000 for heterozygous alleles; 2,000 for homozygotes
hist(sample$Height)

# the gamma distribution is more obvious if many samples are taken
many_samples <- replicate(n = 1e2,
                          sample_mixture_from_genotypes(u1, model),
                          simplify = FALSE)

hist(sapply(many_samples, function(x) x$Height))
```

`gf` *Stutters and size regressions for a GlobalFiler 3500 kit*

Description

A dataset containing default parameters and settings for a GlobalFiler 3500 kit.

Usage

```
gf
```

Format

A list of:

autosomal_markers Names of autosomal markers in the GlobalFiler kit

repeat_length_by_marker Named numeric with STR repeat length by locus name

size_regression See read_size_regression

stutters List of 4 stutter types, to be used with allele_specific_stutter_model

stutter_model For convenience, a pre-defined allele_specific_stutter_model

log_normal_settings Settings corresponding to a log normal model with all stutter types

log_normal_settings_fwbw Settings corresponding to a log normal model with backward and forward stutter only

gamma_settings Settings corresponding to a gamma model with all stutter types

gamma_settings_no_stutter Settings for a gamma model without stutter

`global_stutter_model` *Global stutter model where the expected stutter rate is constant across alleles and loci*

Description

Global stutter model where the expected stutter rate is constant across alleles and loci

Usage

```
global_stutter_model(back_stutter_rate, forward_stutter_rate, size_regression)
```

Arguments

`back_stutter_rate`
: Numeric. (Optional)

`forward_stutter_rate`
: Numeric. (Optional)

`size_regression`
: Function, see read_size_regression.

Details

When a pg_model is constructed (see gamma_model), a stutter model can optionally be applied. In the global stutter model, the expected stutter rate is constant across all loci and for all parent alleles.

Value

Object of class `stutter_model` to be used by e.g. gamma_model.

See Also

allele_specific_stutter_model for a stutter model where the expected stutter rate depends on the allele and locus.

Examples

```
# the stutter model needs a size regression to determine fragment length
# of stutter products
size_regression <- read_size_regression(system.file("extdata",
"GlobalFiler_SizeRegression.csv",package = "simDNAmixtures"))

# define a stutter model with an expected back stutter rate of 10%
stutter_model <- global_stutter_model(back_stutter_rate = 0.1,
                                      size_regression = size_regression)

stutter_model
```

kits *Properties such as loci, dye, sizes for most standard forensic kits*

Description

A dataset containing the properties of forensic DNA kits.

Usage

```
kits
```

Format

A list of data frames containing variables such as:

Panel Kit name

Marker

Allele

Size Fragment length

Color Dye colour

Source

https://github.com/oyvble/euroformix/blob/master/inst/extdata/kit.txt

log_normal_model *Defines a log normal model for peak height variability*

Description

Defines a log normal model for peak height variability

Usage

```
log_normal_model(
  template,
  degradation = rep(0, length(template)),
  LSAE = stats::setNames(rep(1, length(model_settings$locus_names)),
    model_settings$locus_names),
  c2,
  k2,
  model_settings
)
```

Arguments

`template`	Numeric vector
`degradation`	Numeric vector of same length as template. Degradation parameters for each contributor.
`LSAE`	Numeric vector (named) with Locus Specific Amplification Efficiencies. See sample_LSAE. Defaults to 1 for each locus.
`c2`	Numeric. Allele variance parameter.
`k2`	Optionally a numeric vector with stutter variance parameters. See sample_log_normal_stutter_variance.
`model_settings`	List. Possible parameters: • locus_names. Character vector. • degradation_parameter_cap. Numeric. • c2_prior. Numeric of length two with shape and scale. • LSAE_variance_prior. Numeric of length one. • detection_threshold. Numeric vector (named) with Detection Thresholds. Defaults to 50 for each locus. • size_regression. Function, see read_size_regression. • stutter_model. Optionally a stutter_model object that gives expected stutter heights. See global_stutter_model. • stutter_variability. Optionally peak height variability parameters for stutters. Required when stutter_model is supplied.

Details

Define a log normal model for peak height variability with the parametrisation as described by Bright et al. The model may then be used to sample DNA profiles using the sample_mixture_from_genotypes function. Alternatively, to sample many models and profiles in one go with parameters according to a specified distribution, the sample_mixtures function can be used.

Value

Object of class `pg_model`.

References

Bright, J.A. et al. (2016). Developmental validation of STRmix™, expert software for the interpretation of forensic DNA profiles. Forensic Science International: Genetics, 23, 226-239. doi: 10.1016/j.fsigen.2016.05.007

See Also

gamma_model.

Examples

```
data(gf)
freqs <- read_allele_freqs(system.file("extdata","FBI_extended_Cauc.csv",
                           package = "simDNAmixtures"))

k2 <- sample_log_normal_stutter_variance(gf$log_normal_settings$stutter_variability)

model <- log_normal_model(template = 1e3, c2 = 15, k2 = k2,
                          model_settings = gf$log_normal_settings)
model
```

`read_allele_freqs` *Read allele frequencies in FSIgen format (.csv)*

Description

Read allele frequencies in FSIgen format (.csv)

Usage

```
read_allele_freqs(filename, remove_zeroes = TRUE, normalise = TRUE)
```

Arguments

`filename`	Path to csv file.
`remove_zeroes`	Logical. Should frequencies of 0 be removed from the return value? Default is TRUE.
`normalise`	Logical. Should frequencies be normalised to sum to 1? Default is TRUE.

Details

Reads allele frequencies from a .csv file. The file should be in FSIgen format, i.e. comma separated with the first column specifying the allele labels and one column per locus. The last row should be the number of observations. No error checking is done since the file format is only loosely defined, e.g. we do not restrict the first column name or the last row name.

Value

Named list with frequencies by locus. The frequencies at a locus are returned as a named numeric vector with names corresponding to alleles.

Examples

```
# below we read an allele freqs file that comes with the package
filename <- system.file("extdata","FBI_extended_Cauc.csv",package = "simDNAmixtures")
freqs <- read_allele_freqs(filename)
freqs # the output is a list with an attribute named \code{N} giving the sample size.
```

`read_size_regression` *Reads a size regression file*

Description

Reads a size regression file

Usage

```
read_size_regression(filename)
```

Arguments

`filename`	Path to file (character).

Details

Read a regression file from disk and returns a function that provides the fragment length (bp) for a given locus and allele.

DNA profiles consist of the observed peaks (alleles or stutter products) at several loci as well as the peak heights and sizes. The size refers to the fragment length (bp). A linear relationship exists between the size of a peak and the size. When peaks are sampled in the sample_mixture_from_genotypes function, a size is assigned using a size regression. The `read_size_regression` function reads such a regression from disk.

Value

A function that takes a locus name and allele as arguments and returns the size.

Examples

```
filename <- system.file("extdata",
                        "GlobalFiler_SizeRegression.csv",
                        package = "simDNAmixtures")

regression <- read_size_regression(filename)

# obtain size for the 12 allele at the vWA locus
regression("vWA", 12)
```

read_stutter_exceptions

Reads a stutter exceptions file with overrides for expected stutter ratios

Description

Reads a stutter exceptions file with overrides for expected stutter ratios

Usage

```
read_stutter_exceptions(filename)
```

Arguments

filename	Character. Path to file.

Details

Reads the file from disk and returns a named numeric vector with stutter ratio exceptions for a given locus and allele.

Value

A named list with the stutter exceptions by locus. For each loucs, the exceptions are given as a named numeric with the names corresponding to the parent alleles and the expected stutter rates given as the values.

Examples

```
filename <- system.file("extdata","GlobalFiler_Stutter_Exceptions_3500.csv",
                        package = "simDNAmixtures")
exceptions <- read_stutter_exceptions(filename)
exceptions$TH01["9.3"]
```

read_stutter_regression

Reads a stutter regression file

Description

Reads a stutter regression file

Usage

```
read_stutter_regression(filename, min_stutter_ratio = 0.001)
```

Arguments

filename	Character. Path to file.
min_stutter_ratio	Numeric.

Details

Reads the file from disk and returns a function that provides the expected stutter ratio for a given locus and allele.

Value

A function that takes a locus name and allele as arguments and returns the expected stutter ratio.

Examples

```
filename <- system.file("extdata","GlobalFiler_Stutter_3500.txt",
                        package = "simDNAmixtures")
regression <- read_stutter_regression(filename)

# obtain the expected stutter ratio for a 12 parent allele at the vWA locus
regression("vWA", 12)
```

---

read_wide_table *Read wide table (.txt) with Allele1, Allele2, ... columns as is*

Description

Read wide table (.txt) with Allele1, Allele2, ... columns as is

Usage

```
read_wide_table(filename)
```

Arguments

filename	Path to txt file.

Value

Dataframe

`sample_contributor_genotypes` *Sample genotypes for mixture contributors according to allele frequencies*

Description

Sample genotypes for mixture contributors according to allele frequencies

Usage

```
sample_contributor_genotypes(
  contributors,
  freqs,
  pedigree,
  loci = names(freqs),
  return_non_contributors = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

`contributors`	Character vector with unique names of contributors. Valid names are "U1", "U2", ... for unrelated contributors or the names of pedigree members for related contributors.
`freqs`	Allele frequencies (see read_allele_freqs)
`pedigree`	(optionally) ped object
`loci`	Character vector of locus names (defaults to `names` attribute of `freqs`)
`return_non_contributors`	Logical. Should genotypes of non-contributing pedigree members also be returned?

Details

For each founder or unrelated person, a genotype is sampled randomly by drawing two alleles from allele frequencies. The non-founders get genotypes by allele dropping, see sample_pedigree_genotypes for details.

Value

List of DataFrames with genotypes for each pedigree member. See sample_genotype for the DataFrame format.

Examples

```
# read allele frequencies
freqs <- read_allele_freqs(system.file("extdata","FBI_extended_Cauc.csv",
                           package = "simDNAmixtures"))

# define a pedigree of siblings S1 and S2 (and their parents)
ped_sibs <- pedtools::nuclearPed(children = c("S1", "S2"))

# sample genotypes for a mixture of S1 + U1 + S2
# where U1 is an unrelated person

sample_contributor_genotypes(contributors = c("S1","U1","S2"), freqs, ped_sibs)
```

---

sample_gamma_model *Sample gamma model(s) with parameters according to priors*

Description

Sample gamma model(s) with parameters according to priors

Usage

```
sample_gamma_model(number_of_contributors, sampling_parameters, model_settings)
```

Arguments

`number_of_contributors`
: Integer

`sampling_parameters`
: List. Needs to contain:

- min_mu. Numeric of length one.
- max_mu. Numeric of length one.
- min_cv. Numeric of length one.
- max_cv. Numeric of length one.
- degradation_shape1. Numeric of length one.
- degradation_shape2. Numeric of length one.

`model_settings`
: List. See gamma_model.

Details

In simulation studies involving many mixed DNA profiles, one often needs to generate various samples with different model parameters. This function samples a gamma model with parameters according to prior distributions. The mean peak height parameter `mu` is sampled uniformly between `min_mu` and `max_mu`. Likewise, the variability parameter `cv` is sampled uniformly between `min_cv` and `max_cv`. The degradation slope parameter `beta` is sampled according to a Beta distribution with parameters `degradation_shape1` and `degradation_shape2`.

Value

When `length(number_of_contributors)==1`, a single gamma_model of class `pg_model`. Otherwise, a list of these.

Examples

```
data(gf)

sampling_parameters <- list(min_mu = 50., max_mu = 5e3,
                            min_cv = 0.05, max_cv = 0.35,
                            degradation_shape1 = 10, degradation_shape2 = 1)

model_no_stutter <- sample_gamma_model(number_of_contributors = 2,
                                       sampling_parameters = sampling_parameters,
                                       model_settings = gf$gamma_settings_no_stutter)

model_no_stutter$parameters
```

`sample_genotype` *Sample a genotype according to allele frequencies*

Description

Sample a genotype according to allele frequencies

Usage

```
sample_genotype(freqs, loci = names(freqs), label = "U")
```

Arguments

`freqs`	Allele frequencies (see read_allele_freqs)
`loci`	Character vector of locus names (defaults to `names` attribute of `freqs`)
`label`	Sample name

Details

A genotype is sampled randomly by drawing two alleles from allele frequencies for each locus.

Value

DataFrame with columns `Sample Name`, `Locus`, `Allele1` and `Allele2`.

Examples

```
# below we read an allele freqs and sample a genotype
filename <- system.file("extdata","FBI_extended_Cauc.csv",
                        package = "simDNAmixtures")
freqs <- read_allele_freqs(filename)
sample_genotype(freqs, loci = c("D3S1358", "vWA"))
```

`sample_log_normal_model` *Sample log normal model(s) with parameters according to priors*

Description

Sample log normal model(s) with parameters according to priors

Usage

```
sample_log_normal_model(
  number_of_contributors,
  sampling_parameters,
  model_settings
)
```

Arguments

`number_of_contributors`
: Integer

`sampling_parameters`
: List. Needs to contain:
  - min_template. Numeric of length one.
  - max_template. Numeric of length one.
  - degradation_shape. Numeric of length one.
  - degradation_scale. Numeric of length one.

`model_settings` List. See log_normal_model.

Details

In simulation studies involving many mixed DNA profiles, one often needs to generate various samples with different model parameters. This function samples a log normal model with parameters according to prior distributions. The template parameter for each contributor is sampled uniformly between `min_template` and `max_template`. The degradation parameter for each contributor is sampled from a gamma distribution with parameters `degradation_shape` and `degradation_scale`.

Value

When `length(number_of_contributors)==1`, a single log_normal_model of class `pg_model`. Otherwise, a list of these.

Examples

```
data(gf)

sampling_parameters <- list(min_template = 50., max_template = 1000.,
                            degradation_shape = 2.5, degradation_scale = 1e-3)

model_no_stutter <- sample_log_normal_model(number_of_contributors = 1,
                                            sampling_parameters = sampling_parameters,
                                            model_settings = gf$log_normal_settings)
```

`sample_log_normal_stutter_variance` *Sample log normal stutter variance parameters according to priors*

Description

Sample log normal stutter variance parameters according to priors

Usage

```
sample_log_normal_stutter_variance(log_normal_stutter_variability)
```

Arguments

`log_normal_stutter_variability`
: List of variability parameters. See gf for an example.

Value

Named numeric with stutter variance parameter for all stutter types. Names are `k2` concatenated with the name of the stuter type. See example.

Examples

```
data(gf)
log_normal_stutter_variability <- gf$log_normal_settings$stutter_variability
k2 <- sample_log_normal_stutter_variance(log_normal_stutter_variability)
```

sample_LSAE — *Sample Locus Specific Amplification Efficiency (LSAE) according to prior*

Description

Sample Locus Specific Amplification Efficiency (LSAE) according to prior

Usage

```
sample_LSAE(LSAE_variance, locus_names)
```

Arguments

LSAE_variance	Numeric. See gf for an example.
locus_names	Character vector.

Details

In the Bright et al. log normal model, the expected peak height includes a multiplicative factor for the locus (marker). These factors are called the LSAEs (Locus Specific Amplification Efficiencies). In the model, the prior for the log10 of LSAE is normal with mean 0. The variance can be specified.

Value

Named numeric with LSAEs for each locus (names).

Examples

```
data(gf)
lsae <- sample_LSAE(LSAE_variance = gf$log_normal_settings$LSAE_variance_prior,
                    locus_names = gf$autosomal_markers)

# the barplot shows that some loci amplify better than others
barplot(lsae, las=2)
```

sample_mixtures — *Sample mixtures with random genotypes and random parameters according to priors*

Description

Sample mixtures with random genotypes and random parameters according to priors

Usage

```
sample_mixtures(
  n,
  contributors,
  freqs,
  sampling_parameters,
  model_settings,
  sample_model,
  pedigree,
  results_directory,
  seed,
  write_non_contributors = FALSE,
  tag = "simulation"
)
```

Arguments

n	Integer. Number of samples.
contributors	Character vector with unique names of contributors. Valid names are "U1", "U2", ... for unrelated contributors or the names of pedigree members for related contributors.
freqs	Allele frequencies (see read_allele_freqs)
sampling_parameters	List. Passed to the sample_model function.
model_settings	List. Passed to the sample_model function.
sample_model	Function such as sample_log_normal_model.
pedigree	(optionally) ped object. Contributors can be named pedigree members.
results_directory	(optionally) Character with path to directory where results are written to disk.
seed	(optionally) Integer seed value that can be used to get reproducible runs. If results are written to disk, the 'Run details.txt' file will contain a seed that can be used for reproducing the result.
write_non_contributors	Logical. If TRUE, sampled genotypes for non-contributing pedigree members will also be written to disk. Defaults to FALSE.
tag	Character. Used for sub directory name when results_directory is provided.

Value

If `results_directory` is provided, this function has the side effect of writing results to disk.

Return value is a list with simulation results:

- `call` matched call
- `smash` DataFrame with all samples in SMASH format (see SMASH_to_wide_table)
- `samples` Detailed results for each sample
- `parameter_summary` DataFrame with parameters for each sample

Examples

```
freqs <- read_allele_freqs(system.file("extdata","FBI_extended_Cauc.csv",
                           package = "simDNAmixtures"))
data(gf)

sampling_parameters <- list(min_mu = 50., max_mu = 5e3,
                           min_cv = 0.05, max_cv = 0.35,
                           degradation_shape1 = 10, degradation_shape2 = 1)

mixtures <- sample_mixtures(n = 2, contributors = c("U1", "U2"), freqs = freqs,
                            sampling_parameters = sampling_parameters,
                            model_settings = gf$gamma_settings_no_stutter,
                            sample_model = sample_gamma_model)
```

---

sample_mixture_from_genotypes

Sample mixture profile with provided genotypes

Description

Sample mixture profile with provided genotypes

Usage

```
sample_mixture_from_genotypes(genotypes, model, sample_name = "mixture")
```

Arguments

genotypes	List of contributor genotypes. See sample_contributor_genotypes.
model	pg_model object.
sample_name	Character. Defaults to "mixture".

Details

A mixture profile is sampled according to the provided `pg_model` (see gamma_model, log_normal_model and genotypes (see sample_contributor_genotypes).

Value

DataFrame with at least SMASH columns (see SMASH_to_wide_table). Depending on the chosen `pg_model` (e.g. gamma_model or log_normal_model), other columns with further details about the simulation are returned as well.

See Also

sample_mixtures for a function that samples many mixtures in one go.

Examples

```
# read allele frequencies and kit data
freqs <- read_allele_freqs(system.file("extdata","FBI_extended_Cauc.csv",
                           package = "simDNAmixtures"))
data(gf)

# define a pedigree of siblings S1 and S2 (and their parents)
ped_sibs <- pedtools::nuclearPed(children = c("S1", "S2"))

# sample genotypes for a mixture of S1 + U1 + S2
# where U1 is an unrelated person
genotypes <- sample_contributor_genotypes(contributors = c("S1","U1","S2"),
freqs, ped_sibs, loci = gf$autosomal_markers)

# define a gamma model for peak heights
gamma_model <- gamma_model(mixture_proportions = c(0.5, 0.3, 0.2), mu = 1000.,
                    cv = 0.1, model_settings = gf$gamma_settings_no_stutter)

# sample mixture from genotypes
mix <- sample_mixture_from_genotypes(genotypes, gamma_model)
```

`sample_offspring` *Sample offspring from two parental genotypes*

Description

Sample offspring from two parental genotypes

Usage

```
sample_offspring(father, mother, label = "Child")
```

Arguments

`father`	DataFrame (see sample_genotype)
`mother`	DataFrame (see sample_genotype)
`label`	SampleName of child (character)

Details

A genotype is sampled according to Mendelian inheritance. That is, one of two alleles of a parent is passed down to the offspring.

Value

DataFrame (see sample_genotype)

Examples

```
# below we read an allele freqs and sample a genotype
filename <- system.file("extdata","FBI_extended_Cauc.csv",
                        package = "simDNAmixtures")
freqs <- read_allele_freqs(filename)

# sample parents
father <- sample_genotype(freqs, loci = c("D3S1358", "vWA"))
mother <- sample_genotype(freqs, loci = c("D3S1358", "vWA"))

# sample child
child <- sample_offspring(father, mother)
```

`sample_pedigree_genotypes` *Sample genotypes for pedigree according to allele frequencies by allele dropping.*

Description

Sample genotypes for pedigree according to allele frequencies by allele dropping.

Usage

```
sample_pedigree_genotypes(pedigree, freqs, loci = names(freqs))
```

Arguments

`pedigree`	ped object
`freqs`	Allele frequencies (see read_allele_freqs)
`loci`	Character vector of locus names (defaults to `names` attribute of `freqs`)

Details

For each founder, a genotype is sampled randomly by drawing two alleles according to allele frequencies. Alleles for the rest of the pedigree are then obtained by allele dropping: sample_offspring is invoked for each non-founder.

Value

List of DataFrames with genotypes for each pedigree member. See sample_genotype for the DataFrame format.

Examples

```
freqs <- read_allele_freqs(system.file("extdata","FBI_extended_Cauc.csv",
                           package = "simDNAmixtures"))
data(gf)

ped_sibs <- pedtools::nuclearPed(children = c("S1", "S2"))

sibs_genotypes <- sample_pedigree_genotypes(ped = ped_sibs,
freqs = freqs, loci = gf$autosomal_markers)
```

`SMASH_to_wide_table` *Converts SMASH (SampleName, Marker, Allele, Size, Height) data to a wide table*

Description

Converts SMASH (SampleName, Marker, Allele, Size, Height) data to a wide table

Usage

```
SMASH_to_wide_table(x)
```

Arguments

x	DataFrame with SampleName, Marker, Allele, Size, Height columns

Value

DataFrame with columns: Sample Name, Marker, Allele 1, Allele 2, ..., Size 1, Size 2, ..., Height 1, Height 2, ...

Examples

```
# generate example data in SMASH form
freqs <- read_allele_freqs(system.file("extdata","FBI_extended_Cauc.csv",
package = "simDNAmixtures"))
data(gf)

sampling_parameters <- list(min_mu = 50., max_mu = 5e3,
                           min_cv = 0.05, max_cv = 0.35,
                           degradation_shape1 = 10, degradation_shape2 = 1)

mixtures <- sample_mixtures(n = 2, contributors = c("U1"), freqs = freqs,
                           sampling_parameters = sampling_parameters,
                           model_settings = gf$gamma_settings_no_stutter,
                           sample_model = sample_gamma_model)

# convert from SMASH to wide table
wide_table <- SMASH_to_wide_table(mixtures$smash)
```

`stutter_type` *Defines a stutter type to be used in the allele specific stutter model.*

Description

Defines a stutter type to be used in the allele specific stutter model.

Usage

```
stutter_type(
  name,
  delta,
  applies_to_all_loci = TRUE,
  stutter_regression,
  stutter_exceptions,
  applies_to_loci,
  repeat_length_by_marker
)
```

Arguments

`name`	Character. Name of the stutter, e.g. "BackStutter"
`delta`	Numeric. When length one, repeat units gained (lost when negative). When length two, the second element is the number of base pairs gained (lost).
`applies_to_all_loci`	Logical. Defaults to TRUE.
`stutter_regression`	Function. See read_stutter_regression.
`stutter_exceptions`	Optionally a list. See read_stutter_exceptions.
`applies_to_loci`	Optionally a character vector of locus names to which this stutter type applies.
`repeat_length_by_marker`	Optionally a named integer vector with repeat lengths by marker. Only needed when delta is of length two.

Details

When a pg_model is constructed (see log_normal_model), a stutter model can optionally be applied.

Value

Object of class `stutter_type` to be passed to allele_specific_stutter_model.

Examples

```
filename_bs_exceptions <- system.file("extdata",
"GlobalFiler_Stutter_Exceptions_3500.csv",package = "simDNAmixtures")
bs_exceptions <- read_stutter_exceptions(filename_bs_exceptions)

filename_bs_regression <- system.file("extdata",
"GlobalFiler_Stutter_3500.txt",package = "simDNAmixtures")
bs_regression <- read_stutter_regression(filename_bs_regression)

backstutter <- stutter_type(name = "BackStutter", delta = -1,
                            stutter_regression = bs_regression,
                            stutter_exceptions = bs_exceptions)
```

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