Package 'taber'

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| Type Package |
|---|
| Title Split and Recombine Your Data |
| Version 0.1.2 |
| Date 2020-09-21 |
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| Description Sometimes you need to split your data and work on the two chunks independently before bringing them back together. 'Taber' allows you to do that with its two functions. |
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| LazyData TRUE |
| Imports magrittr, dplyr |
| <pre>URL https://github.com/restonslacker/taber</pre> |
| <pre>BugReports https://github.com/restonslacker/taber/issues</pre> |
| RoxygenNote 7.1.1 |
| NeedsCompilation no |
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clear_stack

Remove all objects from the stack by deleting them from memory.

Description

Remove all objects from the stack by deleting them from memory.

Usage

```
clear_stack()
```

Examples

```
library(dplyr)
aframe <- data.frame(zed = runif(100))
set_to_zero <- . %>% mutate(zed = 0)
aframe %>% scion(zed >0.5, false_fun=set_to_zero)
clear_stack()
```

graft

Graft

Description

Graft one dataset onto another

Usage

```
graft(.data, combine_fun, data2)
```

Arguments

.data A tbl or something that can be coerced into one
 combine_fun
 data2 A tbl or something that can be coerced into one
 A tbl or something that can be coerced into one

Details

Graft requires two data objects. The first must be provided by the user. The second can either be passed in or automatically pulled off of the package's internal stack of scions. These will be combined according to the following rules in order:

- If either dataset has zero rows, the other dataset will be returned.
- If combine_fun is specifed, combine_fun(.data,data2) will be called
- If all column names match, a row bind will occur
- If at least some column names match, a full join will occur
- If both have the same number of rows a column bind will be performed

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Value

A single tbl object

Author(s)

Seth Wenchel

Examples

```
library(dplyr)
aframe <- data.frame(zed = runif(100))
set_to_zero <- . %>% mutate(zed = 0)
aframe %>% scion(zed >0.5, false_fun=set_to_zero) %>% mutate(zed=1) %>% graft
```

scion scion

Description

scion

Usage

```
scion(.data, ..., false_fun, false_name, false_env)
```

Arguments

Details

.data will be split into two chunks based on the conditions. The scion will be passed through false_fun and then either placed on the package's internal stack or assigned as specified by false_name and false_env.

Value

A tbl whose rows have passed the stated conditions

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Author(s)

Seth Wenchel

Examples

```
library(dplyr)
aframe <- data.frame(zed = runif(100))
set_to_zero <- . %>% mutate(zed = 0)
aframe %>% scion(zed >0.5, false_fun=set_to_zero) %>% mutate(zed=1) %>% graft
```

stack_view

See what's on the stack

Description

This is primarily to help with debugging.

Usage

```
stack_view(x)
```

Arguments

Х

optional string. If supplied it should match the name of an object in the package environment. The value of the corresponding variable will be returned. If missing, a list of all objects in the package environment.

Note

Note that graft does not delete objects from the environment.

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