

# Package ‘simer’

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**Title** Data Simulation for Life Science and Breeding

**Version** 0.9.0.2

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**Description** Data simulator including genotype, phenotype, pedigree, selection and reproduction in R. It simulates most of reproduction process of animals or plants and provides data for GS (Genomic Selection), GWAS (Genome-Wide Association Study), and Breeding.  
For ADI model, please see Kao C and Zeng Z (2002) <[doi:10.1093/genetics/160.3.1243](https://doi.org/10.1093/genetics/160.3.1243)>. For build.cov, please see B. D. Ripley (1987) <ISBN:9780470009604>.

**License** Apache License 2.0

**URL** <https://github.com/xiaolei-lab/SIMER>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/xiaolei-lab/SIMER/issues>

**Imports** utils, stats, Matrix, methods, MASS, Rcpp, rjson, igraph

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|                   |                              |
|-------------------|------------------------------|
| <i>annotation</i> | <i>Annotation simulation</i> |
|-------------------|------------------------------|

---

## Description

Generating a map with annotation information

## Usage

```
annotation(SP, verbose = TRUE)
```

## Arguments

|         |                                      |
|---------|--------------------------------------|
| SP      | a list of all simulation parameters. |
| verbose | whether to print detail.             |

## Details

Build date: Nov 14, 2018 Last update: Jul 10, 2022

## Value

the function returns a list containing

- \$map\$pop.map the map data with annotation information.
- \$map\$qtn.model the genetic model of QTN such as 'A + D'.
- \$map\$qtn.index the QTN index for each trait.
- \$map\$qtn.num the QTN number for (each group in) each trait.
- \$map\$qtn.dist the QTN distribution containing 'norm', 'geom', 'gamma' or 'beta'.
- \$map\$qtn.sd the standard deviations for normal distribution.
- \$map\$qtn.prob the probability of success for geometric distribution.

**\$map\$qtn.shape** the shape parameter for gamma distribution.  
**\$map\$qtn.scale** the scale parameter for gamma distribution.  
**\$map\$qtn.shape1** the shape1 parameter for beta distribution.  
**\$map\$qtn.shape2** the shape2 parameter for beta distribution.  
**\$map\$qtn.ncp** the ncp parameter for beta distribution.  
**\$map\$qtn.spot** the QTN distribution probability in each block.  
**\$map\$len.block** the block length.  
**\$map\$maf** the maf threshold, markers less than this threshold will be exclude.  
**\$map\$recom.spot** whether to generate recombination events.  
**\$map\$range.hot** the recombination times range in the hot spot.  
**\$map\$range.cold** the recombination times range in the cold spot.

### Author(s)

Dong Yin

### Examples

```
# Generate annotation simulation parameters
SP <- param.annot(qtn.num = list(tr1 = 10))

# Run annotation simulation
SP <- annotation(SP)
```

build.cov

*Correlation building*

### Description

To bulid correlation of variables.

### Usage

```
build.cov(df = NULL, mu = rep(0, nrow(Sigma)), Sigma = diag(2), tol = 1e-06)
```

### Arguments

|              |  |
|--------------|--|
| <b>df</b>    | a data frame needing building correlation.   |
| <b>mu</b>    | means of the variables.  |
| <b>Sigma</b> | covariance matrix of variables.  |
| <b>tol</b>   | tolerance (relative to largest variance) for numerical lack of positive-definiteness in Sigma. |

**Details**

Build date: Oct 10, 2019 Last update: Apr 28, 2022

**Value**

a data frame with expected correlation

**Author(s)**

Dong Yin and R

**References**

B. D. Ripley (1987) Stochastic Simulation. Wiley. Page 98

**Examples**

```
df <- data.frame(tr1 = rnorm(100), tr2 = rnorm(100))
df.cov <- build.cov(df)
var(df.cov)
```

---

cal.eff

*QTN genetic effects*

---

**Description**

Calculate for genetic effects vector of selected markers.

**Usage**

```
cal.eff(
  qtn.num = 10,
  qtn.dist = "norm",
  qtn.sd = 1,
  qtn.prob = 0.5,
  qtn.shape = 1,
  qtn.scale = 1,
  qtn.shape1 = 1,
  qtn.shape2 = 1,
  qtn.ncp = 0
)
```

**Arguments**

|                         |  |
|-------------------------|--|
| <code>qtn.num</code>    | integer: the QTN number of single trait; vector: the multiple group QTN number of single trait; matrix: the QTN number of multiple traits. |
| <code>qtn.dist</code>   | the QTN distribution containing 'norm', 'geom', 'gamma' or 'beta'.   |
| <code>qtn.sd</code>     | the standard deviations for normal distribution.   |
| <code>qtn.prob</code>   | the probability of success for geometric distribution.   |
| <code>qtn.shape</code>  | the shape parameter for gamma distribution.  |
| <code>qtn.scale</code>  | the scale parameter for gamma distribution.  |
| <code>qtn.shape1</code> | the shape1 parameter for beta distribution.  |
| <code>qtn.shape2</code> | the shape2 parameter for beta distribution.  |
| <code>qtn.ncp</code>    | the ncp parameter for beta distribution.   |

**Details**

Build date: Nov 14, 2018 Last update: Apr 28, 2022

**Value**

a vector of genetic effect.

**Author(s)**

Dong Yin

**Examples**

```
eff <- cal.eff(qtn.num = 10)
str(eff)
```

`checkEnv`

*Environmental factor checking*

**Description**

Check the levels of environmental factors.

**Usage**

```
checkEnv(data, envName)
```

**Arguments**

|                      |  |
|----------------------|--|
| <code>data</code>    | data needing check.                            |
| <code>envName</code> | the environmental factor name within the data. |

**Details**

Build date: Sep 10, 2021 Last update: Apr 28, 2022

**Value**

data without environmental factors of wrong level.

**Author(s)**

Dong Yin

**Examples**

```
data <- data.frame(a = c(1, 1, 2), b = c(2, 2, 3), c = c(3, 3, 4))
envName <- c("a", "b", "c")
data <- checkEnv(data = data, envName = envName)
```

---

generate.map

*Marker information*

---

**Description**

Generate map data with marker information.

**Usage**

```
generate.map(pop.marker = NULL, num.chr = 18, len.chr = 1.5e+08)
```

**Arguments**

|            |                            |
|------------|----------------------------|
| pop.marker | the number of markers.     |
| num.chr    | the number of chromosomes. |
| len.chr    | the length of chromosomes. |

**Details**

Build date: Mar 19, 2022 Last update: Apr 28, 2022

**Value**

a data frame with marker information.

**Author(s)**

Dong Yin

**Examples**

```
pop.map <- generate.map(pop.marker = 1e4)
str(pop.map)
```

---

|              |                             |
|--------------|-----------------------------|
| generate.pop | <i>Population generator</i> |
|--------------|-----------------------------|

---

## Description

Generate population according to the number of individuals.

## Usage

```
generate.pop(pop.ind = 100, from = 1, ratio = 0.5, gen = 1)
```

## Arguments

|         |  |
|---------|--|
| pop.ind | the number of the individuals in a population. |
| from    | initial index of the population.               |
| ratio   | sex ratio of males in a population.            |
| gen     | generation ID of the population.               |

## Details

Build date: Nov 14, 2018 Last update: Apr 28, 2022

## Value

a data frame of population information.

## Author(s)

Dong Yin

## Examples

```
pop <- generate.pop(pop.ind = 100)
head(pop)
```

---

geno.cvt1

*Genotype code convertor 1*

---

### Description

Convert genotype matrix from (0, 1) to (0, 1, 2).

### Usage

```
geno.cvt1(pop.geno)
```

### Arguments

pop.geno genotype matrix of (0, 1).

### Details

Build date: Nov 14, 2018 Last update: Apr 28, 2022

### Value

genotype matrix of (0, 1, 2).

### Author(s)

Dong Yin

### Examples

```
SP <- param.geno(pop.marker = 1e4, pop.ind = 1e2, incols = 2)
SP <- genotype(SP)
geno1 <- SP$geno$pop.geno$gen1
geno2 <- geno.cvt1(geno1)
geno1[1:6, 1:4]
geno2[1:6, 1:2]
```

---

geno.cvt2

*Genotype code convertor 2*

---

### Description

Convert genotype matrix from (0, 1, 2) to (0, 1).

### Usage

```
geno.cvt2(pop.geno)
```

**Arguments**

`pop.geno` genotype matrix of (0, 1, 2).

**Details**

Build date: Jul 11, 2020 Last update: Apr 28, 2022

**Value**

genotype matrix of (0, 1).

**Author(s)**

Dong Yin

**Examples**

```
SP <- param.geno(pop.marker = 1e4, pop.ind = 1e2, incols = 1)
SP <- genotype(SP)
geno1 <- SP$geno$pop.geno$gen1
geno2 <- geno.cvt2(geno1)
geno1[1:6, 1:2]
geno2[1:6, 1:4]
```

*genotype*

*Genotype simulation*

**Description**

Generating and editing genotype data.

**Usage**

```
genotype(SP = NULL, ncpus = 0, verbose = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

|                      |   |
|----------------------|---|
| <code>SP</code>      | a list of all simulation parameters.  |
| <code>ncpus</code>   | the number of threads used, if NULL, (logical core number - 1) is automatically used. |
| <code>verbose</code> | whether to print detail.  |

**Details**

Build date: Nov 14, 2018 Last update: Apr 28, 2022

**Value**

the function returns a list containing

**\$geno\$pop.geno** the genotype data.

**\$geno\$incols** '1': one-column genotype represents an individual; '2': two-column genotype represents an individual.

**\$geno\$pop.marker** the number of markers.

**\$geno\$pop.ind** the number of individuals in the base population.

**\$geno\$prob** the genotype code probability.

**\$geno\$rate.mut** the mutation rate of the genotype data.

**Author(s)**

Dong Yin

**Examples**

```
# Generate genotype simulation parameters
SP <- param.geno(pop.marker = 1e4, pop.ind = 1e2)

# Run genotype simulation
SP <- genotype(SP)
```

---

getfam

*Family index and within-family index*

---

**Description**

Get indice of family and within-family

**Usage**

```
getfam(sir, dam, fam.op, mode = c("pat", "mat", "pm"))
```

**Arguments**

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| sir    | the indice of sires.  |
| dam    | the indice of dams.   |
| fam.op | the initial index of family indice.   |
| mode   | "pat": paternal mode; "mat": maternal mode; "pm": paternal and maternal mode. |

**Details**

Build date: Nov 14, 2018 Last update: Apr 30, 2022

**Value**

a matrix with family indice and within-family indice.

**Author(s)**

Dong Yin

**Examples**

```
s <- c(0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 3, 3, 1, 5, 7, 5, 7, 1, 3, 5, 7)
d <- c(0, 0, 0, 0, 2, 4, 4, 2, 6, 8, 8, 6, 6, 8, 4, 8)
fam <- getfam(sir = s, dam = d, fam.op = 1, mode = "pm")
fam
```

**GxG.network**

*Genetic interaction network*

**Description**

Generate genetic interaction effect combination network.

**Usage**

```
GxG.network(pop.map = NULL, qtn.pos = 1:10, qtn.model = "A:D")
```

**Arguments**

|           |   |
|-----------|---|
| pop.map   | the map data with annotation information. |
| qtn.pos   | the index of QTNs in the map data.        |
| qtn.model | the genetic model of QTN such as 'A:D'.   |

**Details**

Build date: Mar 19, 2022 Last update: Apr 28, 2022

**Value**

a data frame of genetic interaction effect.

**Author(s)**

Dong Yin

**Examples**

```
pop.map <- generate.map(pop.marker = 1e4)
GxG.net <- GxG.network(pop.map)
head(GxG.net)
```

---

|           |   |
|-----------|---|
| IndPerGen | <i>Individual number per generation</i> |
|-----------|---|

---

**Description**

Calculate the individual number per generation.

**Usage**

```
IndPerGen(
  pop,
  pop.gen = 2,
  ps = c(0.8, 0.8),
  reprod.way = "randmate",
  sex.rate = 0.5,
  prog = 2
)
```

**Arguments**

- |            |   |
|------------|---|
| pop        | the population information containing environmental factors and other effects.  |
| pop.gen    | the generations of simulated population.  |
| ps         | if ps <= 1, fraction selected in selection of males and females; if ps > 1, ps is number of selected males and females.                             |
| reprod.way | reproduction method, it consists of 'clone', 'dh', 'selfpol', 'randmate', 'randex-self', '2waycro', '3waycro', '4waycro', 'backcro', and 'userped'. |
| sex.rate   | the sex ratio of simulated population.  |
| prog       | the progeny number of an individual.  |

**Details**

Build date: Apr 12, 2022 Last update: Apr 30, 2022

**Value**

the vector containing the individual number per generation.

**Author(s)**

Dong Yin

**Examples**

```
pop <- generate.pop(pop.ind = 100)
count.ind <- IndPerGen(pop)
```

---

`logging.initialize`      *Logging initialization*

---

### Description

Initialize the logging process.

### Usage

```
logging.initialize(module, outpath)
```

### Arguments

|                      |   |
|----------------------|---|
| <code>module</code>  | the module name.  |
| <code>outpath</code> | the path of output files, Simer writes files only if outpath is not 'NULL'. |

### Details

Build date: Jul 11, 2020 Last update: Apr 28, 2022

### Value

none.

### Author(s)

Dong Yin

---

`logging.log`      *Logging*

---

### Description

Print or write log.

### Usage

```
logging.log(  
  ...,  
  file = NULL,  
  sep = " ",  
  fill = FALSE,  
  labels = NULL,  
  verbose = TRUE  
)
```

**Arguments**

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| ...     | R objects.  |
| file    | a connection or a character string naming the file to print to. If "" (the default), cat prints to the standard output connection, the console unless redirected by sink. If it is " cmd", the output is piped to the command given by 'cmd', by opening a pipe connection. |
| sep     | a character vector of strings to append after each element.   |
| fill    | a logical or (positive) numeric controlling how the output is broken into successive lines.   |
| labels  | a character vector of labels for the lines printed. Ignored if fill is FALSE.   |
| verbose | whether to print detail.  |

**Details**

Build date: Jul 11, 2020 Last update: Apr 28, 2022

**Value**

none.

**Author(s)**

Dong Yin

**Examples**

```
logging.log('simer')
```

|               |                        |
|---------------|------------------------|
| logging.print | <i>Logging printer</i> |
|---------------|------------------------|

**Description**

Print R object information into file.

**Usage**

```
logging.print(x, file = NULL, append = TRUE, verbose = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| x       | a matrix or a list.   |
| file    | the filename of output file.  |
| append  | logical. If TRUE, output will be appended to file; otherwise, it will overwrite the contents of file. |
| verbose | whether to print details.   |

**Details**

Build date: Feb 7, 2020 Last update: Apr 28, 2022

**Value**

none.

**Author(s)**

Dong Yin

**Examples**

```
x <- list(a = "a", b = "b")
logging.print(x)
```

**mate**

*Mate*

**Description**

Mating according to the indice of sires and dams.

**Usage**

```
mate(pop.geno, index.sir, index.dam, incols = 1, ncpus = 0)
```

**Arguments**

|                        |  |
|------------------------|--|
| <code>pop.geno</code>  | the genotype data.   |
| <code>index.sir</code> | the indice of sires.   |
| <code>index.dam</code> | the indice of dams.  |
| <code>incols</code>    | '1':one-column genotype represents an individual; '2': two-column genotype represents an individual. |
| <code>ncpus</code>     | the number of threads used, if NULL, (logical core number - 1) is automatically used.                |

**Details**

Build date: Nov 14, 2018 Last update: Apr 30, 2022

**Value**

a genotype matrix after mating

**Author(s)**

Dong Yin

## Examples

```
# Generate the genotype data
SP <- param.geno(pop.marker = 1e4, pop.ind = 1e2)
SP <- genotype(SP)
pop.geno <- SP$geno$pop.geno$gen1

# The mating design
index.sir <- rep(1:50, each = 2)
index.dam <- rep(51:100, each = 2)

# Mate according to mating design
geno.curr <- mate(pop.geno = pop.geno, index.sir = index.sir,
                    index.dam = index.dam)
geno.curr[1:5, 1:5]
```

mate.2waycro

*Two-way cross*

## Description

Produce individuals by two-way cross.

## Usage

```
mate.2waycro(SP, ncpus = 0, verbose = TRUE)
```

## Arguments

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| SP      | a list of all simulation parameters.  |
| ncpus   | the number of threads used, if NULL, (logical core number - 1) is automatically used. |
| verbose | whether to print detail.  |

## Details

Build date: Nov 14, 2018 Last update: Apr 30, 2022

## Value

the function returns a list containing

- \$reprod\$pop.gen the generations of simulated population.
- \$reprod\$reprod.way reproduction method, it consists of 'clone', 'dh', 'selfpol', 'randmate', 'randomself', '2waycro', '3waycro', '4waycro', 'backcro', and 'userped'.
- \$reprod\$sex.rate the sex ratio of simulated population.
- \$reprod\$prog the progeny number of an individual.
- \$geno a list of genotype simulation parameters.
- \$pheno a list of phenotype simulation parameters.

**Author(s)**

Dong Yin

**Examples**

```
# Generate annotation simulation parameters
SP <- param.annot(qtn.num = list(tr1 = 10))
# Generate genotype simulation parameters
SP <- param.geno(SP = SP, pop.marker = 1e4, pop.ind = 1e2)
# Generate phenotype simulation parameters
SP <- param.pheno(SP = SP, pop.ind = 100)
# Generate selection parameters
SP <- param.sel(SP = SP, sel.single = "comb")
# Generate reproduction parameters
SP <- param.reprod(SP = SP, reprod.way = "2waycro")

# Run annotation simulation
SP <- annotation(SP)
# Run genotype simulation
SP <- genotype(SP)
# Run phenotype simulation
SP <- phenotype(SP)
# Two different breeds are cut by sex
SP$pheno$pop$gen1$sex <- rep(c(1, 2), c(50, 50))
# Run selection
SP <- selects(SP)
# Run two-way cross
SP <- mate.2waycro(SP)
```

**mate.3waycro**

*Three-way cross*

**Description**

Produce individuals by three-way cross.

**Usage**

```
mate.3waycro(SP, ncpus = 0, verbose = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

- |         |   |
|---------|---|
| SP      | a list of all simulation parameters.  |
| ncpus   | the number of threads used, if NULL, (logical core number - 1) is automatically used. |
| verbose | whether to print detail.  |

## Details

Build date: Apr 11, 2022 Last update: Apr 30, 2022

### Value

the function returns a list containing

**\$reprod\$pop.gen** the generations of simulated population.

**\$reprod\$reprod.way** reproduction method, it consists of 'clone', 'dh', 'selfpol', 'randmate', 'randomself', '2waycro', '3waycro', '4waycro', 'backcro', and 'userped'.

**\$reprod\$sex.rate** the sex ratio of simulated population.

**\$reprod\$prog** the progeny number of an individual.

**\$geno** a list of genotype simulation parameters.

**\$pheno** a list of phenotype simulation parameters.

### Author(s)

Dong Yin

### Examples

```
# Generate annotation simulation parameters
SP <- param.annot(qtn.num = list(tr1 = 10))
# Generate genotype simulation parameters
SP <- param.geno(SP = SP, pop.marker = 1e4, pop.ind = 1e2)
# Generate phenotype simulation parameters
SP <- param.pheno(SP = SP, pop.ind = 100)
# Generate selection parameters
SP <- param.sel(SP = SP, sel.single = "comb")
# Generate reproduction parameters
SP <- param.reprod(SP = SP, reprod.way = "3waycro")

# Run annotation simulation
SP <- annotation(SP)
# Run genotype simulation
SP <- genotype(SP)
# Run phenotype simulation
SP <- phenotype(SP)
# Three different breeds are cut by sex
SP$pheno$pop$gen1$sex <- rep(c(1, 2, 1), c(30, 30, 40))
# Run selection
SP <- selects(SP)
# Run three-way cross
SP <- mate.3waycro(SP)
```

**mate.4waycro***Four-way cross process***Description**

Produce individuals by four-way cross.

**Usage**

```
mate.4waycro(SP, ncpus = 0, verbose = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

- |         |   |
|---------|---|
| SP      | a list of all simulation parameters.  |
| ncpus   | the number of threads used, if NULL, (logical core number - 1) is automatically used. |
| verbose | whether to print detail.  |

**Details**

Build date: Apr 11, 2022 Last update: Apr 30, 2022

**Value**

the function returns a list containing

- \$reprod\$pop.gen** the generations of simulated population.
- \$reprod\$reprod.way** reproduction method, it consists of 'clone', 'dh', 'selfpol', 'randmate', 'randomself', '2waycro', '3waycro', '4waycro', 'backcro', and 'userped'.
- \$reprod\$sex.rate** the sex ratio of simulated population.
- \$reprod\$prog** the progeny number of an individual.
- \$geno** a list of genotype simulation parameters.
- \$pheno** a list of phenotype simulation parameters.

**Author(s)**

Dong Yin

**Examples**

```
# Generate annotation simulation parameters
SP <- param.annot(qtn.num = list(tr1 = 10))
# Generate genotype simulation parameters
SP <- param.geno(SP = SP, pop.marker = 1e4, pop.ind = 1e2)
# Generate phenotype simulation parameters
SP <- param.pheno(SP = SP, pop.ind = 100)
# Generate selection parameters
```

```

SP <- param.sel(SP = SP, sel.single = "comb")
# Generate reproduction parameters
SP <- param.reprod(SP = SP, reprod.way = "4waycro")

# Run annotation simulation
SP <- annotation(SP)
# Run genotype simulation
SP <- genotype(SP)
# Run phenotype simulation
SP <- phenotype(SP)
# Four different breeds are cut by sex
SP$pheno$pop$gen1$sex <- rep(c(1, 2, 1, 2), c(25, 25, 25, 25))
# Run selection
SP <- selects(SP)
# Run four-way cross
SP <- mate.4waycro(SP)

```

mate.backcro

*Back cross*

## Description

Produce individuals by back cross.

## Usage

```
mate.backcro(SP, ncpus = 0, verbose = TRUE)
```

## Arguments

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| SP      | a list of all simulation parameters.  |
| ncpus   | the number of threads used, if NULL, (logical core number - 1) is automatically used. |
| verbose | whether to print detail.  |

## Details

Build date: Apr 12, 2022 Last update: Apr 30, 2022

## Value

the function returns a list containing

**\$reprod\$pop.gen** the generations of simulated population.

**\$reprod\$reprod.way** reproduction method, it consists of 'clone', 'dh', 'selfpol', 'randmate', 'randexself', '2waycro', '3waycro', '4waycro', 'backcro', and 'userped'.

**\$reprod\$sex.rate** the sex ratio of simulated population.

**\$reprod\$prog** the progeny number of an individual.

**\$geno** a list of genotype simulation parameters.

**\$pheno** a list of phenotype simulation parameters.

**Author(s)**

Dong Yin

**Examples**

```
# Generate annotation simulation parameters
SP <- param.annot(qtn.num = list(tr1 = 10))
# Generate genotype simulation parameters
SP <- param.geno(SP = SP, pop.marker = 1e4, pop.ind = 1e2)
# Generate phenotype simulation parameters
SP <- param.pheno(SP = SP, pop.ind = 100)
# Generate selection parameters
SP <- param.sel(SP = SP, sel.single = "comb")
# Generate reproduction parameters
SP <- param.reprod(SP = SP, reprod.way = "backcro")

# Run annotation simulation
SP <- annotation(SP)
# Run genotype simulation
SP <- genotype(SP)
# Run phenotype simulation
SP <- phenotype(SP)
# Two different breeds are cut by sex
SP$pheno$pop$gen1$sex <- rep(c(1, 2), c(50, 50))
# Run selection
SP <- selects(SP)
# Run back cross
SP <- mate.backcro(SP)
```

**mate.clone**

*Clone*

**Description**

Produce individuals by clone.

**Usage**

```
mate.clone(SP, ncpus = 0, verbose = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

- |         |   |
|---------|---|
| SP      | a list of all simulation parameters.  |
| ncpus   | the number of threads used, if NULL, (logical core number - 1) is automatically used. |
| verbose | whether to print detail.  |

## Details

Build date: Nov 14, 2018 Last update: Apr 30, 2022

## Value

the function returns a list containing

**\$reprod\$pop.gen** the generations of simulated population.

**\$reprod\$reprod.way** reproduction method, it consists of 'clone', 'dh', 'selfpol', 'randmate', 'randexself', '2waycro', '3waycro', '4waycro', 'backcro', and 'userped'.

**\$reprod\$sex.rate** the sex ratio of simulated population.

**\$reprod\$prog** the progeny number of an individual.

**\$geno** a list of genotype simulation parameters.

**\$pheno** a list of phenotype simulation parameters.

## Author(s)

Dong Yin

## Examples

```
# Generate annotation simulation parameters
SP <- param.annot(qtn.num = list(tr1 = 10))
# Generate genotype simulation parameters
SP <- param.geno(SP = SP, pop.marker = 1e4, pop.ind = 1e2)
# Generate phenotype simulation parameters
SP <- param.pheno(SP = SP, pop.ind = 100)
# Generate selection parameters
SP <- param.sel(SP = SP, sel.single = "comb")
# Generate reproduction parameters
SP <- param.reprod(SP = SP, reprod.way = "clone")

# Run annotation simulation
SP <- annotation(SP)
# Run genotype simulation
SP <- genotype(SP)
# Run phenotype simulation
SP <- phenotype(SP)
# Run selection
SP <- selects(SP)
# Run clone
SP <- mate.clone(SP)
```

***mate.dh****Doubled haploid***Description**

Produce individuals by doubled haploid.

**Usage**

```
mate.dh(SP, ncpus = 0, verbose = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

- |         |   |
|---------|---|
| SP      | a list of all simulation parameters.  |
| ncpus   | the number of threads used, if NULL, (logical core number - 1) is automatically used. |
| verbose | whether to print detail.  |

**Details**

Build date: Nov 14, 2018 Last update: Apr 30, 2022

**Value**

the function returns a list containing

- \$reprod\$pop.gen the generations of simulated population.
- \$reprod\$reprod.way reproduction method, it consists of 'clone', 'dh', 'selfpol', 'randmate', 'randomself', '2waycro', '3waycro', '4waycro', 'backcro', and 'userped'.
- \$reprod\$sex.rate the sex ratio of simulated population.
- \$reprod\$prog the progeny number of an individual.
- \$geno a list of genotype simulation parameters.
- \$pheno a list of phenotype simulation parameters.

**Author(s)**

Dong Yin

**Examples**

```
# Generate annotation simulation parameters
SP <- param.annot(qtn.num = list(tr1 = 10))
# Generate genotype simulation parameters
SP <- param.geno(SP = SP, pop.marker = 1e4, pop.ind = 1e2)
# Generate phenotype simulation parameters
SP <- param.pheno(SP = SP, pop.ind = 100)
# Generate selection parameters
```

```

SP <- param.sel(SP = SP, sel.single = "comb")
# Generate reproduction parameters
SP <- param.reprod(SP = SP, reprod.way = "dh")

# Run annotation simulation
SP <- annotation(SP)
# Run genotype simulation
SP <- genotype(SP)
# Run phenotype simulation
SP <- phenotype(SP)
# Run selection
SP <- selects(SP)
# Run doubled haploid
SP <- mate.dh(SP)

```

**mate.randexself***Random mating excluding self-pollination*

## Description

Produce individuals by random mating excluding self-pollination.

## Usage

```
mate.randexself(SP, ncpus = 0, verbose = TRUE)
```

## Arguments

|                |   |
|----------------|---|
| <b>SP</b>      | a list of all simulation parameters.  |
| <b>ncpus</b>   | the number of threads used, if NULL, (logical core number - 1) is automatically used. |
| <b>verbose</b> | whether to print detail.  |

## Details

Build date: Nov 14, 2018 Last update: Apr 30, 2022

## Value

the function returns a list containing

- \$reprod\$pop.gen** the generations of simulated population.
- \$reprod\$reprod.way** reproduction method, it consists of 'clone', 'dh', 'selfpol', 'randmate', 'randexself', '2waycro', '3waycro', '4waycro', 'backcro', and 'userped'.
- \$reprod\$sex.rate** the sex ratio of simulated population.
- \$reprod\$prog** the progeny number of an individual.
- \$geno** a list of genotype simulation parameters.
- \$pheno** a list of phenotype simulation parameters.

**Author(s)**

Dong Yin

**Examples**

```
# Generate annotation simulation parameters
SP <- param.annot(qtn.num = list(tr1 = 10))
# Generate genotype simulation parameters
SP <- param.geno(SP = SP, pop.marker = 1e4, pop.ind = 1e2)
# Generate phenotype simulation parameters
SP <- param.pheno(SP = SP, pop.ind = 100)
# Generate selection parameters
SP <- param.sel(SP = SP, sel.single = "comb")
# Generate reproduction parameters
SP <- param.reprod(SP = SP, reprod.way = "randexself")

# Run annotation simulation
SP <- annotation(SP)
# Run genotype simulation
SP <- genotype(SP)
# Run phenotype simulation
SP <- phenotype(SP)
# Run selection
SP <- selects(SP)
# Run random mating excluding self-pollination
SP <- mate.randexself(SP)
```

**mate.randmate**

*Random mating*

**Description**

Produce individuals by random-mating.

**Usage**

```
mate.randmate(SP, ncpus = 0, verbose = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

- |         |   |
|---------|---|
| SP      | a list of all simulation parameters.  |
| ncpus   | the number of threads used, if NULL, (logical core number - 1) is automatically used. |
| verbose | whether to print detail.  |

**Details**

Build date: Nov 14, 2018 Last update: Apr 30, 2022

**Value**

the function returns a list containing

- \$reprod\$pop.gen** the generations of simulated population.
- \$reprod\$reprod.way** reproduction method, it consists of 'clone', 'dh', 'selfpol', 'randmate', 'randexself', '2waycro', '3waycro', '4waycro', 'backcro', and 'userped'.
- \$reprod\$sex.rate** the sex ratio of simulated population.
- \$reprod\$prog** the progeny number of an individual.
- \$geno** a list of genotype simulation parameters.
- \$pheno** a list of phenotype simulation parameters.

**Author(s)**

Dong Yin

**Examples**

```
# Generate annotation simulation parameters
SP <- param.annot(qtn.num = list(tr1 = 10))
# Generate genotype simulation parameters
SP <- param.geno(SP = SP, pop.marker = 1e4, pop.ind = 1e2)
# Generate phenotype simulation parameters
SP <- param.pheno(SP = SP, pop.ind = 100)
# Generate selection parameters
SP <- param.sel(SP = SP, sel.single = "comb")
# Generate reproduction parameters
SP <- param.reprod(SP = SP, reprod.way = "randmate")

# Run annotation simulation
SP <- annotation(SP)
# Run genotype simulation
SP <- genotype(SP)
# Run phenotype simulation
SP <- phenotype(SP)
# Run selection
SP <- selects(SP)
# Run random mating
SP <- mate.randmate(SP)
```

**Description**

Produce individuals by self-pollination.

## Usage

```
mate.selfpol(SP, ncpus = 0, verbose = TRUE)
```

## Arguments

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| SP      | a list of all simulation parameters.  |
| ncpus   | the number of threads used, if NULL, (logical core number - 1) is automatically used. |
| verbose | whether to print detail.  |

## Details

Build date: Nov 14, 2018 Last update: Apr 30, 2022

## Value

the function returns a list containing

- \$reprod\$pop.gen the generations of simulated population.
- \$reprod\$reprod.way reproduction method, it consists of 'clone', 'dh', 'selfpol', 'randmate', 'randomself', '2waycro', '3waycro', '4waycro', 'backcro', and 'userped'.
- \$reprod\$sex.rate the sex ratio of simulated population.
- \$reprod\$prog the progeny number of an individual.
- \$geno a list of genotype simulation parameters.
- \$pheno a list of phenotype simulation parameters.

## Author(s)

Dong Yin

## Examples

```
# Generate annotation simulation parameters
SP <- param.annot(qtn.num = list(tr1 = 10))
# Generate genotype simulation parameters
SP <- param.geno(SP = SP, pop.marker = 1e4, pop.ind = 1e2)
# Generate phenotype simulation parameters
SP <- param.pheno(SP = SP, pop.ind = 100)
# Generate selection parameters
SP <- param.sel(SP = SP, sel.single = "comb")
# Generate reproduction parameters
SP <- param.reprod(SP = SP, reprod.way = "selfpol")

# Run annotation simulation
SP <- annotation(SP)
# Run genotype simulation
SP <- genotype(SP)
# Run phenotype simulation
SP <- phenotype(SP)
```

```
# Run selection  
SP <- selects(SP)  
# Run self-pollination  
SP <- mate.selfpol(SP)
```

---

mate.userped

*User-specified pedigree mating*

---

## Description

Produce individuals by user-specified pedigree mating.

## Usage

```
mate.userped(SP, ncpus = 0, verbose = TRUE)
```

## Arguments

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| SP      | a list of all simulation parameters.  |
| ncpus   | the number of threads used, if NULL, (logical core number - 1) is automatically used. |
| verbose | whether to print detail.  |

## Details

Build date: Apr 12, 2022 Last update: Apr 30, 2022

## Value

the function returns a list containing

**\$reprod\$pop.sel** the generations of simulated population.

**\$reprod\$reprod.way** reproduction method, it consists of 'clone', 'dh', 'selfpol', 'randmate', 'randomself', '2waycro', '3waycro', '4waycro', 'backcro', and 'userped'.

**\$reprod\$sex.rate** the sex ratio of simulated population.

**\$reprod\$prog** the progeny number of an individual.

**\$geno** a list of genotype simulation parameters.

**\$pheno** a list of phenotype simulation parameters.

## Author(s)

Dong Yin

## Examples

```
# Generate annotation simulation parameters
SP <- param.annot(qtn.num = list(tr1 = 10))
# Generate genotype simulation parameters
SP <- param.geno(SP = SP, pop.marker = 1e4, pop.ind = 1e2)
# Generate phenotype simulation parameters
SP <- param.pheno(SP = SP, pop.ind = 100)
# Generate selection parameters
SP <- param.sel(SP = SP, sel.single = "comb")
# Generate reproduction parameters
SP <- param.reprod(SP = SP, reprod.way = "userped")

# Run annotation simulation
SP <- annotation(SP)
# Run genotype simulation
SP <- genotype(SP)
# Run phenotype simulation
SP <- phenotype(SP)
# Run selection
SP <- selects(SP)
# Run user-specified pedigree mating
SP <- mate.userped(SP)
```

param.annot

*Annotation parameters generator*

## Description

Generate parameters for annotation data simulation.

## Usage

```
param.annot(SP = NULL, ...)
```

## Arguments

- |     |  |
|-----|--|
| SP  | a list of all simulation parameters.         |
| ... | one or more parameter(s) for map simulation. |

## Details

Build date: Feb 24, 2022 Last update: Jul 10, 2022

## Value

the function returns a list containing

**\$map\$pop.map** the map data with annotation information.

**\$map\$qtn.model** the genetic model of QTN such as 'A + D'.  
**\$map\$qtn.index** the QTN index for each trait.  
**\$map\$qtn.num** the QTN number for (each group in) each trait.  
**\$map\$qtn.dist** the QTN distribution containing 'norm', 'geom', 'gamma' or 'beta'.  
**\$map\$qtn.sd** the standard deviations for normal distribution.  
**\$map\$qtn.prob** the probability of success for geometric distribution.  
**\$map\$qtn.shape** the shape parameter for gamma distribution.  
**\$map\$qtn.scale** the scale parameter for gamma distribution.  
**\$map\$qtn.shape1** the shape1 parameter for beta distribution.  
**\$map\$qtn.shape2** the shape2 parameter for beta distribution.  
**\$map\$qtn.ncp** the ncp parameter for beta distribution.  
**\$map\$qtn.spot** the QTN distribution probability in each block.  
**\$map\$len.block** the block length.  
**\$map\$maf** the maf threshold, markers less than this threshold will be exclude.  
**\$map\$recom.spot** whether to generate recombination events.  
**\$map\$range.hot** the recombination times range in the hot spot.  
**\$map\$range.cold** the recombination times range in the cold spot.

### Author(s)

Dong Yin

### Examples

```
SP <- param.annot(qtn.num = list(tr1 = 10))
str(SP)
```

---

param.geno

*Genotype parameters generator*

---

### Description

Generate parameters for genotype data simulation.

### Usage

```
param.geno(SP = NULL, ...)
```

### Arguments

|     |   |
|-----|---|
| SP  | a list of all simulation parameters.              |
| ... | one or more parameter(s) for genotype simulation. |

## Details

Build date: Feb 21, 2022 Last update: Jul 4, 2022

## Value

the function returns a list containing

**\$geno\$pop.geno** the genotype data.

**\$geno\$incols** '1':one-column genotype represents an individual; '2': two-column genotype represents an individual.

**\$geno\$pop.marker** the number of markers.

**\$geno\$pop.ind** the number of individuals in the base population.

**\$geno\$prob** the genotype code probability.

**\$geno\$rate.mut** the mutation rate of the genotype data.

## Author(s)

Dong Yin

## Examples

```
SP <- param.geno(pop.marker = 1e4, pop.ind = 1e2)
str(SP)
```

*param.global*

*Global parameters generator*

## Description

Generate parameters for global options.

## Usage

```
param.global(SP = NULL, ...)
```

## Arguments

**SP** a list of all simulation parameters.

**...** one or more parameter(s) for global options.

## Details

Build date: Apr 16, 2022 Last update: Jul 4, 2022

**Value**

the function returns a list containing

- \$replication** the replication times of simulation.
- \$seed.sim** simulation random seed.
- \$out** the prefix of output files.
- \$outpath** the path of output files, Simer writes files only if outpath is not 'NULL'.
- \$out.format** 'numeric' or 'plink', the data format of output files.
- \$pop.gen** the generations of simulated population.
- \$out.geno.gen** the output generations of genotype data.
- \$out.pheno.gen** the output generations of phenotype data.
- \$useAllGeno** whether to use all genotype data to simulate phenotype.
- \$ncpus** the number of threads used, if NULL, (logical core number - 1) is automatically used.
- \$verbose** whether to print detail.

**Author(s)**

Dong Yin

**Examples**

```
SP <- param.global(out = "simer")
str(SP)
```

---

param.pheno

*Phenotype parameters generator*

---

**Description**

Generate parameters for phenotype data simulation.

**Usage**

```
param.pheno(SP = NULL, ...)
```

**Arguments**

|     |  |
|-----|--|
| SP  | a list of all simulation parameters.               |
| ... | one or more parameter(s) for phenotype simulation. |

**Details**

Build date: Feb 21, 2022 Last update: Jul 4, 2022

**Value**

the function returns a list containing

- \$pheno\$pop** the population information containing environmental factors and other effects.
- \$pheno\$pop.ind** the number of individuals in the base population.
- \$pheno\$pop.rep** the repeated times of repeated records.
- \$pheno\$pop.rep.bal** whether repeated records are balanced.
- \$pheno\$pop.env** a list of environmental factors setting.
- \$pheno\$phe.model** a list of genetic model of phenotype such as "T1 = A + E".
- \$pheno\$phe.h2A** a list of additive heritability.
- \$pheno\$phe.h2D** a list of dominant heritability.
- \$pheno\$phe.h2GxG** a list of GxG interaction heritability.
- \$pheno\$phe.h2GxE** a list of GxE interaction heritability.
- \$pheno\$phe.h2PE** a list of permanent environmental heritability.
- \$pheno\$phe.var** a list of phenotype variance.
- \$pheno\$phe.corA** the additive genetic correlation matrix.
- \$pheno\$phe.corD** the dominant genetic correlation matrix.
- \$pheno\$phe.corGxG** the GxG genetic correlation matrix.
- \$pheno\$phe.corPE** the permanent environmental correlation matrix.
- \$pheno\$phe.corE** the residual correlation matrix.

**Author(s)**

Dong Yin

**Examples**

```
SP <- param.pheno(phe.model = list(tr1 = "T1 = A + E"))
str(SP)
```

**param.reprod**

*Reproduction parameters generator*

**Description**

Generate parameters for reproduction.

**Usage**

```
param.reprod(SP = NULL, ...)
```

**Arguments**

- SP                    a list of all simulation parameters.  
...                    one or more parameter(s) for reproduction.

**Details**

Build date: Apr 6, 2022 Last update: Jul 4, 2022

**Value**

the function returns a list containing

- \$reprod\$pop.gen** the generations of simulated population.  
**\$reprod\$reprod.way** reproduction method, it consists of 'clone', 'dh', 'selfpol', 'randmate', 'randomself', '2waycro', '3waycro', '4waycro', 'backcro', and 'userped'.  
**\$reprod\$sex.rate** the male rate in the population.  
**\$reprod\$prog** the progeny number of an individual.

**Author(s)**

Dong Yin

**Examples**

```
SP <- param.reprod(reprod.way = "randmate")
str(SP)
```

---

param.sel                    *Selection parameters generator*

---

**Description**

Generate parameters for selection.

**Usage**

```
param.sel(SP = NULL, ...)
```

**Arguments**

- SP                    a list of all simulation parameters.  
...                    one or more parameter(s) for selection.

**Details**

Build date: Apr 6, 2022 Last update: Jul 4, 2022

**Value**

the function returns a list containing

**\$sel\$pop.sel** the selected males and females.

**\$sel\$ps** if ps <= 1, fraction selected in selection of males and females; if ps > 1, ps is number of selected males and females.

**\$sel\$decr** whether the sort order is decreasing.

**\$sel\$sel.crit** the selection criteria, it can be 'TBV', 'TGV', and 'pheno'.

**\$sel\$sel.single** the single-trait selection method, it can be 'ind', 'fam', 'infam', and 'comb'.

**\$sel\$sel.multi** the multiple-trait selection method, it can be 'index', 'indeul', and 'tmd'.

**\$sel\$index.wt** the weight of each trait for multiple-trait selection.

**\$sel\$index.tdm** the index of tandem selection for multiple-trait selection.

**\$sel\$goal.perc** the percentage of goal more than the mean of scores of individuals.

**\$sel\$pass.perc** the percentage of expected excellent individuals.

**Author(s)**

Dong Yin

**Examples**

```
SP <- param.sel(sel.single = "comb")
str(SP)
```

**param.simer**

*Parameter generator*

**Description**

Generate parameters for Simer.

**Usage**

```
param.simer(SP = NULL, ...)
```

**Arguments**

|     |                                      |
|-----|--------------------------------------|
| SP  | a list of all simulation parameters. |
| ... | one or more parameter(s) for simer.  |

**Details**

Build date: Apr 17, 2022 Last update: Jul 4, 2022

**Value**

the function returns a list containing

- \$global** a list of global parameters.
- \$map** a list of marker information parameters.
- \$geno** a list of genotype simulation parameters.
- \$pheno** a list of phenotype simulation parameters.
- \$sel** a list of selection parameters.
- \$reprod** a list of reproduction parameters.

**Author(s)**

Dong Yin

**Examples**

```
SP <- param.simer(out = "simer")
str(SP)
```

---

|           |                             |
|-----------|-----------------------------|
| phenotype | <i>Phenotype simulation</i> |
|-----------|-----------------------------|

---

**Description**

Generate single-trait or multiple-trait phenotype by mixed model.

**Usage**

```
phenotype(SP = NULL, verbose = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

- |         |                                      |
|---------|--------------------------------------|
| SP      | a list of all simulation parameters. |
| verbose | whether to print detail.             |

**Details**

Build date: Nov 14, 2018 Last update: Apr 28, 2022

**Value**

the function returns a list containing

**\$pheno\$pop** the population information containing environmental factors and other effects.  
**\$pheno\$pop.ind** the number of individuals in the base population.  
**\$pheno\$pop.rep** the repeated times of repeated records.  
**\$pheno\$pop.rep.bal** whether repeated records are balanced.  
**\$pheno\$pop.env** a list of environmental factors setting.  
**\$pheno\$phe.model** a list of genetic model of phenotype such as "T1 = A + E".  
**\$pheno\$phe.h2A** a list of additive heritability.  
**\$pheno\$phe.h2D** a list of dominant heritability.  
**\$pheno\$phe.h2GxG** a list of GxG interaction heritability.  
**\$pheno\$phe.h2GxE** a list of GxE interaction heritability.  
**\$pheno\$phe.h2PE** a list of permanent environmental heritability.  
**\$pheno\$phe.var** a list of phenotype variance.  
**\$pheno\$phe.corA** the additive genetic correlation matrix.  
**\$pheno\$phe.corD** the dominant genetic correlation matrix.  
**\$pheno\$phe.corGxG** the GxG genetic correlation matrix.  
**\$pheno\$phe.corPE** the permanent environmental correlation matrix.  
**\$pheno\$phe.corE** the residual correlation matrix.

**Author(s)**

Dong Yin

**References**

Kao C and Zeng Z (2002) <<https://www.genetics.org/content/160/3/1243.long>>

**Examples**

```
# Prepare environmental factor list
pop.env <- list(
  F1 = list( # fixed effect 1
    level = c("1", "2"),
    effect = list(tr1 = c(50, 30), tr2 = c(50, 30))
  ),
  F2 = list( # fixed effect 2
    level = c("d1", "d2", "d3"),
    effect = list(tr1 = c(10, 20, 30), tr2 = c(10, 20, 30))
  ),
  C1 = list( # covariate 1
    level = c(70, 80, 90),
    slope = list(tr1 = 1.5, tr2 = 1.5)
  ),
```

```
R1 = list( # random effect 1
  level = c("l1", "l2", "l3"),
  ratio = list(tr1 = 0.1, tr2 = 0.1)
)
)

# Generate genotype simulation parameters
SP <- param.annot(qtn.num = list(tr1 = 10, tr2 = 10),
  qtn.model = "A + D + A:D")
# Generate annotation simulation parameters
SP <- param.geno(SP = SP, pop.marker = 1e4, pop.ind = 1e2)
# Generate phenotype simulation parameters
SP <- param.pheno(
  SP = SP,
  pop.ind = 100,
  pop.rep = 2, # 2 repeated record
  pop.rep.bal = TRUE, # balanced repeated record
  pop.env = pop.env,
  phe.var = list(tr1 = 100, tr2 = 100),
  phe.model = list(
    tr1 = "T1 = A + D + A:D + F1 + F2 + C1 + R1 + A:F1 + E",
    tr2 = "T2 = A + D + A:D + F1 + F2 + C1 + R1 + A:F1 + E"
  )
)

# Run annotation simulation
SP <- annotation(SP)
# Run genotype simulation
SP <- genotype(SP)
# Run phenotype simulation
SP <- phenotype(SP)
```

---

pop.gen

*Raw genotype matrix from outside in simdata*

---

### Description

Raw genotype matrix from outside in simdata

### Usage

```
data(simdata)
```

### Format

matrix

**Examples**

```
data(simdata)
dim(pop.genotype)
head(pop.genotype)
```

pop.map

*Map file from outside in simdata***Description**

Map file from outside in simdata

**Usage**

```
data(simdata)
```

**Format**

list

**Examples**

```
data(simdata)
dim(pop.map)
head(pop.map)
```

remove\_bigmatrix

*Big.matrix removing***Description**

Remove big.matrix safely.

**Usage**

```
remove_bigmatrix(x, desc_suffix = ".geno.desc", bin_suffix = ".geno.bin")
```

**Arguments**

- x                   the filename of big.matrix.
- desc\_suffix        the suffix of description file of big.matrix.
- bin\_suffix         the suffix of binary file of big.matrix.

**Details**

Build date: Aug 8, 2019 Last update: Apr 30, 2022

**Value**

TRUE or FALSE

**Author(s)**

Haohao Zhang and Dong Yin

**Examples**

```
library(bigmemory)
mat <- filebacked.big.matrix(
  nrow = 10,
  ncol = 10,
  init = 0,
  type = 'char',
  backingpath = ".",
  backingfile = 'simer.geno.bin',
  descriptorfile = 'simer.geno.desc')
remove_bigmatrix(x = "simer")
```

---

reproduces*Reproduction*

---

**Description**

Population reproduction by different mate design.

**Usage**

```
reproduces(SP, ncpus = 0, verbose = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

- |         |   |
|---------|---|
| SP      | a list of all simulation parameters.  |
| ncpus   | the number of threads used, if NULL, (logical core number - 1) is automatically used. |
| verbose | whether to print detail.  |

**Details**

Build date: Nov 14, 2018 Last update: Apr 29, 2022

**Value**

the function returns a list containing

- \$reprod\$pop.gen** the generations of simulated population.
- \$reprod\$reprod.way** reproduction method, it consists of 'clone', 'dh', 'selfpol', 'randmate', 'randexself', '2waycro', '3waycro', '4waycro', 'backcro', and 'userped'.
- \$reprod\$sex.rate** the male rate in the population.
- \$reprod\$prog** the progeny number of an individual.
- \$geno** a list of genotype simulation parameters.
- \$pheno** a list of phenotype simulation parameters.

**Author(s)**

Dong Yin

**Examples**

```
# Generate annotation simulation parameters
SP <- param.annot(qtn.num = list(tr1 = 10))
# Generate genotype simulation parameters
SP <- param.geno(SP = SP, pop.marker = 1e4, pop.ind = 1e2)
# Generate phenotype simulation parameters
SP <- param.pheno(SP = SP, pop.ind = 100)
# Generate selection parameters
SP <- param.sel(SP = SP, sel.single = "comb")
# Generate reproduction parameters
SP <- param.reprod(SP = SP, reprod.way = "randmate")

# Run annotation simulation
SP <- annotation(SP)
# Run genotype simulation
SP <- genotype(SP)
# Run phenotype simulation
SP <- phenotype(SP)
# Run selection
SP <- selects(SP)
# Run reproduction
SP <- reproduces(SP)
```

**selects**

*Selection*

**Description**

Select individuals by combination of selection method and criterion.

**Usage**

```
selects(SP = NULL, verbose = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

|         |                                      |
|---------|--------------------------------------|
| SP      | a list of all simulation parameters. |
| verbose | whether to print detail.             |

**Details**

Build date: Sep 8, 2018 Last update: Apr 30, 2022

**Value**

the function returns a list containing

- \$sel\$pop.sel the selected males and females.
- \$sel\$ps if ps <= 1, fraction selected in selection of males and females; if ps > 1, ps is number of selected males and females.
- \$sel\$decr whether the sort order is decreasing.
- \$sel\$sel.crit the selection criteria, it can be 'TBV', 'TGV', and 'pheno'.
- \$sel\$sel.single the single-trait selection method, it can be 'ind', 'fam', 'infam', and 'comb'.
- \$sel\$sel.multi the multiple-trait selection method, it can be 'index', 'indcul', and 'tmd'.
- \$sel\$index.wt the weight of each trait for multiple-trait selection.
- \$sel\$index.tdm the index of tandem selection for multiple-trait selection.
- \$sel\$goal.perc the percentage of goal more than the mean of scores of individuals.
- \$sel\$pass.perc the percentage of expected excellent individuals.

**Author(s)**

Dong Yin

**Examples**

```
# Generate annotation simulation parameters
SP <- param.annot(qtn.num = list(tr1 = 10))
# Generate genotype simulation parameters
SP <- param.geno(SP = SP, pop.marker = 1e4, pop.ind = 1e2)
# Generate phenotype simulation parameters
SP <- param.pheno(SP = SP, pop.ind = 100)
# Generate selection parameters
SP <- param.sel(SP = SP, sel.single = "comb")

# Run annotation simulation
SP <- annotation(SP)
# Run genotype simulation
SP <- genotype(SP)
```

```
# Run phenotype simulation
SP <- phenotype(SP)
# Run selection
SP <- selects(SP)
```

*simer**Simer*

## Description

Main function of Simer.

## Usage

```
simer(SP)
```

## Arguments

|    |                                      |
|----|--------------------------------------|
| SP | a list of all simulation parameters. |
|----|--------------------------------------|

## Details

Build date: Jan 7, 2019 Last update: Apr 29, 2022

## Value

the function returns a list containing

- \$global** a list of global parameters.
- \$map** a list of marker information parameters.
- \$geno** a list of genotype simulation parameters.
- \$pheno** a list of phenotype simulation parameters.
- \$sel** a list of selection parameters.
- \$reprod** a list of reproduction parameters.

## Author(s)

Dong Yin, Lilin Yin, Haohao Zhang, and Xiaolei Liu

## Examples

```
# Generate all simulation parameters
SP <- param.simer(out = "simer")

# Run Simer
SP <- simer(SP)
```

## Description

Make data quality control for genotype, phenotype, and pedigree.

## Usage

```
simer.Data(jsonList = NULL, out = "simer.qc", ncpus = 0, verbose = TRUE)
```

## Arguments

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| jsonList | a list of data quality control parameters.  |
| out      | the prefix of output files.   |
| ncpus    | the number of threads used, if NULL, (logical core number - 1) is automatically used. |
| verbose  | whether to print detail.  |

## Details

Build date: May 26, 2021 Last update: Apr 28, 2022

## Value

the function returns a list containing

**\$genotype** the path of genotype data.

**\$pedigree** the filename of pedigree data.

**\$selection\_index** the selection index for all traits.

**\$breeding\_value\_index** the breeding value index for all traits.

**\$quality\_control\_plan** a list of parameters for data quality control.

**\$analysis\_plan** a list of parameters for genetic evaluation.

## Author(s)

Dong Yin

## Examples

```
# Read JSON file
jsonFile <- system.file("extdata", "04breeding_plan", "plan1.json", package = "simer")
jsonList <- rjson::fromJSON(file = jsonFile)

## Not run:
# It needs 'plink' and 'hiblup' software
jsonList <- simer.Data(jsonList = jsonList)

## End(Not run)
```

**simer.Data.Bfile2MVP**    *simer.Data.Bfile2MVP: To transform plink binary data to MVP package*

## Description

transforming plink binary data to MVP package.

## Usage

```
simer.Data.Bfile2MVP(
  bfile,
  out = "simer",
  maxLine = 10000,
  priority = "speed",
  type.geno = "char",
  threads = 10,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

## Arguments

|           |  |
|-----------|--|
| bfile     | Genotype in binary format (.bed, .bim, .fam).                |
| out       | the name of output file.                                     |
| maxLine   | the max number of line to write to big matrix for each loop. |
| priority  | 'memory' or 'speed'.   |
| type.geno | the type of genotype elements.                               |
| threads   | number of thread for transforming.                           |
| verbose   | whether to print the reminder.                               |

## Details

Build date: Sep 12, 2018 Last update: July 25, 2022

**Value**

number of individuals and markers. Output files: genotype.desc, genotype.bin: genotype file in bigmemory format phenotype.phe: ordered phenotype file, same taxa order with genotype file map.map: SNP information

**Author(s)**

Haohao Zhang and Dong Yin

**Examples**

```
# Get bfile path
bfilePath <- file.path(system.file("extdata", "02plinkb", package = "simer"), "demo")

# Data converting
simer.Data.Bfile2MVP(bfilePath, tempfile("outfile"))
```

simer.Data.cHIBLUP      *Genetic evaluation*

**Description**

The function of calling HIBLUP software of C version.

**Usage**

```
simer.Data.cHIBLUP(
  jsonList = NULL,
  mode = "A",
  vc.method = "AI",
  ncpus = 10,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

**Arguments**

|           |   |
|-----------|---|
| jsonList  | the list of genetic evaluation parameters.  |
| mode      | 'A' or 'AD', Additive effect model or Additive and Dominance model.                   |
| vc.method | default is 'AI', the method of calculating variance components in HIBLUP software.    |
| ncpus     | the number of threads used, if NULL, (logical core number - 1) is automatically used. |
| verbose   | whether to print detail.  |

**Details**

Build date: June 28, 2021 Last update: Apr 28, 2022

**Value**

the function returns a list containing  
**\$randList** a list of estimated random effects.  
**\$varList** a list of variance components.  
**\$covA** the genetic covariance matrix for all traits.  
**\$corA** the genetic correlation matrix for all traits.

**Author(s)**

Dong Yin

**Examples**

```
# Read JSON file
jsonFile <- system.file("extdata", "04breeding_plan", "plan1.json", package = "simer")
jsonList <- rjson::fromJSON(file = jsonFile)

## Not run:
# It needs 'hiblup' software
gebvs <- simer.Data.CHIBLUP(jsonList = jsonList)

## End(Not run)
```

*simer.Data.Env*      *Environmental factor selection*

**Description**

To find appropriate fixed effects, covariates, and random effects.

**Usage**

```
simer.Data.Env(
  jsonList = NULL,
  header = TRUE,
  sep = "\t",
  ncpus = 10,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

**Arguments**

|                 |   |
|-----------------|---|
| <b>jsonList</b> | the list of environmental factor selection parameters.                                |
| <b>header</b>   | the header of file.   |
| <b>sep</b>      | the separator of file.  |
| <b>ncpus</b>    | the number of threads used, if NULL, (logical core number - 1) is automatically used. |
| <b>verbose</b>  | whether to print detail.  |

## Details

Build date: July 17, 2021 Last update: Apr 28, 2022

## Value

the function returns a list containing

- \$genotype** the path of genotype data.
- \$pedigree** the filename of pedigree data.
- \$selection\_index** the selection index for all traits.
- \$breeding\_value\_index** the breeding value index for all traits.
- \$quality\_control\_plan** a list of parameters for data quality control.
- \$analysis\_plan** a list of parameters for genetic evaluation.

## Author(s)

Dong Yin

## Examples

```
# Read JSON file
jsonFile <- system.file("extdata", "04breeding_plan", "plan1.json", package = "simer")
jsonList <- rjson::fromJSON(file = jsonFile)

## Not run:
# It needs 'hiblup' software
jsonList <- simer.Data.Env(jsonList = jsonList)

## End(Not run)
```

---

simer.Data.Geno      *Genotype data quality control*

---

## Description

Data quality control for genotype data in MVP format and PLINK format.

## Usage

```
simer.Data.Geno(
  fileMVP = NULL,
  fileBed = NULL,
  filePlinkPed = NULL,
  filePed = NULL,
  filePhe = NULL,
  out = "simer.qc",
  genoType = "char",
```

```

    filter = NULL,
    filterGeno = NULL,
    filterHWE = NULL,
    filterMind = NULL,
    filterMAF = NULL,
    ncpus = 0,
    verbose = TRUE
)

```

## Arguments

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| fileMVP      | genotype in MVP format.   |
| fileBed      | genotype in PLINK binary format.  |
| filePlinkPed | genotype in PLINK numeric format.   |
| filePed      | the filename of pedigree data.  |
| filePhe      | the filename of phenotype data, it can be a vector.   |
| out          | the prefix of output files.   |
| genoType     | type parameter in bigmemory, genotype data. The default is char, it is highly recommended *NOT* to modify this parameter. |
| filter       | filter of genotyped individual.   |
| filterGeno   | threshold of sample miss rate.  |
| filterHWE    | threshold of Hardy-Weinberg Test.   |
| filterMind   | threshold of variant miss rate.   |
| filterMAF    | threshold of Minor Allele Frequency.  |
| ncpus        | the number of threads used, if NULL, (logical core number - 1) is automatically used.                                     |
| verbose      | whether to print detail.  |

## Details

Build date: May 26, 2021 Last update: Apr 28, 2022

## Value

the function returns files

**<out>.bed** the .bed file of PLINK binary format.  
**<out>.bim** the .bim file of PLINK binary format.  
**<out>.fam** the .fam file of PLINK binary format.

## Author(s)

Dong Yin

## Examples

```
# Get the prefix of genotype data
fileBed <- system.file("extdata", "02plinkb", "demo", package = "simer")

## Not run:
# It needs 'plink' software
simer.Data.Geno(fileBed=fileBed)

## End(Not run)
```

---

simer.Data.Impute      *Genotype data imputation*

---

## Description

Impute the missing value within genotype data.

## Usage

```
simer.Data.Impute(
  fileMVP = NULL,
  fileBed = NULL,
  out = NULL,
  maxLine = 10000,
  ncpus = 0,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

## Arguments

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| fileMVP | genotype in MVP format.   |
| fileBed | genotype in PLINK binary format.  |
| out     | the name of output file.  |
| maxLine | number of SNPs, only used for saving memory when calculate kinship matrix.            |
| ncpus   | the number of threads used, if NULL, (logical core number - 1) is automatically used. |
| verbose | whether to print detail.  |

## Details

Build date: May 26, 2021 Last update: Apr 28, 2022

**Value**

the function returns files

**<out>.geno.desc** the description file of genotype data.  
**<out>.geno.bin** the binary file of genotype data.  
**<out>.geno.ind** the genotyped individual file.  
**<out>.geno.map** the marker information data file.

**Author(s)**

Dong Yin

**Examples**

```
# Get the prefix of genotype data
fileMVP <- system.file("extdata", "02plinkb", "demo", package = "simer")

## Not run:
# It needs 'beagle' software
fileMVPimp <- simer.Data.Impute(fileBed = fileBed)

## End(Not run)
```

**Description**

Make data quality control by JSON file.

**Usage**

```
simer.Data.Json(
  jsonFile,
  out = "simer.qc",
  dataQC = TRUE,
  buildModel = TRUE,
  buildIndex = TRUE,
  ncpus = 10,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

## Arguments

|            |   |
|------------|---|
| jsonFile   | the path of JSON file.  |
| out        | the prefix of output files.   |
| dataQC     | whether to make data quality control.   |
| buildModel | whether to build EBV model.   |
| buildIndex | whether to build Selection Index.   |
| ncpus      | the number of threads used, if NULL, (logical core number - 1) is automatically used. |
| verbose    | whether to print detail.  |

## Details

Build date: Oct 19, 2020 Last update: Apr 28, 2022

## Value

the function returns a list containing

**\$genotype** the path of genotype data.  
**\$pedigree** the filename of pedigree data.  
**\$selection\_index** the selection index for all traits.  
**\$breeding\_value\_index** the breeding value index for all traits.  
**\$quality\_control\_plan** a list of parameters for data quality control.  
**\$analysis\_plan** a list of parameters for genetic evaluation.

## Author(s)

Dong Yin

## Examples

```
# Get JSON file
jsonFile <- system.file("extdata", "04breeding_plan", "plan1.json", package = "simer")

## Not run:
# It needs 'plink' and 'hiblup' software
jsonList <- simer.Data.Json(jsonFile = jsonFile)

## End(Not run)
```

**simer.Data.Map***simer.Data.Map: To check map file***Description**

checking map file.

**Usage**

```
simer.Data.Map(
  map,
  out = "simer",
  cols = 1:5,
  header = TRUE,
  sep = "\t",
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

**Arguments**

|                      |  |
|----------------------|--|
| <code>map</code>     | the name of map file or map object(data.frame or matrix) |
| <code>out</code>     | the name of output file                                  |
| <code>cols</code>    | selected columns   |
| <code>header</code>  | whether the file contains header                         |
| <code>sep</code>     | seperator of the file                                    |
| <code>verbose</code> | whether to print detail.                                 |

**Details**

Build date: Sep 12, 2018 Last update: July 25, 2022

**Value**

Output file: <out>.map

**Author(s)**

Haohao Zhang and Dong Yin

**Examples**

```
# Get map path
mapPath <- system.file("extdata", "01bigmemory", "demo.genotype.map", package = "simer")

# Check map data
simer.Data.Map(mapPath, tempfile("outfile"))
```

---

`simer.Data.MVP2Bfile` *simer.Data.MVP2Bfile*: To transform MVP data to binary format

---

**Description**

transforming MVP data to binary format.

**Usage**

```
simer.Data.MVP2Bfile(
  bigmat,
  map,
  pheno = NULL,
  out = "simer",
  threads = 10,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

**Arguments**

|                      |   |
|----------------------|---|
| <code>bigmat</code>  | Genotype in bigmatrix format (0,1,2).   |
| <code>map</code>     | the map file.   |
| <code>pheno</code>   | the phenotype file.   |
| <code>out</code>     | the name of output file.  |
| <code>threads</code> | the number of threads used, if NULL, (logical core number - 1) is automatically used. |
| <code>verbose</code> | whether to print the reminder.  |

**Details**

Build date: Sep 12, 2018 Last update: July 20, 2022

**Value**

NULL Output files: .bed, .bim, .fam

**Author(s)**

Haohao Zhang and Dong Yin

**Examples**

```
# Generate bigmat and map
bigmat <- as.big.matrix(matrix(1:6, 3, 2))
map <- generate.map(pop.marker = 3)

# Data converting
simer.Data.MVP2Bfile(bigmat, map, out=tempfile("outfile"))
```

---

simer.Data.MVP2MVP      *Genotype data conversion*

---

## Description

Convert genotype data from MVP format to MVP format.

## Usage

```
simer.Data.MVP2MVP(fileMVP, genoType = "char", out = "simer", verbose = TRUE)
```

## Arguments

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| fileMVP  | the prefix of MVP file.   |
| genoType | type parameter in bigmemory data. The default is 'char', it is highly recommended *NOT* to modify this parameter. |
| out      | the prefix of output files.   |
| verbose  | whether to print detail.  |

## Details

Build date: May 26, 2021 Last update: Apr 28, 2022

## Value

the function returns files

- <out>.geno.desc the description file of genotype data.
- <out>.geno.bin the binary file of genotype data.
- <out>.geno.ind the genotyped individual file.
- <out>.geno.map the marker information data file.

## Author(s)

Dong Yin

## Examples

```
# Get the prefix of genotype data
fileMVP <- system.file("extdata", "01bigmemory", "demo", package = "simer")

# Convert genotype data from MVP to MVP
simer.Data.MVP2MVP(fileMVP, out = tempfile("outfile"))
```

---

simer.Data.Ped      *Pedigree data quality control*

---

## Description

Data quality control for pedigree data.

## Usage

```
simer.Data.Ped(  
  filePed,  
  fileMVP = NULL,  
  out = NULL,  
  standardID = FALSE,  
  fileSir = NULL,  
  fileDam = NULL,  
  exclThres = 0.01,  
  assignThres = 0.005,  
  header = TRUE,  
  sep = "\t",  
  ncpus = 0,  
  verbose = TRUE  
)
```

## Arguments

|             |   |
|-------------|---|
| filePed     | the filename of pedigree need correcting.   |
| fileMVP     | genotype in MVP format.   |
| out         | the prefix of output file.  |
| standardID  | whether kid id is 15-character standard.  |
| fileSir     | the filename of candidate sires.  |
| fileDam     | the filename of candidate dams.   |
| exclThres   | if conflict ratio is more than exclThres, exclude this parent.                        |
| assignThres | if conflict ratio is less than assignThres, assign this parent to the individual.     |
| header      | whether the file contains header.   |
| sep         | separator of the file.  |
| ncpus       | the number of threads used, if NULL, (logical core number - 1) is automatically used. |
| verbose     | whether to print detail.  |

## Details

Build date: May 6, 2021 Last update: Apr 28, 2022

**Value**

the function returns files  
**<out>.report.ped** the report file containing correction condition.  
**<out>.error.ped** the file containing pedigree error.  
**<out>.ped** the pedigree file after correction.

**Author(s)**

Lilin Yin and Dong Yin

**Examples**

```
# Get the filename of pedigree data
filePed <- system.file("extdata", "05others", "pedigree.txt", package = "simer")

# Run pedigree correction
simer.Data.Ped(filePed = filePed, out = tempfile("outfile"))
```

*simer.Data.Phe*      *Phenotype data quality control*

**Description**

Data quality control for phenotype data.

**Usage**

```
simer.Data.Phe(
  filePhe = NULL,
  filePed = NULL,
  out = NULL,
  planPhe = NULL,
  pheCols = NULL,
  header = TRUE,
  sep = "\t",
  missing = c(NA, "NA", "Na", ".", "-", "NAN", "nan", "na", "N/A", "n/a", "<NA>", "", "-9", 9999),
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

**Arguments**

|         |  |
|---------|--|
| filePhe | the phenotype files, it can be a vector. |
| filePed | the pedigree files, it can be a vector.  |
| out     | the prefix of output file.               |

|         |  |
|---------|--|
| planPhe | the plans for phenotype quality control. |
| pheCols | the column needing extracting.           |
| header  | the header of file.                      |
| sep     | the separator of file.                   |
| missing | the missing value.                       |
| verbose | whether to print detail.                 |

## Details

Build date: June 13, 2021 Last update: Apr 28, 2022

## Value

the function returns files

**<out>.phe** the phenotype file after correction.

## Author(s)

Haohao Zhang and Dong Yin

## Examples

```
# Get the filename of phenotype data
filePhe <- system.file("extdata", "05others", "phenotype.txt", package = "simer")

# Run phenotype correction
simer.Data.Pheno(filePhe, out = tempfile("outfile"))
```

## Description

The function of General Selection Index.

## Usage

```
simer.Data.SELIND(jsonList = NULL, ncpus = 10, verbose = TRUE)
```

## Arguments

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| jsonList | the list of selection index construction parameters.                                  |
| ncpus    | the number of threads used, if NULL, (logical core number - 1) is automatically used. |
| verbose  | whether to print detail.  |

## Details

Build date: Aug 26, 2021 Last update: Apr 28, 2022

## Value

the function returns a list containing

- \$genotype** the path of genotype data.
- \$pedigree** the filename of pedigree data.
- \$selection\_index** the selection index for all traits.
- \$breeding\_value\_index** the breeding value index for all traits.
- \$quality\_control\_plan** a list of parameters for data quality control.
- \$analysis\_plan** a list of parameters for genetic evaluation.

## Author(s)

Dong Yin

## References

Y. S. Chen, Z. L. Sheng (1988) The Theory of General Selection Index. Genetic Report, 15(3): P185-P190

## Examples

```
# Read JSON file
jsonFile <- system.file("extdata", "04breeding_plan", "plan1.json", package = "simer")
jsonList <- rjson::fromJSON(file = jsonFile)

## Not run:
# It needs 'hiblup' software
jsonList <- simer.Data SELIND(jsonList = jsonList)

## End(Not run)
```

## Description

Print simer version.

## Usage

```
simer.Version(width = 60, verbose = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

- |         |                           |
|---------|---------------------------|
| width   | the width of the message. |
| verbose | whether to print detail.  |

**Details**

Build date: Aug 30, 2017 Last update: Apr 30, 2022

**Value**

version number.

**Author(s)**

Dong Yin, Lilin Yin, Haohao Zhang, and Xiaolei Liu

**Examples**

```
simer.Version()
```

---

`write.file`*File writing*

---

**Description**

Write files of Simer.

**Usage**

```
write.file(SP)
```

**Arguments**

- |    |                                      |
|----|--------------------------------------|
| SP | a list of all simulation parameters. |
|----|--------------------------------------|

**Details**

Build date: Jan 7, 2019 Last update: Apr 30, 2022

**Value**

none.

**Author(s)**

Dong Yin

**Examples**

```
outpath <- tempdir()
SP <- param.simer(out = "simer")
SP <- simer(SP)
SP$global$outpath <- outpath
write.file(SP)
unlink(file.path(outpath, "180_Simer_Data_numeric"), recursive = TRUE)
```

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