

Package ‘uniformly’

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Description Uniform sampling on various geometric shapes, such as spheres, ellipsoids, simplices.

License GPL-3

Encoding UTF-8

URL <https://github.com/stla/uniformly>

BugReports <https://github.com/stla/uniformly/issues>

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Imports stats, pgnorm

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rphong_on_hemisphere *Sampling on hemisphere*

Description

Sampling on a hemisphere according to the Phong density (dimension 3).

Usage

```
rphong_on_hemisphere(n, alpha = 0, r = 1)
```

Arguments

n	number of simulations
alpha	parameter of the Phong density, a positive number; 0 for uniform sampling (default)
r	radius

Value

The simulations in a n times 3 matrix.

Examples

```
## Not run:  
library(rgl)  
sims <- rphong_on_hemisphere(400, alpha = 10)  
spheres3d(0, 0, 0, color = "red", alpha = 0.5)  
points3d(sims)  
## End(Not run)
```

runif_cube*Uniform sampling on/in cube*

Description

Uniform sampling on or in a cube (arbitrary dimension).

Usage

```
runif_in_cube(n, d, 0 = rep(0, d), r = 1)  
runif_on_cube(n, d, 0 = rep(0, d), r = 1)
```

Arguments

n	number of simulations
d	dimension
0	center of the cube
r	radius (half-side) of the cube

Value

The simulations in a n times d matrix.

Examples

```
sims <- runif_on_cube(60, d = 2)  
plot(sims, xlim = c(-1,1), ylim = c(-1,1), pch = 19, asp = 1)  
sims <- runif_in_cube(50, d = 3)  
library(scatterplot3d)  
scatterplot3d(sims, pch = 19, highlight.3d = TRUE, asp = 1)
```

runif_ellipsoid *Uniform sampling on/in ellipsoid*

Description

Uniform sampling on an ellipsoid or in an ellipsoid (arbitrary dimension).

Usage

```
runif_on_ellipsoid(n, A, r)
runif_in_ellipsoid(n, A, r)
```

Arguments

n	number of simulations
A	symmetric positive-definite matrix defining the ellipsoid (see Details)
r	"radius" (see Details)

Details

The ellipsoid is the set of vectors x satisfying $t(x) \%*\% A \%*\% x == r^2$.

Value

The simulations in a matrix with n rows.

Examples

```
A <- rbind(c(2, 1), c(1, 1))
r <- 2
sims <- runif_on_ellipsoid(30, A, r)
plot(sims, xlim = c(-2, 2), ylim = c(-3, 3), asp = 1, pch = 19)
sims <- runif_in_ellipsoid(100, A, r)
plot(sims, xlim = c(-2, 2), ylim = c(-3, 3), asp = 1, pch = 19)
# 3D example
A <- matrix(c(5,1,1, 1,3,1, 1,1,1), ncol = 3L)
r <- 2
# draw the ellipsoid
library(misc3d)
x <- seq(-1, 1, len = 50)
y <- seq(-1.5, 1.5, len = 50)
z <- seq(-2.7, 2.7, len = 50)
g <- as.matrix(expand.grid(x = x, y = y, z = z))
voxel <-
  array(apply(g, 1L, function(v) t(v) \%*\% A \%*\% v), dim = c(50, 50, 50))
isosurface <- computeContour3d(voxel, max(voxel), r^2, x = x, y = y, z = z)
drawScene.rgl(makeTriangles(isosurface, alpha = 0.3))
# simulate and plot points on ellipsoid
```

```
library(rgl)
sims <- runif_on_ellipsoid(200, A, r)
points3d(sims)
```

runif_in_annulus *Uniform sampling in an annulus*

Description

Uniform sampling in an annulus (dimension 2).

Usage

```
runif_in_annulus(n, 0, r1, r2)
```

Arguments

n	number of simulations
0	center of the annulus
r1	inner radius
r2	outer radius

Value

The simulations in a n times 2 matrix.

Examples

```
sims <- runif_in_annulus(100, c(0, 0), 1, 2)
plot(sims, xlim = c(-2, 2), ylim = c(-2, 2), asp = 1, pch = 19)
```

runif_in_pball *Uniform sampling in a p-ball*

Description

Uniform sampling in a p-ball (arbitrary dimension).

Usage

```
runif_in_pball(n, d, p, r = 1)
```

Arguments

n	number of simulations
d	dimension
p	exponent in the p-norm, a positive number
r	positive number, the radius

Value

The simulations in a n times d matrix.

Examples

```
sims <- runif_in_pball(500, d = 2, p = 1)
plot(sims, xlim = c(-1, 1), ylim = c(-1, 1), asp = 1)
```

runif_in_polygon *Uniform sampling in a polygon*

Description

Uniform sampling in a polygon (dimension 2).

Usage

```
runif_in_polygon(n, vertices, center = "centroid")
```

Arguments

n	number of simulations
vertices	two-columns matrix giving the vertices (rows); the vertices must be ordered (clockwise or counterclockwise)
center	a point with respect to which the polygon is star-shaped, or "centroid" (default) to take the centroid (see Details)

Details

This function works for a star-shaped polygon, that is, a polygon that contains a point from which the entire polygon boundary is visible. This point must be given in the center argument. If the polygon is convex, any point inside the polygon is suitable (thus the default option of the center argument is appropriate in this case).

Value

The simulations in a n times 2 matrix.

Examples

```
vs <- matrix(c(0.951056516295154, 0.309016994374947,
               0.224513988289793, 0.309016994374947,
               -0.951056516295154, 0.309016994374948,
               -0.363271264002681, -0.118033988749895,
               0.587785252292473, -0.809016994374948,
               0.36327126400268, -0.118033988749895,
               0, 1,
               -0.224513988289793, 0.309016994374947,
               -0.587785252292473, -0.809016994374947,
               0, -0.381966011250105),
               ncol=2, byrow=TRUE)
sims <- runif_in_polygon(500, vs)
plot(sims, xlim = c(-1, 1), ylim = c(-1, 1), pch = 19, asp = 1)
```

runif_in_simplex *Uniform sampling in a simplex*

Description

Uniform sampling in a simplex (arbitrary dimension).

Usage

```
runif_in_simplex(n, simplex)
```

Arguments

n	number of simulations
simplex	a (d+1) times d matrix giving the vertices of the simplex (rows)

Value

The simulations in a n times d matrix.

Note

In dimension 3, you can use [runif_in_tetrahedron](#) instead.

Examples

```
simplex <- rbind(c(0,0,0), c(1,0,0), c(1,1,0), c(1,1,2))
sims <- runif_in_simplex(1000, simplex)
library(rgl)
points3d(sims)
```

runif_in_tetrahedron *Uniform sampling in a tetrahedron*

Description

Uniform sampling in a tetrahedron (in dimension 3).

Usage

```
runif_in_tetrahedron(n, v1, v2, v3, v4)
```

Arguments

n	number of simulations
v1, v2, v3, v4	vertices of the tetrahedron

Value

The simulations in a n times 3 matrix.

See Also

[runif_in_simplex](#) for sampling in a simplex in arbitrary dimension.

Examples

```
library(rgl)
tetrahedron <- tetrahedron3d()
shade3d(tetrahedron, color = "red", alpha = 0.3)
vs <- tetrahedron$vb[1L:3L, ]
sims <- runif_in_tetrahedron(100, vs[, 1], vs[, 2], vs[, 3], vs[, 4])
points3d(sims)
```

runif_on_spherePatch *Uniform sampling on a spherical patch*

Description

Uniform sampling on a spherical patch (in dimension 3).

Usage

```
runif_on_spherePatch(n, r = 1, phi1, phi2, theta1, theta2)
```

Arguments

n	number of simulations
r	radius
phi1, phi2	numbers defining the latitudinal angle range
theta1, theta2	numbers defining the longitudinal angle range

Details

A sphere patch is the part of the sphere whose polar angles theta and phi satisfy $0 \leq \text{theta1} \leq \text{theta} \leq \text{theta2} \leq 2\pi$ and $0 \leq \text{phi1} \leq \text{phi} \leq \text{phi2} \leq \pi$.

Value

The simulations in a n times 3 matrix.

See Also

[runif_on_stri](#) for sampling on a spherical triangle.

Examples

```
# sampling on the first orthant:
sims <-
  runif_on_spherePatch(100, phi1 = 0, phi2 = pi/2, theta1 = 0, theta2 = pi/2)
## Not run:
library(rgl)
spheres3d(0, 0, 0, color = "red", alpha = 0.5)
points3d(sims)
## End(Not run)
```

runif_on_sphericalCap *Uniform sampling on a spherical cap*

Description

Uniform sampling on a spherical cap (in dimension 3).

Usage

```
runif_on_sphericalCap(n, r = 1, h)
```

Arguments

n	number of simulations
r	radius of the sphere
h	height of the cap

Value

The simulations in a n times 3 matrix.

Examples

```
sims <- runif_on_sphericalCap(500, r = 2, h = 1)
## Not run:
library(rgl)
spheres3d(0, 0, 0, radius = 2, color = "red", alpha = 0.5)
points3d(sims)
## End(Not run)
```

runif_on_stri*Uniform sampling on a spherical triangle***Description**

Uniform sampling on a spherical triangle (in dimension 3).

Usage

```
runif_on_stri(n, r = 1, v1, v2, v3)
```

Arguments

n	number of simulations
r	radius
v1, v2, v3	vertices

Value

The simulations in a n times 3 matrix.

Examples

```
# sampling on the first orthant:
sims <- runif_on_stri(100, v1 = c(1, 0, 0), v2 = c(0, 1, 0), v3 = c(0, 0, 1))
## Not run:
library(rgl)
spheres3d(0, 0, 0, color = "red", alpha = 0.5)
points3d(sims)
## End(Not run)
```

runif_sphere	<i>Uniform sampling on/in sphere</i>
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Description

Uniform sampling on a sphere or in a sphere, in arbitrary dimension.

Usage

```
runif_on_sphere(n, d, r = 1)
```

```
runif_in_sphere(n, d, r = 1)
```

Arguments

n	number of simulations
d	dimension of the space
r	radius of the sphere

Value

The simulations in a n times d matrix.

Examples

```
sims <- runif_on_sphere(20, d = 2)
plot(sims, xlim = c(-1, 1), ylim = c(-1, 1), asp = 1, pch = 19)
sims <- runif_in_sphere(100, d = 2)
plot(sims, xlim = c(-1, 1), ylim = c(-1, 1), asp = 1, pch = 19)
```

runif_torus	<i>Uniform sampling on/in torus</i>
-------------	-------------------------------------

Description

Uniform sampling on or in a torus (dimension 3).

Usage

```
runif_on_torus(n, R, r)
```

```
runif_in_torus(n, R, r)
```

Arguments

n	number of simulations
R	major radius
r	minor radius

Value

The simulations in a n times 3 matrix.

Examples

```
R <- 3; r <- 2
sims_on <- runif_on_torus(50, R = R, r = r)
sims_in <- runif_in_torus(50, R = R, r = r)
library(misc3d)
fx <- function(u,v) (R+r*cos(u)) * cos(v)
fy <- function(u,v) (R+r*cos(u)) * sin(v)
fz <- function(u,v) r*sin(u)
parametric3d(
  fx, fy, fz, umin = 0, umax = 2*pi, vmin = 0, vmax = 2*pi, alpha = 0.3
)
library(rgl)
points3d(sims_on)
points3d(sims_in, color = "red")
```

runif_triangle

Uniform sampling on/in a triangle

Description

Uniform sampling on or in a triangle (dimension 2).

Usage

```
runif_in_triangle(n, v1, v2, v3)

runif_on_triangle(n, v1, v2, v3)
```

Arguments

n	number of simulations
v1, v2, v3	vertices of the triangle

Value

The simulations in a n times 2 matrix.

Examples

```
sims <- runif_on_triangle(30, c(0,0), c(1,0), c(0,1))
plot(sims, xlim = c(0,1), ylim = c(0,1), pch = 19)
sims <- runif_in_triangle(100, c(0,0), c(1,0), c(0,1))
plot(sims, xlim = c(0,1), ylim = c(0,1), pch = 19)
```

runif_unitSimplex *Uniform sampling on/in a unit simplex*

Description

Uniform sampling on or in a unit simplex (arbitrary dimension).

Usage

```
runif_on_unitSimplex(n, d)
runif_in_unitSimplex(n, d)
```

Arguments

n	number of simulations
d	dimension of the space

Value

The simulations in a n times d matrix.

See Also

[runif_in_tetrahedron](#) for sampling in an arbitrary tetrahedron in dimension 3; [runif_in_simplex](#) for sampling in an arbitrary simplex.

Examples

```
library(rgl)
sims <- runif_on_unitSimplex(300, d = 3)
points3d(sims)
```

surface_sphere *Sphere surface*

Description

Surface of a sphere (arbitrary dimension).

Usage

```
surface_sphere(d, r = 1)
```

Arguments

d	dimension of the space
r	radius of the sphere

Value

The surface of the sphere of radius r in the d-dimensional space.

Examples

```
r <- 2
surface_sphere(3, r)
4*pi*r^2
# perimeter of the unit circle:
surface_sphere(2)
```

surface_spherePatch *Sphere patch surface*

Description

Surface of a sphere patch.

Usage

```
surface_spherePatch(r, phi1, phi2, theta1, theta2)
```

Arguments

r	radius
phi1, phi2	numbers defining the latitudinal angle range
theta1, theta2	numbers defining the longitudinal angle range

Details

A sphere patch is the part of the sphere whose polar angles theta and phi satisfy $0 \leq \theta \leq \theta_1 \leq \theta \leq \theta_2 \leq 2\pi$ and $0 \leq \phi_1 \leq \phi \leq \phi_2 \leq \pi$.

Value

The surface of the sphere patch.

See Also

[surface_stri](#) for the surface of a spherical triangle.

Examples

```
# surface of the first orthant:  
surface_spherePatch(r=1, phi1=0, phi2=pi/2, theta1=0, theta2=pi/2)  
surface_stri(r=1, c(1,0,0), c(0,1,0), c(0,0,1))
```

surface_sphericalCap *Spherical cap surface*

Description

Surface of a spherical cap.

Usage

```
surface_sphericalCap(r, h)
```

Arguments

r	radius of the sphere
h	height of the cap

Value

The surface area of the spherical cap.

<code>surface_stri</code>	<i>Spherical triangle surface</i>
---------------------------	-----------------------------------

Description

Surface of a spherical triangle.

Usage

```
surface_stri(r, v1, v2, v3)
```

Arguments

<code>r</code>	radius
<code>v1, v2, v3</code>	vertices

Value

The surface of the spherical triangle of radius `r` with vertices `v1, v2, v3`.

Examples

```
# surface of the first orthant:  
surface_stri(r=1, c(1,0,0), c(0,1,0), c(0,0,1))
```

<code>surface_torus</code>	<i>Torus surface</i>
----------------------------	----------------------

Description

Surface of a torus.

Usage

```
surface_torus(R, r)
```

Arguments

<code>R</code>	major radius
<code>r</code>	minor radius

Value

The surface area of the torus.

surface_triangle	<i>Triangle surface</i>
------------------	-------------------------

Description

Surface of a triangle.

Usage

```
surface_triangle(v1, v2, v3)
```

Arguments

v1, v2, v3 vertices of the triangle

Value

The surface of the triangle with vertices v1, v2, v3.

Examples

```
surface_triangle(c(0,0), c(0,1), c(1,0))
```

volume_ellipsoid	<i>Ellipsoid volume</i>
------------------	-------------------------

Description

Volume of an ellipsoid (arbitrary dimension).

Usage

```
volume_ellipsoid(A, r)
```

Arguments

A symmetric positive-definite matrix defining the ellipsoid (see Details)
r "radius" (see Details)

Details

The (boundary of the) ellipsoid is the set of vectors x satisfying $t(x) \%*\% A \%*\% x == r^2$.

Value

The volume of the ellipsoid.

Examples

```
# dimension 2 (area), with diagonal matrix A
A <- diag(c(2,3))
r <- 2
volume_ellipsoid(A, r)
pi * r^2 / sqrt(A[1,1]*A[2,2])
```

volume_pball

*p-ball volume***Description**

Euclidean volume of a p-ball (arbitrary dimension).

Usage

```
volume_pball(d, p, r = 1)
```

Arguments

d	dimension
p	exponent in the p-norm, a positive number
r	radius of the ball

Value

The volume of the p-ball with radius r.

Examples

```
volume_pball(d=4, p=2, r=2)
volume_sphere(d=4, r=2)
```

volume_simplex

*Simplex volume***Description**

Volume of a simplex (arbitrary dimension).

Usage

```
volume_simplex(simplex)
```

Arguments

simplex a (d+1) times d matrix giving the vertices of the simplex (rows)

Value

The volume of the simplex.

Examples

```
set.seed(666)
simplex <- matrix(rnorm(4*3), nrow=4, ncol=3)
volume_simplex(simplex)
volume_tetrahedron(simplex[1,], simplex[2,], simplex[3,], simplex[4,])
```

volume_sphere *Sphere volume*

Description

Volume of a sphere (arbitrary dimension).

Usage

```
volume_sphere(d, r = 1)
```

Arguments

d dimension of the space
r radius of the sphere

Value

The volume of the sphere with radius *r* in the *d*-dimensional space.

Examples

```
r <- 2
volume_sphere(3, r)
4/3*pi*r^3
```

`volume_sphericalCap` *Spherical cap volume*

Description

Volume of a spherical cap.

Usage

```
volume_sphericalCap(r, h)
```

Arguments

<code>r</code>	radius of the sphere
<code>h</code>	height of the cap

Value

The volume of the spherical cap.

`volume_tetrahedron` *Tetrahedron volume*

Description

Volume of a tetrahedron (dimension 3).

Usage

```
volume_tetrahedron(v1, v2, v3, v4)
```

Arguments

`v1, v2, v3, v4` vertices of the tetrahedron

Value

The volume of the tetrahedron.

See Also

[volume_simplex](#) for the volume of a simplex in arbitrary dimension.

Examples

```
v1 <- c(0,0,0); v2 <- c(1,0,0); v3 <- c(0,1,0); v4 <- c(0,0,1)
volume_tetrahedron(v1, v2, v3, v4)
volume_unitSimplex(3)
```

volume_torus

Torus volume

Description

Volume of a torus.

Usage

`volume_torus(R, r)`

Arguments

R	major radius
r	minor radius

Value

The volume of the torus.

volume_unitSimplex

Unit simplex volume

Description

Volume of the unit simplex (arbitrary dimension).

Usage

`volume_unitSimplex(d)`

Arguments

d	dimension of the space
---	------------------------

Value

The volume of the unit simplex in the space of dimension d.

See Also

[volume_simplex](#) for the volume of an arbitrary simplex.

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